

**STREAM & WETLAND  
RESTORATION PLAN**

**Little Beaver Creek  
Wake County, North Carolina**



**N.C. Wetlands Restoration Program**  
NCDENR\_DWQ

March 2003



A **tyco** INTERNATIONAL LTD. COMPANY

710 Corporate Center Drive, Suite 475  
Raleigh, North Carolina 27607

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0 INTRODUCTION ..... 1  
1.2 GOALS AND OBJECTIVES ..... 1  
1.3 STREAM SURVEY METHODOLOGY ..... 4  
1.4 BANKFULL VERIFICATION..... 4  
1.5 WETLAND AND NATURAL COMMUNITIES EVALUATION ..... 5  
2.0 EXISTING CONDITIONS..... 7  
2.1 WATERSHED ..... 7  
2.1.1 General Description of the Watershed..... 7  
2.1.2 Surface Waters Classification..... 9  
2.1.3 Soils of the Watershed..... 9  
2.1.4 Land Use of the Watershed..... 10  
2.2 RESTORATION SITE..... 12  
2.2.1 Site Description ..... 12  
2.2.2 Existing Stream Characteristics..... 12  
2.2.3 Soils of the Restoration Site ..... 13  
2.2.4 Terrestrial Plant Communities..... 13  
2.2.5 Hydrology..... 17  
2.2.6 Wildlife Observations and Protected Species..... 18  
3.0 REFERENCE REACHES AND WETLANDS ..... 19  
3.1 RICHLAND CREEK..... 19  
3.2 LITTLE BEAVER CREEK..... 21  
3.3 LITTLE BEAVER CREEK REFERENCE WETLAND..... 21  
4.0 STREAM & WETLAND RESTORATION DESIGN ..... 23  
4.1 RESTORATION TECHNIQUES ..... 25  
4.1.1 Dimension..... 25  
4.1.2 Pattern ..... 27  
4.1.3 Bedform..... 27  
4.1.4 Structures..... 27  
4.1.5 Wetlands..... 27  
4.1.6 Riparian Buffers..... 33  
4.2 SEDIMENT TRANSPORT..... 33  
4.3 FLOODING ANALYSIS ..... 34  
4.4 HABITAT RESTORATION..... 35  
4.4.1 Site Preparation..... 36  
4.4.2 Streambank Vegetation..... 37  
4.4.3 Riparian Buffer..... 38  
4.4.4 Wetlands ..... 39  
4.4.5 Habitat Enhancements ..... 39  
5.0 MONITORING AND SUCCESS CRITERIA ..... 40  
5.1 REFERENCE PHOTOGRAPHS..... 40  
5.2 CHANNEL STABILITY ..... 40  
5.3 PLANT SURVIVAL..... 41  
5.4 GAUGE MONITORING..... 41  
7.0 REFERENCES..... 43

**TABLES**

Table 1. Species Under Federal Protection in Wake County ..... 18  
Table 2. Morphological Characteristics ..... 24

**FIGURES**

Figure 1 Location Map ..... 2  
Figure 2 Vicinity Map ..... 3  
Figure 3 North Carolina Regional Curve ..... 6  
Figure 4 Little Beaver Creek Watershed ..... 8  
Figure 5 Aerial Photograph of Watershed ..... 11  
Figure 6 Soils ..... 14  
Figure 7 Existing Conditions ..... 15  
Figure 8 Richland Creek ..... 20  
Figure 9 Little Beaver Creek and Wetland ..... 22  
Figure 10 Proposed Stream Restoration Plan ..... 26  
Figure 11A Proposed Little Beaver Creek Cross-Sections-Reach 1 ..... 28  
Figure 11B Proposed Little Beaver Creek Cross-Sections-Reach 2 ..... 29  
Figure 11C Proposed Little Beaver Creek Cross-Sections-Reach 3 ..... 30  
Figure 11D Proposed Little Beaver Creek Cross-Sections-Tributaries..... 31  
Figure 12 Proposed Profile ..... 32

**APPENDICES**

Appendix A Photo Log  
Appendix B Existing Conditions Data  
(Appendix C Hydrographs  
Appendix D Reference Reach Data  
Appendix E HEC-RAS Model Output

## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

The North Carolina Wetlands Restoration Program (NCWRP) has identified Little Beaver Creek as a potential stream and wetland restoration site. Flowing directly into B. Everett Jordan Lake and once a tributary to Beaver Creek, Little Beaver Creek (NCDWQ Stream Index Number – 16-41-11-(1)) is located on agricultural land southwest of Apex in Wake County, North Carolina (**Figure 1**).

Stream restoration requires determining how far a stream has departed from its natural stability and then, establishing the stable **form** under the current hydrologic conditions within the drainage area. The proposed stream restoration will construct a stable meander geometry, modify channel cross-sections, raise the existing streambed elevation where possible, and establish a floodplain at the new stream elevation, thus, restoring a stable dimension, pattern, and profile.

The proposed wetlands restoration will restore hydrology and native vegetation in existing soils exhibiting hydric characteristics. These restorations are based on analysis of current watershed hydrologic conditions, evaluation of soils and vegetation of the project site, and assessments of stable stream reference reaches and wetland reference sites.

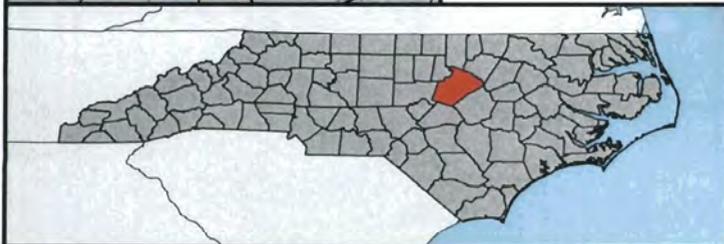
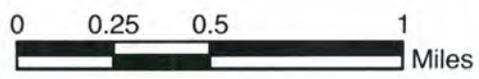
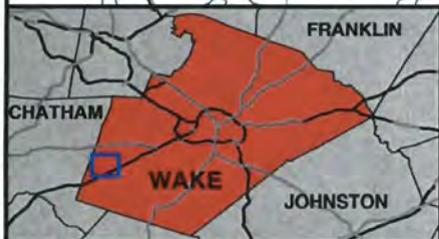
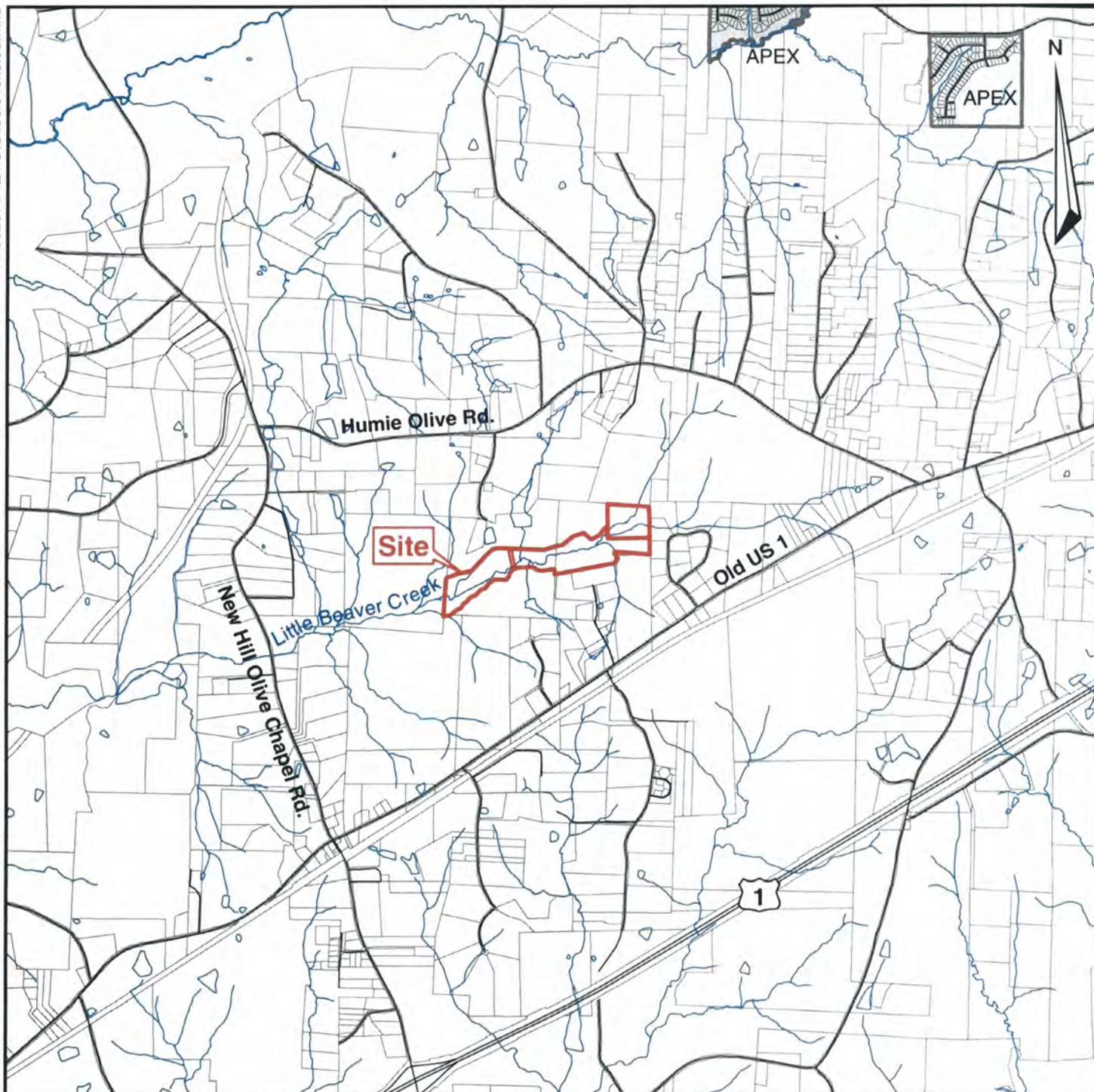
### 1.1 PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The Little Beaver Creek project site is located southwest of Apex in Wake County, North Carolina. The project is fully contained within the property of two landowners. Conservation easements have already been purchased by the NCWRP. The conservation easements total 51.1 acres. The project reach is bounded by the property boundaries to the east (upstream) and to the west (downstream) (**Figure 2**). Adjacent hill slopes surround the project reach to the north and south. The project area contains the majority of Little Beaver Creek's floodplain. Olive Farm Road provides access to the project site.

### 1.2 GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

This project has the following goals and objectives:

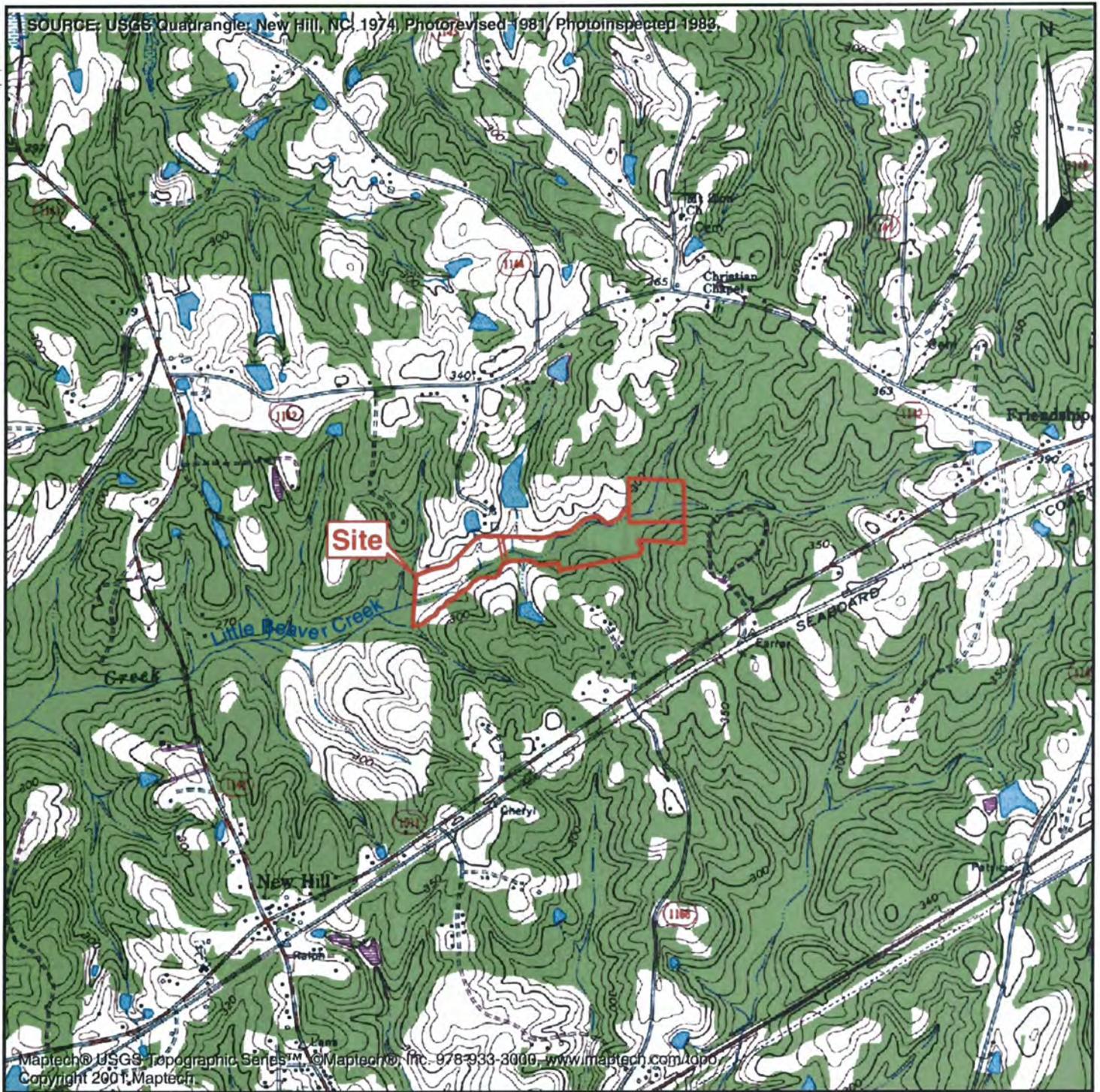
- Restore 4,609 linear feet of Little Beaver Creek (as measured along the centerline) and 951 linear feet of unnamed tributaries to Little Beaver Creek.
- Provide a stable stream channel that neither aggrades nor degrades while maintaining its dimension, pattern, and profile with the capacity to transport its watershed's water and sediment load.
- Improve water quality and reduce erosion by stabilizing the stream banks.
- Reconnect the stream to its floodplain.



**FIGURE 1**  
**Site Location**

**Little Beaver Creek**  
**Wake County, North Carolina**

SOURCE: USGS Quadrangle: New Hill, NC, 1974, Photorevised 1981, Photoinspected 1988.



Maptech® USGS Topographic Series™ ©Maptech®, Inc. 978-933-3000, www.maptech.com/000, Copyright 2001, Maptech.

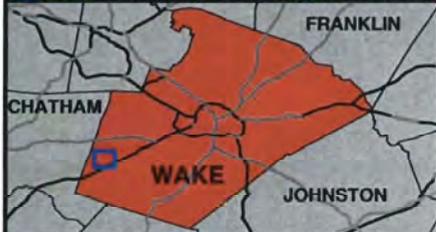


FIGURE 2  
Vicinity Map

Little Beaver Creek  
Wake County, North Carolina

- Improve aquatic habitat with the use of natural material stabilization structures such as root wads, rock vanes, woody debris, and a riparian buffer.
- Provide aesthetic value, wildlife habitat, and bank stability through the creation or enhancement of a riparian zone.
- Restore characteristic hydrologic regime to disturbed wetlands.
- Restore characteristic plant communities and animal habitat to disturbed wetlands.
- Increase the capacity of disturbed wetlands to perform characteristic functions such as flood storage, biogeochemical cycling, runoff attenuation, and maintenance of plant and animal habitat and species diversity.

### 1.3 STREAM SURVEY METHODOLOGY

The US Forest Service publication, "General Technical Report RM-245, Stream Channel Reference Sites: An Illustrated Guide to Field Technique," is used as a guide when taking field measurements. Accurate field measurements are critical to determine the present condition of the existing channel, conditions of the floodplain, and watershed drainage patterns.

Earth Tech contracted surveyors of Chas. H. Sells, Inc. to conduct a topographic survey of the restoration site in February 2002. This mapping was used to evaluate present conditions, new channel alignment and grading volumes. Mapping also provided locations of property pins, large trees, vegetation lines, culverts, roads, and elevation contours.

A walkover of the property was conducted to better evaluate the drainage properties of the area surrounding the restoration site. Wake County provided Geographic Information System (GIS) data to evaluate the watershed. A windshield survey was also conducted to determine the existing conditions within the watershed.

Field surveys of the existing stream channel and site were conducted on March 27 and 28, 2002. Photographs of the site were taken and are provided in **Appendix A**. During the site visits, ten (10) cross-sections were taken using standard differential leveling techniques. These cross-sections were used to gather detail on the present dimension and condition of the channel. Cross-sectional area was calculated using the **bankfull** features. See **Appendix B** for a copy of the existing condition surveys.

### 1.4 BANKFULL VERIFICATION

The foundation of Rosgen classification system is the concept of **bankfull** stage, which is the point of incipient flooding. The **width/depth** and entrenchment ratios described above depend on the correct assessment of bankfull. If **bankfull** is incorrectly determined in the field, the entire restoration effort will be based on faulty data. It is important to verify the physical indicators observed in the field with either gage data or a regional curve to ensure the correct assessment of the **bankfull** stage.

The bankfull stage is determined in the field using physical indicators. The following is a list of commonly used indicators that define **bankfull** (Rosgen, 1996):

- The presence of a floodplain at the elevation of incipient flooding.
- The elevation associated with the top of the highest depositional feature (*e.g.* point bars, central bars within the active channel). These depositional features are especially good stage indicators for channels in the presence of terrace or adjacent colluvial slopes.
- A break in slope of the bank and/or a change in the particle size distribution, since finer material is associated with deposition by overflow, rather than deposition of coarser material within the active channel.
- Evidence of an inundation feature such as small benches below bankfull.
- Staining of rocks.

The dominant **bankfull** indicators along Little Beaver Creek are high scour lines and breaks in slope along the backs of point bars.

The most common method of verifying **bankfull** stage is to compare the field **determined bankfull** stage with measured stages at a **stream** gaging station. This calibration can be **performed** if there is a stream gage within the study area's hydrophysiographic region.

In ungaged areas, Rosgen recommends verifying **bankfull** with the development of regional curves. The regional curves normally plot **bankfull** discharge ( $Q_{bkr}$ ), cross-sectional area, width, and depth as a function of drainage area. The cross-sectional areas of Little Beaver Creek and the reference reach sites used for this report **are** plotted on the Rural, Piedmont Regional Curve of North Carolina developed by the North Carolina State University (NCSU) Water Quality Group, 2000 (**Figure 3**).

Data obtained from field surveys described in Section 2.2.2 was used to compute the morphological characteristics shown on the graph. The cross-sectional area for Little Beaver Creek plots along the trend line for the Rural Regional Curve. The **bankfull** cross-sectional area for the design channel was determined from evaluating the North Carolina regional curve relationships and comparing them to the reference reach sites surveyed near the restoration site.

## **1.5 WETLAND AND NATURAL COMMUNITIES EVALUATION**

Field surveys were conducted by Earth Tech biologists on several occasions between March and July, 2002. Plant communities were identified and classified based on species composition, hydrology, topoedaphic characteristics, disturbance history, and other environmental factors. Associated wildlife was identified by visual observations and characteristic signs (sounds, tracks, scats, and burrows), but no active searches were conducted. Terrestrial community **classifications** generally follow Schafale and **Weakley** (1990) and **NatureServe** (2002) where appropriate. Plant taxonomy follows Radford *et al.* (1968). Vertebrate taxonomy follows Rohde *et al.* (1994), **Conant et al.** (1998), the American Ornithologists' Union (2002), and Webster *et al.* (1985). Vegetative

### NC Rural Piedmont Regional Curve

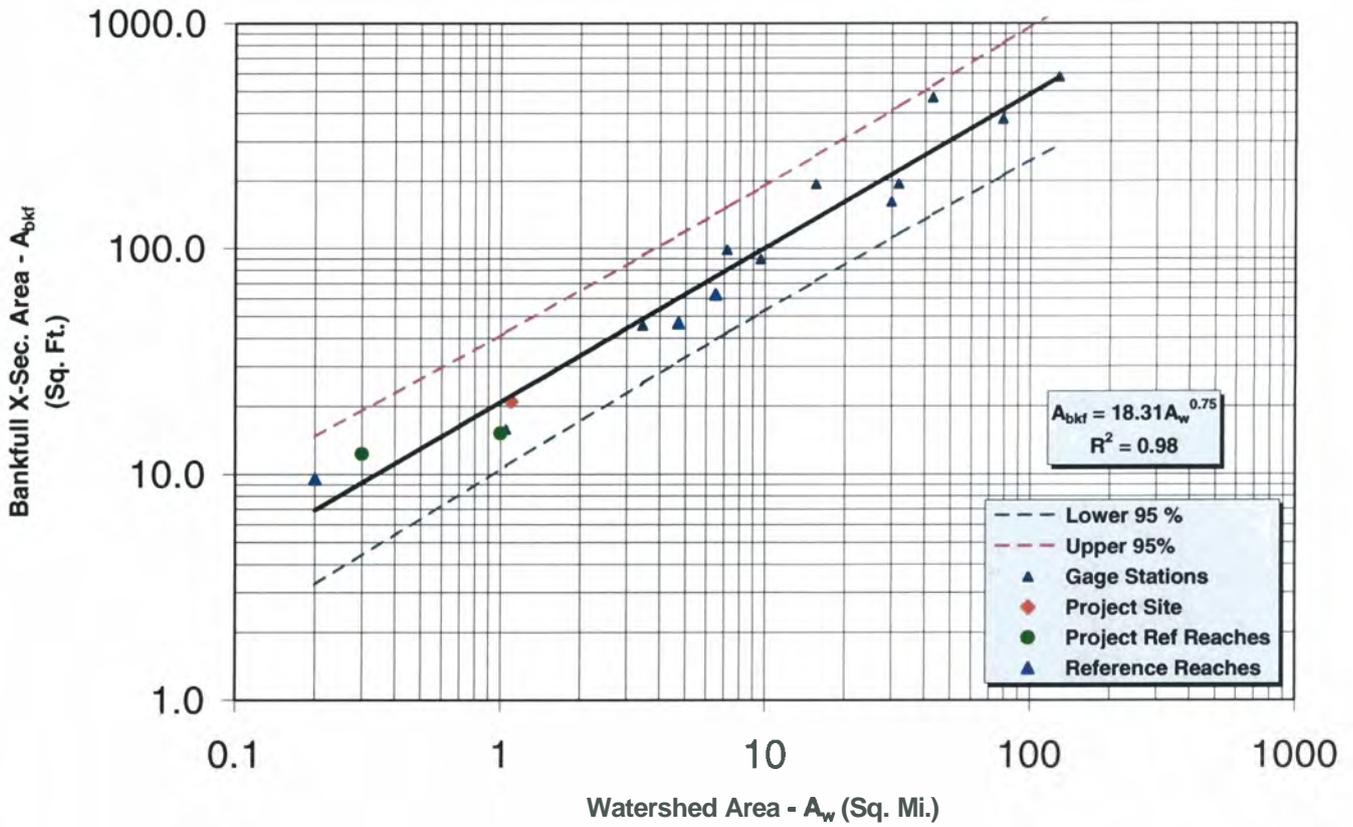


FIGURE 3  
North Carolina Regional Curve

Little Beaver Creek  
Wake County, North Carolina

communities were mapped using aerial photography of the project site. Predictions regarding wildlife community composition involved general qualitative habitat assessment based on existing vegetative communities and previously published reports.

Earth Tech personnel performed detailed soil surveys to verify the findings of a previous feasibility study and to evaluate a new parcel that was added to the study area. A series of soil borings were performed across the site at selected points based upon field observations, vegetation, and topography. Soil properties and profiles were described, and the depth to groundwater or hydric indicators noted.

Wetland areas were identified and delineated in accordance with criteria established in the U.S. *Amy Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual* (USACE, 1987). Wetlands identified in the feasibility study were flagged and mapped by the survey crew. Wetlands identified by Earth Tech were flagged and mapped using GPS survey techniques.

Continuously-recording groundwater monitoring gauges (Remote Data Systems, Whiteville, NC) were installed to **determine** jurisdictional wetland hydrology. Hydrology is considered jurisdictional when groundwater is within 12 inches of the surface for 5 to 12.5% of the growing season (12-29 days for Wake County) under normal rainfall conditions. The growing season in Wake County is from March 26 to November 10, a length of 230 days. Gauges were installed according to the specifications of Technical Note HY-IA-3.1 (USACE 1993). Nine gauges were installed on the study area in April and June 2002. After a reference area was identified and landowner permission was obtained, two wells were also installed on the reference site in August 2002. Monitoring has continued monthly up to the present time.

## **20 EXISTING CONDITIONS**

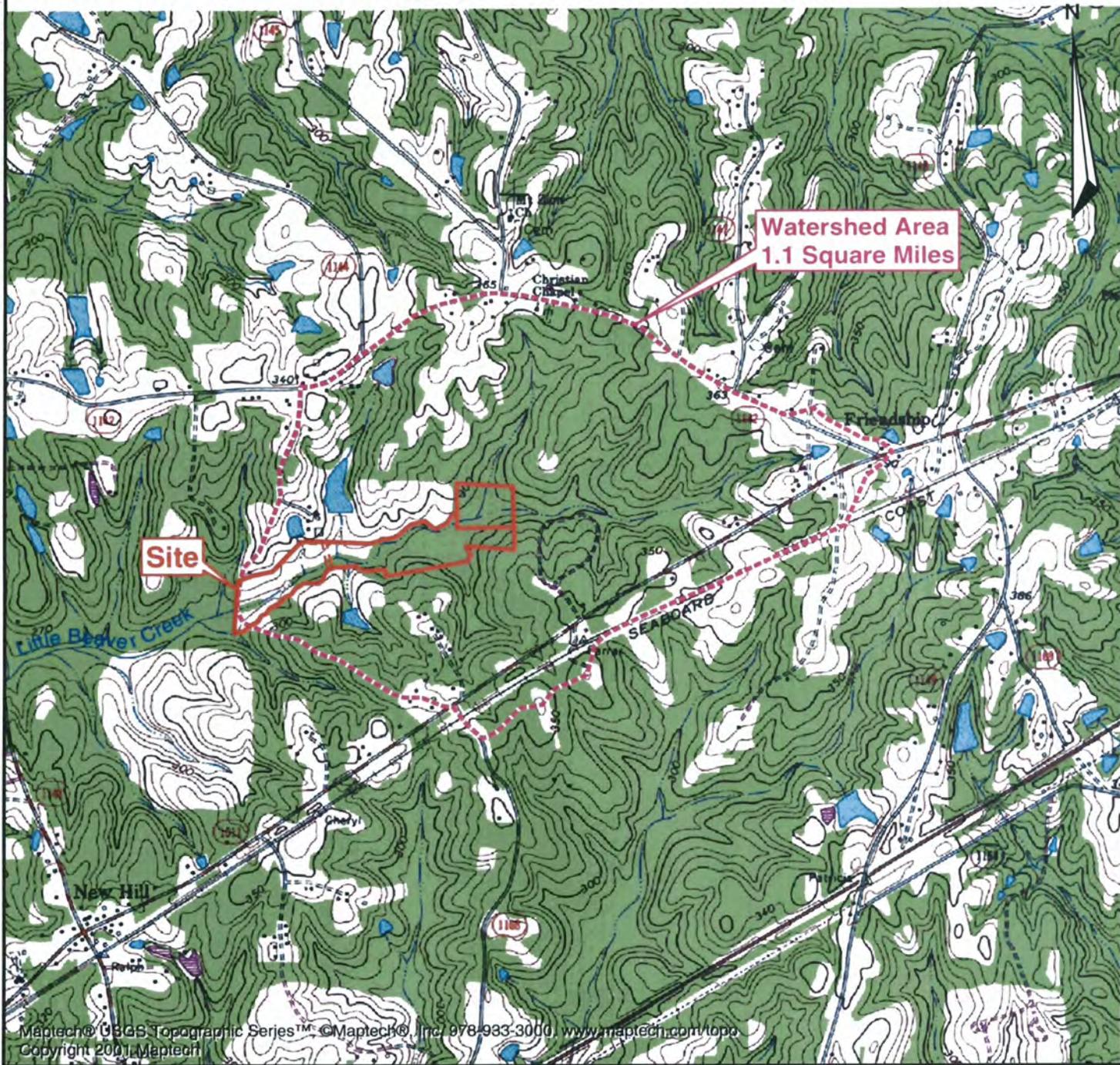
### **2.1 WATERSHED**

#### **2.1.1 General Description of the Watershed**

Little Beaver Creek, a first order stream, is located within the Piedmont Physiographic Province of the Cape Fear River Basin (USGS Cataloging Unit 03030002). The watershed is located to the southwest of Apex, in Wake County, North Carolina. The headwaters of the project originate approximately 0.75 miles to the east of the restoration site. From the headwaters, Little Beaver Creek flows for approximately 4.5 miles before emptying into B. Everett Jordan Lake. Several tributaries enter Little Beaver Creek along its extent.

The watershed is approximately 1.11 square miles (711 Acres) and is oriented east to west in the shape of a teardrop (Figure 4). The watershed has an average width of 4,500 feet from the headwaters to its outlet. The topography is gently sloping with relatively flat floodplains occurring along Little Beaver Creek. Land surface elevations range from

SOURCE: USGS Quadrangle: New Hill, NC, 1974, Photorevised 1981, Photoinspected 1983.



Maptech © USGS Topographic Series™ © Maptech ©, Inc. 978-983-3000 www.maptech.com/topo Copyright 2001 Maptech



**FIGURE 4**  
Watershed Map

Little Beaver Creek  
Wake County, North Carolina

approximately 270 to 390 feet above mean sea level. Areas of hydric soils are common along the flat, narrow drainageways of this watershed. Few intact wetland communities are present, however, as a result of alterations to accommodate agricultural and residential land uses.

### 2.1.2 Surface Waters **Classification**

Surface waters in North Carolina are assigned a classification by the DWQ that is designed to maintain, protect, and enhance water quality within the state. Little Beaver Creek (NCDWQ Stream Index Number – 16-41-11-(I)) is classified as a Water Supply Watershed IV NSW (WS-IV NSW) (NCDENR, 2001). WS-IV waters are used as sources of water supply for **drinking**, culinary, or food processing purposes for those users where a more protective classification (WS-I, II or III) is not feasible. WS-IV waters are generally in *moderately to highly developed* watersheds or Protected Areas. The NSW classification is for waters that **need** additional nutrient management strategies for both point and nonpoint source pollution.

### 2.1.3 Soils of the **Watershed**

The soils found in the watershed and adjacent to the stream can help determine the bed and bank materials **occurring** in the stream. The Rosgen stream classification system uses average particle size within the **bankfull** channel to help classify the stream. Knowing the make up of the soils in the watershed assists in understanding the anticipated **bedload** and sediment transport capacity of the stream.

Soils in upland areas within the watershed consist primarily of sandy loam soils listed below. Soil maps and descriptions are taken from the *Soil Survey of Wake County* (NRCS 1971).

- **Altavista** fine sandy loam (**Afa**), 0-4% slopes: This nearly level to gently sloping soil occurs on low terraces near major streams. It was formed in alluvial deposits under forest vegetation. The soil is deep, moderately well drained, and has moderate permeability. Subsoils are a friable sandy clay. Flooding is infrequent and of short duration. Depth to the seasonally high water table is 2 feet.
- Creedmoor sandy loam (**CrB2,CrC2**), 2-6% and **6-10%** slopes, eroded: These soils occur on broad, smooth interstream divides and narrow side slopes. They were formed under forest vegetation in material weathered from sandstone, mudstone, and shale of Triassic origin. Surface layers are 3-7 inches thick. The soils are moderately well drained, have slow permeability, and medium to rapid runoff. Subsoils are a slowly permeable, sandy clay loam that causes a perched water table during wet seasons.
- Creedmoor sandy loam (**CrE**), 10-20% slopes: This soil occurs on narrow side slopes. It was formed under forest vegetation in material weathered from sandstone, mudstone, and shale of Triassic origin. Surface layers are 7-15 inches thick. The soils have good infiltration, but slow permeability and medium to rapid runoff. Subsoils

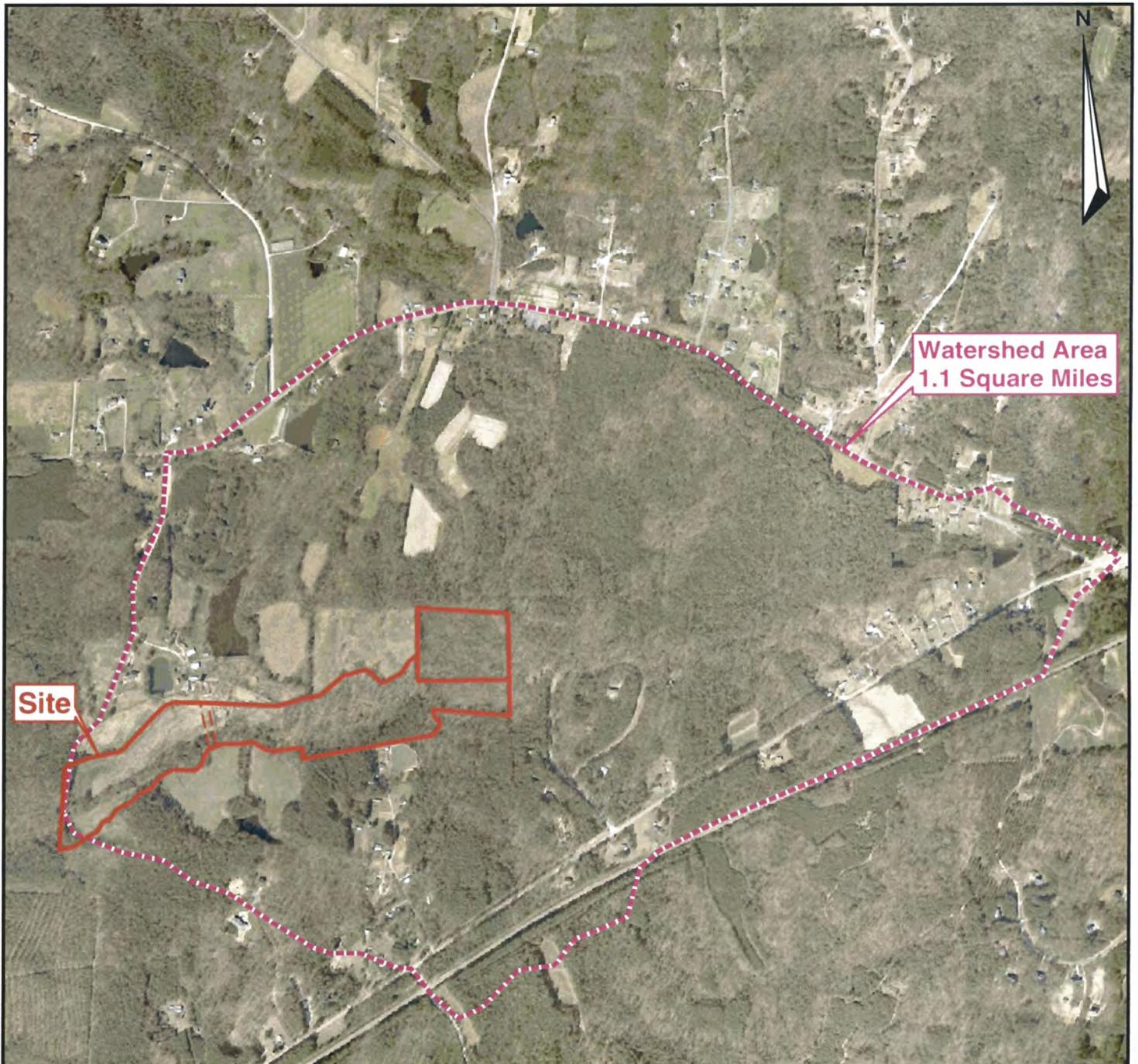
are a slowly permeable, sandy clay loam that causes a perched water table during wet seasons.

