PROCLAMATION

RE: TEMPERATURE AND SANITATION CONTROLS – CLOSED SEASON OYSTER HARVEST

This proclamation supersedes SS-2-2020 dated March 23, 2020. It reestablishes National Shellfish Sanitation Program requirements that mandate measures to control the temperature of oysters after harvest, as well as other sanitation requirements for shellfish harvesters and certified shellfish dealers.

It reestablishes National Shellfish Sanitation Program requirements that mandate measures to minimize the risk of *Vibrio* illness due to certain pre-harvest handling practices such as air-drying and defouling of oysters. It also reestablishes tagging requirements for pre-harvest activities conducted off-site of shellfish leases and franchises, shading of oysters after harvest, reduces required length of resubmergence, and clarifies the definition of the time of harvest related to intertidal aquaculture.

John G. Batherson, Acting Director, Division of Marine Fisheries, hereby announces that **effective immediately** the following restrictions will apply to the harvest, transport, and storage of oysters taken from shellfish leases or franchises in Coastal Fishing Waters:

### I. TIME PERIOD

The following restrictions are in effect for all commercial fishing operations involving oysters and certified shellfish dealers, as applicable, for the time period of **April 1 through October 14**. These restrictions do not apply to Shellfish Lease Restoration Permit (SLRP) holders transporting shellfish product for restoration purposes once transport begins from the shellfish lease or franchise.

### II. NOTIFICATION AND TAGGING REQUIREMENTS

A. **Harvest Tags** - It is unlawful to possess oysters to be harvested in a commercial fishing operation without a harvest tag recording the time of the start of harvest, shellfish lease or franchise number and the information as described in 15A NCAC 03K .0109, affixed to each container of oysters. The time of the start of harvest shall be the time when the first oyster is initially removed from the water or, in the case of intertidal harvest, the time of first exposure by the receding tide.

B. **Off-site Tags** - It is unlawful to possess oysters greater than 25mm in length off-site of a shellfish lease or franchise for the purposes of transporting, sorting, grading or cleaning without an off-site tag recording the following information:

1. Shellfish lease or franchise number;
2. Date;  
3. Shellfish Growing Area;  
4. The time the first oyster was removed from the water, or in the case of intertidal gear, the time of first exposure by the receding tide; and  
5. Number of containers (if bulk off-site tag).

The use of a single bulk off-site tag identifying multiple containers of oysters to be transported, sorted, graded or cleaned is acceptable if it identifies the number of containers. Off-site tags shall be durable, water resistant, and a minimum of two and five-eighths inches by five and one-fourth inches in size. If any oysters are to be harvested after sorting, grading or cleaning activities, a harvest tag is then required to be attached to each container in accordance with Section II. (B) above, with the original time of harvest recorded.

An example off-site tag template is available at http://portal.ncdenr.org/web/mf/ssrwq-educational-materials or can be picked up at Division Headquarters.

D. Dealer Tags- The following text additional to requirements in 15A NCAC 18A .0425 (a) (7) shall be printed in bold capitalized type on shellfish dealer tags along with other required information as described in 15A NCAC 18A .0425:

“THIS TAG IS REQUIRED TO BE ATTACHED UNTIL CONTAINER IS EMPTY OR IS RETAGGED AND THEREAFTER KEPT ON FILE, IN CHRONOLOGICAL ORDER, FOR 90 DAYS.” “RETAILERS: DATE WHEN LAST SHELLFISH FROM THIS CONTAINER SOLD OR SERVED (INSERT DATE)____________.”

E. Dealer tags shall also contain the statement “Keep Refrigerated”.

III. TRANSPORT AND STORAGE RESTRICTIONS

A. It is unlawful for harvesters to fail to deliver oysters harvested from shellfish leases or franchises in Coastal Fishing Waters to a licensed shellfish dealer within 12 hours of the time of the start of harvest from April 1 through April 30.

B. It is unlawful for harvesters to fail to deliver oysters harvested from shellfish leases or franchises in Coastal Fishing Waters to a licensed shellfish dealer within 5 hours of the start of harvest from May 1 through October 14.

