# National Register of Historic Places

## Inventory - Nomination Form

**Type all entries - complete applicable sections**

### 1. Name

**Common:**

Union County Courthouse

**AND/OR Historic:**

### 2. Location

**Street and Number:**

Courthouse Square, South Franklin, West Main, North Jefferson, Est Hayne

**City or Town:**

Monroe (Eighth Congressional District)

**State:**

North Carolina

**County:**

Union

**Code:**

179

### 3. Classification

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category (Check One)</th>
<th>Ownership</th>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Accessible to the Public</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>District</td>
<td>Building</td>
<td>Public</td>
<td>Public Acquisition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Site</td>
<td>Structure</td>
<td>Private</td>
<td>In Process</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Object</td>
<td></td>
<td>Both</td>
<td>Being Considered</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Present Use (Check One or More as Appropriate):**

- Agricultural
- Commercial
- Educational
- Entertainment
- Government
- Industrial
- Military
- Museum
- Private Residence
- Religious
- Scientific
- Park
- Transportation
- Other (Specify)

### 4. Owner of Property

**Owner's Name:**

Union County Board of Commissioners

**Street and Number:**

Box 240

**City or Town:**

Monroe

**State:**

North Carolina

**Code:**

37

### 5. Location of Legal Description

**Courthouse, Registry of Deeds, etc:**

Union County Courthouse

**Street and Number:**

**City or Town:**

Monroe

**State:**

North Carolina

**Code:**

37

### 6. Representation in Existing Surveys

**Title of Survey:**

**Date of Survey:**

**Depository for Survey Records:**

**Street and Number:**

**City or Town:**

North Carolina

**State:**

37

**Code:**

**FOR NPS USE ONLY**

**Entry Number:**

**Date:**

**For:**

April 1986

**JOO:**

(7)

**COMMON UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE**

**FOR NPS USE ONLY**

**Entry Number:**

**Date:**

**For:**

April 1986

**JOO:**

(7)
The Union County Courthouse is a large two-story brick structure with a low hip roof surmounted by a large cupola. The original section, built in 1886, consisted of a five-bay main block with a two-bay wing on each side. In 1922 the building was increased by the construction of two additional three-bay wings. All of the architectural detail of the original section was faithfully reproduced in the wings, to such an extent that on the exterior there is no indication that the whole building was not constructed at one time.

The main block is somewhat taller than the wings. The front and rear facades are identical, having projecting three-bay pedimented central pavilions. Each pavilion features a one-story arcaded wooden porch with a mansard roof surmounted by an intricate iron cresting. Above the porches are three tall arched windows with decorative stone archivolts and key stones. The walls of the main block on either side of the pavilion have arched windows with stone impost blocks and key stones on the second floor, and segmental heads with decorative brick and stone surrounds on the first. This latter treatment is repeated throughout the rest of the fenestration. The wings are topped by a solid balustrade above a heavy bracket cornice like that of the main block.

The large cupola, rectangular in plan, is perhaps the most interesting feature of the building. Resting on a low molded base the first stage features pairs of small, almost square windows with segmental heads. Above this is the main section with each face treated as a tabernacle with rusticated corners, fluted pilasters and a round-arched louvered vent. The tall sloping roof of the cupola has convex sides and a "dormer" containing a clock on each face. At the top of the cupola is a large cross.

The first floor of the interior has an axial hall with stairs rising to the floors above at the north and south ends. These feature massive newel posts, turned balusters, and molded rails. All of the offices on this floor are simply finished with plastered walls and vertically sheathed wainscot.

In the second floor of the center section of the building is the courtroom, a very large and impressive space. There are five arched windows down each side. The wall bays are divided by pilasters which support a full entablature of which the frieze is ornamented with garlands and cartouches. The room contains the usual courtroom furniture and appointments.
Union County was formed on December 19, 1842, from parts of Anson and Mecklenburg Counties. Five county commissioners were named in an act passed by the General Assembly in January 26, 1843. The new commissioners were directed to select a site for the county seat to be named after former President James Monroe and there to erect a courthouse. The town of Monroe was to be situated no more than two miles from the center of the new county. As they were unable to purchase the site first chosen, High Hill, the commissioners then selected the present site of Monroe. The first courthouse was erected on the public square located in the center of town. It served the community for forty years.