- Granville sandy loam (**GrB**), 2-6% slopes: This deep, well-drained soil occurs on gently sloping uplands. It was formed under forest vegetation in material weathered from sandstone, mudstone, and shale of Triassic origin. Infiltration is good and runoff is medium. The soils have a high aluminum content and are strongly acid. Depth to the seasonally high water table is greater than 10 feet.
- Mayodan sandy loam (**MfB**), 2-6% slopes: This moderately deep soil occurs over hard rock on broad, smooth interstream divides. It was formed under forest vegetation in material weathered from sandstone, mudstone, and shale of Triassic origin. The surface layer is 7-15 inches thick. The soil is well drained, has moderate permeability, and medium runoff. Subsoils are a firm clay loam to clay. Depth to the seasonally high water table is greater than 10 feet.
- Mayodan sandy loam (**MfB2, MfC2**) 2-6% and 6-10% slopes, eroded: These soils occur on narrow side slopes. They were formed under forest vegetation in material weathered from sandstone, mudstone, and shale of Triassic origin. Surface layers are 3-7 inches thick. The soils are well drained, have moderate permeability, and medium to rapid runoff. Subsoils are a firm clay loam to clay. Depth to the seasonally high water table is greater than 10 feet.
- White Store sandy loam (**Ws B2, WsC2**), 2-6% and 6-10% slopes, eroded: These soils occur on broad, smooth **interstream** divides and narrow side slopes. They were formed under forest vegetation in material weathered from sandstone, mudstone, and shale of Triassic origin. Surface layers are 3-6 inches thick. The soils are moderately well drained, have slow permeability, and medium to rapid runoff. Subsoils are a slowly permeable, very **firm** clay that causes a perched water table during wet seasons.

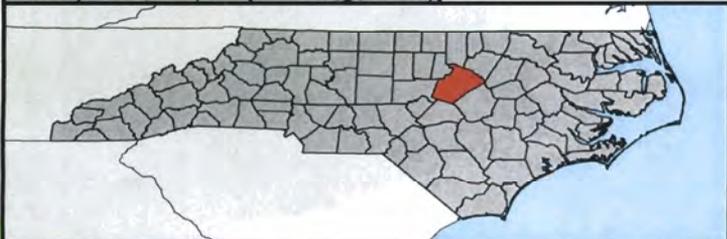
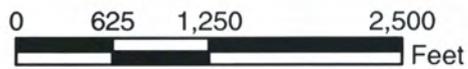
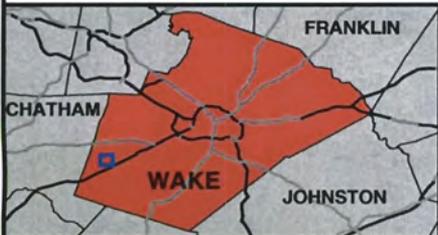
#### 2.14 Land Use of the Watershed

Analysis of historic aerials dating as far back as 1954 reveals that the watershed has remained relatively unchanged. The stream appears to have been located in the same area as it currently exists. The most significant changes to the watershed occurred between 1965 and 1971. The land surrounding the northern tributary was reforested, and the three most eastern fields were cleared.

The largest developed area is along the downstream half of the project site with the upper portions of the watershed remaining almost entirely forested. The majority of the developed areas are scattered along the perimeter of the watershed along the major roads. Land use within the watershed is 77% forested (Figure 5). **Figure 5** is a current aerial from the Wake County GIS Department with each land use area delineated. Agricultural fields and pastures account for 13% of the area while the remaining 10% is a combination of low-density residential areas, roadways, and waterbodies.



SOURCE: Wake County 1999.



**FIGURE 5**  
**Aerial Photograph of Watershed**

**Little Beaver Creek**  
**Wake County, North Carolina**

## 2.2 RESTORATION SITE

The following sections provide a description of existing site conditions. This includes the current stream conditions, soils, and surrounding plant communities.

### 2.2.1 Site Description

The Little Beaver Creek restoration site begins approximately 3.75 miles from its confluence with the B. Everett Jordan Lake. The project is located within the property boundaries of 2 landowners (**Figure 5**). Little Beaver Creek flows from east to west through a 300-foot wide floodplain. The majority of the floodplain is located on the north side of the stream and consists of pasture and crop land. The majority of the channel is deeply incised with near vertical banks. Channel sinuosity for the entire reach is 1.3, but there are long stretches with no meandering. High banks and areas of severe bank erosion can be found throughout the project reach.

Five small tributaries enter Little Beaver Creek within the restoration area. All of the side channels had moderate to low flow on the day of the site visit.

The main factor in the degradation and impairment for Little Beaver Creek appears to be cattle farming. Cattle activity has destroyed the natural riparian vegetation that once bordered the stream. The lack of vegetation on the highly erodible soils has led to increased erosion along the entire reach. Erosion has increased sediment deposition and in response the channel has begun to widen. The presence of central bars throughout the reach support the theory that the channel has overly widened. Further development of central bars will increase erosion and lateral migration of the channel.

### 2.2.2 Existing Stream Characteristics

Little Beaver Creek Restoration Site can be typically defined as an incised channel with moderate habitat and an unstable pattern actively migrating. Stream banks are steep with areas of active erosion, particularly along outside meander bends. Sand bars made of easily erodible material migrate frequently during small storm events. Long straight sections of the channel have central bars **forming**; indicating the channel is too wide. Instead of focusing the flow along the thalweg, the central bars deflect the streamflow toward the banks and accelerate bank erosion.

Riffle **bankfull** widths for Little Beaver Creek range from 10.5 to 15.5 feet with mean depths ranging from 0.7 to 2.0 feet. The cross-sectional areas for these riffles range from 8.0 to 21.9 square feet. All cross-sections but one classed as type-F or G channel as the amount of incision increases downstream. The data for the existing channel is included in **Appendix B**. The stream has the following average characteristics:

Bankfull Width:	12.6 feet
Cross-sectional Area:	16.7 square feet

Mean Depth:	1.4 feet
Maximum Depth:	2.1 feet
Average Water Surface Slope:	0.005 feet/feet
Entrenchment Ratio:	>6.0
Sinuosity:	1.5
Bank Height Ratio	2.6

### 2.23 Soils of the Restoration Site

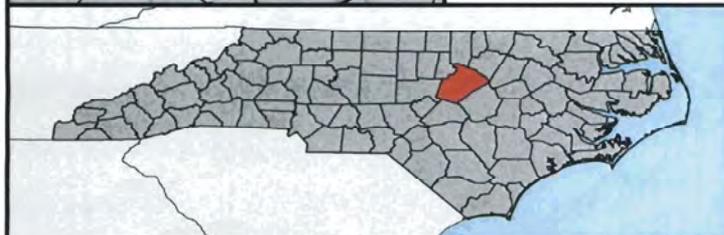
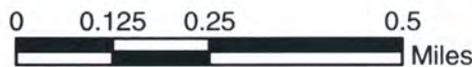
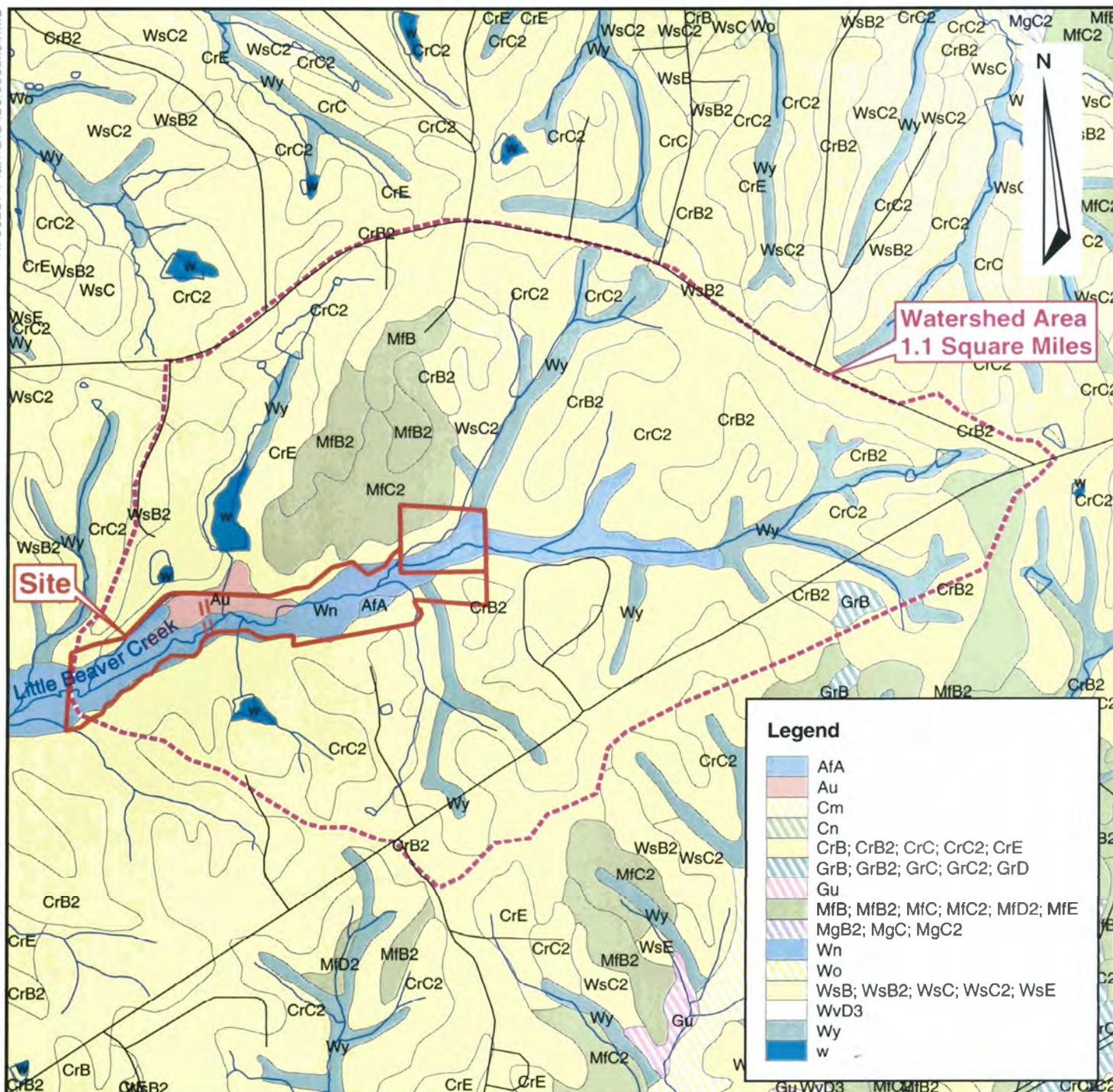
According to the Wake County soil survey, soils adjacent to Little Beaver Creek within the restoration site are mapped as Augusta, Wehadkee, and Worsham soils (Figure 6). Augusta soils are mapped in a pasture on a low-lying stream terrace along the right bank of Little Beaver Creek. The remainder of the floodplain of Little Beaver Creek is mapped as Wehadkee. The narrow drainageways of some of the small headwater tributaries to Little Beaver Creek are mapped as Worsham. These soil units are described below.

- Augusta fine sandy loam (Au), 0 to 4% slopes: This nearly level to gently sloping soil is deep and somewhat poorly drained. It was formed in alluvium under forested areas. Permeability is moderately slow and surface runoff is slow to medium. Flooding is frequent but of short duration. The seasonally high water table is 1.5 feet deep.
- Wehadkee silt loam (Wn), 0 to 2% slopes: This soil is nearly level and poorly drained. It was formed in fine loamy alluvium. Permeability is moderate to moderately rapid and runoff is slow to ponded. Flooding is frequent and of extended duration. The seasonally high water table is at the surface.
- Worsham sandy loam (Wy), 0 to 4% slopes: This nearly level to gently sloping soil is deep and poorly drained. It was formed in translocated and weathered material under forested areas. Permeability is moderately slow and runoff is slow to ponded. The seasonally high water table is at the surface.

Wehadkee and Worsham soils are on the NRCS list of hydric soils for North Carolina. Portions of the floodplain areas mapped to those units in the published soil survey were confirmed to be hydric by an Earth Tech soil scientist. Some areas mapped to those units, however, did not meet the NRCS criteria for hydric soils. Augusta soils are not considered hydric, but a portion of the unit as mapped in the published soil survey **was** found to meet the criteria for hydric soils. Wetland restoration is proposed for those areas of hydric soils that will fall within the floodplain of the restored stream and that currently lack jurisdictional wetland hydrology and vegetation. See Figure 7 for hydric soil areas.

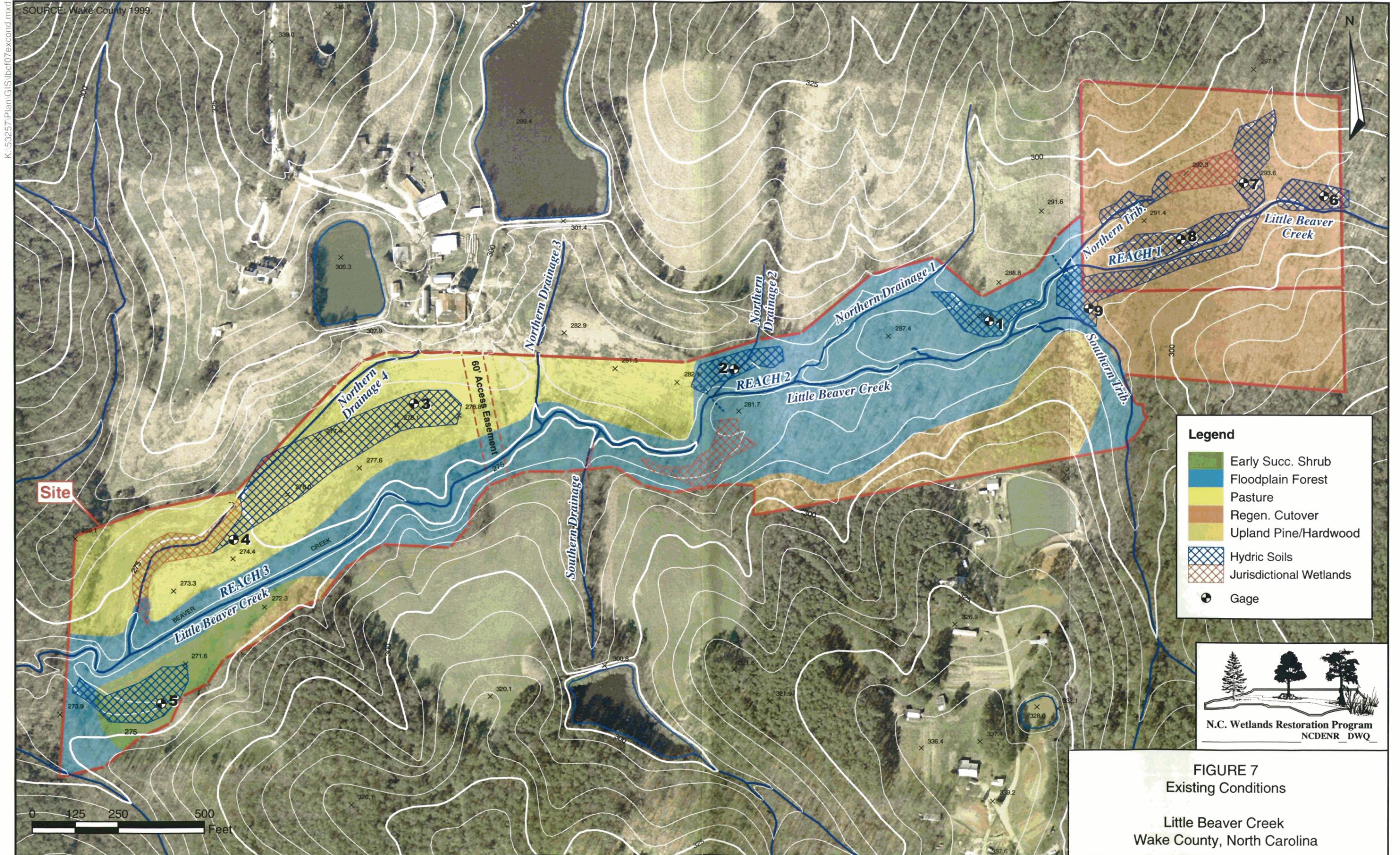
### 2.24 Terrestrial Plant Communities

The following sections describe the existing plant communities on and adjacent to the restoration site (Figure 7). Historically, the entire floodplain of Little Beaver Creek most likely was a continuous bottomland hardwood ecosystem, now fragmented by various land uses. The mosaic of microhabitats characteristic of these systems included upland patches formed by coarse depositional material as well as various types of wetlands in



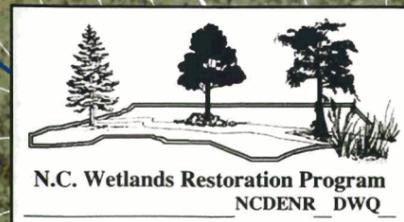
**FIGURE 6**  
Soils

Little Beaver Creek  
Wake County, North Carolina



**Legend**

- Early Succ. Shrub
- Floodplain Forest
- Pasture
- Regen. Cutover
- Upland Pine/Hardwood
- Hydric Soils
- Jurisdictional Wetlands
- + Gage



**FIGURE 7**  
Existing Conditions  
  
Little Beaver Creek  
Wake County, North Carolina

different topographic positions. The site is now occupied by communities that reflect various types of disturbance and degrees of recovery. For purposes of this project, five plant communities are described. Nomenclature follows Radford *et al* (1968).

#### 2.2.4.1 Wetlands

As previously described, areas of hydric soils occur throughout the study area. They occur in all of the community types described below, but not all areas have hydrology sufficient to support wetland vegetation. There are three areas within the project boundaries that have been verified by the **USACE** as jurisdictional wetlands on the basis of soils, hydrology, and vegetation. One is a narrow band along a drainage feature in the pasture along Reach 3 (0.62 acres). Species in this area are as described in Section 2.2.4.4 below, with the addition of abundant rushes (*Juncus* spp.), sedges (*Carex* spp.) and bulrushes (*Scirpus cyperinus*). The other two areas are between the left bank of Little Beaver Creek and the base of a slope along Reach 2 (0.51 acres). The plant community is as described in Section 2.2.4.3 below, with the addition of rushes, sedges, false stinging-nettle (*Boehmeria cylindrica*), knotweed (*Polygonum* sp.), and sphagnum moss (*Sphagnum* sp.).

A fourth area (0.34 acres) has the characteristics of a jurisdictional wetland but has not been verified by the **USACE**. It is found along the right bank of the Northern Tributary. The plant community in this area is as described in Section 2.2.4.2 below, with the addition of tag alder (*Alnus serrulata*) and highbush blueberry (*Vaccinium corymbosum*).

#### 2.2.4.2 Regenerating Cutover

Reach 1 of Little Beaver Creek and the Northern Tributary flow through a regenerating **cutover** forest. This community is situated in a relatively flat area between the slopes of broad upland ridges. The area is dense with saplings of **sweetgum** (*Liquidambar styraciflua*), tulip poplar (*Liriodendron tulipifera*), red maple (*Acer rubrum*), and **loblolly** pine (*Pinus taeda*). The understory is thick with giant cane (*Arundinaria gigantea*), Japanese honeysuckle (*Lonicera japonica*), greenbrier (*Smilax rotundifolia*), multiflora rose (*Rosa multiflora*), and poison ivy (*Toxicodendron radicans*). Netted chain fern (*Woodwardia areolata*), sensitive fern (*Onoclea sensibilis*), royal fern (*Osmunda regalis*), and sphagnum moss (*Sphagnum* sp.) are present in the wetter areas. Extensive mats of hydric soils line the floodplain of the two streams, although wetland hydrology is not achieved throughout. The unverified wetland is found here. The remaining area is proposed for restoration.

#### 2.2.4.3 Floodplain Forest

Reaches 2 and 3 of Little Beaver Creek flow through a disturbed floodplain forest community that varies in width from 300 feet along Reach 2 to less than 100 feet along Reach 3. The understory is open and exotic **invasive** species are abundant as a result of past grazing. The canopy is dominated by large-diameter red maples. Other canopy species include sycamore (*Platanus occidentalis*), American elm (*Ulmus americana*),

tulip poplar, sweetgum, willow oak (*Quercus phellos*), water oak (*Quercus nigra*), and blackgum (*Nyssa sylvatica*). Sub-canopy species include ironwood (*Carpinus caroliniana*), eastern red cedar (*Juniperus virginiana*), and persimmon (*Diospyros virginiana*). Loblolly pine seedlings, Japanese honeysuckle, multiflora rose, broomsedge (*Andropogon virginicus*), giant cane, wild onion (*Allium canadense*), violets (*Viola* spp.), rushes (*Juncus* spp.), Indian strawberry (*Duchesnea indica*), and Japanese grass (*Microstegium vimineum*) are abundant in the understory. Jurisdictional wetlands are present in this community. Other areas in this community with hydric soils lack hydrology and sufficient wetland vegetation and are proposed for restoration.

#### 2.2.4.4 Pasture

The narrow floodplain forest along the lower reach of Little Beaver Creek is bordered by pastures and a cornfield. The pastures are dominated by cultivated grass species such as annual rye (*Lolium multiflorum*) and fescue (*Festuca* sp.). Foxtail (*Setaria glauca*), teasel (*Dipsacus sylvestris*), and sow-thistle (*Sonchus asper*) are also present. Rushes (*Juncus* spp.), sedges (*Carex* spp.), and bulrush (*Scirpus cyperinus*) are present in the jurisdictional wetland found along the small drainage. Some areas of hydric soils are present in the pastures, but lack hydrology and wetland vegetation and are proposed for restoration.

#### 2.2.4.5 Early Successional Shrubland

An abandoned pasture on the left bank of the lower reach of Little Beaver Creek has succeeded to a shrubland dominated by loblolly pine and sweetgum saplings. Annual rye, broomsedge, dogfennel (*Eupatorium capillifolium*), and horseweed (*Erigeron canadense*) are abundant. Buttonbush (*Cephalanthus occidentalis*), rushes, and sedges are present in wet areas along the slope. Some hydric soil is present and preliminary gauge data suggest wetland hydrology, so this area is proposed for enhancement.

#### 2.2.4.6 Upland Pine Forest

An upland pine forest community occupies the slopes rising from the floodplain of Little Beaver Creek that weren't cleared for pasture. The community occurs within the easement boundaries, but is not likely to be affected by restoration activities. The canopy is dominated by mature loblolly pines. Red maple, sweetgum, tulip poplar, and water oak make up less than 50 percent of the canopy. Seedlings and saplings of these species are also present in the understory, along with eastern red cedar and Japanese honeysuckle.

### 2.2.5 Hydrology

Throughout the project area, Little Beaver Creek and most of its tributaries are so incised that they are unable to access their floodplains. Where wetland hydrology exists on the site, it is a result of slope seepage or soils that retain rainfall because of compaction or high clay content.

Groundwater monitoring gauges were installed throughout the site. See **Figure 7** for gauge locations. Gauges malfunctioned through most of an extremely dry summer, but enough data was obtained in the fall to suggest that wetland hydrology is present for at least 12.5% of the growing season at gauges 5 and 7, which are installed in areas proposed for wetland enhancement, as well as at the reference gauges. Data at gauge locations 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, and 9 suggest that restoration of wetland hydrology is possible if stream bed elevations are raised and regular **overbank** flow is restored. Gauge 1 is in an area that is not being proposed for wetland restoration. Official rainfall data was obtained from the State Climate Office (coop station Raleigh 4 SW) and the annual total was determined to be within the normal range as calculated on the WETS table. See **Appendix C** for hydrographs and rainfall from the latter part of the growing season.

### 2.2.6 Wildlife Observations and Protected Species

Wildlife and signs of wildlife were noted during on-site visits, however, a formal wildlife survey was not performed. Tracks of white tailed deer (*Odocoileus virginianus*) and raccoon (*Procyon lotor*) were observed along the stream banks. Beaver (*Castor canadensis*) are active in the stream channel. At least two dams were present when field studies were conducted. A variety of birds were observed in the thickets and **shrubs** surrounding the stream channel and forest, including: blue jay (*Cyanocitta cristata*), northern cardinal (*Cardinalis cardinalis*), white-throated sparrow (*Zonotrichia albicollis*), common yellowthroat (*Geothlypis trichas*), and rufous-sided towhee (*Pipilo erythrophthalmus*). Red-tailed hawks (*Buteo jamaicensis*) and turkey vultures (*Cathartes aura*) were observed over the pastures.

The USFWS lists 4 species under federal protection and 12 species of federal concern for Wake County as of January 2003 (USFWS 2002). These species are listed in **Table 1**.

**Table 1. Species Under Federal Protection in Wake County**

Common Name	Scientific Name	Status
<b>Vertebrates</b>		
Bachman's sparrow	<i>Aimophila aestivalis</i>	FSC
Bald eagle	<i>Haliaeetus leucocephalus</i>	Threatened (Proposed for Delisting)
Carolina darter	<i>Etheostoma collis lepidinion</i>	FSC
Pinewoods shiner	<i>Lythrurus matutinus</i>	FSC
Red-cockaded woodpecker	<i>Picoides borealis</i>	Endangered
Southeastern myotis	<i>Myotis austroriparius</i>	FSC
Southern hognose snake	<i>Heterodon simus</i>	FSC*
<b>Invertebrates</b>		
Atlantic pigtoe	<i>Fusconaia masoni</i>	FSC
Diana fritillary butterfly	<i>Speyeria diana</i>	FSC*

Table 1 continued		
Dwarf wedge mussel	<i>Alasmidonta heterodon</i>	Endangered
Green floater	<i>Lasmigona subviridis</i>	FSC
Yellow lance	<i>Elliptio lanceolata</i>	FSC
<b>Vascular Plants</b>		
Bog spicebush	<i>Lindera subcoriacea</i>	FSC
Carolina least trillium	<i>Trillium pusillum</i> var. <i>pusillum</i>	FSC
Michaux's sumac	<i>Rhus michauxii</i>	Endangered
Sweet pinesap	<i>Monotropsis odorata</i>	FSC

No Threatened, Endangered or Species of Federal Concern were observed, and none are recorded at NC National Heritage Program as occurring within 2 miles (3.2 km) of the project area. There is no habitat present in the project area for any of the listed species.

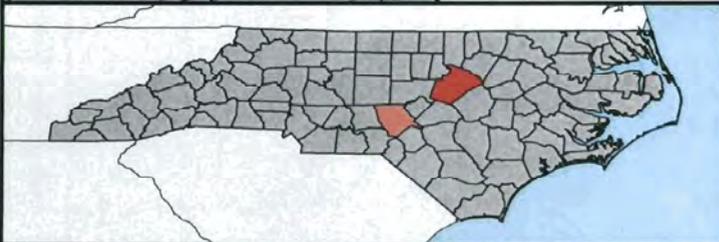
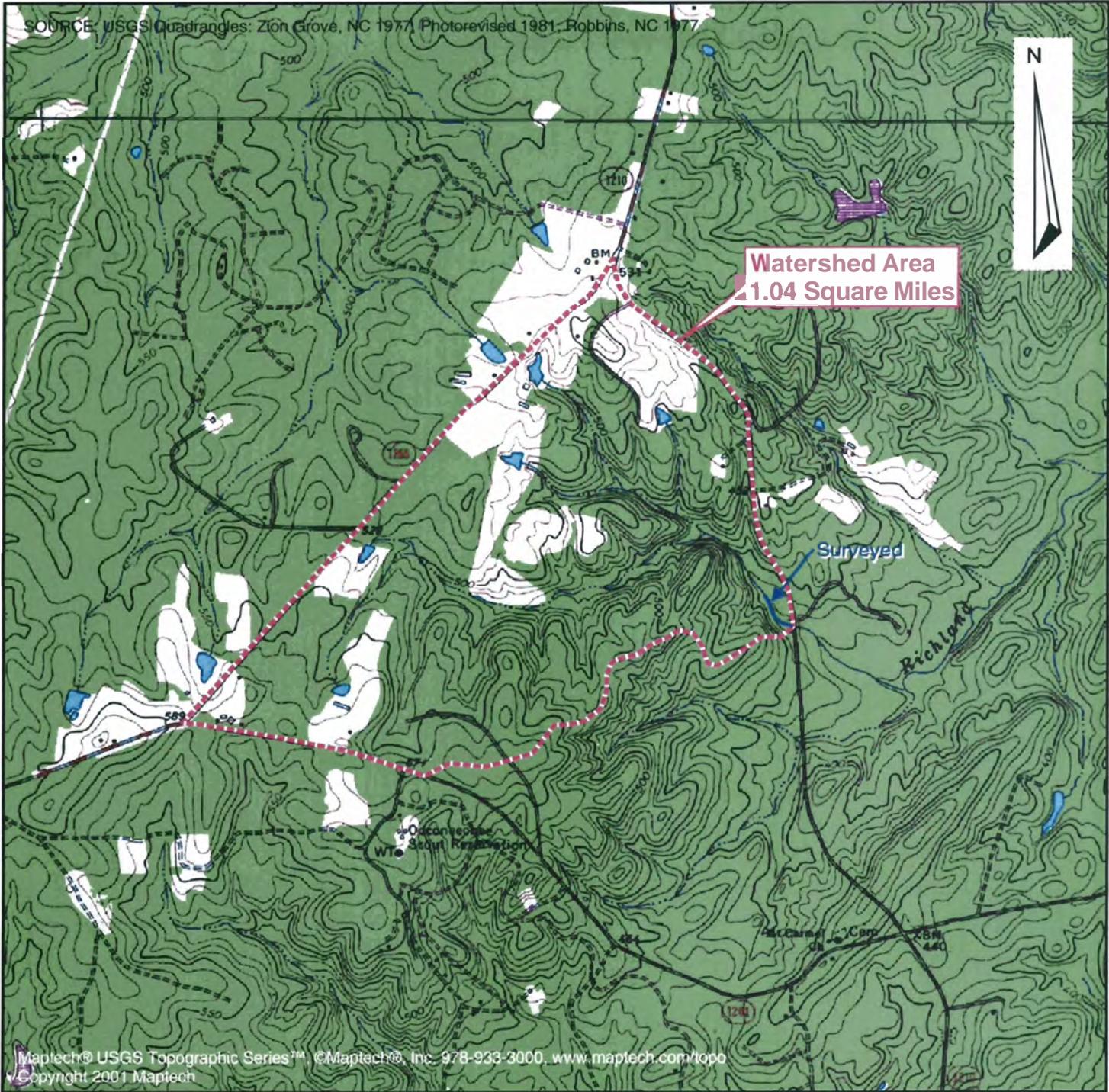
### 3.0 REFERENCE REACHES AND WETLANDS

The Division of Water Quality preferred that we first find reference reaches and wetlands located in the Triassic Basin. One of the reference reaches, Little Beaver Creek, was located upstream of the restoration site within the same watershed. The entire section of the Triassic Basin to the east of Jordan Lake was then searched with no stable reaches located. The decision was then made to use **Richland** Creek, a reference reach used in the formation of the regional curve, located in a portion of the Triassic basin in Moore County.

The search for a reference wetland was conducted simultaneously with the search for a stream reference reach. As might be expected, the only sizable, hydrologically and morphologically appropriate wetland in the Triassic Basin was found in the floodplain of the stable upstream reference reach of Little Beaver Creek. Descriptions of the reference reaches and wetland are given below.

#### 3.1 RICHLAND CREEK

**Richland** Creek, a second order stream, is located on private land in Moore County within the Piedmont Physiographic Province of the Cape Fear River Basin. The reach surveyed is located 8 miles west of **Carthage** along State Road **1210 (Figure 8)**. **Richland** Creek flows into **McLendon's** Creek approximately 9.5 miles downstream of the reach surveyed. The stream has a drainage area of **640** acres or **1.0** square miles. The watershed is comprised of forested and agricultural areas. The area surrounding the creek is forested and hilly on the south side. **Richland** Creek is an alluvial stream with dense shrub and deciduous vegetation lining the banks and adjacent floodplain. **Bankfull** indicators include top of bank, high scour lines, breaks in slope, changes in vegetation, moss lines, and depositional benches.



**FIGURE 8**  
 Richland Creek Watershed  
 Little Beaver Creek  
 Wake County, North Carolina

The stream **was** surveyed in the summer of 1998 for the development of the North Carolina Regional Curve. Channel dimension, pattern, and profile were measured for 253 linear feet of stream. The end point of the survey is located approximately 10 feet upstream of the State Road 1210 culvert. The stream had a **bankfull** channel width of 16.5 feet and a **bankfull** mean depth of 0.9 feet. The bank height ratio of Richland Creek is typically less than 1.1 and the entrenchment ratio is **3.0**. Richland Creek is a C4 stream type according to the Rosgen Classification system. Longitudinal profile, cross-sections, and the pebble count for this reference reach are located in **Appendix D**.

### **3.2 LITTLE BEAVER CREEK**

The Little Beaver Creek Reference Reach, a first order stream, is located directly upstream of the project site. The drainage area is approximately 198 acres or **0.30** square miles (**Figure 9**). The reach surveyed is located to the north of Fairfield Lane, Lots 19 and 20, and begins approximately 900 feet upstream of the Little Beaver Creek project site. The site has a wide floodplain containing wetlands. The floodplain is bordered by rolling hills to the north and Fairfield Lane to the south. The watershed has a 2 percent slope with a stable **landuse** consisting of large forested areas with few pasture areas. The floodplain has mature forest with a well-developed understory with no signs of recent disturbance. Well-established deciduous vegetation lines the banks and adjacent hillslopes.

Earth Tech surveyed the stream on July 25, 2002. Channel dimension, pattern, and profile were measured for 360 linear feet of stream. The stream had a **bankfull** channel width of 14.4 feet and a **bankfull** mean depth of 0.85 feet. The Little Beaver Creek Reference Reach is a C5 stream type. Longitudinal profile, cross-sections, and the pebble count for this reference reach are located in **Appendix D**.

### **3.3 LITTLE BEAVER CREEK REFERENCE WETLAND**

The reference wetland is located along the right bank of Little Beaver Creek upstream of the proposed restoration project (**Figure 9**). It occupies nearly the entire floodplain from a few feet from the top of bank to the base of a gentle slope rising from the edge of the floodplain. Following rainfall events and during the wetter months, small to **medium**-sized pools of standing water are common.

Wetland hydrology results from a combination of **overbank** flow from the stream and high groundwater levels. Two groundwater gauges were installed on a transect perpendicular to the stream bank. Although data is not yet available for an entire growing season, the data for October through mid-November show water levels at or near the surface continuously for 39 days. For a growing season of approximately 228 days, that period exceeds 12.5% of the growing season by 10 days. As noted previously, the determination of jurisdictional hydrology can only be made in conjunction with a **determination** of normal rainfall conditions. See **Appendix C** for gauge data.

