

## STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA

# FISCAL CONTROL AUDIT REPORT OF SWAIN COUNTY CLERK OF SUPERIOR COURT BRYSON CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2002 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2002

OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

RALPH CAMPBELL, JR.

STATE AUDITOR

# FISCAL CONTROL AUDIT REPORT OF SWAIN COUNTY CLERK OF SUPERIOR COURT BRYSON CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1, 2002 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2002

THE HONORABLE SARA H. ROBINSON, CLERK OF SUPERIOR COURT

# Ralph Campbell, Jr. State Auditor

### Office of the State Auditor

2 S. Salisbury Street 20601 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-0601 Telephone: (919) 807-7500 Fax: (919) 807-7647 Internet http://www.osa.state.nc.us

#### **AUDITOR'S TRANSMITTAL**

The Honorable Michael F. Easley, Governor The General Assembly of North Carolina The Honorable Sara H. Robinson, Clerk of Superior Court

This report presents the results of our fiscal control audit of Swain County Clerk of Superior Court for the period January 1, 2002 through June 30, 2002. Our work was performed by authority of Article 5A of G.S. §147 and was conducted in accordance with the standards contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. The objective of the audit was to gather and evaluate evidence about selected internal control policies and procedures designed to ensure reliable financial accounting and reporting and compliance with finance-related laws and regulations.

The results of our audit disclosed a significant weakness in internal control that is described in the Audit Finding and Recommendation section of this report.

North Carolina General Statutes require the State Auditor to make audit reports available to the public. Copies of audit reports issued by the Office of the State Auditor may be obtained through one of the options listed in the back of this report.

Ralph Campbell, Jr.

aph Campbell, J.

State Auditor

### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	PAGE
BACKGROUND INFORMATION	1
OBJECTIVE, SCOPE, METHODOLOGY, AND RESULTS	3
AUDIT FINDING AND RECOMMENDATION	6
DISTRIBUTION OF AUDIT REPORT	7

#### BACKGROUND INFORMATION

The office of the Clerk of Superior Court is created by the North Carolina Constitution which mandates that there be a Clerk of Superior Court for each county. Under the constitution, it is the responsibility of the General Assembly to prescribe jurisdiction and the powers of the Clerk. Laws of the General Assembly regarding clerks must be uniformly applied in every county in the State.

Voters of each county elect the Clerk of Superior Court to a four-year term. Clerks are paid by the State, with their salaries scaled in accordance with the population of their counties. The Clerk appoints the assistants, deputies, and employees in his or her office. The number of assistants and deputies that each clerk may employ varies from county to county depending on the volume of business. Assistant and deputy clerks are paid on a salary schedule fixed by the Administrative Office of the Courts based on education and years of service in the Clerk's office; the maximum and minimum salaries within that scale are fixed by the General Assembly.

The responsibilities of the Clerk are numerous and varied. The Clerk, as a judicial officer of the superior court, has judicial responsibilities. The Clerk is judge of probate; that is, the Clerk handles the probate of wills (proceedings to determine if a paper writing is a valid will) and the administration of estates of decedents, minors, and incompetents. The Clerk also hears a variety of special proceedings such as adoptions, incompetency determinations, and partitions of land and is empowered to issue arrest and search warrants and to exercise the same powers as a magistrate with respect to taking pleas of guilty to minor littering, traffic, wildlife, boating, marine fisheries, alcoholic beverage, state park recreation, and worthless-check offenses.

The Clerk is also responsible for all clerical and record-keeping functions of the superior court and district court. The Clerk operates a unified record-keeping system for all civil actions, special proceedings, estates, criminal actions, juvenile actions, minutes of the court, judgments, liens, lis pendens, and numerous other records required by law. The Clerk maintains the judgment docket, is custodian of evidence in civil and criminal trials, and issues civil summons and subpoenas. In addition, the Clerk invests money received and held by his or her office in trust and receives and administers insurance or other money on behalf of minors and incapacitated adults.

[ This Page Left Blank Intentionally ]

#### **OBJECTIVE, SCOPE, METHODOLOGY, AND RESULTS**

#### **OBJECTIVE**

As authorized by Article 5A of G.S. §147 and in accordance with the standards contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, we have conducted a fiscal control audit of Swain County Clerk of Superior Court. The objective of the audit was to gather and evaluate evidence about selected internal control policies and procedures designed to ensure reliable financial accounting and reporting and compliance with finance-related laws and regulations for the period January 1, 2002 through June 30, 2002.

