Governor Cooper has implemented a three-phased approach to slowly lift restrictions while combatting COVID-19, protecting North Carolinians and working together to recover the economy.

Starting at 5pm on Friday May 22, 2020, North Carolina will begin Phase 2 which allows certain businesses and organizations to open. Those businesses and organizations should follow the guidelines below to prevent the spread of COVID-19.

**Guidelines for Conducting Business:** Any scenario in which many people gather together poses a risk for COVID-19 transmission. All businesses and agencies where groups of people gather in an enclosed space should create and implement a plan to minimize the opportunity for COVID-19 transmission at their facility. The guidance below will help public-facing businesses and agencies reduce the spread of COVID-19 in their communities.

**This guidance covers the following topics:**
- Social Distancing and Minimizing Exposure
- Cloth Face Coverings
- Cleaning and Hygiene
- Monitoring for Symptoms
- Protecting Vulnerable Populations
- Combatting Misinformation
- Water and Ventilation Systems
- Additional Resources

**Social Distancing and Minimizing Exposure**

Social distancing is a key tool we currently have to decrease the spread of COVID-19. Social distancing (“physical distancing”) means keeping space between yourself and other people outside of your home. Stay at least 6 feet (about 2 arms’ length) from other people; do not gather in groups; stay out of crowded places and avoid mass gatherings. Phase 2 includes several requirements and recommendations to support social distancing in spaces where the public may gather.

**Personal care businesses are required to:**
- Limit occupancy to no more than 50 percent of the stated fire capacity or 12 per 1,000 square feet if there is not a fire code number readily available AND ensure sufficient social distancing with at least 6-foot separation between patrons
Post the reduced “Emergency Maximum Capacity” in a noticeable place. Sign templates are available in English and Spanish on the NC DHHS COVID-19 response site.

Arrange or use seating so that customers are separated from one another by six (6) feet.

Mark six (6) feet of spacing in lines at point of sale and in other high-traffic areas for customers, such as at cash registers.

It is recommended that personal care businesses:

- Post signage at the main entrance that reminds people to use face coverings and wash hands. Know Your W’s sign templates are available in English and Spanish on the NC DHHS COVID-19 response site.
- Direct customers to stay at least six (6) feet apart from one another.
- Provide marks on the floors of restrooms and locker rooms to indicate proper social distancing. When sinks are not 6 feet apart, consider limiting use to every other sink. If possible, designate entrance and exit doors for restrooms and locker rooms so occupants do not come face to face.
- Provide social distancing floor markings for customers in check-out area.
- Space areas where services will be provided such as salon chairs at least 6 feet apart. Designate which chairs are to be used, and which may not be used, if chairs are less than 6 feet apart.
- Close your waiting room, all common seating areas, and lounge areas.
  - Consider requiring appointment for customers.
  - Provide alternate notification procedures for customers where they can wait in the car or outside until their appointment.
- Encourage the use of plexi-glass or a similar barrier between customer and employee during face-to-face services that cannot be completed without close contact, such as a manicure.
- Keep closed all areas where social distancing cannot be maintained, such as saunas, steam rooms, and whirlpools.
- Limit use of shared areas such as shampooing areas or other common areas so that social distancing can be maintained.
- Consider staggering appointment times so that social distancing is achievable, especially if limited resources are available.
- Ensure ventilation systems operate properly and increase circulation of outdoor air as much as possibly by opening windows and doors, using fans, or other methods. Do not open windows and doors if they pose a safety or health risk to people using the facility.

Cloth Face Coverings

Personal care businesses are required to:

- Have employees wear cloth face coverings during appointments, due to length of visit and the inability to social distance. An FAQ about face coverings is available in English and Spanish.

It is strongly recommended that personal care businesses:

- Have all customers wear a cloth face covering during appointments.
- Provide cloth face coverings for employees and customers. If provided, they must be single use or properly laundered using hot water and a high heat dryer between uses.
- Share guidance to employees on use, wearing, and removal of cloth face coverings, such as CDC’s guidance on wearing and removing cloth face masks, CDC’s use of cloth face coverings, and CDC’s cloth face coverings FAQ’s.
Cleaning and Hygiene
Washing hands with soap for 20 seconds or using hand sanitizer reduces the spread of transmission.

Personal care businesses are required to:
- Perform ongoing and routine environmental cleaning and disinfection of high-touch areas (e.g., doors, doorknobs, rails, faucet handles, toilet handles) with an EPA approved disinfectant for SARS-CoV-2 (the virus that causes COVID-19), and increase frequency of disinfection during peak times or high customer density times and disinfect all shared objects (e.g., payment terminals, tables) between use.
  - Disinfect equipment and furniture in service areas, such as chairs, capes, and shampooing chairs, between customers.