K:\53257\Plan\GIS\lbcf09r\_lbeavercr.mxd

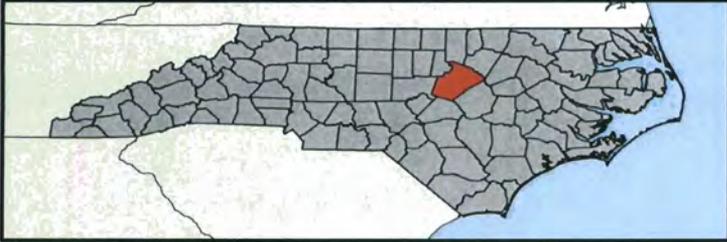
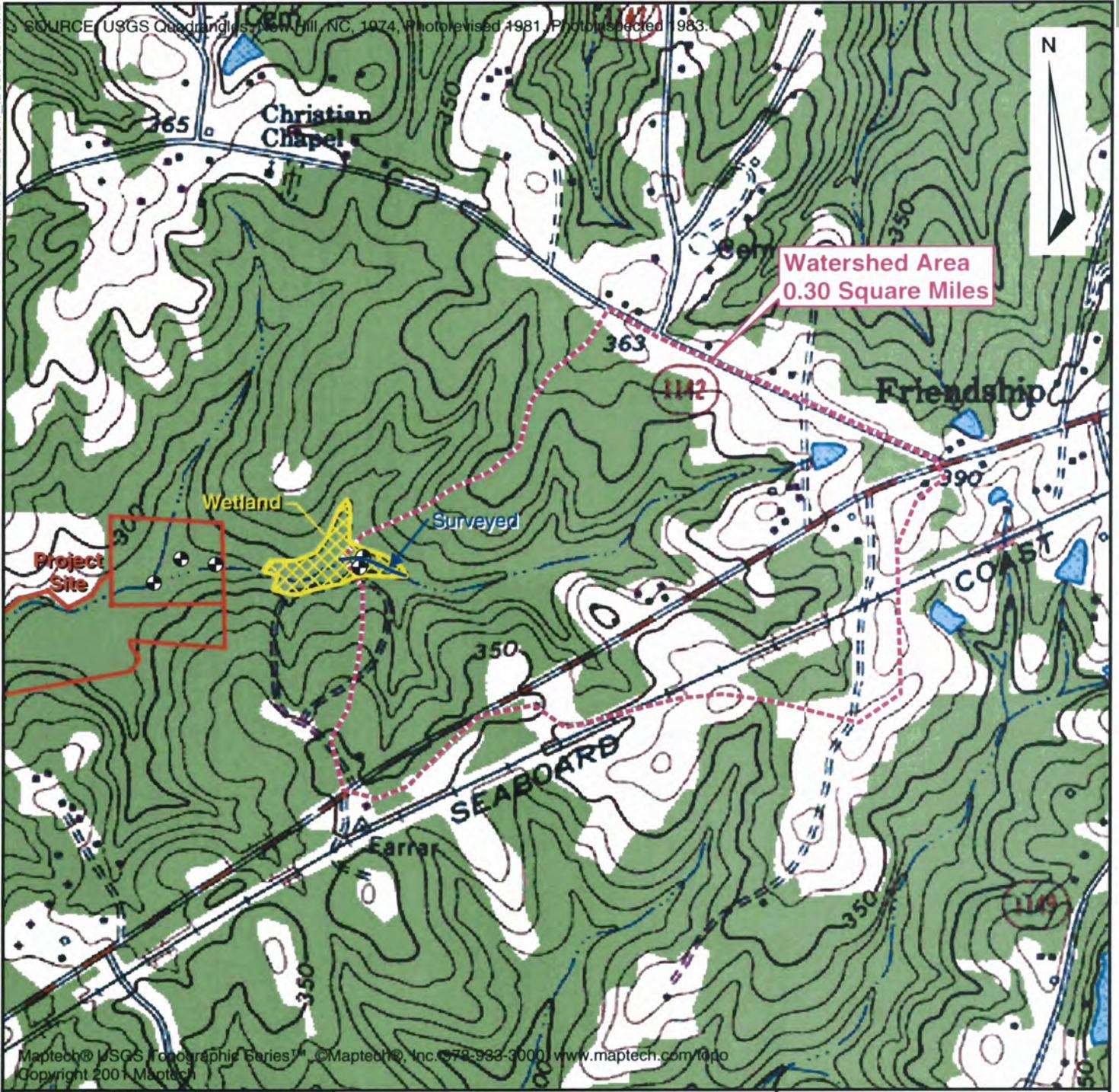


FIGURE 9  
Little Beaver Creek Reference Reach  
and Reference Wetland  
Little Beaver Creek  
Wake County, North Carolina

A typical soil profile has a 2-inch surface layer of dark silt loam with many fine roots and oxidized root channels. Textures range from silty clay at 2 inches to coarse sandy clay at 49 inches below the surface. Soils meet the requirement of a chroma of 2 or less throughout the profile, and bright red mottles are present.

The vegetation is of fairly good reference quality, given the difficulty, if not impossibility, of finding an undisturbed stand of forest in the Piedmont. The canopy trees are a mixture of age classes, but very few are of large diameter. However, pines are a minor component, indicating that the stand is approaching maturity. Canopy and subcanopy trees include willow oak (*Quercus phellos*), yellow poplar (*Liriodendron tulipifera*), red maple (*Acer rubrum*), white oak (*Quercus alba*), water oak (*Quercus nigra*), flowering dogwood (*Cornus florida*), and sweetgum (*Liquidambar styraciflua*). Shrubs and vines are abundant but not dense and include deerberry (*Vaccinium stamineum*), highbush blueberry (*Vaccinium corymbosum*), strawberry bush (*Euonymus americana*), black haw (*Viburnum prunifolium*), buttonbush (*Cephalanthus occidentalis*), greenbrier (*Smilax rotundifolia*), muscadine (*Vitis rotundifolia*), Virginia creeper (*Parthenocissus quinquefolia*), poison ivy (*Toxicodendron radicans*), and moderate amounts of Japanese honeysuckle (*Lonicera japonica*). The herbaceous layer includes spikegrass (*Chasmanthium sessiliflorum*), deertongue (*Panicum clandestinum*), giant cane (*Arundinaria gigantea*), cardinal flower (*Lobelia cardinalis*), partridge berry (*Mitchella repens*), Christmas fern (*Polystichum acrostichoides*), royal fern (*Osmunda regalis*), cinnamon fern (*Osmunda cinnamomea*), a fern (*Dryopteris* sp.), a rush (*Juncus* sp.), sedges (*Carex* spp.), and scattered patches of sphagnum moss (*Sphagnum* sp.).

#### 4.0 STREAM & WETLAND RESTORATION DESIGN

The stream design was based upon Rosgen's 40-step natural channel design methodology. Morphological characteristics were measured on the existing stream and reference reaches to **determine** a range of values for the stable dimension, pattern, and profile of the proposed channel. The measured and proposed morphological characteristics are shown in **Table 2**.

The wetland design was modeled on the reference community as well as published descriptions of Piedmont bottomland systems and general observations of characteristic wetland structure and function. Areas of hydric soils were delineated and the hydrology and vegetative cover were evaluated. Areas considered suitable for restoration are those on which hydrophytic vegetation can be planted and excessive drainage can be reversed so that groundwater levels remain within 12 inches of the surface for at least 12.5% of the growing season. Areas considered for enhancement are those on which soils are hydric and wetland hydrology is present, but hydrophytic vegetation is absent and can be planted.

Table 2. Morphological Characteristics: Existing, Reference, and Proposed Reaches

Variables	Southern Tributary	Northern Tributary	Northern Drainage	Northern Drainage 2	Little Beaver Creek above NT (Reach 1)	Little Beaver Creek below NT until border of open field (Reach 2)	Little Beaver Creek bordering fields (Reach 3)	Reference Reach-Little Beaver Creek	Reference Reach-Richland Creek	Proposed Northern Tributary	Proposed Southern Tributary	Proposed Little Beaver NT (Reach 1)	Proposed Little Beaver Creek below border of open field (Reach 2)	Proposed Little Beaver Creek bordering fields (Reach 3)
Stream Type (Rosgen)	G4	G4	G4	E4	E4	F4-G4	G4	C4/5	C4	C5	C5	C4/5	C4/5	C4/5
Drainage Area (sq. mi.)	0.14	0.17	?	?	0.41	0.72	1.1	0.3	1.0	0.17	0.14	0.41	0.72	1.1
Bankfull Width (W <sub>bf</sub> , ft)	6.0	4.7	6	5.2	11.2	10.5-15.1	9.5-15.5	14.0-14.7	16.2-16.7	7.9	7.9	14.5	16.1	17.1
MEAN														
Bankfull Mean Depth (d <sub>bf</sub> , ft)	0.7	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.9-1.4	1.4-2.0	0.8-0.9	0.9	0.57	0.57	1.04	1.15	1.22
MEAN														
Width/depth Ratio (W <sub>bf</sub> /d <sub>bf</sub> )	8.4	5.5	7.3	7.3	15.6	7.4-16.0	6.8-7.8	15.6-18.4	17.5-18.0	14	14	14	14	14
MEAN														
Bankfull Cross-sectional Area (A <sub>bf</sub> sq. ft.)	4.3	4	4.9	3.7	8.0	14.3-14.8	19.2-21.9	12.2-12.3	15-15.5	4.5	4.5	15.0	18.5	21
MEAN														
Bankfull Maximum Depth (d <sub>max</sub> ft)	1.5	1.2	1.5	1.7	1.2	1.9-2.5	2.1-2.6	2	1.4-1.5	1.2	1.2	2.3	2.5	2.7
MEAN														
Ratio Bankfull Maximum Depth to Mean Bankfull Depth (d <sub>max</sub> /d <sub>bf</sub> )	2.1	1.3	1.9	2.4	1.7	1.8	1.4	2.2-2.5	1.6-1.7	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2
MEAN														
Lowest Bank Height to Bankfull Maximum Depth Ratio	3.1	3.2	2.4	1	3.7	2.8	2.3	1	1	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
MEAN														
Width of Flood Prone Area (W <sub>fpa</sub> ft)	9	6	9	12	22	17-19	20	125-200	50-53	>100	>100	>120	>170	>50
MEAN														
Entrenchment Ratio (W <sub>fpa</sub> /W <sub>bf</sub> )	1.5	1.3	1.5	2.3	2.0	1.4	1.6	8.9-13.6	3-3.3	>13	>13	>8	>11	>3.0
MEAN														
Meander Length (L <sub>m</sub> ft)					38	40-95	19-135	46-67	90-94	25-45	25-45	46-83	51-81	54-87
MEAN														
Ratio of Meander Length to Bankfull Width (L <sub>m</sub> /W <sub>bf</sub> )					3.4	3.1-7.4	1.5-10.5	3.2-4.7	5.5-5.7	3.2-5.7	3.2-5.7	3.2-5.7	3.2-5.7	3.2-5.7
MEAN														
Radius of Curvature (R <sub>c</sub> ft)						4.7	4.1	3.6	5.6	16-24	16-24	29.44	32-48	34-51
MEAN														
Ratio of Radius of Curvature to Bankfull Width (R <sub>c</sub> /W <sub>bf</sub> )					54-1.1	47-2.7	31-2.6	.76-1.3	84-1.6	2.0-3.0	2.0-3.0	*2.0-3.0	*2.0-3.0	*2.0-3.5
MEAN														
Belt Width (W <sub>bf</sub> ft)					0.75	1.3	1.2	0.97	1.2	20-36	20-36	36-65	40-72	43-77
MEAN														
Meander Width Ratio (W <sub>bf</sub> /W <sub>bf</sub> )					1.1-1.4	1.0-2.9	1.0-6.2	.35-1.5	1.5-2.4	2.5-4.5	2.5-4.5	2.5-4.5	2.5-4.5	2.5-4.5
MEAN														
Sinuosity (Stream Length/Valley Length, k-ft)					1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3
MEAN														
Valley Slope (S <sub>valley</sub> ft/ft)					0.011	0.0061	0.0074	0.0061	0.014	0.010	0.0061	0.011	0.0061	0.0074
Average Water Surface Slope (S <sub>avg</sub> )					0.011	0.0055	0.0067	0.0051	0.013	0.0077	0.0066	0.0066	0.0047	0.0057
MEAN														
Pool Slope (S <sub>pool</sub> )					0.0006	0.0045	0.0000-0.0082	n/a	.0014-.0003	---	---	0.0-0.0015	0.0-0.001	0.0-0.001
MEAN														
Ratio of Pool Slope to Average Slope (S <sub>pool</sub> /S <sub>avg</sub> )					0.3	0.3	0.3	n/a	0.03-0.11	0.03-0.11	0.03-0.11	0.096	0.06	0.05
MEAN														
Riffle Slope (S <sub>riff</sub> ft/ft)					.0095-.067	.009-.045	0.010-.070	n/a	0.01-0.039	---	---	.007-.02	.005-.015	.005-.015
MEAN														
Ratio of Riffle Slope to Average Slope (S <sub>riff</sub> /S <sub>avg</sub> )					1.8-13.4	1.8-9.0	2.0-14	n/a	1.0-3.0	1.0-3.0	1.0-3.0	.95-2.7	1.1-3.2	.88-2.8
MEAN														
Maximum Pool Depth (d <sub>pool</sub> ft)					7.0	4	4.6	n/a	2.4	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.7
Ratio of pool depth to mean bankfull depth (d <sub>pool</sub> /d <sub>bf</sub> )					3.7	3.7	3.7	2.8	1.5	1.4	1.4	3.1	3.4	3.7
MEAN														
Pool Width (W <sub>pool</sub> ft)					5.3	3.1	2.2	3.3	1.7	2.5	2.5	3	3	3
Ratio of Pool Width to Bankfull Width (W <sub>pool</sub> /W <sub>bf</sub> )					11.6	11.6	11.6	19	11.1	9.6	9.6	19	21	22
MEAN														
Ratio of Pool Spacing (P-P ft)					1.0	0.9	0.9	1.3	0.7	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3
MEAN														
Ratio of P-P to Bankfull Width (P-P/W <sub>bf</sub> )					4.0-78	30-86	18-122	14-48	37-96	18-26	10-36	36.5-58	36.5-80.5	33-84
MEAN														
Ratio of P-P to Bankfull Width (P-P/W <sub>bf</sub> )					30	51	64	30	76	23	35	46.5	52	52
MEAN														
Ratio of P-P to Bankfull Width (P-P/W <sub>bf</sub> )					0.36-7.1	2.3-6.7	1.4-9.5	97-3.3	2.3-5.8	2.3-3.3	3-6	3-6	3-6	3-6
MEAN														
MEAN					2.7	4	5	2.1	4.6	4	4	4	4	4

\*Rc/Wbkt>2.0 is recommended for stability.

#### 4.1 RESTORATION TECHNIQUES

The stream restoration will include a combination of Priority 1 and Priority 2 restoration. A Priority 1 restoration will be used to adjust the stream dimension, pattern and profile along Reach 1 and 2, to allow the stream to more fully transport its water and sediment load. These adjustments are a key on this particular site because there is an excess amount of sediment in the existing system. A combination of **bedform** transformations, channel dimension adjustments, pattern alterations, structure installation, and vegetation will be used to accomplish this. Reach 3 will begin as a Priority 1 restoration and become a Priority 2 restoration to comply with the FEMA regulated floodplain and floodway.

All of the existing tributaries and drainages will be connected to the proposed channels. The northern drainage 4 will be filled to provide the conditions necessary to restore the hydrology back to the wetlands located along the slope in the northeast corner of the project site and the wetlands located at the northwestern corner of the property.

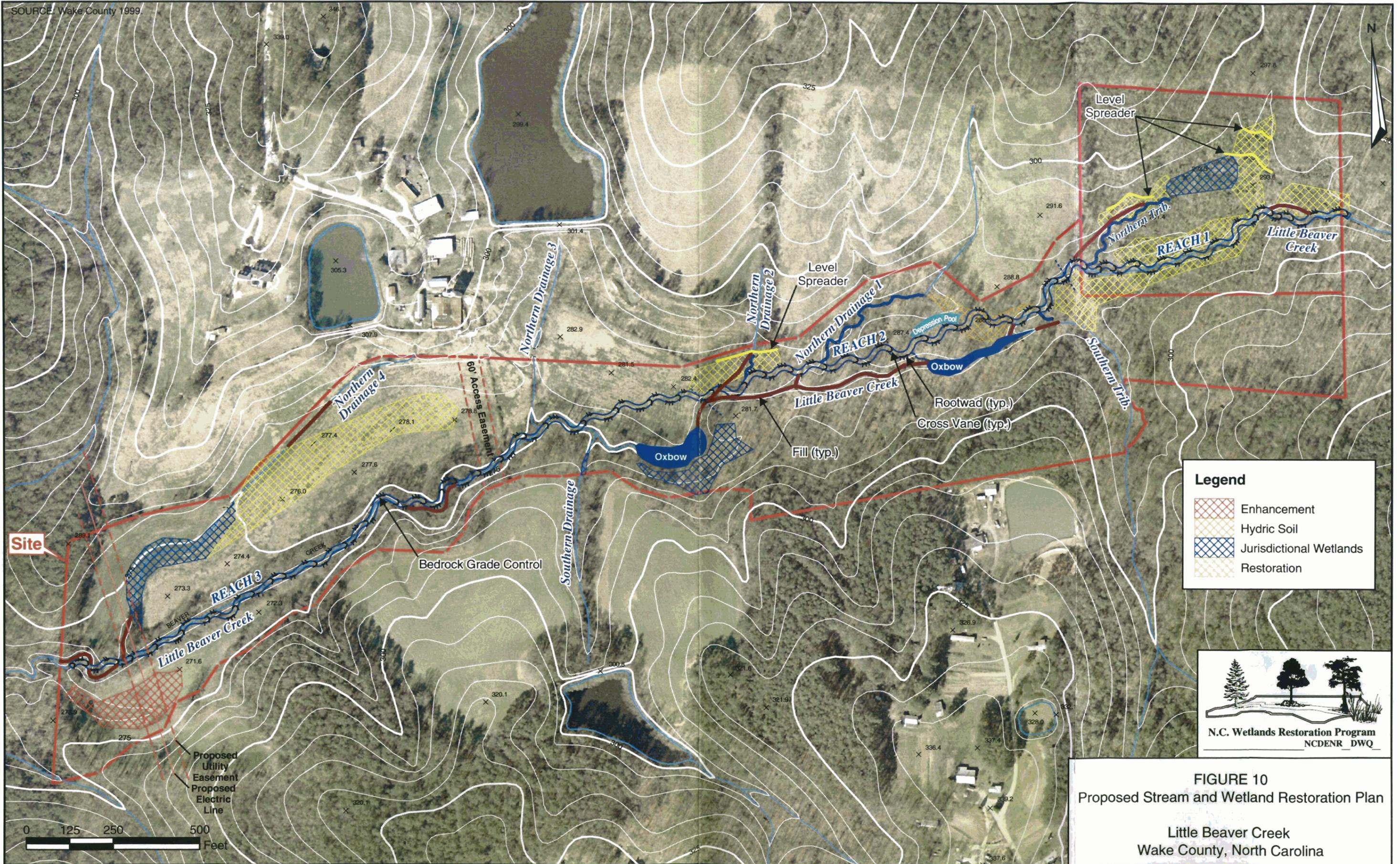
The Northern and Southern Tributaries and Northern drainages 1 and 2 will be restored using Priority 1 restoration. Northern drainage 3 and the southern drainage will simply be connected to the proposed channels. Where Little Beaver Creek has been raised, a combination of structures and fill will be used to raise the drainages up to the higher elevations. The existing pattern of the drainages will not be altered.

Throughout the project a combination of oxbows and shallow depression pools will be used along the restored stream to increase habitat diversity. Oxbows will be constructed within portions of Little Beaver Creek's existing channel that will be abandoned. These oxbows will serve as refuge for aquatic life during periods of low or high flows. Shallow depression areas will be incorporated within the floodplain to create areas that are frequently flooded for short periods of time. Areas where these two habitat structures will be constructed **are** located on Figure 10.

##### 4.1.1 Dimension

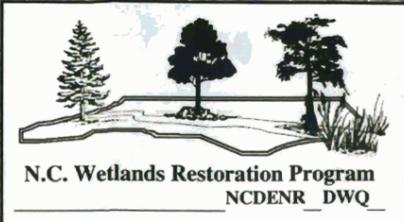
Little Beaver Creek stream channel's existing **bankfull** widths range from 9.5 to 15.5 feet with a cross-sectional areas ranging from 8.0 to 21 square feet. The design channels will be constructed to **bankfull** target dimensions that are based on reference reach surveys and regional curve information (Figure 3) for a C-type channels under the Rosgen Stream Classification System.

The main channel of Little Beaver Creek will be split into three distinct reaches with differing drainage areas. The upper most reach, Reach 1, will have a cross-sectional area in riffles of approximately 15 square feet with a width of 14.5 feet. Reach 2 will have a cross-sectional area in riffles of approximately 18.5 square feet with a width of 16 feet.



**Legend**

- Enhancement (Red cross-hatch)
- Hydic Soil (Yellow cross-hatch)
- Jurisdictional Wetlands (Blue cross-hatch)
- Restoration (Yellow cross-hatch)



**FIGURE 10**  
Proposed Stream and Wetland Restoration Plan

Little Beaver Creek  
Wake County, North Carolina



Reach 3 will have a cross-sectional area in riffles of approximately 21 square feet with a width of 17 feet. The riffle and pool cross-sections for the three reaches are in **Figures 11 A-C** below.

#### 4.1.2 Pattern

Pattern will be introduced into the stream by increasing the sinuosity of Little Beaver Creek throughout all three reaches (**Figure 10**), through a combination of Priority 1 and 2 restorations. A Priority 1 restoration involves building a new C-type channel that is connected to its original floodplain. Meanders will be introduced into the channels with appropriate radius of curvatures and lengths based on the reference reach data and existing site constraints for a C-type stream channel. Because this site has minimal lateral constraints, the sinuosity, based on centerline length will approach that of the two reference reaches or 1.3.

Introduction of these meanders will increase stream length, sinuosity, and habitat while lowering slope and shear stress. The restoration of Reaches 1 and 2 involve Priority 1 restoration, while the changes along Reach 3 would classify as a combination of Priority 1 and 2 restorations. Reach 3 will be meandered within the existing channel, and a new floodplain built at the **bankfull** level.

#### 4.1.3 Bedform

The existing channel lacks significant **bedform** and is mostly a run. The design channel will incorporate **riffles** and pools to provide **bedform** found in C4 stream types with gravel bottoms. Pools will be located in the outside of meander bends with riffles in the inflection points between meanders. The riffles will have average thalweg depth of 2.5 feet in the main stream channel. See **Figure 12**.

Cross vanes will be utilized as grade control structures throughout the proposed channel. The cross vanes will be constructed out of natural materials such as boulders and logs. Modifications to the **bedform** will provide stability and habitat to the channel.

#### 4.1.4 Structures

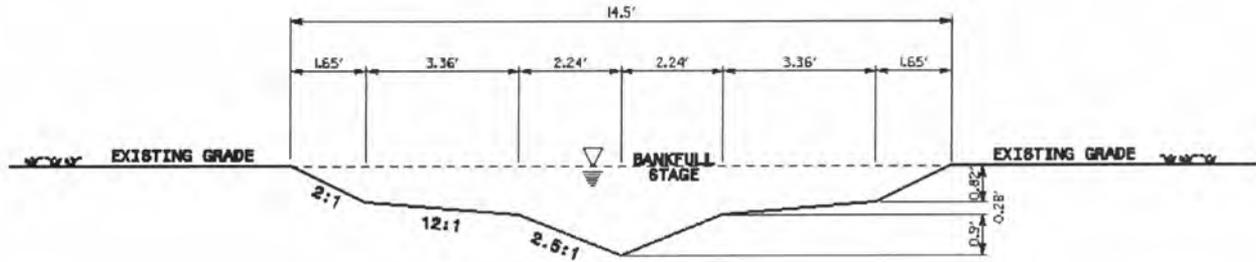
Several structure types will be installed in the stream channel including cross vanes, j-hook vanes, and root wads. These structures will be made from natural materials either on-site or from off-site locations. The need for additional structure types will be assessed during the final design stage.

#### 4.1.5 Wetlands

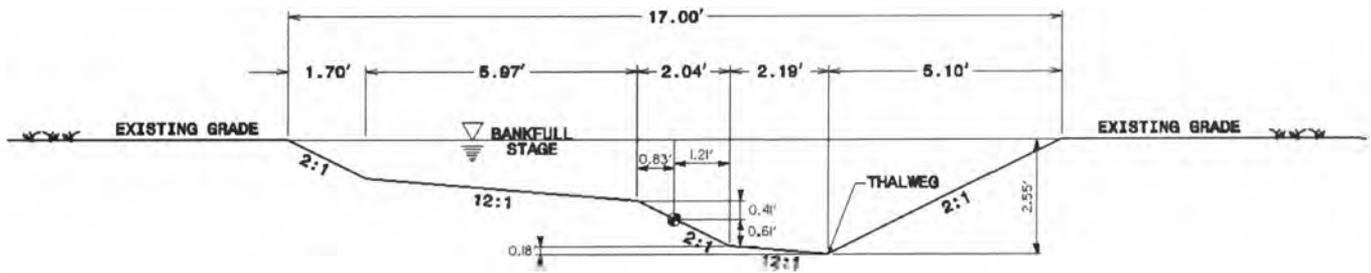
Various techniques will be employed to restore or enhance characteristic wetland structure and function to areas with hydric soils (**Figure 10**) that have been altered by past disturbances such as logging and agriculture. Characteristic wetland hydrology will be restored by raising the bed elevation of Little Beaver Creek and the Northern Tributary

# PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTIONS REACH 1

## RIFFLE



## POOL

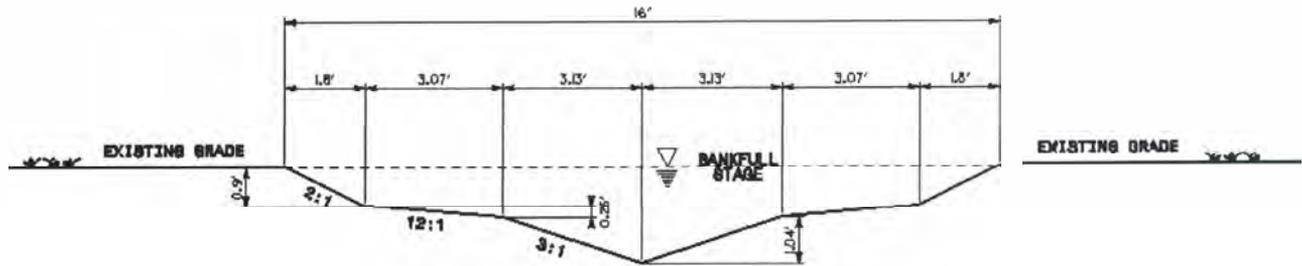


**FIGURE 11a**  
**Proposed Little Beaver Creek Cross Sections**  
**Reach 1**  
**Little Beaver Creek**  
**Wake County, North Carolina**



# PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTIONS REACH 3

## RIFFLE



## POOL

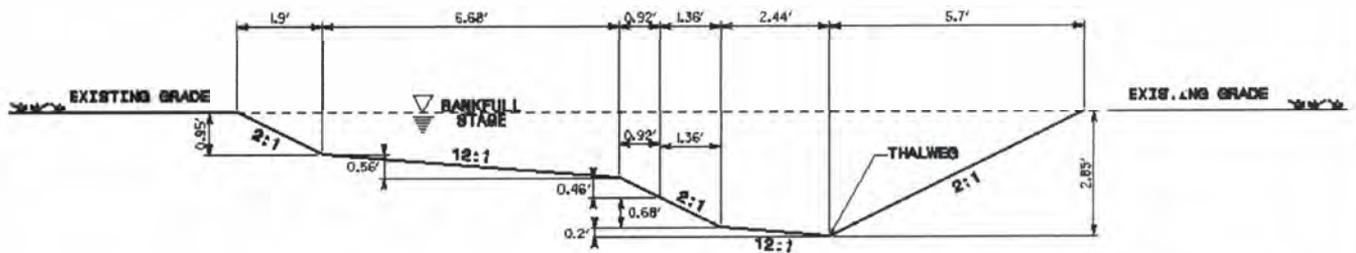
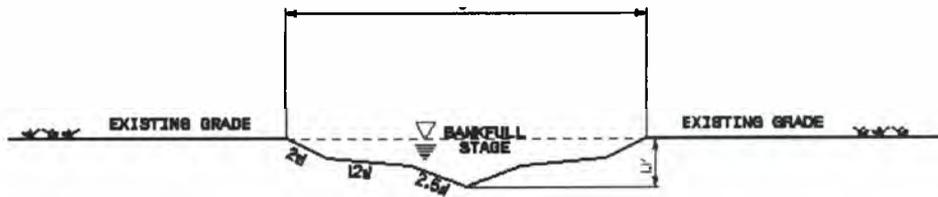


FIGURE 11c  
Proposed Little Beaver Creek Cross Sections  
Reach 3  
Little Beaver Creek  
Wake County, North Carolina

# PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTIONS TRIBUTARIES

## RIFFLE



## POOL

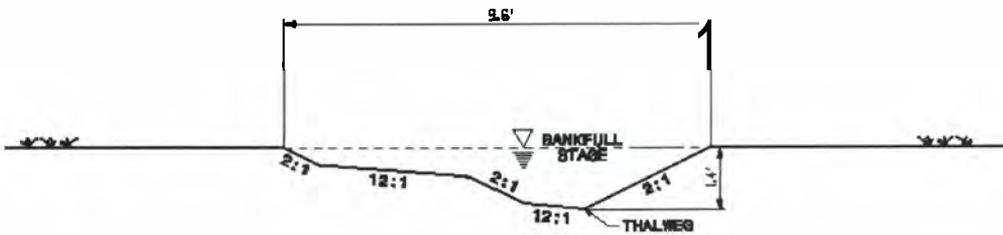


FIGURE 11d  
Proposed Little Beaver Creek Cross Sections  
Tributaries  
Little Beaver Creek  
Wake County, North Carolina

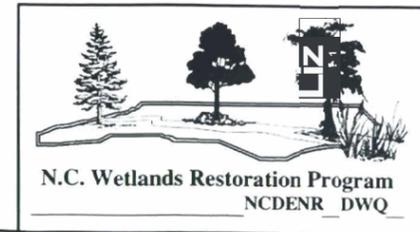
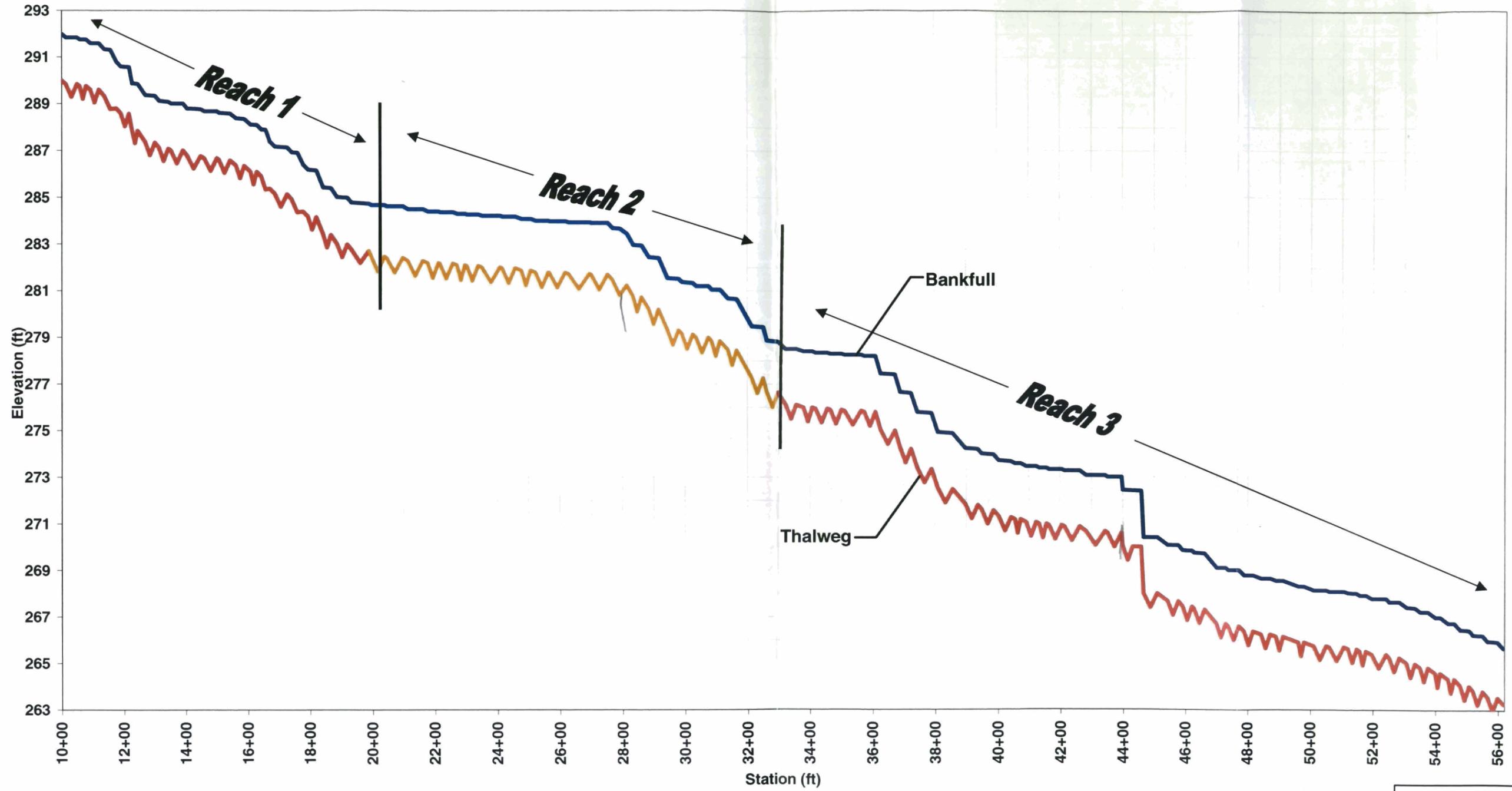


FIGURE 12  
Proposed Stream Profile  
Little Beaver Creek  
Wake County, North Carolina

and reconnecting these streams to their floodplains. Northern Drainages 1, 2 and 4 will also be plugged to increase retention time in their drainage areas. Earthen level spreaders will be constructed as needed to prevent the channelization of overland flow. Appropriate hydrophytic vegetation will be planted and habitat enhancements will be incorporated as described in Section 4.4. Approximately 4.75 acres of restoration and 0.7 acres of enhancement are anticipated.

#### 4.1.6 Riparian Buffers

A riparian zone will be created around the new proposed stream channel to provide both aquatic and terrestrial habitat as well as stabilize the stream channel. The riparian zone will extend an average of 50 feet from the top of bank on either side of the channel (**Figure 10**). These areas will be planted with appropriate riparian vegetation as described in Section 4.4.2 and may also include habitat enhancements described in Section 4.4.4.

### 4.2 SEDIMENT TRANSPORT

A stable stream has the capacity to move its sediment load without aggrading or degrading. The total load of sediment can be divided into wash load and bed load. Wash load is normally composed of fine sands, silts and clay and transported in suspension at a rate that is determined by availability and not hydraulically controlled. Bed load is transported by rolling, sliding, or hopping (saltating) along the bed. At higher discharges, some portion of the bed load can be suspended, especially if there is a sand component in the bed load. Bed material transport rates are essentially controlled by the size and nature of the bed material and hydraulic conditions (Hey 1997).