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control. Internal control is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance that relevant objectives are achieved. Because of inherent limitations in internal control, errors or fraud may nevertheless occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of internal control to future periods are subject to the risk that conditions may change or compliance with policies and procedures may deteriorate.

#### SCOPE

Our audit scope included selected internal controls in the following areas:

#### General

*Control Environment* - The control environment consists of the actions, policies, and procedures that reflect the overall attitude of top management about control and its importance to the entity. The control environment sets the tone of the organization, influencing the control consciousness of its employees.

*Information System Controls* - Information system controls include activities that relate to many computerized information system applications and support the effective functioning of application controls. Information system controls include access and end-user controls.

#### Financial Accounting and Reporting

Cash and Investment Cycle - The cash and investment cycle generally consists of the activities associated with the custody of cash and investments. Financial statement accounts typically impacted by the cycle include cash, certificates of deposit, and other investments.

#### OBJECTIVE, SCOPE, METHODOLOGY, AND RESULTS (CONTINUED)

Cash Receipts Cycle – The cash receipts cycle generally consists of the activities associated with the receipt of cash. All financial statement accounts are impacted by this cycle.

Cash Disbursements Cycle – The cash disbursements cycle generally consists of the activities associated with disbursing cash for items other than operating and payroll costs. All financial statement accounts are impacted by this cycle.

#### Finance-Related Compliance

Listed below are the compliance areas with one or more examples of the criteria for each.

Cash Management and Investments – Laws and regulations set limits on authorized deposits and investments. Moneys are required to be deposited in approved depositories and invested in specific investment types. Accounts must be protected with adequate insurance and collateral. Also, disbursements that are unclaimed by payees for a prescribed time period are often required to be remitted to the State Treasurer in accordance with the State of North Carolina's Escheats and Abandoned Property Program.

Deposit of Receipts – Laws and regulations require deposit of moneys as soon as possible in order to safeguard assets and to enhance the cash management and investment program. Receipts over a specified amount are required to be deposited on a daily basis.

Annual Financial Reporting – Laws and regulations require preparation of annual financial report information in a prescribed format and within a prescribed timeframe. Financial statement information is required to be filed with the Administrative Office of the Courts timely after year-end.

Case Files – Laws and regulations set record maintenance and security requirements. Records are required to be filed in a secure location using a uniform indexing system.

Costs and Fees – Laws and regulations set costs and fees to be charged. Uniform costs and fees are required to be charged as established by state law.

Special Provisions – Laws and regulations impose specific requirements on particular entities or activities. Partial payment collections are required to be distributed in the order prescribed by state law. Other special provisions include the investment of accounts greater than \$2,000, record retention requirements, property held for safekeeping procedures, and review procedures over monthly aging reports.

#### OBJECTIVE, SCOPE, METHODOLOGY, AND RESULTS (CONCLUDED)

#### **METHODOLOGY**

To accomplish our audit objective, we gained an understanding of internal control, performed tests of control effectiveness, and performed corroborating direct tests of the accounting records, reports, and/or compliance as we considered necessary in the circumstances. Specifically, we performed procedures such as interviewing personnel, observing operations, reviewing policies, analyzing accounting records, and examining documentation supporting recorded transactions and balances. Our procedures were more limited than would be necessary to give an opinion on internal control, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

#### RESULTS

The results of our audit disclosed a significant weakness in internal control that is described in the Audit Finding and Recommendation section of this report.

The purpose of this report is to provide management and oversight organizations recommendations needed to improve internal control over financial accounting and reporting and compliance with finance-related laws and regulations. Consequently, reporting on accomplishments in areas that appear to be functioning properly is beyond the scope of this audit.

#### **AUDIT FINDING AND RECOMMENDATION**

Current Year Finding and Recommendation Also Reported in Prior Audit - The following finding and recommendation was identified during the current and prior audit and represents a significant deficiency in internal control over financial accounting and reporting.

#### SEGREGATION OF DUTIES RELATED TO FMS SYSTEM RIGHTS

One employee functions as both the cashier and the head bookkeeper. When one person performs these duties (or has the system rights to perform these duties), key internal control functions are not adequately segregated. As a result, errors material to the financial statements may occur and not be detected or corrected in a timely manner by employees performing their assigned duties.