C. It is unlawful for a licensed shellfish dealer to receive oysters from Coastal Fishing Waters where the interval between the time of the start of harvest on the harvest tag attached to the container of oysters and the time of receipt exceeds 12 hours from April 1 through April 30.

D. It is unlawful for a licensed shellfish dealer to fail to place oysters under mechanical refrigeration within two hours of receipt from a harvester from April 1 through April 30.

E. It is unlawful for a licensed shellfish dealer to receive oysters from Coastal Fishing Waters where the interval between the time of the start of harvest on the harvest tag attached to the container of oysters and the time of receipt exceeds 5 hours from May 1 through October 14.
F. It is unlawful for a licensed shellfish dealer to fail to place oysters under mechanical refrigeration within 5 hours after start of harvest from May 1 through October 14.

G. It is unlawful for a licensed shellfish dealer to fail to record the following information when receiving oysters from shellfish leases or franchises in Coastal Fishing Waters:

1. Harvester;
2. Harvest area;
3. Time of the start of harvest;
4. Quantity and type of shellfish received;
5. Time shellfish were received; and
6. Time shellfish were refrigerated.

IV. RESUBMERGENCE REQUIREMENTS

A. From May 1 through October 14, it is unlawful for shellfish lease and franchise holders to fail to re-submerge oysters greater than 25mm in length that exceed 5 hours of air exposure for a minimum of 7 consecutive days on the original shellfish lease or franchise prior to subsequent harvest. This includes initial harvesting operations or pre-harvest activities such as air-drying or defouling that exceed 5 hours, including the use of gear such as OysterGro or adjustable longlines that expose oysters to air and sunlight during aquaculture practices.

B. For oysters greater than 25mm in length that are moved from a shellfish lease or franchise to another in a different growing area, it is unlawful to fail to re-submerge those oysters for a minimum of 21 consecutive days on the new shellfish lease or franchise prior to harvest unless the shellfish lease or franchise holder has been certified as a shellfish dealer and has been issued a wet storage permit while also using wet storage tagging requirements in accordance with 15A NCAC 18A .0425 (a) (5).

C. It is unlawful to fail to record all re-submergence activities in a logbook, or other Division approved record keeping system, and make available for presentation to Officers or other Division staff. Minimum resubmergence record entries shall include:

1. Date oysters are re-submerged;
2. Shellfish lease or franchise number;
3. Quantity, type and number of containers;
4. Location of re-submerged oysters on shellfish lease or franchise; and
5. Date re-submergence tags are removed.

A logbook template for use is available at http://portal.ncdenr.org/web/mf/ssrwq-educational-materials or can be picked up at Division Headquarters.

D. It is unlawful to fail to tag containers of oysters that are required to be re-submerged on the shellfish lease or franchise unless each re-submerged container includes a permanent gear tag with a unique identifying number that is recorded accordingly in the resubmergence logbook. Tags shall identify oysters that are re-submerged and shall be:

1. Orange in color;
2. Waterproof;
3. Legible;
4. Completed using indelible ink and include the date of re-submergence;
5. Recorded with the shellfish lease or franchise number; and
6. Recorded with the number of containers (if bulk tag).

The use of a single bulk tag identifying multiple containers of re-submerged oysters is acceptable if adequately segregated from other products on the shellfish lease or franchise and identifies the number of containers. The tags may be removed after 7 or 21 consecutive days of re-submergence, as applicable, in accordance with Sections IV. (A) or IV. (B) above. Plans for broadcast resubmergence of loose oysters must be approved by the Division prior to the activity and must be adequately segregated from other products on the shellfish lease or franchise.

An example tag template is available at http://portal.ncdenr.org/web/mf/ssrwq-educational-materials or can be picked up at Division Headquarters.

V. SHADING REQUIREMENTS

It is unlawful to fail to protect oysters from sun exposure from May 1 through October 14 during harvesting, storage and transport to a certified shellfish dealer by:

A. Providing shading over the area where the harvested oysters are stored on the harvest vessel, any floating container where the oysters are not submerged, transportation conveyance such as vessel or vehicle; or
B. Directly covering the oysters with a light colored, non-toxic material such as a tarp or fabric during the operations in (A).
C. This restriction will apply at all times during the designated time period.