Shear stress was checked using Shield's Curve for a proposed riffle cross-section. The shear stress placed on the sediment particles is the force that entrains and moves the particles, given by:

$$\tau = \gamma R s$$

where,  $\tau$  = shear stress (lb/ft<sup>2</sup>)

$\gamma$  = specific gravity of water (62.4 lb/ft<sup>3</sup>)

R = hydraulic radius (ft)

s = average water surface slope (ft/ft)

Hydraulic radius is calculated by:

$$R = \frac{A}{P}$$

where, R = hydraulic radius

A = cross-sectional area (ft<sup>2</sup>)

P = wetted perimeter (ft)

Thus,

$$R = \frac{21.0 \text{ ft}^2}{17.8 \text{ ft}} = 1.18 \text{ ft}$$

Therefore,

$$\tau = (62.4 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3})(1.18 \text{ ft})(0.0060 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{ft}}) = 0.44 \text{ lb/ft}^2$$
$$s = 0.0060 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{ft}} \text{ (combined average slope for three reaches)}$$

The critical shear stress for the proposed channels has to be sufficient to move the D84 of the bed material, which for the existing riffles is medium gravel (16 mm). Based on a shear stress of 0.44 lb/ft<sup>2</sup>, Shield's Curve predicts that this stream can move a particle that is, on average, greater than 25 mm, or coarse gravel. Because the existing bed material is gravel in the riffles, the proposed stream has the competency to move its bed load according to Shield's Curve and preliminary design calculations. The pebble counts and bedload sampling revealed no significant difference in bed material throughout the entire reach of Little Beaver Creek. These findings reveal that the tributaries and ponds that discharge into the reach have little effect on the sediment transport.

### 4.3 FLOODING ANALYSIS

The USGS Method for estimating the magnitude and frequency of floods in rural basins was used to estimate the 2, 5, 10, 25, 50, and 100-year peak discharges for the 1.11 square mile drainage area as follows:

Q <sub>2</sub>	=	130 cfs
Q <sub>5</sub>	=	230 cfs
Q <sub>10</sub>	=	320 cfs
Q <sub>25</sub>	=	440 cfs
Q <sub>50</sub>	=	560 cfs
Q <sub>100</sub>	=	680 cfs

The region-of-influence method describe in the USGS publication estimates flood discharges at ungaged basins by deriving, for a given ungaged rural site, regression relations between the flood discharges and basin characteristics of a unique subset of gaged stations. The latitude and longitude (35°42'N, 78°55'W) and drainage area for the Little Beaver Creek site is all the input that is required.

A model of Little Beaver Creek was created using HEC-RAS, version 3.0. The model was run for the 2, 10, 25, and 100-year storm events. The model was used to evaluate

velocities and shear stresses along the proposed reaches. The results of the model are in **Appendix E**. The proposed channels have no areas with either excessively high velocities or shear stresses. The proposed channels do not result in increased flooding levels through the entire project site.

#### **4.4 HABITAT RESTORATION**

Vegetation that quickly develops a canopy, has an extensive root system, and a substantial aboveground plant structure is needed to help stabilize the banks of a restored stream channel in order to reduce scour and runoff erosion. In natural riparian environments, pioneer plants that often provide these functions are alder, river birch, silky dogwood, and various willow species. Once established, these trees and shrubs create an environment that allows for the succession of other riparian species including ashes, black walnuts, red maples, sycamores, oaks and other riparian species.

In the newly restored stream channel, revegetation will be vital to help stabilize the stream banks and establish a riparian zone around the restored channel. Revegetation efforts on this project will emulate natural vegetation communities found along relatively undisturbed stream corridors in ecologically similar settings. To quickly establish dense root mass along the channel bank, a native herb/grass mixture will be planted on the streambed and bank. Shrubs, vines, and live stakes will be utilized on the stream bank and along the floodplain to provide additional root mass. Extra care will be given to the outside of the meander bends to ensure a dense root mass in those areas of high stress. Coir matting will be used to provide erosion protection until vegetation becomes established. Trees, shrubs and a native grass mixture will be planted along the tops of the channel banks.

In addition to plantings to stabilize the newly excavated streambanks, a characteristic floodplain forest community will be reestablished in a 50-foot wide riparian buffer zone along each stream bank. In areas where some forest canopy exists, trees and shrubs of desirable species will be left undisturbed as much as possible or salvaged for transplanting. Habitat enhancements such as floodplain depression pools and windthrows will be incorporated into the restoration design to further emulate typical floodplain forest structure. These restoration techniques will improve the ability of the floodplain ecosystem to provide the characteristic functions of flood storage, biogeochemical cycling, runoff attenuation, and maintenance of plant and animal habitat and species diversity.

All plant material should be native species collected or propagated from material within the Piedmont physiographic province and within 200 miles north or south latitude. The use of material that is genetically adapted to specific site conditions enhances long-term growth and survival and avoids contaminating the gene pool of the surrounding vegetation with non-adapted ecotypes. Vigorous growth of well-adapted ecotypes can also minimize problems with exotic invasive plants. Appropriate plant material is usually available upon request and can be obtained with planning and foresight.

Woody vegetation will be planted between November and March to allow plants to stabilize during the dormant period and set roots during the spring season. A non-aggressive, rapidly germinating grass will be used for immediate temporary erosion control on all newly excavated surfaces. A seed mix consisting of native graminoids and forbs will be applied during the appropriate season to ensure optimal germination and survival. Removal or control of nuisance vegetation will be implemented as necessary to promote survival of target plants.

The floodplain community recommended for this project is modeled after the Piedmont Small Stream Forest as described in *International Classification of Ecological Communities: Terrestrial Vegetation* (NatureServe 2002). This community is similar to the Piedmont Alluvial Forest described by Schafale and Weakley (1990). Few indicator species of this community, particularly oaks, are present on the site because of longstanding anthropogenic alterations such as cultivation, logging, and grazing. However, the geography and topography of the site match the characteristics of the target community. Recommended plantings are listed in the following sections.

#### **4.4.1 Site Preparation**

The potential for infestation and competition by exotic and non-target species presents a strong challenge to the restoration process. Exotic species including Japanese honeysuckle and Japanese grass are abundant in the proposed stream and wetland restoration areas in Reaches 1 and 2 and an established fescue pasture is present along Reach 3. Careful site preparation is critical to providing conditions that will favor the establishment of target species. Given the different cover types on each of the three reaches, site preparation procedures will vary somewhat.

Reach 1 will be cleared by shearing and drum-chopping. Ideally, clearing will be followed by an intense summer burn to kill weed seeds, suppress resprouting of woody species, release soil nutrients, and improve access for further site preparation and construction activities. A consulting forester with extensive experience in prescribed burning should be consulted to develop the burning plan and conduct the burn. If a burn is deemed impractical because of air and water quality, safety of adjacent properties, or other issues, the area should be treated with herbicide to suppress resprouting.

Site preparation on Reaches 2 and 3 will begin with at least one application of herbicide to kill the existing fescue in the pasture along Reach 3 and the Japanese grass and Japanese honeysuckle in Reach 2. Where overgrowth is too thick to allow good coverage and penetration of herbicide, the site should be mowed first.

When weather conditions are suitable, but at least two weeks after the herbicide application, fescue eradication in the pasture should continue with a controlled burn. The burn kills weed seeds, suppresses cool-season non-native species such as fescue, and suppresses woody species that may compete with the planted target species. A burn in Reach 2 is not recommended because of the existing canopy that will be partially preserved and the lack of understory vegetation to serve as fuel.

All planting areas should be ripped on contour to 12 inches where past land uses and current construction have caused compaction. A 2-inch layer of organic matter and other soil amendments if needed should be incorporated into the soil surface of wetland planting areas by disking. Addition of organic matter during site preparation is a fast, easy way to shorten the time it will take for the soil to revert to a characteristic pre-disturbance structure and chemistry supportive of wetland and bottomland forests. Well-seasoned hardwood chips or leaf compost may be used as a source of organic matter. Other planting areas should also be disked to incorporate soil amendments, but including organic matter may not be practical on the entire site. The surface should be left rough and irregular to emulate natural microtopography.

Liming and fertilizing are probably not necessary on this site, given the long history of these treatments on the site as well as nutrient inputs from cattle. Addition of nutrients and a pH greater than 6.0 will favor the growth of ruderal opportunists over the desired native species. However, a soil analysis should be performed to confirm nutrient status on the site. Any required soil amendments will be disked in.

#### **4.4.2 Streambank Vegetation**

A combination of seeds, live stakes, and bare root nursery stock will be utilized to stabilize the banks. Species proposed for planting are listed below. Any of the listed species may also be salvaged from construction areas and transplanted on the streambanks.

##### **Live stakes**

Elderberry (*Sambucus canadensis*)  
Silky dogwood (*Cornus amonum*)  
Black willow (*Salix nigra*)

##### **Shrubs and Vines (bare root or container)**

Spicebush (*Lindera benzoin*)  
Tag alder (*Alnus serrulata*)  
Possumhaw (*Ilex decidua*)  
Wild raisin (*Viburnum nudum*)  
Crossvine (*Bignonia capreolata*)

##### **Graminoids and Forbs (seeds or plugs)**

Fringed sedge (*Carex crinita*)  
Hop sedge (*Carex lurida*)  
River oats (*Chasmanthium latifolium*)  
Wood rush (*Luzula echinata*)  
Soft rush (*Juncus effusus*)

#### 4.4.3 Riparian Buffer

A 50-foot riparian buffer will be established in the floodplain of the proposed stream channel. Bare-root seedlings of canopy and subcanopy tree species will be planted on 10-foot centers for a planting density of 440 trees/acre of the finest quality 1/0 seedlings. It is recommended that seedlings be at least 12 to 18 inches in height. Proposed species to be planted in these areas include the following:

##### **Trees (bare root)**

Green ash (*Fraxinus pennsylvanica*)  
Oaks (*Quercus nigra*, *Q. phellos*, *Q. rubra*)  
Southern sugar maple (*Acer barbatum*)  
Black walnut (*Juglans nigra*)  
Blackgum (*Nyssa sylvatica*)  
Ironwood (*Carpinus caroliniana*)  
Silverbell (*Halesia tetraptera*)  
Witch hazel (*Hamamelis virginiana*)  
Flowering dogwood (*Cornus florida*)  
Pignut hickory (*Carya glabra*)

##### **Shrubs and Vines (bare root or container)**

Buckeye (*Aesculus sylvatica*)  
Hazelnut (*Corylus americana*)  
Strawberry bush (*Euonymus americana*)  
Coral honeysuckle (*Lonicera sempervirens*)

Any of the trees, shrubs, and vines listed above also may be salvaged from construction areas and transplanted in the buffer. Shrubs and vines should be concentrated along the outer edges of the buffer as a possible barrier to opportunistic invasions of exotic species. Understory species suitable for salvage and transplant are listed below. Transplants of these species should be limited to areas that will be shaded, with the assumption that some mature trees will be left undisturbed by construction, at least in Reach 2.

##### **Graminoids and Forbs**

Jack-in-the-pulpit (*Arisaema triphyllum*)  
Windflower (*Thalictrum thalictroides*)  
Trillium (*Trillium cuneatum*)  
Ebony spleenwort (*Asplenium platyneuron*)  
Rattlesnake fern (*Botrychium virginianum*)  
Christmas fern (*Polystichum acrostichoides*)  
Skullcap (*Scutellaria integrifolia*)  
Longleaf spikegrass (*Chasmanthium sessiliflorum*)  
Sedges (*Carex* spp.)

#### 4.4.4 Wetlands

A minimum of 440 stems per acre of canopy and subcanopy trees will be planted in areas proposed for wetland restoration. Bare-root seedlings of canopy and subcanopy tree species will be planted on 10-foot centers for a planting density of 440 trees/acre of the finest quality 1/0 seedlings. It is recommended that seedlings be at least 12 to 18 inches in height. Understory plantings may be a combination of salvaged plants and a seed mix. Proposed species to be planted in these areas include the following:

##### Trees (bare root)

Swamp chestnut oak (*Q. michauxii*)  
Overcup oak (*Q. lyrata*)  
Water oak (*Quercus nigra*)  
Willow oak (*Quercus phellos*)  
Green ash (*Fraxinus pennsylvanica*)  
Ironwood (*Carpinus caroliniana*)  
Paw-paw (*Asimina triloba*)

##### Shrubs and Vines (bare root or container)

Spicebush (*Lindera benzoin*)  
Yellow jasmine (*Gelsemium sempervirens*)  
Wild raisin (*Viburnum nudum*)  
Winterberry (*Ilex verticillata*)

##### Graminoids and Forbs

###### Seeds or salvage

Giant cane (*Arundinaria gigantea*)  
Sedges (*Carex debilis*, *C. crinita*, *C. lurida*, *C. intumescens*, *C. squarrosa*)  
Rushes (*Juncus effusus*, *J. coriaceous*)  
Lizard's-tail (*Saururus cernuus*)

###### Salvage

False stinging-nettle (*Boehmeria cylindrica*)  
Netted chain fern (*Woodwardia areolata*)  
Sensitive fern (*Onoclea sensibilis*)  
Royal fern (*Osmunda regalis*)  
Cinnamon fern (*Osmunda cinnamomea*)

#### 4.4.5 Habitat Enhancements

Floodplain pools will be created as required by the engineering design and for habitat enhancement purposes. They may occur in hydric soil or riparian areas. These shallow pools will be vegetated using a combination of salvaged materials, container stock, and seeds. Proposed species to be planted around the edges of the pools include the following:

### ***Container or salvage***

Buttonbush (*Cephalanthus occidentalis*)

Silky dogwood (*Cornus amomum*)

Arrow-arum (*Peltandra virginica*)

False stinging nettle

### ***Seeds***

Three-way sedge (*Dulichium arundinaceum*)

Lizard's tail

Fringed sedge (*Carex crinita*)

Hop sedge (*Carex lurida*)

Windthrows will be simulated by excavating elliptical depressions and laying a tree trunk with its root wad on the ground at the edge of the depression. Trees that must be removed for channel construction or trees that are already down within the construction area will be used for this purpose. The depressions will provide amphibian habitat and additional flood storage. The tree trunks will also provide habitat for amphibians as well as reptiles, and as they decay will enhance biogeochemical functions.

## **5.0 MONITORING AND SUCCESS CRITERIA**

Monitoring of the stream and wetland mitigation site will be performed for 3 years or until success criteria are met. Monitoring is proposed for channel stability, riparian and wetland vegetation, and wetland hydrology.

### **5.1 REFERENCE PHOTOGRAPHS**

Monitoring: Photographs will be taken throughout the monitoring period to evaluate vegetative growth along the stream corridor and in associated wetlands of the mitigation site. Locations of the photographic points will be established and marked with stakes. A map with notations of the photo reference points will be generated. Both lateral as well as longitudinal photographs will be taken at the points.

Success Criteria: Photographs will be used to subjectively evaluate channel aggradation or degradation, bank erosion, growth of riparian vegetation, and the effectiveness of erosion control measures. Longitudinal photographs should indicate the absences of developing bars within the channel or an excessive increase in channel depth. Lateral photographs should not indicate excessive erosion or continuing degradation of the bank over time. A series of photographs over time should indicate successional maturation of riparian and wetland vegetation.

### **5.2 CHANNEL STABILITY**

Monitoring: Permanent cross-sections will be established and monitored along the stream corridor of the mitigation site for each Rosgen classified stream type. Cross-sections will be placed to monitor structures and/or features that may have an increased risk of failure. The location of each cross-section will be marked to establish the exact transect location.

A common benchmark will be used for cross-sections and consistently used to facilitate easy comparison of year-to-year data. Data will be collected once a year for three years.

Success Criteria: Judgments of success or failure of restoration activities using this data will be subjective. It is expected that there will be minimal changes in the cross-sections of the “as-built” and monitored years. Changes in the cross-sections that may occur during the monitoring period will be evaluated to determine if they represent a movement toward a more unstable condition (down-cutting, deposition, erosion) or are minor changes that represent an increase in stability (settling, vegetative changes, decrease in width/depth ratio). Unstable conditions that require remediation will indicate failure of restoration activities.

### **5.3 PLANT SURVIVAL**

Monitoring: The survival of vegetation in riparian buffers and wetlands will be evaluated using survival plots or direct counts. The survival of live stakes will be evaluated along the stream corridor of the mitigation site. Live stake planting will be monitored for three years before success or failure is assessed. The 50-foot buffer on the stream should extend 50 feet from each bank of the stream. Riparian buffers and wetlands should be planted with a native species mix at a rate of 440 trees per acre, with a 3-year survival rate of 380 trees per acre.

Success Criteria: Success will be determined by survival of target species within the sample plots. At least six different representative tree species should be present on the entire site. In the wetland areas, cover should be 80% wetland species. If the vegetative success criteria are not met, the cause of failure will be determined and appropriate corrective action will be taken.

### **5.4 GAUGE MONITORING**

Monitoring. Groundwater monitoring gauge data will be collected throughout the monitoring period on a monthly basis. Official rainfall data from the State Climate Office will be obtained on an annual basis to determine if annual totals during the monitoring period fell within the normal range. An on-site rain gauge will be installed and data will be collected on a monthly basis. Groundwater and rain gauge data will be compared and analyzed annually to determine if wetland hydrology is developing in the restoration areas. For research purposes, 2 to 4 stage recorders will be installed in the reference reach and in the restored Little Beaver Creek. Data from the stage recorders will be collected on a monthly basis.

Success Criteria. Hydrologic restoration will be considered successful if groundwater levels are within 12 inches of the surface for at least 12.5% of the growing season or for a hydroperiod comparable to that of the reference wetland. If the period of saturation is between 5 and 12.5% of the growing season, the presence of hydrophytic vegetation and hydric soils will be taken into consideration. In Wake County, the growing season is 228

days, from March 26 to November 11. Five to 12.5% of 228 days is 12 to 29 days. Rainfall normal ranges will be considered when judging hydrologic success.

## 7.0 REFERENCES

Amoroso, J.L., ed. 1999. *Natural Heritage Program List of the Rare Plant Species of North Carolina*. North Carolina Natural Heritage Program, Division of Parks and Recreation, North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources. Raleigh, North Carolina.

Cowardin, L.M., V. Carter, F.C. Golet and E.T. LaRoe. 1979. *Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States*. U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Office of Biological Services, FWS/OBS-79/31. U.S. Department of the Interior, Washington, DC.

Choate, J.R., J.K. Jones, Jr., and C. Jones. 1994. *Handbook of Mammals of the South-Central States*. Louisiana State University Press, Baton Rouge, Louisiana.

Doll, B. A., et al. 2000. *Hydraulic Geometry Relationships for Urban Streams throughout the Piedmont of North Carolina*. American Water Resources Association.

Environmental Laboratory. 1987. *U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual, Technical Report Y-87-1*. U.S. Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station, Vicksburg, Mississippi.

Federal Emergency Management Agency. Chatham County, NC Flood Insurance Rate Map, Community Panel Number 370299 0125 C. 1991.

Godfrey, R.K., and J.W. Wooten. 1979. *Aquatic and Wetland Plants of Southeastern United States. Monocotyledons*. The University of Georgia Press, Athens, Georgia.

Godfrey, R.K., and J.W. Wooten. 1981. *Aquatic and Wetland Plants of Southeastern United States. Dicotyledons*. The University of Georgia Press, Athens, Georgia.

Harrelson, Cheryl, C.L. Rawlins and John Potyondy. 1994. *Stream Channel Reference Sites: An Illustrated Guide to Field Technique*. United States Department of Agriculture, Forest Service. General Technical Report RM-245.

Hey, Richard and Dave Rosgen. 1997. *Fluvial Geomorphology for Engineers*. Wildland Hydrology, Pagosa Springs, Colorado.

LeGrand, H.E., Jr. and S.P. Hall, eds. 1999. *Natural Heritage Program List of the Rare Animal Species of North Carolina*. North Carolina Natural Heritage Program, Division of Parks and Recreation, North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources. Raleigh, North Carolina.

NatureServe. 2002. *International Classification of Ecological Communities: Terrestrial Vegetation*. Natural Heritage Central Databases. NatureServe, Arlington, VA.

NCDENR. "Water Quality Stream Classifications for Streams in North Carolina." *Water Quality Section*. <http://h2o.enr.state.nc.us/wqhome.html> (16 July 2001).

North Carolina Department of Environment, Health and Natural Resources, Division of Water Quality. "Standard Operating Procedures, Biological Monitoring". January, 1997.

North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Division of Land Resources and Division of Water Quality, "Internal Technical Guide for Stream Work in North Carolina", April, 2001, Version 3.0.

North Carolina Department of Environment, Health and Natural Resources, Division of Water Quality, Water Quality Section, "Common Wetland Plants of North Carolina", August, 1997.

Radford, A.E., H.E. Ahles and G.R. Bell. 1968. *Manual of the Vascular Flora of the Carolinas*. The University of North Carolina Press, Chapel Hill, North Carolina.

Rosgen, Dave. 1996. *Applied River Morphology*. Wildland Hydrology, Pagosa Springs, Colorado.

Rosgen, Dave. 1997. A Geomorphological Approach to Restoration of Incised Rivers. Wildland Hydrology. Proceedings of the Conference on Management of Landscapes Disturbed by Channel Incision.

Schafale, M. P., and A. S. Weakley. 1990. *Classification of the Natural Communities of North Carolina, Third Approximation*. North Carolina Natural Heritage Program, Division of Parks and Recreation, Dept. of Environment, Health and Natural Resources, Raleigh, NC.

United States Army Corps of Engineers, 1993. Installing Monitor Wells/Piezometers in Wetlands. WRP Technical Note HY-IA-3.1.

United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service. 1977. *Soil Survey of Guilford County, North Carolina*.

USDA-NRCS Soil Survey Division. July 1999. USDA-NRCS Official Soil Series Description Home Page. <http://www.statlab.iastate.edu/soils/osd/>

USDA-NRCS Soil Survey Division. June 1999. USDA-NRCS Hydric Soils Series Lists by States. <http://www.statlab.iastate.edu/soils/hydric/state.html>

USGS, Water-Resources Investigations Report 01-4207. 2001. Estimating the Magnitude and Frequency of Floods in Rural Basins of North Carolina-Revised.

Weakley A.S., K.D. Patterson, S. Landaal, M. Pyne and others, compilers. 1998. *International Classification of Ecological Communities: Terrestrial Vegetation of the*

*Southeastern United States. The Nature Conservancy, Southeast Regional Office,  
Southern Conservation Science Department: Chapel Hill, NC.*

# Photo Log

## Little Beaver Creek Restoration Plan



Picture 1. Existing riffle bed material along the upper reach of Little Beaver Creek (LBC).



Picture 2. Vertical banks and severe erosion along LBC near confluence of the **northern** tributary. Notice the change in the bed material shown in Picture 1.



**Picture 3. Stable reach of Southern Tributary above LBC floodplain.**



**Picture 4. Typical condition of Little Beaver Creek downstream of the Northern Tributary confluence.**



**Picture 5. Headwaters of the Northern Drainage #1.**



**Picture 6. Existing pattern of the Northern Tributary #1(G4).**



**Picture 7. Condition of LBC above Northern Drainage #2.**



**Picture 8. Northern Drainage # 2 (E4).**



**Picture 9. Condition of LBC below Northern Drainage #2. Overwidened.**



**Picture 10. Field #1 below large pond. Large pond to the right and LBC to the left.**



**Picture 11. Natural grade control structure located in-between Field #1 and #2.**



**Picture 12. Field # 2 with LBC to left and silo to the right. Field #1 is behind the viewer.**



Picture 13. Condition of LBC along Field #2.

# Little Beaver Creek, Wake County

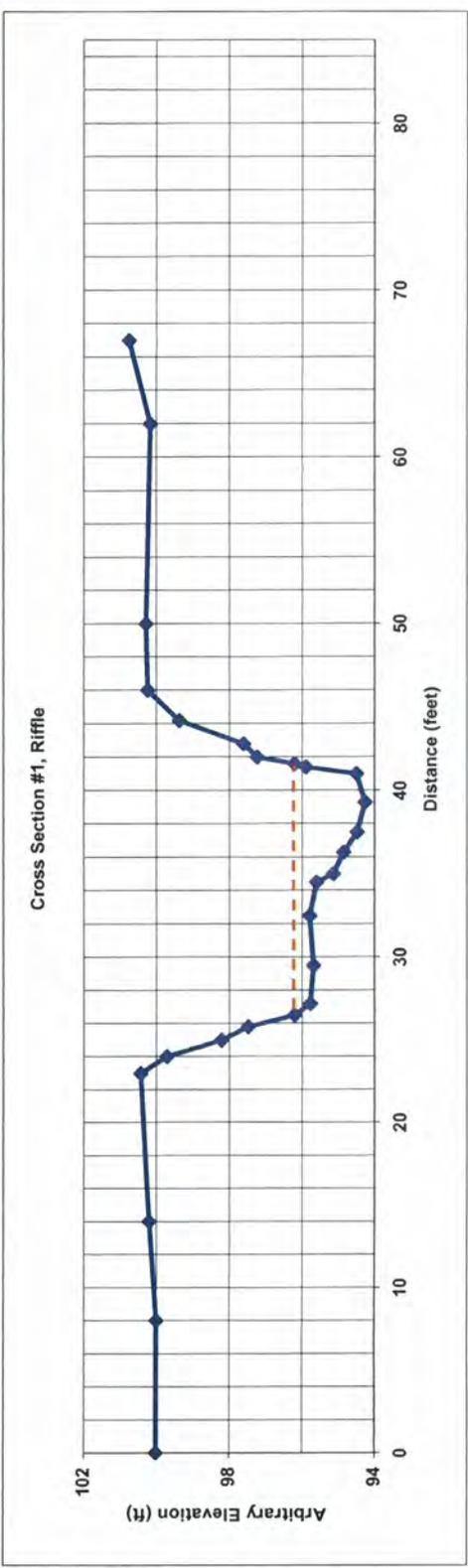
**Field Crew:** Ben Goetz, Jan Patterson  
**River Basin:** Cape Fear  
**Watershed:** Little Beaver Creek  
**Stream Reach:** Olive Tract  
**Drainage Area:** 0.58 sq mi (370 ac)  
**Date:** 2/26/2002  
**Description:** LBC above southern trib & below northern trib  
**Feature:** CS#1, Riffle

STATION (Feet)	HI (Feet)	FS (Feet)	ELEVATION (Feet)	NOTES
0+00.0	105.18	5.18	100.00	
0+08.0	105.18	5.19	99.99	
0+14.0	105.18	4.99	100.19	
0+23.0	105.18	4.76	100.42	LTOB
0+24.0	105.18	5.48	99.70	
0+25.0	105.18	6.99	98.19	
0+25.8	105.18	7.72	97.46	
0+26.5	105.18	8.99	96.19	LBKF
0+27.2	105.18	9.42	95.76	
0+29.5	105.18	9.51	95.67	
0+32.5	105.18	9.40	95.78	
0+34.5	105.18	9.59	95.59	
0+35.0	105.18	10.05	95.13	
0+36.3	105.18	10.34	94.84	LEW/WS
0+37.5	105.18	10.71	94.47	
0+39.3	105.18	10.92	94.26	TW
0+41.0	105.18	10.89	94.49	REW
0+41.4	105.18	9.30	95.88	
0+41.6	105.18	8.99	96.19	RBKF
0+42.0	105.18	7.96	97.22	
0+42.8	105.18	7.58	97.60	
0+44.2	105.18	5.82	99.36	
0+46.0	105.18	4.95	100.23	RTOB
0+50.0	105.18	4.90	100.28	
0+62.0	105.18	5.03	100.15	
0+67.0	105.18	4.44	100.74	

BANKFULL Hydraulic Geometry		
Width (Feet)	Depth (Feet)	Area (Sq. Ft.)
0.0	0.0	0.0
0.7	0.4	0.2
2.3	0.5	1.1
3.0	0.4	1.4
2.0	0.6	1.0
0.5	1.1	0.4
1.3	1.4	1.6
1.2	1.7	3.8
1.8	1.9	3.3
1.7	1.7	3.1
0.4	0.3	0.4
0.2	0.0	0.0
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>15.1</b>	<b>14.3</b>

SUMMARY DATA (BANKFULL)	
A/(BKF)	14.3
W/(BKF)	15.1
Max d	1.9
Mean d	0.9
W/D	16.0
Entrenchment	1.3
Stream Type	F4
Area from Rural Regional Curve	14.8

Bank Erosion Hazard Index (BEHI)			
Criteria	Value	Index	Bank Erosion Potential
Bank H/BKf Ht	3.1	10	extreme
Root Depth/Bank Ht	1	1	very low
Root Density (%)	30	4	moderate
Bank Angle (Degrees)	51	3.5	low
Surface Protection (%)	80	1.9	very low
Bank Materials	Sand	10	high
<b>TOTALS</b>		<b>30.4</b>	



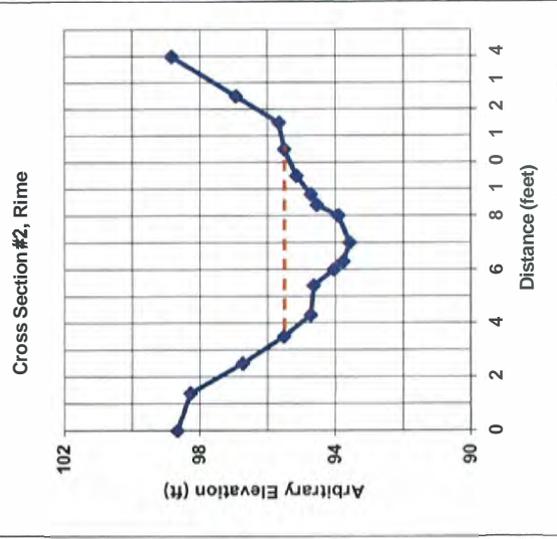
Little Beaver Creek, Wake County

Field Crew: Ben Goetz, Jan Patterson  
 River Basin: Cape Fear  
 Watershed: Little Beaver Creek  
 Stream Reach: Olive Tract  
 Drainage Area: 0.14 sq mi (90 ac)  
 Date: 2/26/2002  
 Description: Southern Trib at confluence with LBC  
 Feature: CS#2, Rifle

STATION (Feet)	HI (Feet)	FS (Feet)	ELEVATION (Feet)	NOTES
0+00.0	104.28	5.64	98.64	
0+01.4	104.28	6.02	98.26	LTOB
0+02.5	104.28	7.56	96.72	
0+03.5	104.28	8.78	95.50	LBKF
0+04.3	104.28	9.56	94.72	
0+05.4	104.28	9.65	94.63	
0+06.0	104.28	10.24	94.04	LEW
0+06.3	104.28	10.52	93.76	
0+07.0	104.28	10.71	93.57	TW
0+08.0	104.28	10.38	93.90	REW/MS
0+08.4	104.28	9.74	94.54	
0+08.8	104.28	9.56	94.72	
0+09.5	104.28	9.14	95.14	
0+10.5	104.28	8.78	95.50	RBKF
0+11.5	104.28	8.62	95.66	
0+12.5	104.28	7.35	96.93	
0+14.0	104.28	5.46	98.82	RTOB

BANKFULL Hydraulic Geometry		
Width (Feet)	Depth (Feet)	Area (Sq. Ft.)
0.0	0.0	0.0
0.8	0.8	0.3
1.1	0.9	0.9
0.6	1.5	0.7
0.3	1.7	0.5
0.7	1.9	1.3
1.0	1.6	1.8
0.4	1.0	0.5
0.4	0.8	0.3
0.7	0.4	0.4
1.0	0.0	0.2
7.0	0.0	6.9

SUMMARY DATA (BANKFULL)	
A/(BKF)	6.9
W/(BKF)	7.0
Max d	1.9
Mean d	1.0
W/D	7.1
Entrenchment	1.6
Stream Type	G4
Area from Rural Regional Curve	5.6



Bank Erosion Hazard Index (BEHI)				
Criteria	Value	Index	Bank Erosion Potential	
Bank Ht/Bk Ht	3.1	10	extreme	
Root Depth/Bank Ht	1	1	very low	
Root Density (%)	30	4	moderate	
Bank Angle (Degrees)	33	26	low	
Bank surface Protection (%)	95	1.1	very low	
Bank Materials	Sand	10		
				28.7



Photo of CS#2, rifle looking in the upstream direction.