The Administrative Office of the Courts Fiscal Policies and Procedures Manual states that the duties of cashier and head bookkeeper should be separated whether efficiency or inefficiency is the consequence.

*Recommendation:* The Clerk should evaluate and reassign job duties and system access rights for all employees in order to better segregate duties and enhance internal controls.

Clerk's Response: We are in agreement with your finding. Any suggestions or recommendations which your office may have to rectify this situation without disrupting the work flow of this office would be greatly appreciated.

#### **DISTRIBUTION OF AUDIT REPORT**

In accordance with G.S. § 147-64.5 and G.S. § 147-64.6(c)(14), copies of this report have been distributed to the public officials listed below. Additional copies are provided to other legislators, state officials, the press, and the general public upon request.

#### **EXECUTIVE BRANCH**

The Honorable Michael F. Easley The Honorable Beverly M. Perdue The Honorable Richard H. Moore The Honorable Roy A. Cooper, III Mr. David T. McCov

Mr. David T. McCoy Mr. Robert L. Powell Governor of North Carolina

Lieutenant Governor of North Carolina

State Treasurer Attorney General State Budget Officer State Controller

#### JUDICIAL BRANCH

The Honorable Sara H. Robinson The Honorable John M. Kennedy

Mr. Steve Lusk

Swain County Clerk of Superior Court Director, Administrative Office of the Courts Deputy Director for Administrative Services Administrative Office of the Courts

#### LEGISLATIVE BRANCH

Appointees to the Joint Legislative Commission on Governmental Operations

Senator Marc Basnight, Co-Chairman

Senator Charlie Albertson Senator Frank W. Ballance, Jr.

Senator Kever M. Clark

Senator Charles Carter Senator Daniel G. Clodfelter

Senator Walter H. Dalton Senator James Forrester Senator Linda Garrou

Senator Wilbur P. Gulley Senator Kay R. Hagan

Senator David W. Hoyle

Senator Ellie Kinnaird Senator Howard N. Lee

Senator Jeanne H. Lucas

Senator R. L. Martin Senator William N. Martin Senator Stephen M. Metcalf

Senator Fountain Odom Senator Aaron W. Plyler

Senator Eric M. Reeves Senator Dan Robinson

Senator Larry Shaw Senator Robert G. Shaw Senator R. C. Soles, Jr.

Senator Ed N. Warren Senator David F. Weinstein

Senator Allen H. Wellons

Representative James B. Black, Co-Chairman

Representative Martha B. Alexander Representative Flossie Boyd-McIntyre

Representative E. Nelson Cole

Representative James W. Crawford, Jr.
Representative William T. Culpepper, III
Representative W. Pete Cunningham
Representative Beverly M. Earle
Representative Puth M. Easterling

Representative Ruth M. Easterling Representative Stanley H. Fox Representative R. Phillip Haire Representative Dewey L. Hill Representative Mary L. Jarrell

Representative Maggie Jeffus Representative Edd Nye

Representative Warren C. Oldham Representative William C. Owens, Jr. Representative E. David Redwine

Representative R. Eugene Rogers Representative Drew P. Saunders Representative Wilma M. Sherrill Representative Ronald L. Smith Representative Gregg Thompson

Representative Joe P. Tolson Representative Russell E. Tucker

Representative Thomas E. Wright Representative Douglas Y. Yongue

### **DISTRIBUTION OF AUDIT REPORT (CONCLUDED)**

#### **Other Legislative Officials**

Representative Philip A. Baddour, Jr. Senator Anthony E. Rand Senator Patrick J. Ballantine Representative N. Leo Daughtry Representative Joe Hackney Mr. James D. Johnson

Majority Leader of the N. C. House of Representatives Majority Leader of the N. C. Senate Minority Leader of the N. C. Senate Minority Leader of the N. C. House of Representatives N. C. House Speaker Pro-Tem Director, Fiscal Research Division

November 27, 2002

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Copies of this report may be obtained by contacting the:

Office of the State Auditor State of North Carolina 2 South Salisbury Street 20601 Mail Service Center Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-0601

Internet: <a href="http://www.ncauditor.net">http://www.ncauditor.net</a>

Telephone: 919/807-7500

Facsimile: 919/807-7647