On February 16, 1885, the General Assembly authorized the county commissioners to sell the old courthouse at the same time they authorized bonds to be sold for the new courthouse. On March 4, 1885, the Union County Board of Commissioners appointed W. H. Fitzgerald and C. N. Simpson "to correspond with architects and builders for plans and specifications" for a new courthouse. They were to ascertain the probable cost and to examine other courthouse designs in the state for suitability. The committee was also to look into the printing of bonds to finance the building. When the board of commissioners met on September 7, 1885, it was announced that the contract had been awarded to J. T. Hart for the sum of $20,500. The courthouse, constructed in 1886, is unusual in that it is surmounted by a cross. The placement of the cross was attended by some opposition from those who thought this secular use of a cross was sacrilegious. The north and south wings were added in 1922.

Perhaps the most noteworthy event that took place at the courthouse was the visit of Marshal Ferdinand Foch, who was commander-in-chief of the allied armies during the final months of the First World War. Marshal Foch spoke from a platform on the east lawn of the courthouse on December 9, 1921, and decorated the colors of the 5th and 17th Field Artillery Regiments from Fort Bragg with the fourragere of the Croix de Guerre for conspicuous bravery with the American Expeditionary Forces.

The Union County Courthouse, a fine example of Victorian civic architecture, is especially notable for the skillful integration of the later addition with the original construction. Particularly striking is its elaborate cupola which is a prominent landmark.
9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Union County Records, Union County Courthouse, Monroe, North Carolina, Office of the Register of Deeds. (Subgroups: Deeds, Wills).

Union County Records, State Department of Archives and History, Raleigh, North Carolina. (Subgroups: Deeds, Wills).


10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING A RECTANGLE LOCATING THE PROPERTY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CORNER</th>
<th>LATITUDE</th>
<th>LONGITUDE</th>
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<td>Degrees Minutes Seconds</td>
<td>Degrees Minutes Seconds</td>
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<tr>
<td>NE</td>
<td>Degrees Minutes Seconds</td>
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<td>SE</td>
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<tr>
<td>SW</td>
<td>Degrees Minutes Seconds</td>
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LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING THE CENTER POINT OF A PROPERTY OF LESS THAN TEN ACRES

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<th>LATITUDE</th>
<th>LONGITUDE</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Degrees Minutes Seconds</td>
<td>Degrees Minutes Seconds</td>
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APPROXIMATE ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY: 1/2 Acre

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>STATE</th>
<th>CODE</th>
<th>COUNTY</th>
<th>CODE</th>
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FORM PREPARED BY

Survey and Planning Unit Staff, John B. Wells, III, Supervisor

Organization: State Department of Archives and History

Date: April 26, 1971

STREET AND NUMBER: 109 East Jones Street

CITY OR TOWN: Raleigh

STATE: North Carolina

12. STATE LIAISON OFFICER CERTIFICATION

As the designated State Liaison Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service. The recommended level of significance of this nomination is:

- National [ ]
- State [X]
- Local [ ]

Name: H. G. Jones

Title: Director, State Department of Archives and History

Date: April 26, 1971

NATIONAL REGISTER VERIFICATION

I hereby certify that this property is included in the National Register.

Chief, Office of Archeology and Historic Preservation

Date:

ATTEST:

Keeper of The National Register

Date:
MONROE
POP. 10,882

Union County Courthouse
Courthouse Square
Monroe, North Carolina

State Highway Commission
Scale: 1"/1 mile
July 1, 1967

Latitude
Longitude
degrees minutes seconds
degrees minutes seconds
34° 58' 55"
80° 33' 01"