Little Beaver Creek, Wake County

Field Crew: Ben Goetz, Dan Clinton, Jane Almon  
 River Basin: Cape Fear  
 Watershed: Little Beaver Creek  
 Stream Reach: Olive Tract  
 Drainage Area: 0.14 sq mi (90 ac)  
 Date: 8/9/2001  
 Description: Southern Trib on upland  
 Feature: CS #3, Riffle

STATION (Feet)	HI (Feet)	FS (Feet)	ELEVATION (Feet)	NOTES
0+00.0	100.00	4.7	95.30	
0+08.0	100.00	5.27	94.73	
0+16.0	100.00	5.48	94.52	
0+20.0	100.00	5.54	94.46	
0+23.0	100.00	5.28	94.72	
0+27.0	100.00	5.42	94.58	
0+30.0	100.00	5.35	94.65	
0+31.0	100.00	5.39	94.61	LTOB
0+31.6	100.00	5.75	94.25	LBKF
0+32.0	100.00	6.01	93.99	
0+32.4	100.00	6.20	93.80	
0+32.6	100.00	6.50	93.50	LEW/WS
0+33.0	100.00	6.65	93.35	
0+34.0	100.00	6.65	93.35	
0+34.7	100.00	6.73	93.27	
0+35.3	100.00	6.81	93.19	TW
0+36.0	100.00	6.63	93.37	
0+36.7	100.00	6.60	93.40	
0+37.5	100.00	6.54	93.46	REW
0+38.1	100.00	5.75	94.25	
0+39.0	100.00	5.85	94.15	
0+44.0	100.00	5.90	94.10	
0+44.5	100.00	5.75	94.25	RBKF
0+47.0	100.00	5.32	94.68	TOB
0+51.0	100.00	5.07	94.93	

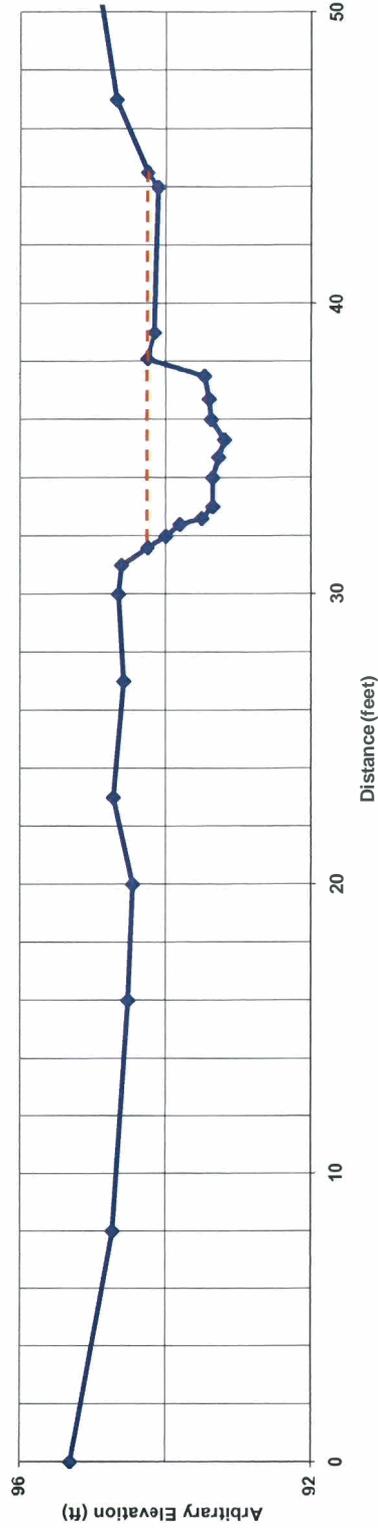
BANKFULL Hydraulic Geometry		
Width (Feet)	Depth (Feet)	Area (Sq.Ft)
0.0	0.0	0.0
0.4	0.3	0.1
0.4	0.5	0.1
0.2	0.6	0.1
0.4	0.9	0.3
1.0	0.9	0.9
0.7	1.0	0.7
0.6	1.1	0.6
0.7	0.9	0.7
0.7	0.8	0.6
0.6	0.6	0.7
0.6	0.0	0.2
0.9	0.1	0.0
5.0	0.2	0.6
0.5	0.0	0.0
12.9	0.0	5.7

SUMMARY DATA (BANKFULL)	
A(BKF)	5.7
W(FPA)	60
Situosity	n/a
Area= A	n/a
Width= W	n/a
Depth= D	n/a
Bankfull= BKF	n/a
Area from Rural Regional Curve	5.6

Bank Erosion Hazard Index (BEHI)			
Criteria	Value	Index	Bank Erosion Potential
Bank HI/Bank Ht	1	1	very low
Bank Depth/Bank Ht	1	1	very low
Root Density (%)	54	4	moderate
Bank Angle (Degrees)	53	3.6	low
Surface Protection (%)	54	4	moderate
Bank Materials	Silt/Clay	0	moderate
Total			13.6
			low



Cross Section #3, Riffle



Little Beaver Creek, Wake County

Field Crew: Ben Goetz, Jan Palterson, Jane Almon  
 River Basin: Cape Fear  
 Watershed: Little Beaver Creek  
 Stream Reach: Olive Tract  
 Drainage Area: 0.41sq mi (260 acres)  
 Date: 8/9/2001  
 Description: LBC above Northern Trib  
 Features: CS#4, Riffle

STATION (Feet)	HI (Feet)	FS (Feet)	ELEVATION (Feet)	NOTES
0+00.0	105.14	5.14	100.00	
0+10.0	105.14	4.83	100.31	
0+14.0	105.14	4.55	100.59	
0+16.0	105.14	4.87	100.27	
0+18.0	105.14	5.06	100.08	LTOB
0+19.5	105.14	5.86	99.28	
0+21.3	105.14	7.15	97.47	LBKF
0+21.8	105.14	8.29	96.85	
0+23.5	105.14	8.45	96.69	
0+25.8	105.14	8.93	96.21	
0+27.4	105.14	9.07	96.07	
0+27.7	105.14	9.45	95.69	LEW
0+30.0	105.14	9.48	95.66	TW
0+32.4	105.14	9.38	95.76	REW
0+32.5	105.14	8.49	96.65	
0+33.0	105.14	8.15	96.99	
0+34.0	105.14	7.67	97.47	RBKF
0+36.0	105.14	7.37	97.77	
0+41.0	105.14	7.28	97.86	
0+42.0	105.14	6.24	98.90	
0+43.0	105.14	5.41	99.73	
0+45.0	105.14	5.01	100.13	

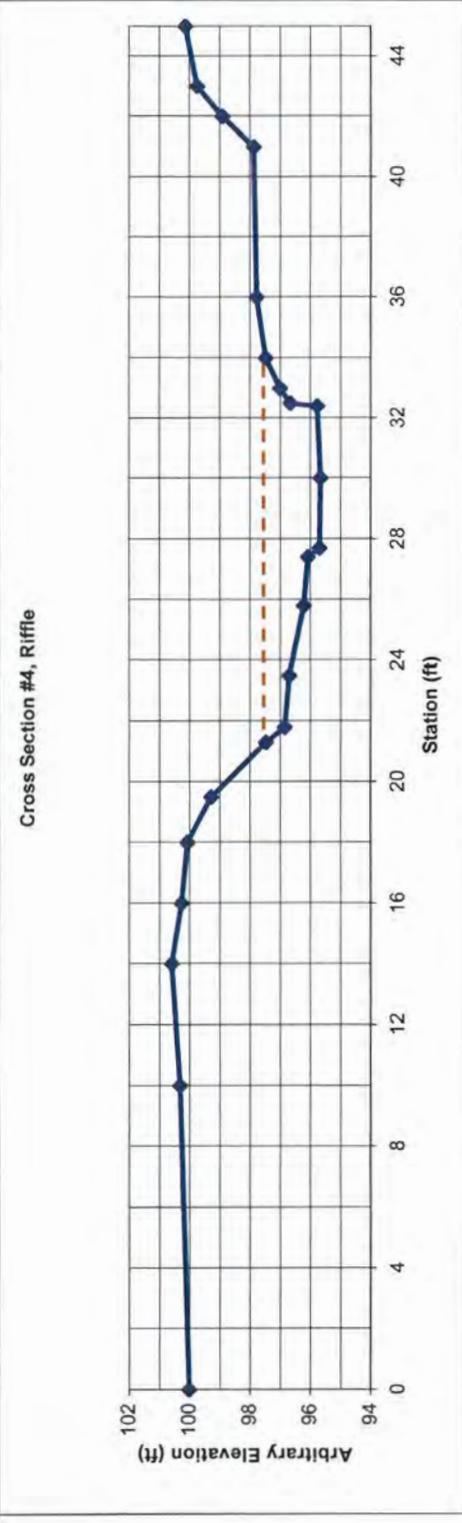
BANKFULL		
Hydraulic Geometry		
Width (Feet)	Depth (Feet)	Area (Sq. Ft.)
0	0	0
0.5	0.6	0.2
1.7	0.8	1.2
2.3	1.3	2.3
1.6	1.4	2.1
0.3	1.8	0.5
2.3	1.8	4.1
2.4	1.7	4.2
0.1	0.8	0.1
0.5	0.5	0.3
1.0	0.0	0.2
12.7	0.0	15.3

SUMMARY DATA (BANKFULL)	
A/(BKF)	15.3
W/(BKF)	12.7
Max d	1.8
Mean d	1.2
W/D	10.5
Entrenchment	1.9
Stream Type	F4
Area from Rural Regional Curve	12

Bank Erosion Hazard Index (BEHI)				
Criteria	Value	Index	Bank Erosion Potential	
Bank H <sub>0</sub> /B <sub>0</sub> H <sub>t</sub>	3.7	10	extreme	
Bank Depth/Bank H <sub>t</sub>	1	1	very low	
Root Density (%)	25	7	high	
Bank Angle (Degrees)	30	5.9	moderate	
Surface Protection (%)	90	7.9	high	
Bank Materials	Sand	10	high	
			41.8	very high



Photo of CS#4, riffle looking in the downstream direction.



# Little Beaver Creek, Wake County

<b>Field Crew:</b>	Ben Goetz, Jan Patterson, Jane Almon
<b>River Basin:</b>	Little Beaver Creek
<b>Watershed:</b>	Little Beaver Creek
<b>Stream Reach:</b>	0.17 sq mi (110 acres)
<b>Drainage Area:</b>	
<b>Date:</b>	Northern Iri
<b>Description:</b>	CS#5, Riffle
<b>Feature:</b>	

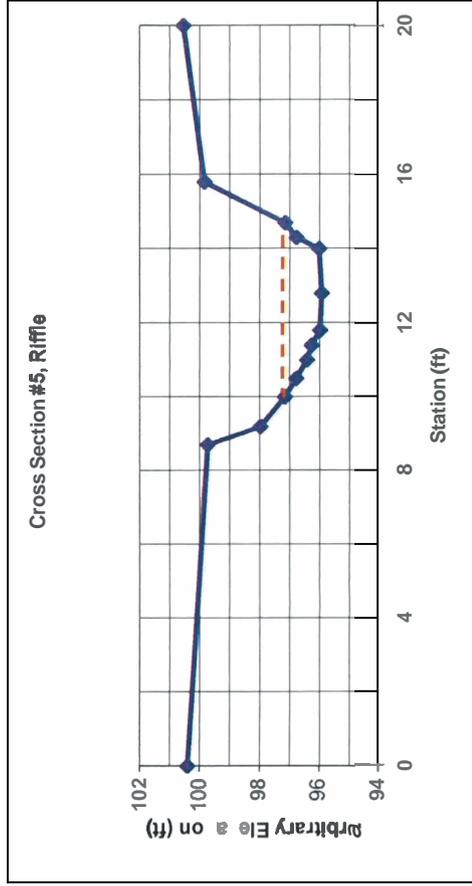
STATION (Feet)	HI (Feet)	FS (Feet)	ELEVATION (Feet)	NOTES
0+00.0	105.14	4.76	100.38	
0+08.7	105.14	5.42	99.72	LTOB
0+09.2	105.14	7.18	97.96	
0+10.0	105.14	7.99	97.15	LKBF
0+10.5	105.14	8.37	96.77	
0+11.0	105.14	8.73	96.41	
0+11.4	105.14	8.88	96.26	
0+11.8	105.14	9.16	95.98	LEW/WMS
0+12.8	105.14	9.22	95.92	TW
0+14.0	105.14	9.12	96.02	REW
0+14.3	105.14	8.37	96.77	
0+14.7	105.14	7.99	97.15	RBKF
0+15.8	105.14	5.30	99.84	TOB
0+20.0	105.14	4.60	100.54	

BANKFULL		
Hydraulic Geometry		
Width (Feet)	Depth (Feet)	Area (Sq. Ft.)
0	0	0
0.5	0.4	0.1
0.5	0.7	0.3
0.4	0.9	0.3
0.4	1.2	0.4
1.0	1.2	1.2
1.2	1.1	1.4
0.3	0.4	0.2
0.4	0.0	0.1
4.7	0.0	4.0
<b>TOTALS</b>		

SUMMARY DATA (BANKFULL)	
A(BKF)	4.0
W(BKF)	4.7
Max d	1.2
Mean d	0.9
W/D	5.5
Entrenchment	1.3
Stream Type	G4
Bankfull=	BKF
Area from Rural Regional Curve	4.8
	6.4

Bank Erosion Hazard Index (BEHI)		
Criteria	Value	Index
Bank H/BKF Ht	3.3	10
Root Depth/Bank Ht	1	1
Root Density (%)	4	10
Bank Angle (Degrees)	80	5.9
Surface Protection (%)	9	10
Bank Materials	Silt/Clay	0
		<b>36.9</b>
		high

Photo of CS#5, riffle looking in the upstream direction.



# Little Beaver Creek, Wake County

Field Crew: Ben Goetz, Jan Patterson, Jane Almon  
 River Basin: Cape Fear  
 Watershed: Tick Creek Little Beaver Creek  
 Stream Reach: Condoret-R Olive Tract  
 Drainage Area: 0.72 sq mi (460 ac)  
 Date: 8/9/2001  
 Station: N/A  
 Feature: CS#6, Pool

STATION (FEET)	HI (FEET)	FS (FEET)	ELEVATION (FEET)	NOTES
0+00.0	103.50	5.30	100.00	
0+08.5	103.50	5.68	97.82	TI08
0+10.0	103.50	6.79	96.71	
0+11.0	103.50	8.91	95.18	LBKF
0+11.4	103.50	9.23	94.27	
0+11.5	103.50	11.62	91.88	
0+12.6	103.50	12.01	91.49	TW
0+14.0	103.50	11.88	91.62	
0+16.8	103.50	11.50	92.00	
0+17.2	103.50	10.60	92.90	REW/WS
0+18.0	103.50	10.13	93.37	
0+18.8	103.50	9.54	93.96	
0+19.5	103.50	9.22	94.28	
0+20.2	103.50	8.87	94.63	
0+22.6	103.50	8.32	95.18	RBKF
0+27.5	103.50	7.93	95.57	
0+31.0	103.50	5.88	97.62	RTOB
0+36.5	103.50	5.34	98.16	
0+45.0	103.50	6.18	98.32	

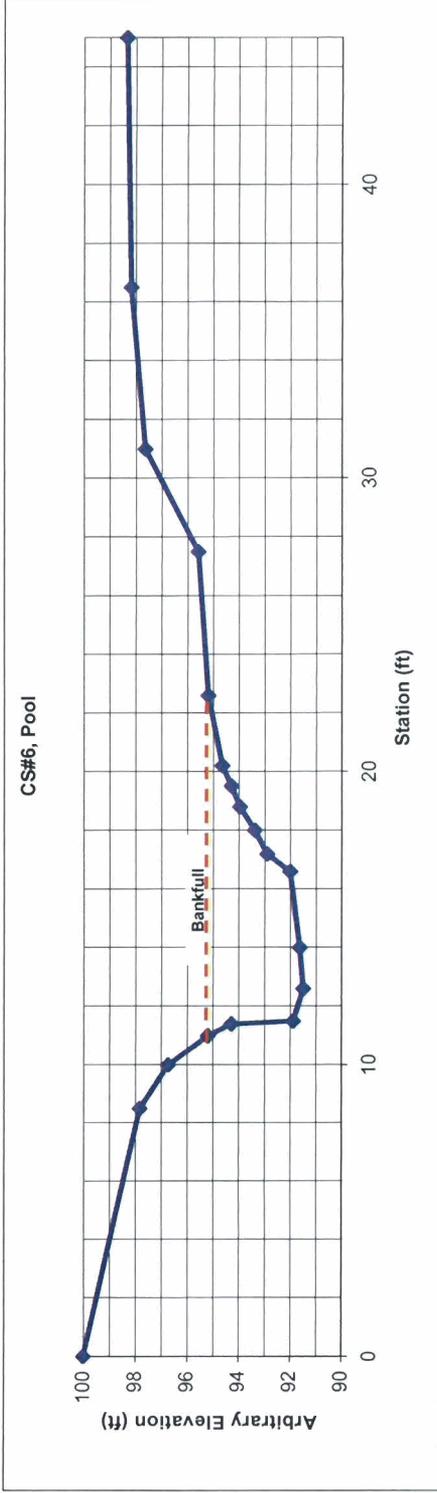
Criteria	Value	Index	Bank Erosion Potential
Bank Ht/Bkf Ht	2.3	8.2	very high
Root Depth/Bank Ht	1	1	very low
Root Density (%)	4	10	extreme
Bank Angle (Degrees)	90	7.9	high
Surface Protection (%)	9	10	extreme
Bank Materials	sand	10	extreme
		<b>47.1</b>	<b>extreme</b>



Photo of CS#6, pool looking in the downstream direction.

BANKFULL		
Hydraulic Geometry	Depth (Feet)	Area (Sq. Ft.)
Width (Feet)	0.0	0.0
	0.4	0.2
	0.1	0.2
	3.1	3.8
	1.4	5.1
	2.6	8.8
	0.6	1.6
	0.8	1.6
	1.2	1.2
	0.1	0.1
	0.1	0.1
	0.7	0.6
	2.4	0.1
TOTALS	11.6	24.5

A(BKF)	24.5
W(BKF)	11.6
Max d	3.1
Mean d	2.1



# Little Beaver Creek, Wake County

<b>Field Crew:</b>	Ben Goetz, Jan Patterson
<b>River Basin:</b>	Cape Fear
<b>Watershed:</b>	Little Beaver Creek
<b>Stream Reach:</b>	Olive Tract
<b>Drainage Area:</b>	0.72 sq mi (460 ac)
<b>Date:</b>	2/26/2002
<b>Station:</b>	N/A
<b>Feature:</b>	CS#7, Riffle

STATION (Feet)	HI (Feet)	FS (Feet)	ELEVATION (Feet)	NOTES
0+00.0	102.60	5.75	96.85	
0+06.5	102.60	6.15	96.45	LTOB
0+07.5	102.60	6.94	95.66	
0+08.5	102.60	8.07	94.53	
0+10.0	102.60	8.69	93.91	LBKF
0+12.0	102.60	9.02	93.58	
0+14.0	102.60	9.55	93.05	
0+14.6	102.60	9.95	92.65	
0+15.6	102.60	11.32	91.28	
0+17.5	102.60	11.52	91.08	LEW
0+19.5	102.60	11.19	91.41	TW
0+20.0	102.60	11.11	91.49	REW/WS
0+20.9	102.60	9.95	92.65	
0+21.3	102.60	9.55	93.05	
0+22.5	102.60	9.02	93.58	
0+23.2	102.60	8.69	93.91	RBKF
0+24.7	102.60	6.08	96.52	RTOB
0+31.0	102.60	5.83	96.52	

BANKFULL Hydraulic Geometry		
Width (Feet)	Depth (Feet)	Area (Sq. Ft.)
0.0	0.0	0.0
2.0	0.3	0.3
2.0	0.9	1.2
0.6	1.3	0.6
1.0	2.6	1.9
1.9	2.8	5.2
2.0	2.5	5.3
0.5	2.4	1.2
0.9	1.3	1.7
0.4	0.9	0.4
1.2	0.3	0.7
0.7	0.0	0.1
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>13.2</b>	<b>18.8</b>

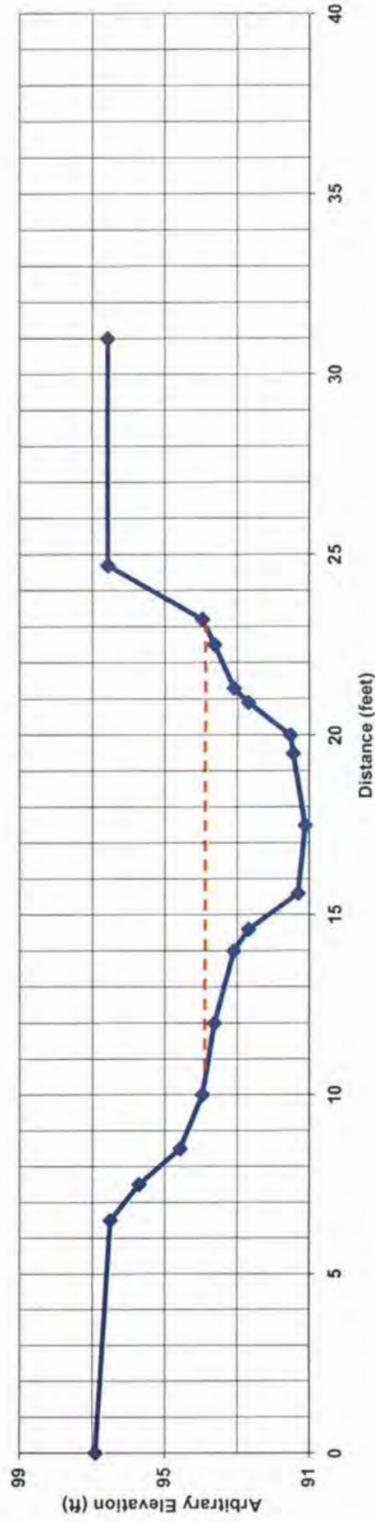
SUMMARY DATA (BANKFULL)	
A/(BKf)	18.8
W/(BKf)	13.2
Max d	2.8
Mean d	1.4
W/D	9.3
Entrenchment	1.4
Stream Type	G4
Area from Rural Regional Curve	17
W/(FPA)	18
Slope	0.005
Sinuosity	1.3
Area= A	
Width= W	
Depth= D	
Bankfull= BKf	

Bank Erosion Hazard Index (BEHI)			
Criteria	Value	Index	Bank Erosion Potential
Bank H/BKf Ht	2.4	8.5	very high
Bank Depth/Bank Ht	1	1	very low
Root Density (%)	50	4.2	moderate
Bank Angle (Degrees)	62	4.1	moderate
Surface Projection (%)	30	5.9	moderate
Bank Materials	sand	10	
<b>TOTALS</b>		<b>33.7</b>	<b>high</b>

Photo of Run CS#7 looking in the downstream direction.



Cross Section #7, Riffle



Little Beaver Creek, Wake County

Field Crew: Ben Goetz, Jan Patterson  
 River Basin: Cape Fear  
 Watershed: Little Beaver Creek  
 Stream Reach: Olive Tract  
 Drainage Area: 0.97 sq mi (620 ac)  
 Date: 2/26/2002  
 Station: N/A  
 Feature: CS#8, Riffle

STATION (Feet)	HI (Feet)	FS (Feet)	ELEVATION (Feet)	NOTES
0+00.0	102.60	4.74	97.86	
0+04.0	102.60	5.05	97.55	
0+09.3	102.60	5.50	97.10	LTOB
0+12.0	102.60	8.52	94.08	LBKF
0+13.2	102.60	9.24	93.36	
0+14.0	102.60	10.01	92.59	
0+14.1	102.60	10.99	91.61	LEW
0+14.8	102.60	11.14	91.46	TW
0+15.6	102.60	11.02	91.58	
0+16.5	102.60	10.81	91.79	REW/WS
0+19.0	102.60	10.42	92.18	
0+22.5	102.60	9.87	92.73	
0+24.5	102.60	9.27	93.33	
0+26.0	102.60	9.08	93.52	
0+27.5	102.60	8.52	94.08	RBKF
0+31.0	102.60	5.51	94.08	RTOB
0+35.0	102.60	5.47	97.09	

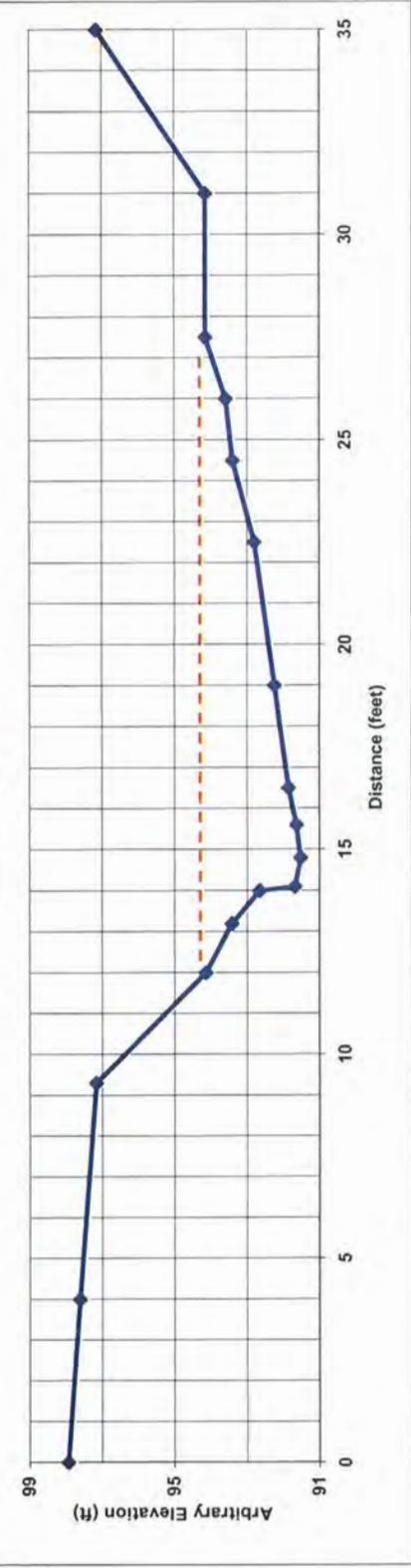
BANKFULL		
Hydraulic Geometry		
Width (Feet)	Depth (Feet)	Area (Sq. Ft.)
0.0	0.0	0.0
1.2	0.7	0.4
0.8	1.5	0.9
0.1	2.5	0.2
0.7	2.6	1.8
0.8	2.5	2.0
0.9	2.3	2.2
2.5	1.9	5.2
3.5	1.4	5.7
2.0	0.8	2.1
1.5	0.6	1.0
1.5	0.0	0.4
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>15.5</b>	<b>21.9</b>

SUMMARY DATA (BANKFULL)	
A/BKF	21.9
W/BKF	15.5
Max d	2.6
Mean d	1.4
W/D	11.0
Entrenchment	1.7
Stream Type	G4
Area from Rural Regional Curve	21

Bank Erosion Hazard Index (BEHI)			
Criteria	Value	Index	Bank Erosion Potential
Bank H/Bkf Ht	2.2	8.1	very high
Bank Depth/Bank Ht	1	1	very low
Root Density (%)	25	6.3	high
Bank Angle (Degrees)	60	3.9	low
Surface Protection (%)	55	3.9	low
Bank Materials	sand	10	low
		<b>33.2</b>	<b>high</b>



Cross Section #8, Riffle



# Little Beaver Creek, Wake County

**Field Crew:** Ben Goetz, Jan Patterson  
**River Basin:** Cape Fear  
**Watershed:** Little Beaver Creek  
**Stream Reach:** Olive Tract  
**Drainage Area:** 0.97 sq mi (620 ac)  
**Date:** 2/26/2002  
**Station:** N/A  
**Feature:** CS#9, Riffle

STATION (Feet)	HI (Feet)	FS (Feet)	ELEVATION (Feet)	NOTES
0+00.0	102.60	3.07	99.53	
0+03.0	102.60	5.40	97.20	
0+05.0	102.60	5.90	96.70	
0+07.0	102.60	5.85	96.75	
0+09.0	102.60	5.99	96.61	LTOB
0+11.0	102.60	7.02	95.58	
0+11.5	102.60	7.50	95.10	LBF
0+12.8	102.60	8.32	94.28	
0+13.5	102.60	9.46	93.14	LEW
0+13.8	102.60	9.48	93.12	
0+16.0	102.60	9.60	93.00	TW
0+18.2	102.60	9.42	93.18	
0+20.8	102.60	9.45	93.15	
0+23.0	102.60	9.35	93.25	REW/WS
0+24.0	102.60	8.20	94.40	
0+25.0	102.60	7.50	95.10	RBKF
0+25.1	102.60	6.00	96.60	RTOB
0+47.6	102.60	4.51	98.09	

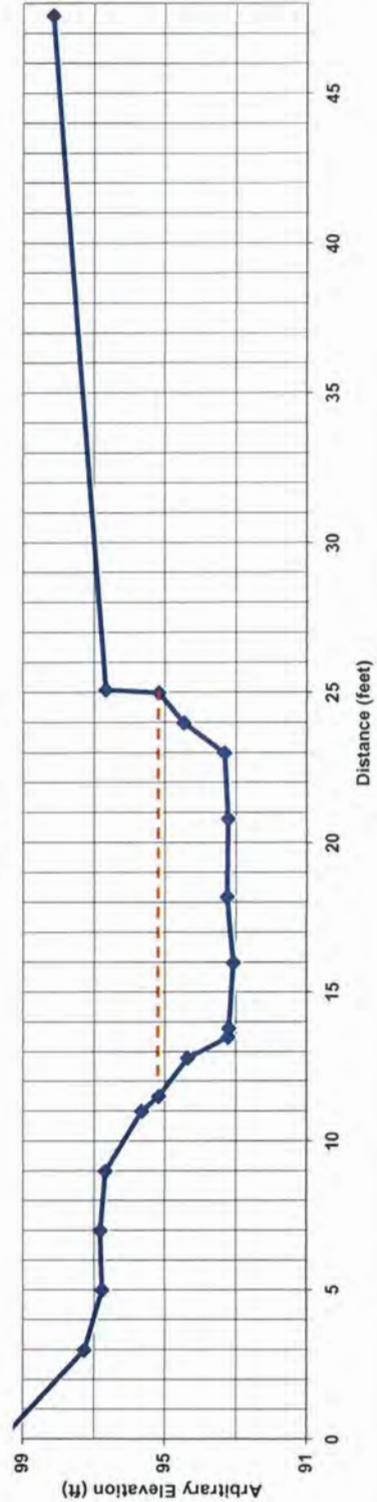
BANKFULL Hydraulic Geometry		
Width (Feet)	Depth (Feet)	Area (Sq. Ft.)
0.0	0.0	0.0
1.3	0.8	0.5
0.7	2.0	1.0
0.3	2.0	0.6
2.2	2.1	4.5
2.2	1.9	4.4
2.6	2.0	5.0
2.2	1.8	4.2
1.0	0.7	1.3
1.0	0.0	0.4
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>13.5</b>	<b>21.8</b>

SUMMARY DATA (BANKFULL)	
A/BKF	21.8
W/BKF	13.5
Max d	2.1
Mean d	1.6
W/D	8.3
Entrenchment	2.1
Stream Type	G4
Area from Rural Regional Curve	21
W/FPA	28
Slope	0.027
Sinuosity	1.3
Area= A	
Width= W	
Depth= D	
Bankfull= BKF	

Bank Erosion Hazard Index (BEHI)			
Criteria	Value	Index	Bank Erosion Potential
Bank HI/Bkf HI	1.7	6.1	moderate
Root Depth/Bank HI	1	1	very low
Root Density (%)	30	4.4	moderate
Bank Angle (Degrees)	45	3.3	low
Surface Protection (%)	30	5.9	moderate
Bank Materials	sand	10	high
<b>TOTALS</b>		<b>30.7</b>	



Cross Section #9, Riffle



# Little Beaver Creek, Wake County

**Field Crew:** Ben Goetz, Jan Patterson  
**River Basin:** Cape Fear  
**Watershed:** Little Beaver Creek  
**Stream Reach:** Olive Tract  
**Drainage Area:** 1.1 sq mi (700 ac)  
**Date:** 2/26/2002  
**Station:** N/A  
**Feature:** CS#10, Riffle

STATION (Feet)	HI (Feet)	FS (Feet)	ELEVATION (Feet)	NOTES
0+00.0	102.60	5.08	97.52	
0+05.0	102.60	4.94	97.66	
0+08.0	102.60	5.10	97.50	
0+11.5	102.60	5.82	96.78	LTOB
0+13.0	102.60	6.48	96.12	
0+14.5	102.60	7.95	94.65	
0+16.0	102.60	8.99	93.61	
0+17.5	102.60	9.94	92.66	LBKF
0+18.0	102.60	11.11	91.49	
0+18.5	102.60	12.24	90.36	LEW
0+19.5	102.60	12.07	90.53	
0+21.0	102.60	12.00	90.60	
0+22.4	102.60	12.07	90.53	
0+23.8	102.60	12.17	90.43	
0+24.5	102.60	12.20	90.40	TW
0+25.3	102.60	12.04	90.56	REWWS
0+27.0	102.60	11.81	90.79	
0+27.0	102.60	9.94	92.66	RBKF
0+30.0	102.60	9.60	93.00	
0+33.0	102.60	6.67	95.93	
0+34.5	102.60	5.30	97.30	RTOB
0+50.0	102.60	5.01	97.59	

BANKFULL		
Hydraulic Geometry		
Width (Feet)	Depth (Feet)	Area (Sq. Ft.)
0.0	0.0	0.0
0.5	1.2	0.3
0.5	2.3	0.9
1.0	2.1	2.2
1.5	2.1	3.1
1.4	2.1	2.9
1.4	2.2	3.1
0.7	2.3	1.6
0.8	2.1	1.7
1.7	1.9	3.4
0.0	0.0	0.0
9.5		19.2

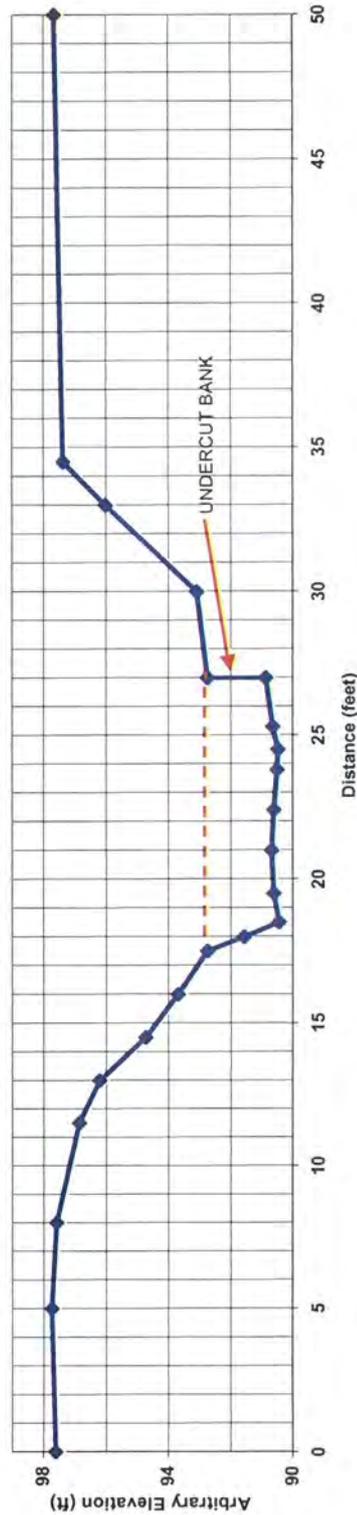
SUMMARY DATA (BANKFULL)	
A/BKF	19.2
W/BKF	9.5
Max d	2.3
Mean d	2.0
W/D	4.7
Entrenchment	1.9
Stream Type	G4
Area from Rural Regional Curve	22.9

Bank Erosion Hazard Index (BEHI)			
Criteria	Value	Index	Bank Erosion Potential
Bank H/Bkf Ht	3.1	10	extreme
Bank Depth/Bank Ht	1	1	very low
Root Density (%)	4	10	extreme
Bank Angle (Degrees)	70	5	moderate
Surface Protection (%)	9	10	extreme
Bank Materials	sand	10	extreme
<b>TOTALS</b>		<b>46</b>	<b>extreme</b>

Photo of CS#10, riffle looking in the upstream direction.



Cross Section #10, Riffle



Little Beaver Creek, Wake County

Field Crew: Ben Goetz, Jan Patterson  
 River Basin: Cape Fear  
 Watershed: Little Beaver Creek  
 Stream Reach: Olive Tract  
 Drainage Area: 1.1 sq mi (700 ac)  
 Date: 2/26/2002  
 Station: ND1  
 Feature: CS#11, Riffle

STATION (Feet)	HI (Feet)	FS (Feet)	ELEVATION (Feet)	NOTES
0+00.0	102.60	4.76	97.84	
0+05.0	102.60	4.83	97.77	
0+06.0	102.60	5.02	97.58	
0+07.0	102.60	5.33	97.27	LTOB
0+08.0	102.60	5.92	96.68	
0+08.2	102.60	6.81	95.79	
0+09.3	102.60	7.63	94.97	LTKF
0+09.5	102.60	8.08	94.52	
0+09.9	102.60	8.30	94.30	
0+10.5	102.60	8.90	93.70	
0+10.6	102.60	8.94	93.66	LEW
0+11.3	102.60	9.11	93.49	TW
0+11.6	102.60	9.10	93.50	
0+12.0	102.60	8.96	93.64	REWWS
0+13.0	102.60	8.39	94.21	
0+14.0	102.60	8.08	94.52	
0+15.3	102.60	7.50	94.97	RKBF
0+17.0	102.60	6.31	96.29	
0+18.6	102.60	5.59	97.01	RTOB
0+22.0	102.60	5.29	97.31	

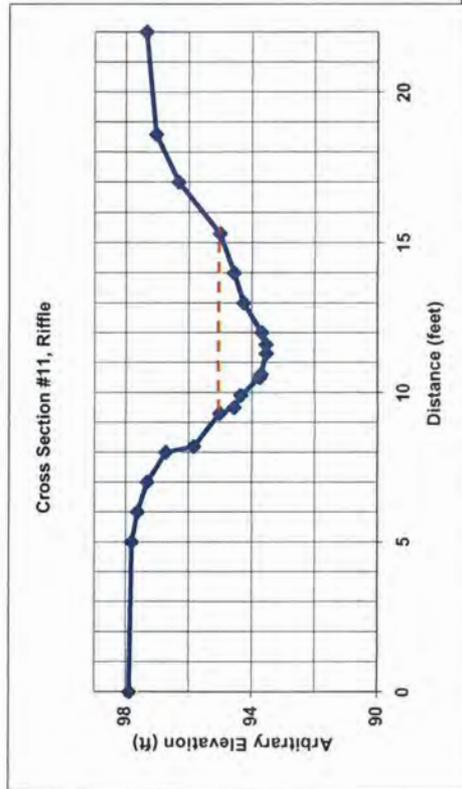
BANKFULL Hydraulic Geometry		
Width (Feet)	Depth (Feet)	Area (Sq. Ft.)
0.0	0.0	0.0
0.2	0.5	0.0
0.4	0.7	0.2
0.6	1.3	0.6
0.1	1.3	0.1
0.7	1.5	1.0
0.3	1.5	0.4
0.4	1.3	0.6
1.0	0.8	1.0
0.5	0.6	0.3
1.3	0.0	0.3
6.0	0.0	4.9

SUMMARY DATA (BANKFULL)			
A(BKF)	4.9	W(FPA)	9
W(BKF)	6.0	Slope	0.01
Max d	1.5	Sinuosity	1.24
Mean d	0.8	Area= A	
W/D	7.3	Width= W	
Entrenchment	1.5	Depth= D	
Stream Type	G4	Bankfull= BKF	
Area from Rural Regional Curve			

Bank Erosion Hazard Index (BEHI)			
Criteria	Value	Index	Bank Erosion Potential
Bank H/BKF Ht	3.7	10	extreme
Bank Depth/Bank Ht	1	1	very low
Root Density (%)	50	4.2	moderate
Bank Angle (Degrees)	50	3.4	low
Surface Protection (%)	50	4.2	moderate
Bank Materials	Silt/Clay	0	
<b>22.8</b>			<b>moderate</b>



Photo of CS#11, riffle looking in the upstream direction.