VI. SANITATION REQUIREMENTS

A. It is unlawful to operate and maintain vessels used for the commercial harvest, handling or transport of shellfish in such a manner that allows contact of shellstock with bilge water, standing water or other sources of contamination in the vessel.
B. It is unlawful to allow dogs or other animals on vessels or vehicles used to commercially harvest or transport shellfish.
C. It is unlawful to discharge human waste overboard from harvest vessels.

VII. DEALER TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

A. Shellfish dealers shall ensure that all employees that manufacture, process, pack or hold food are qualified and obtain training in the principles of food hygiene and food safety, including the importance of employee health and personal hygiene, in accordance with 21 CFR 117.4.
B. Shellfish dealers shall be allowed (30) days following initial hiring of a new employee to provide the required education.
C. Proof of training for all employees shall be required prior to initial certification or recertification.
D. The dealer shall maintain the record of the completed training.

VIII. GENERAL INFORMATION:

A. This proclamation is issued under the authority of N.C. General Statutes 113-170.4; 113-170.5; 113-182; 113-221.1; 113-221.2; 143B-289.52; and N.C. Marine Fisheries Commission Rules 15A NCAC 03H .0103 and 03K .0110.

B. It is unlawful to violate the provisions of any proclamation issued by the Fisheries Director under his delegated authority pursuant to N.C. Marine Fisheries Commission Rule 15A NCAC 03H .0103.

C. In accordance with N.C. General Statute 113-221.1(c) all persons who may be affected by proclamations issued by the Fisheries Director are under a duty to keep themselves informed of current proclamations.

D. The National Shellfish Sanitation Program Model Ordinance requires shellfish harvesters to:

1. Keep shellfish out of bilge water and protected from contamination from fuel, oil, and other contaminants;
2. Shade shellfish when necessary to reduce the chance of temperature abuse;
3. Protect shellfish from adulteration and contamination during transport;
4. Prevent cats, dogs, and other animals on harvest vessels or in any conveyance where shellfish is stored;
5. Prevent overboard discharge of human sewage from harvest vessels.

E. The temperature control requirements of oysters after harvest in this proclamation reduce the risk of *Vibrio* illness by limiting the post-harvest growth of pathogenic *Vibrio* bacteria.

F. The re-submergence requirements in this proclamation allow *Vibrio* bacteria that may have become elevated in oysters during pre-harvest culture activities due to air exposure to return to background levels prior to harvest.

G. The following applies to the oyster shading requirements in this proclamation:

1. Shading prevents heat buildup in oysters from direct sunlight radiation following harvest, and during storage and transportation to the dealer. Elevated temperatures in oysters can cause rapid growth of pathogenic *Vibrio* bacteria.
2. Adequate air space should be left between shading canopies to reduce heat buildup. Direct coverings such as tarps or fabrics shall be white or a similar light color to prevent heat buildup. Direct heating from the sun can occur even on overcast days so shading must be provided from May 1 through October 14 at all times during harvesting, storage and transport to a licensed shellfish dealer.

H. Licensed shellfish dealers are required to keep all shellstock under mechanical refrigeration including delivery conveyances.

I. The call-in and record keeping requirements established by this proclamation eliminate the need for the Closed Oyster Season Harvest Permit for Shellfish Leases and Franchises.
J. The provisions in this proclamation do not apply to Polluted Area Relay which occurs under a permit specific for that operation.

K. Contact Shannon Jenkins, Jacob Boyd or Col. Carter Witten at N.C. Division of Marine Fisheries, P.O. Box 769, Morehead City, NC 28557, phone: 252-726-6827 or 800-682-2632 for more information or visit our website at https://deq.nc.gov/about/divisions/marine-fisheries/.

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BY: __________________________
    John G. Batherson, Acting Director
    DIVISION OF MARINE FISHERIES, DEQ

March 26, 2021
9:05 A.M.
SS-2-2021