It is recommended that personal care businesses:
- Provide, whenever available, hand sanitizer (with at least 60% alcohol) at the entrance and other areas. Systematically and frequently check and refill hand sanitizers (at least 60% alcohol) and assure soap and hand drying materials are available at sinks.
- Require handwashing of staff immediately before each and every appointment.
- Provide tissues and trash containers for proper cough and sneeze hygiene.
- If towel service is provided, soiled towels must be kept in closed containers, handled minimally by employees, and employees must wash hands immediately after handling soiled linens. Towels should be washed and dried on high heat.

Monitoring for Symptoms
Conducting regular screening for symptoms can help reduce exposure. Employees should be encouraged to self-monitor for symptoms such as fever, cough, or shortness of breath. If they develop symptoms, they should notify their supervisor and stay home. More information on how to monitor for symptoms is available from the CDC.

Personal care businesses are required to:
- Employees who have symptoms when they arrive at work or become sick during the day should immediately be separated from other employees, customers, and visitors and sent home.
- Conduct daily symptom screening (use this standard interview questionnaire) (English | Spanish) of employees at entrance to workplace with immediately sending symptomatic workers home to isolate.
- Post signage at the main entrance requesting that people who have been symptomatic with fever and/or cough not enter, such as Know Your Ws/Stop if You Have Symptoms flyers (English - Color, Black & White; Spanish - Color, Black & White).

It is recommended that personal care businesses:
- Have a plan in place for immediately removing employees from work if symptoms develop.
- Establish and enforce sick leave policies to prevent the spread of disease, including:
  - Enforcing employees staying home if sick.
  - Encouraging liberal use of sick leave policy.
  - Expanding paid leave policies to allow employees to stay home when sick.
- Per CDC guidelines, if an employee has been diagnosed with COVID-19 or is presumed positive by a medical professional due to symptoms, the employee should be excluded from work until:
No fever for at least 72 hours since recovery (without the use of fever-reducing medicine) AND
Other symptoms have improved (e.g., coughing, shortness of breath) AND
At least 10 days have passed since first symptoms

- **Per CDC guidelines**, if an employee has been diagnosed with COVID-19 but does not have symptoms, they should remain out of work until 10 days have passed since the date of their first positive COVID-19 diagnostic test, assuming they have not subsequently developed symptoms since their positive test.
- Require symptomatic employees to wear masks until leaving the facility. Cleaning and disinfecting procedures should be implemented by designated personnel following CDC guidelines once sick employee leaves.
- Provide employees with information on help lines to access information or other support in reference to COVID-19, e.g. 211 and Hope4NC Helpline (1-855-587-3463).

### Protecting Vulnerable Populations

Information on who is at higher risk for severe disease is available from the CDC and NC DHHS.

#### It is recommended that personal care businesses:

- Designate a specific time for persons at higher risk to access the venue without the general population (such as early morning, or late afternoon).
- Enable employees to self-identify as high risk for severe disease and reassign work to minimize face-to-face contact and to allow them to maintain a distance of six feet from others, or to telework if possible.

### Combatting Misinformation

Help ensure that the information your employees is getting is coming directly from reliable resources. Use resources from a trusted source like the CDC or NCDHHS to promote behaviors that prevent the spread of COVID-19.

#### It is recommended that personal care businesses:

- Put up signs and posters, such as those found Know Your Ws: Wear, Wait, Wash and those found Social Media Toolkit for COVID-19.

### Water and Ventilation Systems

Reduced use of water and ventilation systems can pose their own health hazards. There is increased risk for Legionella and other waterborne pathogens from stagnant or standing water.

#### Before reopening, it is recommended that personal care businesses:

- Follow the CDC’s Guidance for Reopening Buildings After Prolonged Shutdown or Reduced Operation to minimize the risk of diseases associated with water.
- Ensure ventilation systems operate properly and increase circulation of outdoor air as much as possible by opening windows and doors, using fans, or other methods. Do not open windows and doors if they pose a safety or health risk to people using the facility.
Additional Resources

- NC DHHS: North Carolina COVID-19
- CDC: Interim Guidance for Businesses and Employers
- CDC: Cleaning and Disinfecting Your Facility
- CDC: Reopening Guidance
- EPA: Disinfectants for Use Against SARS-CoV-2
- FDA: Food Safety and the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19)
- HHS/OSHA: Guidance on Preparing Workplaces for COVID-19
- DHS: Guidance on the Essential Critical Infrastructure Workforce

Staying apart brings us together. Protect your family and neighbors.

#StayStrongNC Learn more at nc.gov/covid19.