Little Beaver Creek, Wake County

Field Crew: Ben Goetz, Jan Patterson  
 River Basin: Cape Fear  
 Watershed: Little Beaver Creek  
 Stream Reach: Olive Tract  
 Drainage Area: 1.1 sq.mil (700 ac)  
 Date: 2/26/2002  
 Station: NDZ  
 Feature: CS#12, Riffle

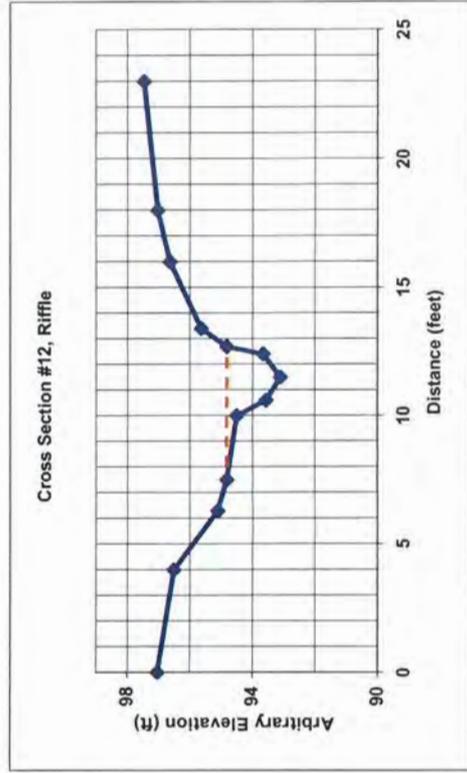
STATION (Feet)	HI (Feet)	FS (Feet)	ELEVATION (Feet)	NOTES
0+00.0	102.60	5.57	97.03	
0+04.0	102.60	6.10	96.50	LTOB
0+06.3	102.60	7.50	95.10	LBKF
0+07.5	102.60	7.78	94.82	LBKF
0+10.0	102.60	8.10	94.50	LEW
0+10.6	102.60	9.05	93.55	TW
0+11.5	102.60	9.50	93.10	REW/WS
0+12.4	102.60	8.95	93.65	RBKF
0+12.7	102.60	7.78	94.82	RTOB
0+13.4	102.60	6.97	95.63	
0+16.0	102.60	5.97	96.63	
0+18.0	102.60	5.57	97.03	
0+23.0	102.60	5.14	97.46	

BANKFULL		
Width (Feet)	Depth (Feet)	Area (Sq. Ft.)
0.0	0.0	0.0
2.5	0.3	0.4
0.6	1.3	0.5
0.9	1.7	1.3
0.3	1.2	1.3
0.0	0.0	0.2
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>3.7</b>

SUMMARY DATA (BANKFULL)	
A/BKF	3.7
W/BKF	5.2
Max d	1.7
Mean d	0.7
W/D	7.3
Stream Type	E4
Area from Rural Regional Curve	12
Slope	0.025
Sinuosity	1.1
Area= A	
Width= W	
Depth= D	
Bankfull= BKF	

Bank Erosion Hazard Index (BEHI)		
Criteria	Value	Index
Bank HI/BkI Ht	1.5	5.9
Bank Depth/Bank Ht	0.13	8.1
Root Density (%)	4	10
Bank Angle (Degrees)	70	5
Surface Protection (%)	9	10
Bank Materials	Silt/Clay	0
		<b>39</b>
		high

Photo of CS#12, riffle looking in the downstream direction.



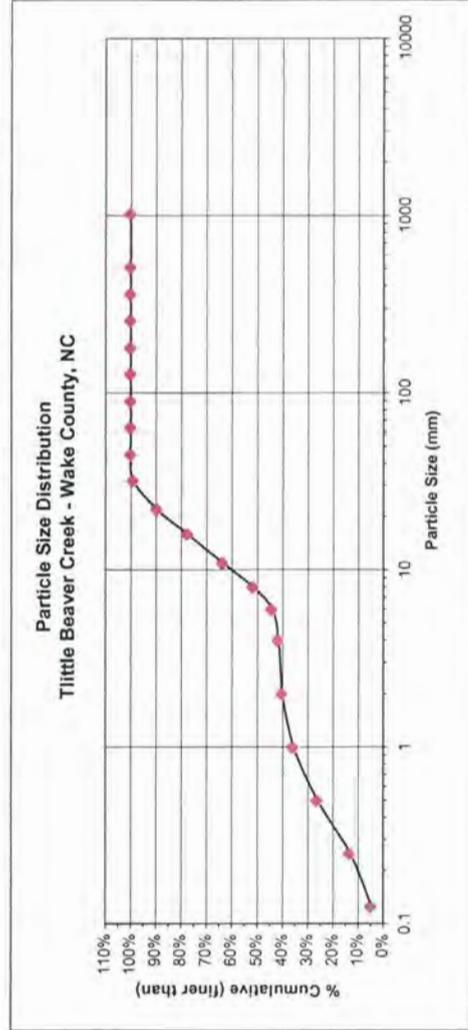
# Little Beaver Creek, Wake County

## Pattern Data for Little Beaver Creek

Curve	Radius of C	Beltwidth	Wavelength
1	185	82	
2	400		
3	45	128	418
4	150	66	296
5	60	88	251
6	88	89	
7	80		
<b>Avg</b>	144	91	322
<b>Min</b>	45	66	251
<b>Max</b>	400	128	418

# Little Beaver Creek, Wake County

PEBBLE COUNT										
Site: Little Beaver Creek					3/25/2002					
Party: Ben Goetz, Jan Patterson					Little Beaver Creek					
Inches	Particle Silt/Clay	Millimeter <0.062	Particle Count							
			S/C	Riffle	Run	Pool	Total No.	Item %	% Cumulative	
	Very Fine	.062 - .125	S	0	1	2	1	3	2%	2%
	Fine	.125 - .25	A	3	2	2	6	6	3%	5%
	Medium	.25 - .50	N	9	2	6	17	17	9%	13%
	Coarse	.50 - 1.0	D	5	10	11	26	26	13%	26%
.04 - .08	Very Coarse	1.0 - 2.0	S	3	6	10	19	19	10%	36%
.08 - .16	Very Fine	2.0 - 4.0		0	1	8	9	9	5%	40%
.16 - .22	Fine	4.0 - 5.7	G	1	2	2	5	5	2%	42%
.22 - .31	Fine	5.7 - 8.0	R	5	4	6	15	15	8%	44%
.31 - .44	Medium	8.0 - 11.3	A	6	11	7	24	24	12%	52%
.44 - .63	Medium	11.3 - 16.0	V	9	17	2	28	28	14%	64%
.63 - .89	Coarse	16.0 - 22.6	E	10	11	3	24	24	12%	78%
.89 - 1.26	Coarse	22.6 - 32.0	L	7	11	1	19	19	10%	90%
1.26 - 1.77	Very Coarse	32.0 - 45.0	S	1	1	0	2	2	1%	99%
1.77 - 2.5	Very Coarse	45.0 - 64.0		0	0	0	0	0	0%	100%
2.5 - 3.5	Small	64 - 90	C	0	0	0	0	0	0%	100%
3.5 - 5.0	Small	90 - 128	O	0	0	0	0	0	0%	100%
5.0 - 7.1	Large	128 - 180	B	0	0	0	0	0	0%	100%
7.1 - 10.1	Large	180 - 256	L	0	0	0	0	0	0%	100%
10.1 - 14.3	Small	256 - 362	B	0	0	0	0	0	0%	100%
14.3 - 20	Small	362 - 512	L	0	0	0	0	0	0%	100%
20 - 40	Medium	512 - 1024	D	0	0	0	0	0	0%	100%
40 - 80	Lrg- Very Lrg	1024 - 2048	R	0	0	0	0	0	0%	100%
	Bedrock		BDRK	0	0	0	0	0	0%	100%
<b>Totals</b>				60	80	60	200	200	100%	100%



# Little Beaver Creek, Wake County

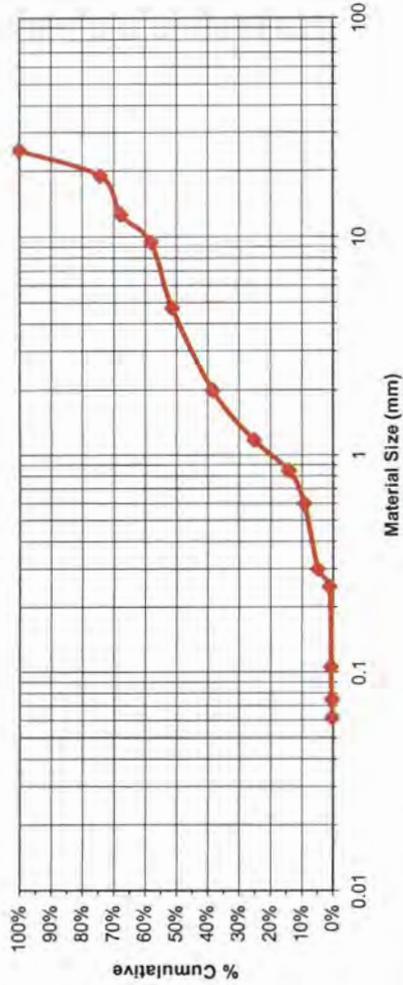
## Riffle Subpavement Sample Little Beaver Creek- Main Stream

Sieve Size (mm)	0.062	0.075	0.106	0.25	0.3	0.6	0.85	1.18	2	4.75	9.5	12.7	19	25
micro		75	106	250	300	600	850							
Tare Weight(lbs)	0.81	0.74	0.76	0.81	0.82	0.87	0.95	1.91	1.3	2.27	2.42	2.46	2.56	2.57
Sample Weight (lbs)	0.81	0.74	0.77	0.82	1.29	2.24	3.32	3.69	2.95	5.26	4.02	5.42	3.87	3.8
Net Sample Weight(lbs)	0.01	0	0.01	0.01	0.47	1.37	2.37	1.78	1.65	2.99	1.6	2.96	1.31	4.1
%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	7%	11%	9%	8%	14%	8%	14%	6%	20%
% Cumulative	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	9%	21%	29%	37%	52%	59%	74%	80%	100%
D50 Subpavement	3 mm													
D50 Riffle Pavement	16 mm													

LP1 72  
LP2 60  
dia 1.69  
weight 1.18

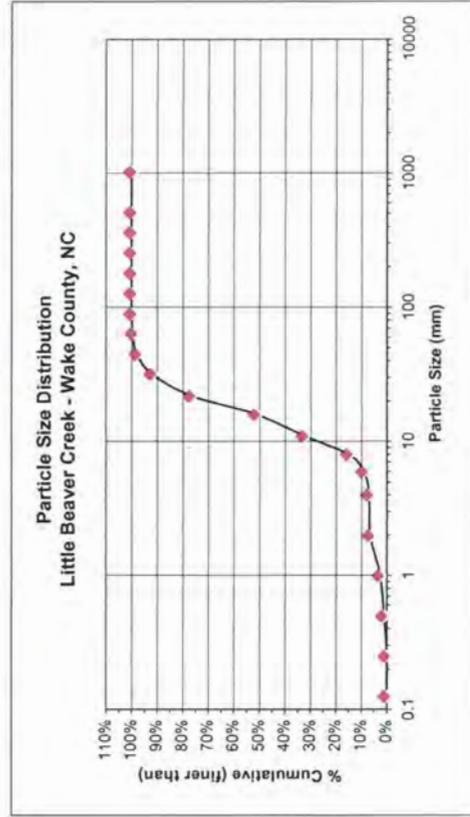
TOTAL  
20.63 lbs

**Bar Material Particle Size Distribution  
Little Beaver Creek - Wake County, NC**

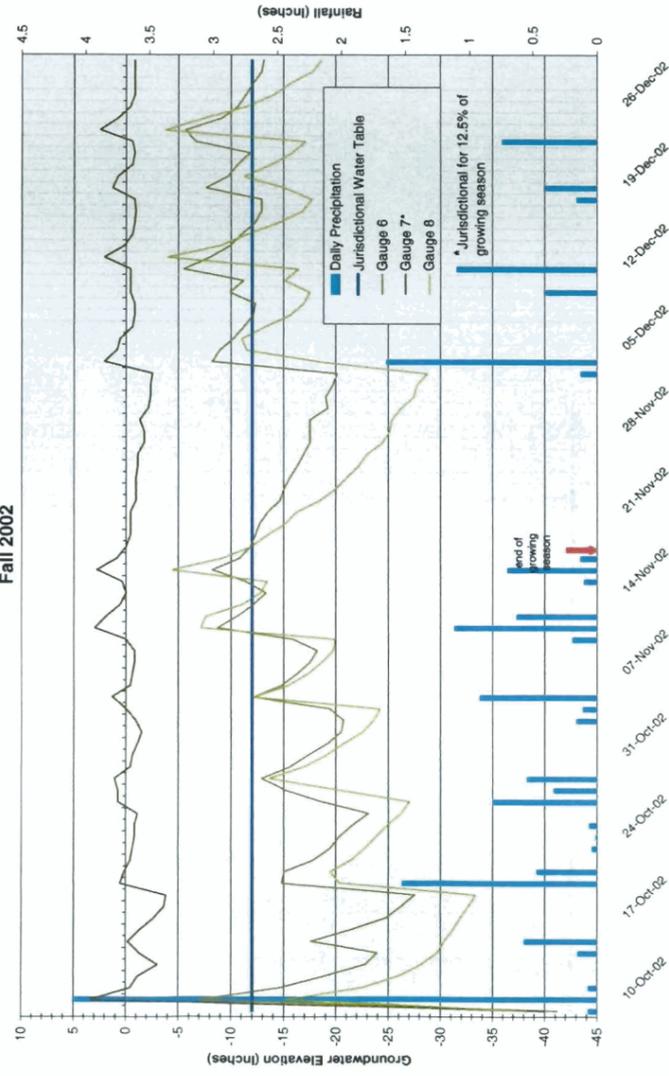


# Little Beaver Creek, Wake County

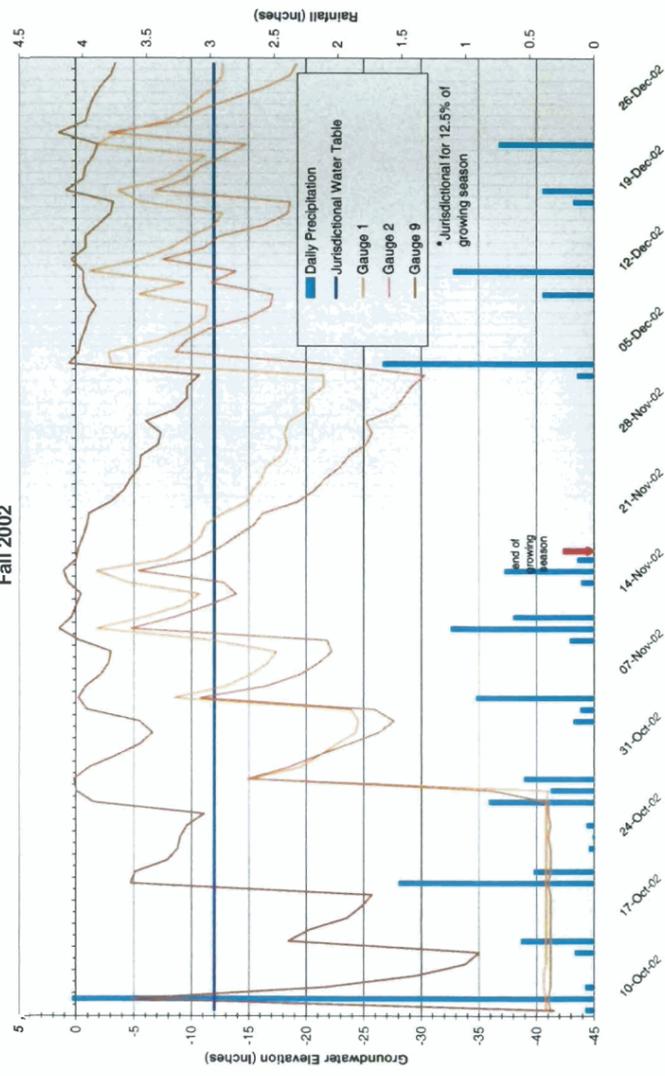
Site: Little Beaver Creek		Riffle Pavement Sample		3/25/2002		
Party: Ben Goetz, Jan Patterson		Little Beaver Creek		Little Beaver Creek		
Inches	Particle Size/Clay	Millimeter	Riffle	Total No.	Item %	% Cumulative
	Silt/Clay	< 0.062	S/G	0	0%	0%
	Very Fine	.062 - .125	S	0	0%	0%
	Fine	.125 - .25	A	0	0%	0%
	Medium	.25 - .50	N	2	1%	1%
	Coarse	.50 - 1.0	D	3	1%	2%
.04 - .08	Very Coarse	1.0 - 2.0	S	8	4%	6%
.08 - .16	Very Fine	2.0 - 4.0	1	1	0%	7%
.16 - .22	Fine	4.0 - 5.7	4	4	2%	9%
.22 - .31	Fine	5.7 - 8.0	12	12	6%	15%
.31 - .44	Medium	8.0 - 11.3	35	35	17%	32%
.44 - .63	Medium	11.3 - 16.0	38	38	19%	51%
.63 - .89	Coarse	16.0 - 22.6	E	51	25%	77%
.89 - 1.26	Coarse	22.6 - 32.0	L	31	15%	92%
1.26 - 1.77	Very Coarse	32.0 - 45.0	S	12	6%	98%
1.77 - 2.5	Very Coarse	45.0 - 64.0	3	3	1%	100%
2.5 - 3.5	Small	64 - 90	C	1	0%	100%
3.5 - 5.0	Small	90 - 128	O	0	0%	100%
5.0 - 7.1	Large	128 - 180	B	0	0%	100%
7.1 - 10.1	Large	180 - 256	L	0	0%	100%
10.1 - 14.3	Small	256 - 362	B	0	0%	100%
14.3 - 20	Small	362 - 512	L	0	0%	100%
20 - 40	Medium	512 - 1024	D	0	0%	100%
40 - 80	Lrg- Very Lrg	1024 - 2048	R	0	0%	100%
	Bedrock		BDRK	0	0%	100%
Totals				201	100%	100%



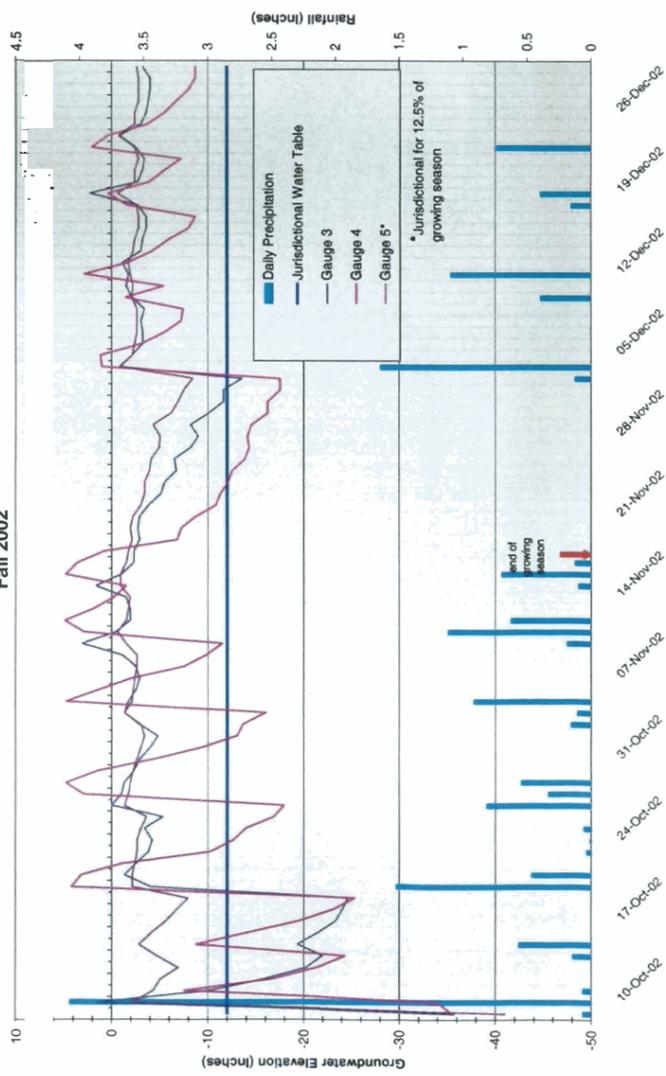
Little Beaver Creek-Reach 1  
Fall 2002



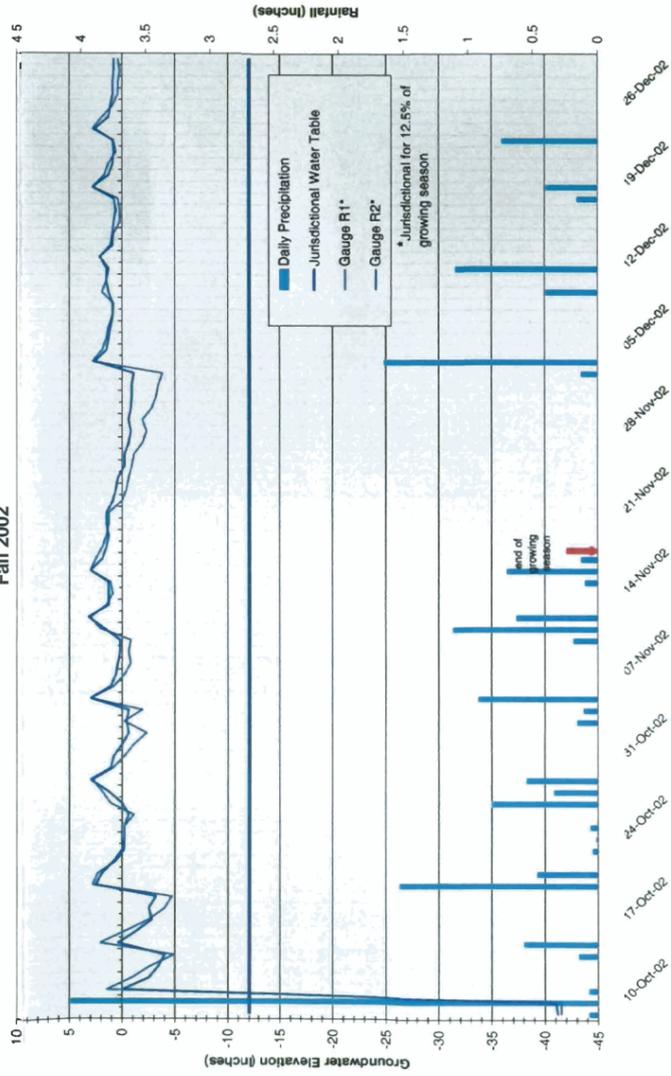
Little Beaver Creek-Reach 2  
Fall 2002



Little Beaver Creek-Reach 3  
Fall 2002



Little Beaver Creek-Reference Reach  
Fall 2002



2002 Total Precipitation = 48.46 inches  
 30-Year Normal Range = 41.38-48.20 inches  
 30-Year Normal Average = 45.41 inches  
 Growing Season = 228 days, 3/26-11/10

Data from State Climate Office  
 Raleigh 4 SW WETS Station.



APPENDIX C  
 Hydrographs

Little Beaver Creek  
 Wake County, North Carolina

State of North Carolina  
Department of Environment  
and Natural Resources  
Raleigh Regional Office

Michael F. Easley, Governor  
William G. (Bill) Ross, Secretary  
Alan W. Klimek, P.E., Director



October 2, 2002

Cherri Smith  
NCDENR/DWQ  
Wetland Restoration Program  
1619 Mail Service Center  
Raleigh, N.C. 27699-1619

Subject: Little Beaver Creek  
Wetland, Stream, and Buffer  
Reference and Restoration Reaches  
Cape Fear River Basin  
Wake County ,

Dear Ms. Smith:

This letter is being sent to you in response to your request for written verification relative to the suitability of the subject reaches. As per our site visit, conducted September 6, 2002, the reference reach appears to be a relatively stable channel and suitable for use in developing a restoration design.

The proposed stream and wetland restoration plan for the impacted reach located on the Olive Farm must meet the minimum criteria for acceptance. Please be reminded that when conducting morphological evaluations and measurements, the length of the reference reach must be at least two (2) full meander wavelengths, approximately five to six riffle pools, or twenty bankfull channel widths.

If you should have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me. (919-571-4700).

Sincerely,

Steve Mitchell  
Environmental Scientist

Cc: Ben Goetz/Earth Tech  
CO/Todd St. John  
RRO

Little Beaver  
Creek Reference  
Wake County

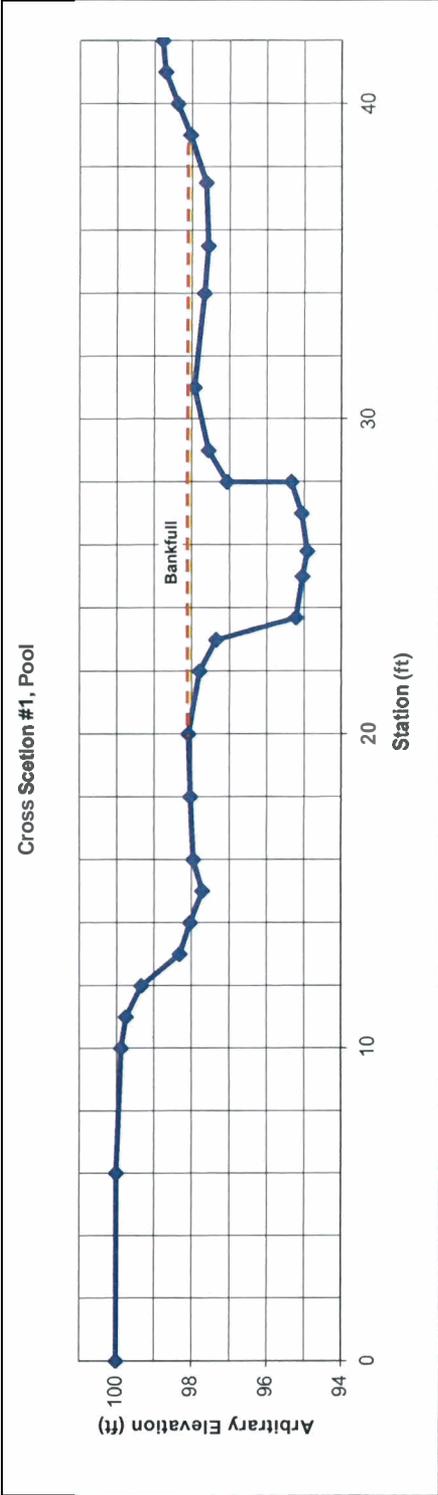
Field Crew: Ben Goetz, Jane Almon  
River Basin: Cape Fear  
Watershed: Little Beaver Creek  
Reach: Fairfield Lots  
DA: 0.30 sq mi (189 ac)  
Date: 7/25/2002  
Station: 1+12  
Feature: CS #1\_Pool

Bank Erosion Hazard Index (BEHI)			
Criteria	Value	Index	Bank Erosion Potential
Bank Ht/Bkf Ht	1	1	very low
Bank Depth/Bank Ht	1	1	very low
Root Density (%)	79	2	low
Bank Angle (Degrees)	60	3.9	low
Surface Protection (%)	79	2	low
Bank Materials	sand	5	low
		<b>14.9</b>	



BANKFULL Hydraulic Geometry			
Width (Feet)	Depth (Feet)	Area (Sq. Ft.)	
0.0	0.0	0.0	
1.0	0.3	0.2	
1.0	0.1	0.2	
2.0	0.0	0.1	
2.0	0.0	0.0	
2.0	0.2	0.2	
1.0	0.7	0.5	
0.7	2.8	1.2	
1.3	3.0	3.8	
0.8	3.1	2.5	
1.2	3.0	3.7	
1.0	2.7	2.8	
0.0	1.0	0.0	
1.0	0.5	0.7	
2.0	0.1	0.6	
3.0	0.4	0.7	
1.5	0.5	0.6	
2.0	0.4	0.9	
1.5	0.0	0.3	
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>25.0</b>	<b>18.9</b>	

SUMMARY DATA (BANKFULL)	
A(BKF)	18.9
W(BKF)	19.0
Max d	3.1
Mean d	1.0



Little Beaver  
Creek Reference  
Wake County

Field Crew: Ben Goetz, Jane Almon  
 River Basin: Cape Fear  
 Watershed: Little Beaver Creek  
 Reach: Fairfield Lots  
 DA: 0.30 sq mi (189 ac)  
 Date: 7/25/2002  
 Station: 1+60  
 Feature: CS #2, Riffle

STATION (FEET)	HI (FEET)	FS (FEET)	ELEVATION (FEET)	NOTES
0+00.0	105.98	5.98	100.00	
0+07.0	105.98	5.84	100.14	
0+11.0	105.98	6.00	99.98	TERRACE
0+12.0	105.98	6.18	99.80	
0+13.0	105.98	6.55	99.43	
0+14.0	105.98	7.54	98.44	
0+15.0	105.98	7.72	98.26	
0+17.0	105.98	7.67	98.31	
0+19.0	105.98	7.59	98.39	
0+21.0	105.98	7.52	98.46	
0+22.0	105.98	7.72	98.26	
0+23.0	105.98	7.95	98.03	
0+23.5	105.98	8.08	96.90	LBKF
0+23.8	105.98	9.50	96.43	
0+25.0	105.98	9.71	96.27	TW
0+27.0	105.98	9.50	96.43	
0+28.5	105.98	9.33	96.65	
0+28.7	105.98	8.38	97.60	
0+29.7	105.98	7.73	98.25	
0+31.5	105.98	7.53	98.45	
0+34.0	105.98	7.72	98.26	
0+36.0	105.98	7.97	98.01	
0+37.0	105.98	8.31	97.67	
0+40.5	105.98	7.94	98.04	RBKF
0+41.0	105.98	7.72	98.26	
0+43.0	105.98	7.00	98.98	
0+47.0	105.98	8.69	99.29	TERRACE
0+60.0	105.96	7.31	98.67	

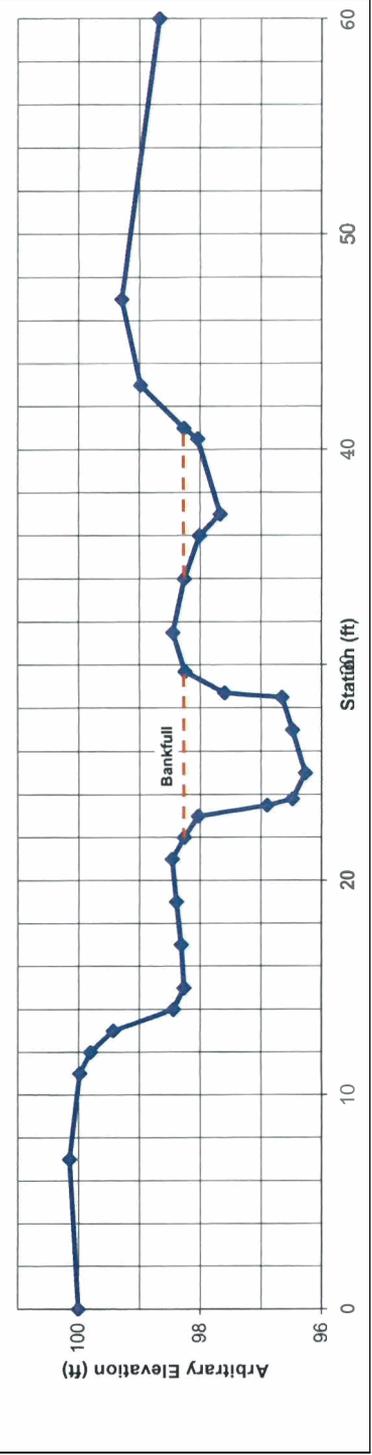
BANKFULL		
Width (Feet)	Depth (Feet)	Area (Sq. Ft.)
0.0	0.0	0.0
1.0	0.2	0.1
0.5	1.4	0.4
0.3	1.8	0.5
1.2	2.0	2.3
2.0	1.8	3.8
1.5	1.6	2.5
0.2	0.7	0.2
1.0	0.0	0.3
2.0	0.3	0.3
1.0	0.6	0.4
3.5	0.2	1.4
0.5	0.0	0.1
TOTALS	14.7	12.3

SUMMARY DATA (BANKFULL)	
A/(BKF)	12.3
W/(BKF)	14.7
Max d	2.0
Mean d	0.8
Sinuosity	1.5
Area= A	200
Width= W	n/a
Depth= D	n/a
Entrenchment	13.6
Stream Type	C5
Bankfull= BKF	
Area from Rural Regional Curve	9.7

Bank Erosion Hazard Index (BEHI)		
Criteria	Value	Index
Bank Ht/Bk Ht	1	1
Bank Depth/Bank Ht	1	1
Root Density (%)	79	2
Bank Angle (Degrees)	60	3.9
Surface Protection (%)	79	2
Bank Materials	sand	5



Cross Section #2, Riffle



Little Beaver  
Creek Reference  
Wake County

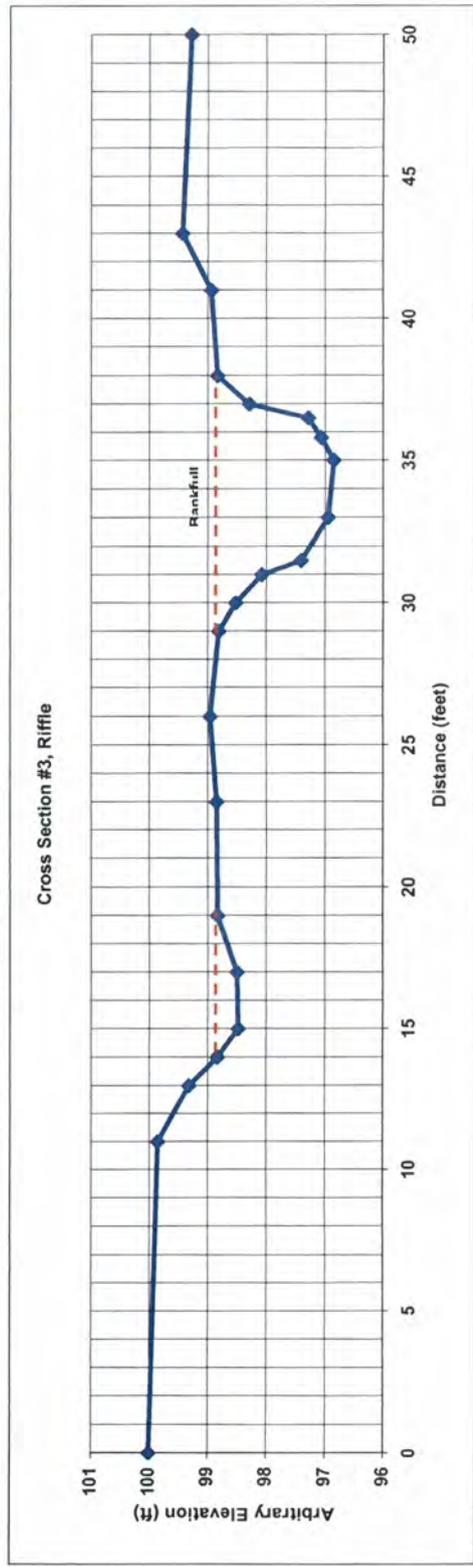
Field Crew: Ben Goetz, Jane Almon  
River Basin: Cape Fear  
Watershed: Little Beaver Creek  
Reach: Fairfield Lots  
DA: 0.30 sq mi (189 ac)  
Date: 7/25/2002  
Station: 2+21  
Feature: CS#3, Riffle

STATION (Feet)	HI (Feet)	FS (Feet)	ELEVATION (Feet)	NOTES
0+00.0	103.48	3.48	100.00	
0+11.0	103.48	3.63	99.85	TERRACE
0+13.0	103.48	4.16	99.32	
0+14.0	103.48	4.65	98.83	LBKF
0+15.0	103.48	5.00	98.48	
0+17.0	103.48	4.98	98.50	
0+19.0	103.48	4.72	98.83	
0+23.0	103.48	4.63	98.85	
0+26.0	103.48	4.52	98.96	
0+29.0	103.48	4.67	98.81	LTOB
0+30.0	103.48	4.96	98.52	
0+31.0	103.48	5.40	98.08	
0+31.5	103.48	6.07	97.41	
0+33.0	103.48	6.54	96.94	TW
0+35.0	103.48	6.84	96.84	
0+35.8	103.48	6.42	97.06	
0+36.5	103.48	6.20	97.28	
0+37.0	103.48	5.19	98.29	
0+38.0	103.48	4.65	98.83	RBKF
0+41.0	103.48	4.54	98.94	
0+43.0	103.48	4.05	99.43	
0+50.0	103.48	4.20	99.28	

BANKFULL			
Hydraulic Geometry			
Width (Feet)	Depth (Feet)	Area (Sq. Ft.)	
0.0	0.0	0.0	
1.0	0.3	0.2	
2.0	0.3	0.7	
2.0	0.0	0.3	
1.0	0.3	0.2	
1.0	0.8	0.5	
0.5	1.4	0.5	
1.5	1.9	2.5	
2.0	2.0	3.9	
0.8	1.8	1.5	
0.7	1.6	1.2	
0.5	0.5	0.5	
1.0	0.0	0.3	
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>14.0</b>	<b>12.2</b>	

SUMMARY DATA (BANKFULL)	
A(BKF)	12.2
W(BKF)	14.0
Max d	2.0
Mean d	0.9
W/D	16.0
Entrenchment	8.9
Stream Type	C5
Area from Rural Regional Curve	9.7
W(FPA)	125
Slope	0.0025
Simuosity	1.5
Area= A	
Width= W	
Depth= D	
Bankfull= BKF	

Bank Erosion Hazard Index (BEHI)			
Criteria	Value	Index	Bank Erosion Potential
Bank HI/Bkt Ht	1	1	very low
Bank Depth/Bank Ht	1	1	very low
Root Density (%)	79	2	low
Bank Angle (Degrees)	21	2	low
Surface Protection (%)	79	2	low
Bank Materials	sand	5	low
<b>TOTALS</b>		<b>13</b>	<b>low</b>







**REFERENCE REACH SURVEY**  
 Stream Name: **Richard Creek**  
 Location:  
 Purpose: **Longitudinal Profile and Cross-sectional Measurements for Channel Work**  
 Date: **2/24/2009**  
 Crew: **Traci Carter, Dan Patterson, Mike O'Rourke, Alan Dooney, Amanda Todd**  
 Starting Point: **1.5 TR (400)**  
 Watershed Area: **1 sq. miles**      **STREAM TYPE: C4**

**LONGITUDINAL PROFILE**  
 (Using Level)

Bench Mark #1= 100 ft.  
 BS = 6.82      HI = 106.82      BM1 is nail at base of hemlock  
 TP1 BS= 6.52      TP1 HI= 110.73 TP1 FS= 2.61 TP1 EL= 104.21  
 TP2 BS= 5.46      TP2 HI= 113.17 TP2 FS= 3.02 TP2 EL= 107.71  
 TP3 BS= 2.41      TP3 HI= 108.93 TP3 FS= 6.65 TP3 EL= 106.52  
 TP4 BS= 1.51      TP4 HI= 109.34 TP4 FS= 4.1 TP4 EL= 104.83  
 TP5 BS= 2.13      TP5 HI= 105.05 TP5 FS= 6.42 TP5 EL= 102.92

FS to BM= 5.05      BM EL= 100.00  
 ERROR= 0.00

TR= Top of riffle  
 TP= Top of Post  
 TG= Top of glide  
 Trun= Top of Run  
 MP= Max Pool  
 LBKF= Left Bankfull  
 RBKF= Right Bankfull  
 TW= Thal Wag  
 LEW= Left Edge of Water  
 REW= Right Edge of Water

Distance	Thal Wag (FS)	Thal Wag Elev.	Water Surface (FS)	Water Surface Elev.	LBKF (FS)	BKF Elev.	RBKF (FS)	BKF Elev.	IB (FS)	IB Elev.	LTOB (FS)	LTOB Elev.	RTOB (FS)	RTOB Elev.	Notes	Mid Feature Location	Feature
2.5	9.3	103.9	9.09	104.08	8.3	104.9	8.3	104.9							TR	5.8	R
9.0	9.5	103.7	9.18	103.99			8.0	105.2	8.5	104.67					TP	23.8	P
18.0	10.1	103.1	9.22	103.95			8.2	105.0									
28.0	10.6	102.6	9.22	103.95			113.2	8.0	105.2						MP		
38.5	9.4	103.8	9.19	103.98	8.1	105.1			8.7	104.47					TR	42.3	R
46.0	10.2	103.0	9.50	103.67	8.2	105.0									TP	61.0	P
58.0	11.0	102.2	9.45	103.72					8.2	104.97	6.1	107.07	7.5	105.67	MP		
76.0	10.4	102.8	9.45	103.72	8.2	105.0									TG	80.3	G
84.5	9.7	103.5	9.44	103.73	8.3	104.9	8.2	105.0	8.8	104.37	6.7	106.47			TR	93.5	R
102.5	10.2	103.0	9.89	103.28	8.7	104.5					8.1	105.07			Trun	112.3	Run
122.0	10.2	103.0	10.05	103.12			8.8	104.4							TR	129.0	R
136.0	6.7	102.2	6.36	102.57			5.1	103.8	5.7	103.23			2.9	106.03	TP Now using TP3 HI	156.8	P
145.0	7.1	101.8	6.35	102.38	5.0	103.9									MP		
148.5	7.9	101.0	6.32	102.61	5.0	103.9											
159.0	7.0	101.9	6.41	102.52	5.2	103.7											
165.0	8.1	100.8	6.43	102.50			5.2	103.7					4.6	104.33			
175.0	7.7	101.2	6.41	102.52			5.2	103.7									
177.5	7.7	101.2	6.42	102.51			5.3	103.6									
190.0	6.6	102.3	6.42	102.51	5.0	103.9			108.93		5	103.93			TR	198.0	R
206.0	7.2	101.7	7.04	101.89	5.8	103.1									Trun	218.5	Run
231.0	7.4	101.5	7.20	101.73	6.0	102.9			6.6	102.33					TR	242.0	R
249.0	8.6	100.3	8.24	100.69	7.0	101.9									TP	252.5	P
253.0	9.1	99.8	8.23	100.70	7.0	101.9									MP		
256.0	8.5	100.4	8.22	100.71	7.0	101.9									TR		R

**SLOPE & LENGTH OF FEATURES CALCULATIONS**

Number	Length	Elevation	
		Change	Slope
1	6.5	0.1	0.0138
2	7.5	0.3	0.0413
3	18.0	0.5	0.0250
4	14.0	0.6	0.0393
5	16.0	0.6	0.0388
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
	12.4	Mean	0.0316
	14.0	Median	0.0388
	6.5	Min	0.0138
	18.0	Max	0.0393

Number	Length	Elevation	
		Change	Slope
1	29.5	0.0	0.0001
2	30.0	0.0	0.0000
3	41.5	0.1	0.0014
4	7.0	0.0	0.0000
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
	27.0	Mean	0.00045
	29.8	Median	0.000
	7.0	Min	0.0014
	41.5	Max	0.0003

Number	Length	Elevation	
		Change	Slope
1	8.5	0.0	0.0000
2	12.5	0.0	0.0000
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
	10.5	Mean	0.0000
	10.5	Median	0.0000
	8.5	Min	0.0000
	12.5	Max	0.0000

Number	Length	Elevation	
		Change	Slope
1	19.5	0.2	0.0082
2	25.0	0.2	0.0064
3			
4			
5			
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			
	22.3	Mean	0.0073
	22.3	Median	0.0073
	19.5	Min	0.0064
	25.0	Max	0.0082

Number	Spacing	
	(mid to mid)	
1	36.5	
2	51.3	
3	35.5	
4	44.0	
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
	36.5	Mean
	36.5	Median
	35.5	Min
	51.3	Max

Number	Spacing	
	(mid to mid)	
1	37.3	
2	95.8	
3	95.8	
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
	76.3	Mean
	95.8	Median
	37.3	Min
	95.8	Max

Number	Spacing	
	(mid to mid)	
1	18.0	
2	18.8	
3	27.8	
4	10.5	
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		
	18.8	Mean
	18.4	Median
	10.5	Min
	27.8	Max

**X\_SECTION MEASUREMENTS**

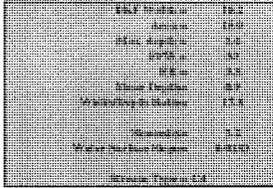
Rifle X Section #1

Location : 2466

HI= 100 (arbitrary used depth off rod)

Distance	FS	Elev	Notes	Depth from		
				BKF	Width	Area
0	4	96.0	LBKF	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	4.2	95.8		0.2	2.0	0.2
2.6	4.3	95.7	LIB	0.3	0.6	0.2
3.2	5	95.0	LEW	1.0	0.6	0.4
4	5.1	94.9		1.1	0.8	0.8
6	5.1	94.9		1.1	2.0	2.2
8	5.1	94.9		1.3	2.0	2.4
10	5.3	94.7		1.3	2.0	2.6
12	5.3	94.7		1.3	2.0	2.6
12.8	5.4	94.6	TW	1.4	0.8	1.1
14.4	5.1	94.9	REW	1.1	1.6	2.0
15.4	4.4	95.6		0.4	1.0	0.8
16.2	4	96.0	RBKF	0.0	0.8	0.2

sum: 15.0 sq. ft.



**Rifle X Section #2**

Location : 7454

HI= 100 (arb.)

Distance	FS	Elevation	Notes	Depth from		
				BKF	Width	Area
0.0	4.1	95.9	LBKF	0.0	0.0	0.0
2.0	4.7	95.3	LIB	0.6	2.0	0.6
3.0	5.6	94.4	LEW	1.5	1.0	1.1
4.0	5.6	94.4		1.5	1.0	1.5
4.8	5.6	94.4	TW	1.5	0.8	1.2
6.0	5.3	94.7		1.2	1.2	1.6
8.0	5.2	94.8		1.1	2.0	2.3
10.0	5.4	94.6		1.3	2.0	2.4
12.0	5.5	94.5		1.4	2.0	2.7
12.8	5.3	94.7	REW	1.2	0.8	1.0
13.6	4.5	95.5		0.4	0.8	0.6
15.0	4.2	95.8		0.1	1.4	0.4
16.7	4.1	95.9	RBKF	0.0	1.7	0.1

sum: 15.5 sq. ft.



**Pool X Section #1**

Location : 0446

HI= 100 (arb.)

Distance	FS	Elev	Notes	Depth from		
				BKF	Width	Area
0.2	5.5	94.5	LTOB			
2.5	6.3	93.7				
4.5	7.5	92.5				
5.1	7.7	92.3				
5.4	8.0	92.0	LBKF	0.0	0.0	0.0
6.0	9.3	90.7	LEW	1.3	0.6	0.4
6.3	9.6	90.4		1.6	0.3	0.4
7.0	9.7	90.3		1.7	0.7	1.2
8.4	9.4	90.6		1.4	1.4	2.2
8.7	9.7	90.3		1.7	0.3	0.5
9.6	10.5	89.5	TW	2.5	0.9	1.9
11.2	10.5	89.5		2.5	1.6	4.0
13.6	10.1	89.9		2.1	2.4	5.5
14.7	9.7	90.3		1.7	1.1	2.1
15.6	9.4	90.6	REW	1.4	0.9	1.4
16.2	8.4	91.6		0.4	0.6	0.5
16.5	8.0	92.0	RBKF	0.0	0.3	0.0
17.1	7.5	92.5				
17.4	7.3	92.7				
18.5	7.0	93.0				
21.0	6.8	93.2	RTOB			

sum: 20.1 sq. ft.

BKF Width = 11.1  
 Area = 20.1  
 Max. depth = 2.5  
 Mean Depth = 1.8  
 Width/Depth Ratio = 6.1

X Section Summary Sheet

Rifle X-Section

	Mean	Median	Maximum	Minimum
BKF Width =	16.5	16.5	16.7	16.2
Area =	15.2	15.2	15.5	15
Max. depth =	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.4
FPW =	51.5	51.5	53.0	50
ER =	3.1	3.1	3.3	3
Mean Depth =	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
Width/Depth Ratio =	17.8	17.8	18.0	17.5

Sinuosity = 1.2  
Water Surface Slope = 0.0133  
Stream Type = C1

Pool X-Section

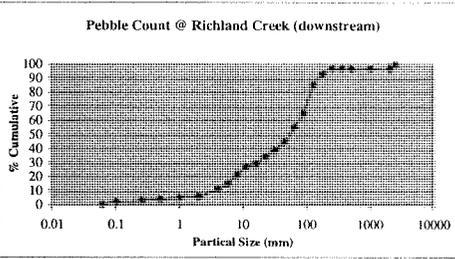
BKF Width =	11.1
Area =	20.1
Max. depth =	2.5
Mean Depth =	1.8
Width/Depth Ratio =	6.1

**REFERENCE TABLE**  
 Stream Name: Richland Creek  
 Location:  
 Purpose: Longitudinal Profile and Cross-section measurements for Corbridge Work  
 Date: 5/25/1999  
 Crew: Jan Clinton, Jan Patterson, Mike O'Rourke, Amy Dorney, Amanda Todd  
 Field Notes: East of Pike LA 1024  
 Watershed Area: 1 sq. miles STREAM TYPE: C2

**Pebble Count**

Site: Richland Creek (downstream)  
 Date: 5/25/1999  
 Party: Amanda Todd, Amy Dorney, & Mike O'Rourke

	Particle Size(mm)	Total #	% Cum.
<b>SAND</b>	Very Fine	2	2
	Fine	1	3
	Medium	1	4
	Course	1	5
	Very Course	1	6
<b>GRAVEL</b>	Very Fine	5	11
	Fine	4	15
	Medium	6	21
	Course	6	27
	Very Course	2	29
	Small	5	34
	Large	5	39
<b>COBBLES</b>	Very Fine	6	45
	Small	10	55
	Large	4	97
	Bedrock	3	100



0.06  
0.1  
0.25  
0.5  
1  
2  
4  
5.7  
8  
11.3  
16  
22.6  
32  
45  
64  
90  
128  
180  
256  
362  
512  
1024  
2048  
2500

D16: 6 mm  
 D50: 45 mm  
 D84: 125 mm  
 \*all numbers extrapolated from data

**Meander Geometry Data**

Site: Richland Creek (downstream)  
 Date: 5/25/1999  
 Party: Amanda Todd, Amy Dorney, Mike O'Rourke, Jan Patterson, & Dan Clinton

**RADIUS OF CURVATURE**

Meander	Rad. Of.		Meander Wavelength	Belt Width	Valley Length
	Mid-Ordinate(M)	Cord Length(C)			
1	0.9	10	90 ft.	29 ft.	217 ft.
2	1.1	15	94 ft.	25 ft.	
3	8	28		40 ft.	
	Mean	19	Mean	31 ft.	
	Median	16	Median	29 ft.	
	Max	26	Max	40 ft.	
	Min	14	Min	25 ft.	

**REFERENCE REACH Summary Data**

REFERENCE REACH SURVEY	
Stream Name:	Rockland Creek
Location:	
Purpose:	Computational Profile and Channel Geometry Measurements for Channel Work
Date:	8/25/1998
Crew:	Dan F. Hooten, Ted Parker, Max, Mike, G. Boushka, Gary Dwyer, Amanda Todd
Fielding Point:	1.475 (D+0)
Waterline Area:	1 sq. meter
STREAM TYPE: C4	

**Channel Dimensions**

	Mean	Median	Min	Max		
Max. Riffle Depth(d <sub>max</sub> )(ft.)	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.5	Max. Pool Depth(d <sub>pmax</sub> )(ft.)	2.5
Riffle Width(W <sub>r</sub> )(ft.)	16.5	16.5	16.2	16.7	Pool Width(W <sub>p</sub> )(ft.)	11.1
Riffle X- Sect. Area(A <sub>r</sub> )(ft <sup>2</sup> )	15.2	15.2	15.0	15.5	Pool X- Sect. Area(A <sub>p</sub> )(ft <sup>2</sup> )	20.1
Riffle Mean Bankfull Depth(d <sub>mbkf</sub> )	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9		

	Mean	Median	Min	Max
Ratio: Max. Pool Depth/Max. Riffle Depth(d <sub>pmax</sub> /d <sub>max</sub> )	1.72	1.72	1.79	1.67
Ratio: Pool Width/Riffle Width(W <sub>p</sub> /W <sub>r</sub> )	0.67	0.67	0.69	0.66
Ratio: Pool Area/Riffle Area(A <sub>p</sub> /A <sub>r</sub> )	1.32	1.32	1.34	1.29
Ratio: Max. Pool Depth/Mean Bankfull Depth(d <sub>pmax</sub> /d <sub>mbkf</sub> )	2.70	2.70	2.78	2.78
Ratio: Lowest Bank Height/Max. Bankfull Depth(B <sub>low</sub> /d <sub>mbkf</sub> )	1			
Streamflow: Estimated Mean Velocity(u) @ Bankfull Stage				ft./sec.
Streamflow: Estimated Discharge(Q) @ Bankfull Stage				CFS

**Channel Pattern**

	Mean	Median	Min	Max
Meander Wavelength(L <sub>m</sub> )	19	16	14	26
Radius of Curvature(R <sub>c</sub> )	92	92	90	94
Beltwidth(W <sub>bt</sub> )	31	29	25	40
Meander Width Ratio(MWR=W <sub>bt</sub> /W <sub>bkf</sub> )	1.90	1.76	1.54	2.40
RATIO: Radius of Curvature/Bankfull Width(R <sub>c</sub> /W <sub>bkf</sub> )	5.59	5.59	5.56	5.63
RATIO: Meander Wavelength/Bankfull Width(L <sub>m</sub> /W <sub>bkf</sub> )	1.15	0.99	0.88	1.56

**Channel Profile**

	Mean	Median	Min	Max
Valley Slope:	0.0136			ft./ft.
Water Surface Slope:	0.0133			ft./ft.
Riffle Slope:	0.0316	0.0388	0.01	0.0393
Pool Slope:	0.0094	0.0002	0.0014	0.0003
Run Slope:	0.0073	0.0073	0.006	0.0082
Glide Slope:	0.0000	0.0000	0.00	0.0000
Riffle Length:	12.4	14.0	6.5	18.0
Pool Length:	27.0	29.8	7.0	41.5
Run Length:	22.3	22.3	19.5	25.0
Glide Length:	10.5	10.5	8.5	12.5
Riffle to Riffle Spacing:	36.5	36.5	35.5	51.3
Pool to Pool Spacing:	76.3	95.8	37.3	95.8
Riffle to Pool Spacing:	18.8	18.4	10.5	27.8
RATIO: Riffle Slope/ Water Surface Slope	2.38	2.91	1.04	2.96
RATIO: Pool Slope/Water Surface Slope	0.03	0.01	0.11	0.03
RATIO: Run Slope/Water Surface Slope	0.55	0.55	0.48	0.62
RATIO: Glide Slope/ Water Surface Slope	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
RATIO: Max. Riffle Depth/Mean Bankfull Depth	1.57			
RATIO: Max. Pool Depth/Mean Bankfull Depth	2.70			
RATIO: Max. Run Depth/Mean Bankfull Depth	n/a			
RATIO: Max. Glide Depth/Mean Bankfull Depth	n/a			
RATIO: Riffle Length/Bankfull Width	0.75	0.85	0.40	1.09
RATIO: Pool Length/Bankfull Width	1.64	1.81	0.43	2.52
RATIO: Run Length/Bankfull Width	1.35	1.35	1.19	1.52
RATIO: Glide Length/Bankfull Width	0.64	0.64	0.52	0.76
RATIO: Riffle to Riffle Spacing/Bankfull Width	2.22	2.22	2.16	3.12
RATIO: Pool to Pool Spacing/Bankfull Width	4.64	5.82	2.26	5.82
RATIO: Riffle to Pool Spacing/Bankfull Width	1.14	1.12	0.64	1.69

D84:	100	mm	Stretch
dmbkf:	282	mm	
dmbkf/D84:	2.82		
u/n*:	5.7		Reference: Rosgen Reference Reach Field Book
Mannings 'n':	0.04		

HEC-RAS Plan: LBC EC River: Little Beaver Cr Reach: Reach 1

Reach	River Sta	Q Total (cfs)	Min Ch El (ft)	W.S. Elev (ft)	Crit W.S. (ft)	E.G. Elev (ft)	E.G. Slope (ft/m)	Vel Chnl (ft/s)	Flow Area (sq ft)	Top Width (ft)	Froude # Chl	Shear Chan (lb/sq ft)	Power Chan (lb/ft s)
Reach 1	50	48.00	291.60	292.81	292.81	293.14	0.027711	4.56	10.53	16.39	1.00	1.09	4.99
Reach 1	50	118.00	291.60	293.36	293.36	293.84	0.025180	5.51	21.42	23.32	1.01	1.42	7.83
Reach 1	50	163.00	291.60	293.62	293.62	294.15	0.024118	5.86	27.83	26.77	1.01	1.54	9.02
Reach 1	50	252.00	291.60	294.06	294.06	294.65	0.018501	6.19	42.41	44.48	0.93	1.57	9.70
Reach 1	49	48.00	290.70	291.85		291.90	0.004416	1.95	24.69	36.18	0.41	0.19	0.38
Reach 1	49	118.00	290.70	292.33		292.43	0.004985	2.65	47.07	57.09	0.46	0.32	0.84
Reach 1	49	163.00	290.70	292.55		292.68	0.005028	2.91	61.02	67.50	0.47	0.36	1.06
Reach 1	49	252.00	290.70	292.88		293.04	0.005223	3.32	86.46	85.25	0.50	0.45	1.48
Reach 1	48	48.00	289.80	290.98	290.85	291.13	0.016954	3.15	15.23	28.59	0.76	0.56	1.75
Reach 1	48	118.00	289.80	291.48	291.29	291.67	0.013315	3.49	33.85	45.61	0.71	0.61	2.13
Reach 1	48	163.00	289.80	291.66	291.47	291.89	0.014719	3.82	42.70	54.20	0.76	0.72	2.74
Reach 1	48	252.00	289.80	291.96	291.76	292.22	0.014775	4.15	60.78	68.49	0.78	0.81	3.37
Reach 1	47	48.00	287.40	288.62	288.62	289.06	0.026868	5.29	9.08	10.67	1.01	1.36	7.17
Reach 1	47	118.00	287.40	289.50	289.50	289.97	0.023275	5.49	21.89	28.36	0.96	1.38	7.59
Reach 1	47	163.00	287.40	289.83	289.83	290.25	0.019377	5.28	34.25	46.72	0.89	1.25	6.61
Reach 1	47	252.00	287.40	290.17	290.17	290.61	0.018461	5.64	52.59	62.18	0.89	1.36	7.68
Reach 1	46	48.00	286.40	287.82		287.84	0.004599	1.44	39.56	90.62	0.37	0.12	0.18
Reach 1	46	118.00	286.40	288.56		288.58	0.000949	1.11	124.00	128.11	0.19	0.06	0.06
Reach 1	46	163.00	286.40	288.89		288.90	0.000747	1.14	168.16	143.41	0.17	0.06	0.06
Reach 1	46	252.00	286.40	289.39		289.41	0.000611	1.20	245.66	164.06	0.16	0.06	0.07
Reach 1	45	48.00	285.80	287.69		287.71	0.000641	1.02	52.25	62.72	0.17	0.05	0.05
Reach 1	45	118.00	285.80	288.49		288.51	0.000564	1.23	112.89	88.35	0.17	0.06	0.07
Reach 1	45	163.00	285.80	288.82		288.84	0.000555	1.36	143.48	96.51	0.17	0.07	0.09
Reach 1	45	252.00	285.80	289.32		289.35	0.000554	1.58	194.81	107.13	0.18	0.08	0.13
Reach 1	44	48.00	284.90	287.42		287.55	0.005004	2.87	17.49	19.28	0.43	0.36	1.02
Reach 1	44	118.00	284.90	288.11		288.35	0.006706	4.08	35.05	31.97	0.52	0.65	2.66
Reach 1	44	163.00	284.90	288.40		288.67	0.007441	4.58	44.94	37.55	0.55	0.79	3.64
Reach 1	44	252.00	284.90	288.82		289.17	0.008747	5.38	64.00	53.71	0.60	1.05	5.67
Reach 1	43	48.00	284.90	286.18	286.18	286.61	0.023645	5.29	9.39	13.22	0.95	1.31	6.95
Reach 1	43	118.00	284.90	286.94	286.94	287.36	0.016016	5.72	27.08	34.99	0.83	1.34	7.67
Reach 1	43	163.00	284.90	287.19	287.19	287.64	0.015760	6.06	37.33	44.55	0.83	1.46	8.85
Reach 1	43	252.00	284.90	287.55	287.55	288.03	0.016080	6.63	55.33	57.38	0.85	1.67	11.10
Reach 1	42	48.00	282.80	285.32		285.37	0.006676	2.36	27.13	45.35	0.42	0.29	0.67
Reach 1	42	118.00	282.80	286.00		286.05	0.003995	2.36	64.42	65.97	0.34	0.25	0.60
Reach 1	42	163.00	282.80	286.26		286.32	0.003953	2.49	84.00	82.82	0.34	0.27	0.68
Reach 1	42	252.00	282.80	286.61		286.69	0.004106	2.73	116.90	103.86	0.36	0.31	0.86
Reach 1	41	48.00	282.50	284.54		284.68	0.005650	3.05	16.73	15.86	0.48	0.40	1.23
Reach 1	41	118.00	282.50	285.21		285.45	0.007394	4.23	36.57	48.57	0.57	0.70	2.98
Reach 1	41	163.00	282.50	285.53		285.76	0.006374	4.29	56.52	73.19	0.54	0.69	2.96
Reach 1	41	252.00	282.50	286.07		286.23	0.004121	4.00	103.11	101.38	0.45	0.56	2.23
Reach 1	40	85.00	281.80	283.67		284.00	0.009805	3.28	30.14	35.47	0.59	0.52	1.69
Reach 1	40	208.00	281.80	284.82		284.94	0.004814	3.23	82.37	76.89	0.46	0.42	1.36
Reach 1	40	286.00	281.80	285.21		285.32	0.003958	3.39	115.92	97.30	0.43	0.43	1.47
Reach 1	40	442.00	281.80	285.80		285.91	0.003148	3.61	179.69	120.10	0.40	0.45	1.61
Reach 1	39	85.00	281.00	283.73		283.76	0.001096	1.45	58.49	43.76	0.22	0.09	0.13
Reach 1	39	208.00	281.00	284.70		284.76	0.000989	1.92	118.28	81.53	0.23	0.13	0.25
Reach 1	39	286.00	281.00	285.09		285.16	0.001002	2.16	154.36	120.36	0.24	0.16	0.34
Reach 1	39	442.00	281.00	285.69		285.76	0.000956	2.42	245.94	174.39	0.24	0.18	0.44
Reach 1	38	85.00	281.20	283.54		283.61	0.002125	2.19	39.82	29.41	0.32	0.19	0.42
Reach 1	38	208.00	281.20	284.45		284.60	0.002617	3.17	70.30	39.04	0.37	0.35	1.11
Reach 1	38	286.00	281.20	284.78		284.98	0.003063	3.75	84.16	45.91	0.41	0.47	1.77
Reach 1	38	442.00	281.20	285.25		285.57	0.003899	4.74	109.84	68.08	0.48	0.71	3.37
Reach 1	37	85.00	281.20	283.43		283.46	0.001029	1.34	63.50	52.12	0.21	0.08	0.10
Reach 1	37	208.00	281.20	284.39		284.44	0.000926	1.79	116.78	61.67	0.22	0.12	0.21
Reach 1	37	286.00	281.20	284.72		284.79	0.001047	2.11	138.91	70.31	0.24	0.15	0.32
Reach 1	37	442.00	281.20	285.21		285.32	0.001308	2.66	176.02	84.06	0.28	0.23	0.61
Reach 1	36	85.00	279.50	283.32	282.12	283.35	0.001317	1.72	60.21	50.71	0.24	0.12	0.20
Reach 1	36	208.00	279.50	284.28		284.33	0.001339	2.11	120.51	74.71	0.25	0.16	0.34
Reach 1	36	286.00	279.50	284.60		284.67	0.001487	2.44	146.02	82.94	0.27	0.21	0.50
Reach 1	36	442.00	279.50	285.07		285.17	0.001833	3.03	185.61	88.51	0.31	0.30	0.92
Reach 1	35	85.00	280.20	282.82	282.36	283.04	0.009158	3.73	22.77	17.68	0.58	0.60	2.23
Reach 1	35	208.00	280.20	283.78	283.33	284.02	0.007373	4.12	59.94	61.19	0.58	0.67	2.78
Reach 1	35	286.00	280.20	284.11	283.69	284.35	0.006618	4.31	84.26	90.33	0.56	0.70	3.03
Reach 1	35	442.00	280.20	284.52	284.13	284.80	0.006495	4.88	128.39	130.10	0.58	0.84	4.12
Reach 1	34	85.00	279.20	281.22		281.76	0.021221	5.88	14.46	11.11	0.91	1.50	8.82
Reach 1	34	208.00	279.20	282.27	282.27	282.84	0.020148	6.17	36.02	33.54	0.92	1.59	9.82
Reach 1	34	286.00	279.20	282.56	282.56	283.23	0.020693	6.77	46.56	40.57	0.96	1.84	12.48
Reach 1	34	442.00	279.20	283.14	283.14	283.79	0.016173	6.87	76.70	62.36	0.88	1.77	12.18
Reach 1	33	85.00	279.00	281.37		281.39	0.000726	1.33	73.60	57.54	0.19	0.07	0.09
Reach 1	33	208.00	279.00	282.06		282.12	0.001285	2.05	116.76	66.90	0.25	0.15	0.31

HEC-DAS Plan: IBC EC River: Little Beaver Cr. Reach: Reach 1 (Continued)

Reach	River Sta	Q Total (cfs)	Min Ch El (ft)	W.S. Elev (ft)	Crit W.S. (ft)	E.G. Elev (ft)	E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	Vel Chnl (ft/s)	Flow Area (sq ft)	Top Width (ft)	Froude # Chl	Shear Chan (lb/sq ft)	Power Chan (lb/ft s)
Reach 1	33	286.00	279.00	282.33		282.41	0.001605	2.44	134.87	70.23	0.29	0.21	0.52
Reach 1	33	442.00	279.00	282.73		282.85	0.002239	3.11	163.91	75.26	0.35	0.33	1.03
Reach 1	32	85.00	278.70	281.22		281.28	0.002592	2.03	48.45	59.33	0.33	0.18	0.37
Reach 1	32	208.00	278.70	281.84		281.93	0.003290	2.68	95.00	91.33	0.39	0.29	0.78
Reach 1	32	286.00	278.70	282.06		282.18	0.003865	3.04	116.83	107.15	0.43	0.36	1.11
Reach 1	32	442.00	278.70	282.40		282.55	0.004673	3.57	156.17	129.03	0.48	0.49	1.73
Reach 1	31	85.00	278.90	280.43	280.43	280.72	0.020915	4.56	21.94	38.67	0.88	1.02	4.66
Reach 1	31	208.00	278.90	280.98		281.28	0.020986	4.90	51.40	72.85	0.90	1.14	5.58
Reach 1	31	286.00	278.90	281.29		281.52	0.015519	4.40	77.96	100.61	0.78	0.90	3.96
Reach 1	31	442.00	278.90	281.70		281.91	0.010743	4.29	124.56	126.13	0.68	0.79	3.37
Reach 1	30	85.00	277.80	279.54	279.10	279.61	0.004006	2.59	44.19	50.77	0.40	0.29	0.75
Reach 1	30	208.00	277.80	280.19	279.55	280.31	0.004641	3.38	81.71	64.76	0.44	0.45	1.51
Reach 1	30	286.00	277.80	280.47	279.76	280.61	0.005162	3.80	100.40	72.56	0.48	0.55	2.08
Reach 1	30	442.00	277.80	280.92		281.11	0.005541	4.33	135.53	82.56	0.50	0.68	2.94
Reach 1	29	85.00	276.70	278.66		278.89	0.017945	4.02	22.69	34.21	0.81	0.81	3.26
Reach 1	29	208.00	276.70	279.30		279.59	0.013785	4.49	51.32	54.77	0.76	0.90	4.04
Reach 1	29	286.00	276.70	279.67		279.93	0.010417	4.34	73.22	65.31	0.68	0.80	3.46
Reach 1	29	442.00	276.70	280.22		280.48	0.007978	4.39	112.97	81.21	0.62	0.76	3.32
Reach 1	28	85.00	276.70	278.67		278.68	0.000352	0.71	120.01	116.12	0.12	0.02	0.02
Reach 1	28	208.00	276.70	279.32		279.34	0.000457	1.03	201.99	135.59	0.15	0.04	0.04
Reach 1	28	286.00	276.70	279.67		279.69	0.000461	1.14	250.40	144.93	0.15	0.05	0.06
Reach 1	28	442.00	276.70	280.22		280.25	0.000463	1.32	336.67	165.26	0.16	0.06	0.08
Reach 1	27	130.00	276.60	278.18	278.18	278.51	0.020068	4.68	29.32	57.06	0.89	1.05	4.91
Reach 1	27	320.00	276.60	278.99		279.19	0.010951	3.72	95.71	110.11	0.67	0.64	2.38
Reach 1	27	440.00	276.60	279.40		279.55	0.006604	3.27	145.78	130.34	0.54	0.47	1.52
Reach 1	27	680.00	276.60	279.99		280.13	0.004176	3.17	231.32	157.21	0.45	0.40	1.26
Reach 1	26	130.00	274.60	277.97		277.99	0.000601	1.07	128.43	116.39	0.16	0.05	0.05
Reach 1	26	320.00	274.60	278.97		279.00	0.000466	1.37	259.39	140.91	0.16	0.07	0.09
Reach 1	26	440.00	274.60	279.36		279.39	0.000503	1.58	315.28	151.58	0.17	0.08	0.13
Reach 1	26	680.00	274.60	279.92		279.97	0.000594	1.95	406.60	174.29	0.19	0.12	0.23
Reach 1	25	130.00	275.00	277.13	277.13	277.73	0.023667	6.24	20.82	17.21	1.00	1.69	10.53
Reach 1	25	320.00	275.00	278.18	278.18	278.79	0.019046	6.32	52.70	54.19	0.94	1.63	10.30
Reach 1	25	440.00	275.00	278.57	278.57	279.19	0.014405	6.48	78.78	79.92	0.85	1.57	10.19
Reach 1	25	680.00	275.00	279.06	279.06	279.74	0.012627	7.11	122.31	99.32	0.83	1.75	12.44
Reach 1	24	130.00	273.60	275.55		275.73	0.008102	3.48	37.33	34.71	0.59	0.54	1.87
Reach 1	24	320.00	273.60	276.44		276.74	0.007460	4.40	72.70	44.68	0.61	0.75	3.29
Reach 1	24	440.00	273.60	276.82		277.19	0.007533	4.85	90.66	48.43	0.63	0.87	4.21
Reach 1	24	680.00	273.60	277.43		277.91	0.007804	5.56	122.35	55.09	0.65	1.07	5.97
Reach 1	23	130.00	272.80	276.17		275.24	0.002413	2.26	64.25	56.82	0.34	0.21	0.47
Reach 1	23	320.00	272.80	276.15		276.26	0.002166	2.87	129.35	78.42	0.34	0.29	0.83
Reach 1	23	440.00	272.80	276.56		276.69	0.002163	3.22	163.14	86.64	0.35	0.34	1.10
Reach 1	23	680.00	272.80	277.22		277.40	0.002179	3.76	225.64	109.75	0.37	0.43	1.63
Reach 1	22	130.00	271.50	274.70		274.90	0.004619	3.66	40.84	37.00	0.43	0.50	1.84
Reach 1	22	320.00	271.50	275.45		275.85	0.007981	5.60	75.24	56.36	0.57	1.09	6.12
Reach 1	22	440.00	271.50	275.74		276.25	0.009472	6.50	92.90	64.10	0.63	1.42	9.25
Reach 1	22	680.00	271.50	276.33		276.94	0.010244	7.54	144.30	132.56	0.68	1.82	13.71
Reach 1	21	130.00	271.90	274.03		274.23	0.008525	3.64	38.41	55.55	0.61	0.58	2.12
Reach 1	21	320.00	271.90	275.07		275.19	0.003803	3.13	130.48	119.50	0.43	0.38	1.19
Reach 1	21	440.00	271.90	275.57		275.67	0.002361	2.95	195.50	136.55	0.36	0.31	0.91
Reach 1	21	680.00	271.90	276.34		276.43	0.001580	2.97	308.03	157.72	0.31	0.28	0.83
Reach 1	20	130.00	270.90	273.61	272.69	273.72	0.003976	2.67	48.70	38.40	0.42	0.30	0.81
Reach 1	20	320.00	270.90	274.73	273.63	274.90	0.002893	3.37	98.52	54.20	0.39	0.40	1.34
Reach 1	20	440.00	270.90	275.25	273.94	275.45	0.002628	3.68	131.37	72.18	0.39	0.44	1.63
Reach 1	20	680.00	270.90	276.00	274.50	276.25	0.002514	4.22	190.64	85.64	0.39	0.53	2.25
Reach 1	19	130.00	270.50	272.75		273.08	0.010088	4.58	28.40	20.16	0.68	0.86	3.92
Reach 1	19	320.00	270.50	273.61		274.28	0.014395	6.55	49.99	31.20	0.85	1.60	10.49
Reach 1	19	440.00	270.50	273.89	273.89	274.81	0.018146	7.74	59.12	35.35	0.97	2.18	16.87
Reach 1	19	680.00	270.50	274.63	274.63	275.63	0.016301	8.24	89.19	46.26	0.94	2.33	19.18
Reach 1	18	130.00	270.00	272.89		272.90	0.000269	0.97	173.73	99.44	0.11	0.03	0.03
Reach 1	18	320.00	270.00	273.94		273.96	0.000415	1.46	313.26	170.63	0.15	0.07	0.10
Reach 1	18	440.00	270.00	274.36		274.39	0.000429	1.63	389.24	184.67	0.15	0.08	0.13
Reach 1	18	680.00	270.00	275.04		275.07	0.000458	1.89	519.25	202.44	0.16	0.11	0.20
Reach 1	17	130.00	269.60	272.68		272.82	0.003502	3.03	42.87	25.65	0.41	0.35	1.07
Reach 1	17	320.00	269.60	273.56		273.83	0.005041	4.32	88.70	75.29	0.52	0.66	2.86
Reach 1	17	440.00	269.60	273.98		274.26	0.004766	4.53	123.79	90.40	0.51	0.70	3.16
Reach 1	17	680.00	269.60	274.68	273.93	274.94	0.004076	4.63	194.44	110.87	0.48	0.69	3.21
Reach 1	16	130.00	270.60	271.75	271.75	272.17	0.025589	5.15	25.24	31.08	1.01	1.29	6.64
Reach 1	16	320.00	270.60	272.71	272.45	273.15	0.012836	5.35	59.80	41.31	0.78	1.15	6.15
Reach 1	16	440.00	270.60	273.06		273.59	0.012775	5.89	74.72	44.51	0.80	1.32	7.80
Reach 1	16	680.00	270.60	273.69		274.34	0.011846	6.47	105.10	51.32	0.80	1.50	9.69

HEC-DAS Pipe IBC EC River Little Roanoke Cr. Reach: Reach 1 (Continued)

Reach	River Sta	Q Total (cfs)	Min Ch El. (ft)	W.S. Elev (ft)	Crit W.S. (ft)	E.G. Elev. (ft)	E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	Vel Chnl. (ft/s)	Flow Area (sq ft)	Top Width (ft)	Froude # CH	Shear Chan (lb/sq ft)	Power Chan (lb/ft s)
Reach 1	15	130.00	268.00	270.76		270.95	0.004778	3.54	36.71	21.72	0.48	0.48	1.71
Reach 1	15	320.00	268.00	272.13		272.32	0.004188	3.75	104.55	83.10	0.46	0.51	1.91
Reach 1	15	440.00	268.00	272.74		272.88	0.002959	3.37	158.54	93.67	0.40	0.40	1.34
Reach 1	16	680.00	268.00	273.59		273.73	0.002048	3.44	251.11	126.42	0.35	0.37	1.29
Reach 1	14	130.00	267.10	270.51		270.61	0.002355	2.58	50.45	27.21	0.33	0.25	0.65
Reach 1	14	320.00	267.10	271.81		271.99	0.002875	3.46	92.58	37.86	0.39	0.41	1.42
Reach 1	14	440.00	267.10	272.35		272.58	0.003098	3.85	114.40	42.31	0.41	0.49	1.89
Reach 1	14	680.00	267.10	273.15		273.46	0.003393	4.52	151.50	52.37	0.44	0.64	2.89
Reach 1	13	130.00	267.00	270.06		270.27	0.005866	3.70	35.09	22.68	0.52	0.54	2.02
Reach 1	13	320.00	267.00	271.22		271.58	0.006527	4.82	66.42	31.38	0.58	0.83	3.99
Reach 1	13	440.00	267.00	271.68		272.13	0.007156	5.38	81.79	35.11	0.62	1.00	5.38
Reach 1	13	680.00	267.00	272.30		272.96	0.008110	6.52	104.93	40.62	0.68	1.38	8.99
Reach 1	12	130.00	266.30	269.90		269.96	0.001429	1.96	66.39	38.66	0.26	0.15	0.29
Reach 1	12	320.00	266.30	271.10		271.21	0.001673	2.66	120.52	51.61	0.30	0.24	0.64
Reach 1	12	440.00	266.30	271.59		271.73	0.001707	3.03	147.05	58.47	0.31	0.30	0.90
Reach 1	12	680.00	266.30	272.24		272.46	0.002014	3.77	188.28	67.89	0.35	0.43	1.62
Reach 1	11	130.00	266.00	269.81		269.85	0.000960	1.59	81.61	48.90	0.22	0.10	0.16
Reach 1	11	320.00	266.00	271.00		271.07	0.001133	2.14	149.59	69.23	0.25	0.16	0.34
Reach 1	11	440.00	266.00	271.49		271.58	0.001110	2.41	189.36	96.56	0.25	0.19	0.45
Reach 1	11	680.00	266.00	272.15		272.27	0.001200	2.89	264.54	125.43	0.27	0.25	0.73
Reach 1	10	130.00	266.10	269.74		269.77	0.000589	1.33	97.47	53.54	0.17	0.07	0.09
Reach 1	10	320.00	266.10	270.91		270.96	0.000867	1.81	177.22	82.77	0.22	0.11	0.21
Reach 1	10	440.00	266.10	271.39		271.45	0.000962	2.00	219.55	94.89	0.23	0.14	0.28
Reach 1	10	680.00	266.10	272.05		272.14	0.001010	2.39	287.77	112.27	0.25	0.18	0.43
Reach 1	9	130.00	265.80	269.68		269.71	0.000450	1.28	102.55	55.08	0.15	0.06	0.08
Reach 1	9	320.00	265.80	270.83		270.88	0.000666	1.91	182.39	83.54	0.20	0.12	0.22
Reach 1	9	440.00	265.80	271.29		271.36	0.000755	2.21	222.63	90.57	0.21	0.15	0.33
Reach 1	9	680.00	265.80	271.93		272.04	0.000983	2.77	297.93	146.33	0.25	0.23	0.63
Reach 1	8	130.00	264.70	269.62		269.66	0.000576	1.67	92.53	44.27	0.17	0.09	0.15
Reach 1	8	320.00	264.70	270.73		270.81	0.000922	2.55	171.32	116.41	0.23	0.20	0.50
Reach 1	8	440.00	264.70	271.19		271.28	0.000993	2.85	233.13	155.88	0.24	0.24	0.67
Reach 1	8	680.00	264.70	271.83		271.95	0.001150	3.37	348.83	228.15	0.27	0.31	1.06
Reach 1	7	130.00	265.60	269.38	268.10	269.53	0.002948	3.08	43.83	29.61	0.37	0.35	1.07
Reach 1	7	320.00	265.60	270.26	269.33	270.58	0.005179	4.74	81.11	54.75	0.51	0.76	3.61
Reach 1	7	440.00	265.60	270.64	269.98	271.02	0.005975	5.35	103.47	65.59	0.56	0.95	5.07
Reach 1	7	680.00	265.60	271.20	270.71	271.65	0.006887	6.09	153.97	130.84	0.61	1.20	7.28
Reach 1	6	130.00	267.00	268.50	268.50	268.80	0.023548	5.16	32.07	48.49	0.96	1.26	6.52
Reach 1	6	320.00	267.00	269.02	269.02	269.47	0.026173	6.27	62.88	66.62	1.05	1.74	10.91
Reach 1	6	440.00	267.00	269.23	269.23	269.78	0.027250	6.81	77.23	70.01	1.09	1.99	13.58
Reach 1	6	680.00	267.00	269.62	269.62	270.29	0.026347	7.43	105.73	76.92	1.10	2.25	16.69
Reach 1	5	130.00	264.00	266.25		266.41	0.005249	3.22	42.47	35.71	0.49	0.43	1.39
Reach 1	5	320.00	264.00	267.54		267.72	0.003452	3.50	99.04	52.11	0.42	0.44	1.53
Reach 1	5	440.00	264.00	268.09		268.29	0.003244	3.69	129.57	59.68	0.42	0.47	1.73
Reach 1	5	680.00	264.00	268.88		269.12	0.003322	4.16	183.45	78.29	0.44	0.56	2.33
Reach 1	4	130.00	263.20	265.97		266.08	0.002412	2.70	50.71	34.99	0.34	0.27	0.79
Reach 1	4	320.00	263.20	267.30		267.45	0.002352	3.29	117.71	67.53	0.35	0.36	1.19
Reach 1	4	440.00	263.20	267.87		268.03	0.002285	3.42	160.04	82.12	0.35	0.38	1.30
Reach 1	4	680.00	263.20	269.70		268.85	0.002171	3.58	242.32	111.74	0.34	0.40	1.44
Reach 1	3	130.00	262.30	265.74	265.09	266.00	0.007509	4.07	31.95	20.72	0.58	0.67	2.71
Reach 1	3	320.00	262.30	266.96	266.21	267.35	0.007506	5.03	63.68	30.47	0.61	0.91	4.59
Reach 1	3	440.00	262.30	267.46	266.67	267.92	0.007500	5.49	82.27	44.29	0.63	1.05	5.74
Reach 1	3	680.00	262.30	268.17	267.48	268.74	0.007500	6.21	120.16	68.23	0.65	1.26	7.80

HEC-RAS Plan: LBC PC River: Little Beaver Cr Reach: Reach 1

Reach	River Sta	Q Total (cfs)	Min Ch El (ft)	W.S. Elev (ft)	Crit W.S (ft)	E.G. Elev (ft)	E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	Vol Chnl (ft/s)	Flow Area (sq ft)	Top Width (ft)	Froude # Chl	Shear Chan (lb/sq ft)	Power Chan (lb/ft s)
Reach 1	50	48.00	290.00	292.21		292.32	0.004210	2.68	18.92	23.26	0.43	0.31	0.83
Reach 1	50	118.00	290.00	292.81		293.02	0.005391	3.95	36.12	31.87	0.51	0.59	2.32
Reach 1	50	163.00	290.00	293.02		293.32	0.006540	4.69	43.13	33.80	0.58	0.80	3.73
Reach 1	50	252.00	290.00	293.35		293.80	0.008424	5.88	54.83	37.04	0.67	1.19	6.99
Reach 1	49	48.00	289.60	291.49		291.70	0.011580	3.69	13.03	14.03	0.67	0.64	2.36
Reach 1	49	118.00	289.60	292.03		292.33	0.010812	4.77	32.80	49.89	0.70	0.93	4.41
Reach 1	49	163.00	289.60	292.27		292.58	0.009749	5.02	45.71	57.08	0.68	0.97	4.89
Reach 1	49	252.00	289.60	292.66		292.97	0.008440	5.36	70.00	68.96	0.66	1.04	5.55
Reach 1	48	48.00	288.60	290.63	290.23	290.79	0.007341	3.15	15.84	38.08	0.55	0.45	1.44
Reach 1	48	118.00	288.60	291.09	290.95	291.35	0.009075	4.48	34.15	42.10	0.65	0.81	3.62
Reach 1	48	163.00	288.60	291.27	291.16	291.60	0.010211	5.14	42.02	43.66	0.70	1.02	5.24
Reach 1	48	252.00	288.60	291.60	291.46	292.02	0.010868	5.97	57.20	47.47	0.74	1.30	7.77
Reach 1	47	48.00	287.30	288.94	288.94	289.33	0.028453	4.99	9.62	12.96	1.02	1.26	6.30
Reach 1	47	118.00	287.30	289.69	289.69	290.09	0.014220	5.35	27.08	42.54	0.80	1.18	6.30
Reach 1	47	163.00	287.30	289.94	289.94	290.35	0.012447	5.50	39.73	54.21	0.77	1.22	6.85
Reach 1	47	252.00	287.30	290.27	290.27	290.73	0.012289	6.27	59.39	66.95	0.79	1.44	9.05
Reach 1	46	48.00	286.80	288.96		288.96	0.000080	0.36	148.16	152.14	0.06	0.01	0.00
Reach 1	46	118.00	286.80	289.42		289.43	0.000169	0.65	222.24	166.49	0.09	0.02	0.01
Reach 1	46	163.00	286.80	289.64		289.65	0.000212	0.79	259.34	173.39	0.10	0.02	0.02
Reach 1	46	252.00	286.80	290.01		290.02	0.000277	1.02	327.48	208.66	0.12	0.04	0.04
Reach 1	45	48.00	286.70	288.84		288.93	0.004106	2.53	28.21	97.19	0.42	0.29	0.71
Reach 1	45	118.00	286.70	289.32		289.38	0.002667	2.57	77.36	107.20	0.35	0.26	0.67
Reach 1	45	163.00	286.70	289.53		289.60	0.002500	2.70	100.33	111.45	0.35	0.27	0.74
Reach 1	45	252.00	286.70	289.88		289.95	0.002336	2.92	139.83	118.41	0.35	0.30	0.89
Reach 1	44	48.00	286.10	287.94		288.18	0.013440	3.88	12.37	13.78	0.72	0.72	2.78
Reach 1	44	118.00	286.10	288.45	288.45	288.80	0.013497	5.12	30.54	48.67	0.77	1.09	5.58
Reach 1	44	163.00	286.10	288.65	288.65	289.04	0.013185	5.56	41.22	56.43	0.78	1.22	6.80
Reach 1	44	252.00	286.10	288.92	288.92	289.40	0.014519	6.47	57.33	64.84	0.84	1.58	10.20
Reach 1	43	48.00	285.20	287.07	286.81	287.28	0.010858	3.61	13.28	13.95	0.65	0.61	2.21
Reach 1	43	118.00	285.20	287.53	287.53	287.78	0.010635	4.56	39.79	80.39	0.69	0.86	3.94
Reach 1	43	163.00	285.20	287.67	287.67	287.95	0.011495	5.06	51.29	84.72	0.72	1.03	5.20
Reach 1	43	252.00	285.20	287.87	287.87	288.22	0.013396	5.93	68.70	90.06	0.80	1.35	8.04
Reach 1	42	48.00	284.20	285.58	285.45	285.73	0.018553	3.27	15.59	25.94	0.78	0.60	1.97
Reach 1	42	118.00	284.20	286.16	285.86	286.37	0.013591	4.13	32.89	36.05	0.74	0.79	3.27
Reach 1	42	163.00	284.20	286.42		286.58	0.009985	4.12	58.60	114.62	0.65	0.73	3.01
Reach 1	42	252.00	284.20	286.84		286.95	0.005320	3.66	110.58	130.50	0.50	0.52	1.91
Reach 1	41	48.00	283.00	285.05		285.10	0.003225	2.11	26.21	39.07	0.36	0.20	0.43
Reach 1	41	118.00	283.00	285.67		285.77	0.003436	2.98	55.14	54.17	0.40	0.34	1.02
Reach 1	41	163.00	283.00	285.97		286.08	0.003290	3.24	72.09	60.97	0.41	0.39	1.25
Reach 1	41	252.00	283.00	286.47		286.59	0.002967	3.58	106.02	74.67	0.40	0.44	1.56
Reach 1	40	85.00	282.70	284.91		284.93	0.001151	1.39	74.21	88.53	0.22	0.08	0.12
Reach 1	40	208.00	282.70	285.49		285.53	0.001692	2.18	131.55	105.94	0.29	0.18	0.39
Reach 1	40	286.00	282.70	285.78		285.83	0.001805	2.49	163.48	113.73	0.30	0.22	0.56
Reach 1	40	442.00	282.70	286.29		286.35	0.001799	2.88	224.48	126.05	0.31	0.28	0.80
Reach 1	39	85.00	282.00	284.41		284.54	0.005288	3.24	39.69	98.20	0.49	0.43	1.40
Reach 1	39	208.00	282.00	285.05		285.14	0.003018	3.16	110.26	118.57	0.39	0.36	1.14
Reach 1	39	286.00	282.00	285.41		285.49	0.002219	3.02	153.31	120.91	0.35	0.31	0.95
Reach 1	39	442.00	282.00	285.97		286.05	0.001732	3.07	222.53	124.37	0.32	0.30	0.93
Reach 1	38	85.00	281.50	284.10		284.18	0.002739	2.50	58.15	126.49	0.36	0.25	0.62
Reach 1	38	208.00	281.50	284.93		284.96	0.001024	2.04	172.10	154.90	0.23	0.14	0.29
Reach 1	38	286.00	281.50	285.32		285.35	0.000816	2.01	236.36	175.06	0.21	0.13	0.27
Reach 1	38	442.00	281.50	285.90		285.93	0.000701	2.12	347.28	205.47	0.20	0.14	0.29
Reach 1	37	85.00	281.20	283.12	283.12	283.62	0.025457	5.88	14.97	15.29	1.01	1.49	8.46
Reach 1	37	208.00	281.20	284.02	284.02	284.69	0.015571	6.73	35.09	32.05	0.88	1.70	11.44
Reach 1	37	286.00	281.20	284.41	284.41	285.11	0.013396	7.10	48.86	36.86	0.84	1.77	12.59
Reach 1	37	442.00	281.20	285.04	285.04	285.73	0.010565	7.44	82.78	76.78	0.78	1.79	13.33
Reach 1	36	85.00	280.50	282.55		282.58	0.001215	1.31	69.61	58.14	0.22	0.09	0.10
Reach 1	36	208.00	280.50	283.30		283.35	0.001555	2.08	121.61	83.60	0.28	0.16	0.34
Reach 1	36	286.00	280.50	283.63		283.69	0.001710	2.44	150.47	93.99	0.30	0.21	0.52
Reach 1	36	442.00	280.50	284.09		284.18	0.002019	3.03	196.32	102.97	0.33	0.31	0.93
Reach 1	35	85.00	280.00	282.43		282.48	0.001962	1.95	51.91	46.64	0.30	0.16	0.31
Reach 1	35	208.00	280.00	283.12		283.22	0.002779	3.05	92.85	71.72	0.38	0.34	1.03
Reach 1	35	286.00	280.00	283.41		283.53	0.003239	3.60	115.23	85.28	0.42	0.45	1.62
Reach 1	35	442.00	280.00	283.92		284.00	0.003889	4.40	154.64	104.74	0.47	0.64	2.80
Reach 1	34	85.00	280.00	282.00		282.13	0.007928	3.27	32.14	40.13	0.57	0.49	1.59
Reach 1	34	208.00	280.00	282.56	282.24	282.77	0.008741	4.46	64.34	75.73	0.64	0.79	3.54
Reach 1	34	286.00	280.00	282.80	282.48	283.04	0.008826	4.93	83.97	90.11	0.66	0.93	4.57
Reach 1	34	442.00	280.00	283.15	282.84	283.45	0.008989	5.64	120.08	108.74	0.68	1.14	6.40
Reach 1	33	85.00	279.80	281.42	281.06	281.49	0.007137	2.40	41.38	61.04	0.51	0.30	0.71
Reach 1	33	208.00	279.80	281.92	281.46	282.05	0.008339	3.44	76.07	79.84	0.59	0.53	1.83

HFC-DAS-Plan-LRC-DC-Diver-Little-Beaver-Cr-Reach-Reach-1 (Continued)

Reach	River Sta	Q Total (cfs)	Min Ch El (ft)	W.S. Elev (ft)	Crit. W.S. (ft)	E.G. Elev (ft)	E.G. Slope (ft/ft)	Vel Chnl (ft/s)	Flow Area (sq ft)	Top Width (ft)	Froude # Chl	Shear Chan (lb/sq ft)	Power Chan (lb/ft s)
Reach 1	33	286.00	279.80	282.14	281.64	282.29	0.008901	3.94	94.41	91.37	0.62	0.66	2.61
Reach 1	33	442.00	279.80	282.48	281.96	282.68	0.008940	4.66	128.62	108.19	0.65	0.85	3.98
Reach 1	32	85.00	278.60	279.90	279.79	280.11	0.024354	3.48	23.41	36.70	0.89	0.71	2.45
Reach 1	32	208.00	278.60	280.52	280.76	280.76	0.015754	4.42	53.33	65.64	0.79	0.91	4.01
Reach 1	32	286.00	278.60	280.79	280.79	281.04	0.013804	4.67	72.04	72.43	0.76	0.95	4.44
Reach 1	32	442.00	278.60	281.21	281.21	281.49	0.012249	5.40	109.65	96.97	0.76	1.15	6.22
Reach 1	31	85.00	277.10	279.41		279.46	0.002604	2.11	52.81	59.33	0.33	0.19	0.40
Reach 1	31	208.00	277.10	280.11		280.18	0.002513	2.80	109.31	110.96	0.35	0.29	0.81
Reach 1	31	286.00	277.10	280.43		280.51	0.002310	2.97	149.30	150.69	0.35	0.31	0.92
Reach 1	31	442.00	277.10	281.01		281.07	0.001620	2.90	257.52	198.16	0.30	0.27	0.79
Reach 1	30	85.00	276.90	279.08		279.21	0.006532	3.24	32.78	53.42	0.53	0.46	1.48
Reach 1	30	208.00	276.90	279.81		279.96	0.004749	3.82	86.74	93.61	0.49	0.54	2.06
Reach 1	30	286.00	276.90	280.22		280.33	0.003188	3.56	124.99	97.76	0.41	0.44	1.58
Reach 1	30	442.00	276.90	280.83		280.95	0.002340	3.57	187.33	104.84	0.37	0.41	1.46
Reach 1	29	85.00	276.70	278.82		278.85	0.002062	1.77	60.02	62.63	0.29	0.14	0.25
Reach 1	29	208.00	276.70	279.62		279.67	0.001692	2.30	129.00	103.70	0.29	0.19	0.45
Reach 1	29	286.00	276.70	280.08		280.12	0.001340	2.35	178.67	114.31	0.27	0.19	0.45
Reach 1	29	442.00	276.70	280.72		280.78	0.001130	2.54	256.79	126.21	0.26	0.20	0.52
Reach 1	28	85.00	276.20	277.97	277.97	278.36	0.026631	5.32	17.74	22.41	1.01	1.37	7.27
Reach 1	28	208.00	276.20	278.98		279.33	0.010395	5.33	49.62	48.94	0.71	1.08	5.78
Reach 1	28	286.00	276.20	279.65		279.89	0.005268	4.71	92.40	99.93	0.53	0.76	3.58
Reach 1	28	442.00	276.20	280.51		280.63	0.002356	3.85	214.82	172.94	0.38	0.46	1.77
Reach 1	27	85.00	274.70	277.91		277.92	0.000326	1.08	121.58	104.68	0.13	0.04	0.04
Reach 1	27	208.00	274.70	279.16		279.17	0.000215	1.19	289.25	161.68	0.11	0.04	0.05
Reach 1	27	286.00	274.70	279.76		279.77	0.000190	1.25	399.06	204.20	0.11	0.04	0.06
Reach 1	27	442.00	274.70	280.54		280.56	0.000174	1.34	574.27	235.09	0.11	0.05	0.07
Reach 1	26	130.00	274.70	277.48		277.78	0.007274	4.46	32.39	30.67	0.59	0.76	3.38
Reach 1	26	320.00	274.70	278.88		279.08	0.003007	4.24	121.28	100.84	0.42	0.56	2.39
Reach 1	26	440.00	274.70	279.58		279.70	0.001800	3.75	212.60	146.19	0.34	0.41	1.54
Reach 1	26	680.00	274.70	280.40		280.50	0.001295	3.62	342.66	172.10	0.30	0.36	1.30
Reach 1	25	130.00	274.20	277.44		277.62	0.003533	3.47	39.55	23.22	0.42	0.43	1.51
Reach 1	25	320.00	274.20	278.58		278.97	0.004394	5.19	71.97	36.31	0.51	0.84	4.35
Reach 1	25	440.00	274.20	279.14		279.60	0.004477	5.82	94.59	51.40	0.53	1.00	5.82
Reach 1	25	680.00	274.20	279.86		280.40	0.004651	6.66	163.99	133.17	0.55	1.24	8.26
Reach 1	24	130.00	273.90	277.28		277.35	0.001845	2.41	68.89	46.25	0.30	0.21	0.52
Reach 1	24	320.00	273.90	278.53		278.65	0.001623	3.14	132.67	58.99	0.31	0.31	0.97
Reach 1	24	440.00	273.90	279.10		279.25	0.001794	3.68	169.25	79.01	0.33	0.40	1.47
Reach 1	24	680.00	273.90	279.77		280.00	0.002392	4.73	245.84	143.66	0.39	0.63	2.97
Reach 1	23	130.00	273.80	277.10		277.18	0.001897	2.41	65.34	45.17	0.31	0.22	0.52
Reach 1	23	320.00	273.80	278.38		278.50	0.001663	3.17	155.32	107.23	0.31	0.31	1.00
Reach 1	23	440.00	273.80	279.00		279.10	0.001282	3.13	229.59	134.27	0.28	0.29	0.91
Reach 1	23	680.00	273.80	279.69		279.80	0.001293	3.52	333.18	168.27	0.29	0.34	1.21
Reach 1	22	130.00	273.70	276.06	276.06	276.66	0.024043	6.24	20.84	17.71	1.01	1.69	10.55
Reach 1	22	320.00	273.70	277.05	277.05	278.02	0.019643	7.87	40.87	22.16	0.99	2.28	17.94
Reach 1	22	440.00	273.70	277.53	277.53	278.69	0.017726	8.65	51.86	24.85	0.98	2.56	22.15
Reach 1	22	680.00	273.70	278.82	278.82	279.49	0.006990	7.21	144.65	129.01	0.66	1.54	11.14
Reach 1	21	130.00	272.20	274.28		274.40	0.008620	3.16	47.18	63.96	0.58	0.47	1.49
Reach 1	21	320.00	272.20	275.35		275.44	0.003645	2.84	140.71	106.22	0.41	0.32	0.92
Reach 1	21	440.00	272.20	275.82		275.90	0.002866	2.47	193.77	121.13	0.38	0.25	0.61
Reach 1	21	680.00	272.20	276.53		276.61	0.002209	2.55	287.90	140.35	0.33	0.24	0.62
Reach 1	20	130.00	270.40	273.33	272.76	273.58	0.007213	4.02	32.35	21.30	0.57	0.65	2.60
Reach 1	20	320.00	270.40	274.37	273.76	274.86	0.009743	5.62	57.86	37.75	0.67	1.12	6.31
Reach 1	20	440.00	270.40	274.84	274.25	275.40	0.008158	6.12	80.12	53.46	0.67	1.26	7.89
Reach 1	20	680.00	270.40	275.44	275.14	276.16	0.008430	7.14	115.68	64.15	0.70	1.60	11.40
Reach 1	19	130.00	269.20	271.72		272.21	0.017008	5.65	23.00	17.32	0.86	1.34	7.56
Reach 1	19	320.00	269.20	273.19		273.72	0.008945	5.95	58.43	34.42	0.68	1.23	7.31
Reach 1	19	440.00	269.20	273.77		274.34	0.008244	6.28	83.55	58.67	0.66	1.31	8.20
Reach 1	19	680.00	269.20	274.84		275.24	0.005040	5.71	164.04	111.97	0.53	1.00	5.72
Reach 1	18	130.00	267.70	271.61		271.69	0.001598	2.27	57.21	28.71	0.28	0.19	0.43
Reach 1	18	320.00	267.70	273.08		273.21	0.001952	2.88	111.08	45.73	0.33	0.28	0.82
Reach 1	18	440.00	267.70	273.69		273.85	0.001884	3.15	139.81	48.78	0.33	0.32	1.01
Reach 1	18	680.00	267.70	274.68		274.88	0.001779	3.56	192.25	57.32	0.33	0.38	1.35
Reach 1	17	130.00	267.40	271.47		271.56	0.001364	2.32	56.07	23.81	0.27	0.19	0.43
Reach 1	17	320.00	267.40	272.83		273.02	0.002100	3.48	92.07	29.20	0.34	0.38	1.33
Reach 1	17	440.00	267.40	273.39		273.64	0.002510	4.04	108.87	31.39	0.38	0.50	2.03
Reach 1	17	680.00	267.40	274.27		274.65	0.003135	4.92	138.14	34.90	0.44	0.71	3.51
Reach 1	16	130.00	267.30	271.42		271.47	0.000743	1.84	95.51	73.34	0.20	0.11	0.21
Reach 1	16	320.00	267.30	272.85		272.90	0.000598	2.21	247.82	164.01	0.19	0.14	0.31
Reach 1	16	440.00	267.30	273.46		273.50	0.000476	2.16	355.25	182.16	0.18	0.13	0.28
Reach 1	16	680.00	267.30	274.44		274.48	0.000365	2.15	541.62	199.92	0.16	0.12	0.26

HEC-RAS Plan View Report - River: Little Beaver Cr., Reach: Reach 1 (Continued)

Reach	River Sta	Q Total (cfs)	Min Ch El (ft)	W.S. Elev (ft)	Crit W.S. (ft)	E.G. Elev (ft)	E.G. Slope (ft/m)	Vel Chnl (ft/s)	Flow Area (sq ft)	Top Width (ft)	Froude # Chl	Shear Chan (lb/sq ft)	Power Chan (ft/ft s)
Reach 1	15	130.00	267.10	271.32		271.39	0.001151	2.18	59.67	24.48	0.25	0.16	0.36
Reach 1	15	320.00	267.10	272.66		272.83	0.001678	3.29	104.33	51.78	0.31	0.33	1.09
Reach 1	15	440.00	267.10	273.22		273.43	0.001766	3.73	137.28	66.36	0.33	0.41	1.52
Reach 1	15	680.00	267.10	274.17		274.41	0.001680	4.20	216.36	107.69	0.33	0.48	2.02
Reach 1	14	130.00	267.00	271.19		271.26	0.001073	2.17	62.39	32.25	0.24	0.16	0.35
Reach 1	14	320.00	267.00	272.49		272.64	0.001419	3.29	111.26	43.20	0.30	0.32	1.05
Reach 1	14	440.00	267.00	273.03		273.23	0.001610	3.82	135.70	47.37	0.32	0.41	1.58
Reach 1	14	680.00	267.00	273.91		274.20	0.001859	4.64	180.75	55.01	0.36	0.57	2.66
Reach 1	13	130.00	268.00	270.77		271.00	0.007114	3.87	33.59	23.38	0.57	0.61	2.36
Reach 1	13	320.00	268.00	272.23		272.41	0.003205	3.76	113.77	99.67	0.42	0.48	1.80
Reach 1	13	440.00	268.00	272.88		273.02	0.001915	3.39	181.16	105.76	0.33	0.36	1.22
Reach 1	13	680.00	268.00	273.86		273.98	0.001245	3.27	295.17	125.64	0.28	0.31	1.00
Reach 1	12	130.00	267.50	270.42		270.57	0.003722	3.09	42.10	24.84	0.42	0.37	1.14
Reach 1	12	320.00	267.50	271.91		272.13	0.003748	3.69	86.63	39.32	0.44	0.48	1.79
Reach 1	12	440.00	267.50	272.58		272.81	0.003123	3.88	113.42	41.34	0.41	0.50	1.93
Reach 1	12	680.00	267.50	273.51		273.81	0.002999	4.42	158.62	63.09	0.42	0.60	2.65
Reach 1	11	130.00	266.70	269.89		270.10	0.004952	3.70	35.18	19.19	0.48	0.52	1.92
Reach 1	11	320.00	266.70	271.22		271.62	0.005625	5.09	62.89	22.68	0.54	0.87	4.41
Reach 1	11	440.00	266.70	271.83		272.33	0.005787	5.68	78.93	33.16	0.56	1.03	5.83
Reach 1	11	680.00	266.70	272.64	271.49	273.31	0.006461	6.71	111.25	44.36	0.61	1.36	9.11
Reach 1	10	130.00	266.40	269.42		269.64	0.005479	3.82	34.06	18.77	0.50	0.56	2.14
Reach 1	10	320.00	266.40	270.54		271.04	0.007620	5.67	56.46	21.13	0.61	1.10	6.23
Reach 1	10	440.00	266.40	271.05		271.71	0.008223	6.53	68.79	37.61	0.65	1.38	9.04
Reach 1	10	680.00	266.40	271.95		272.70	0.007215	7.23	113.41	58.00	0.63	1.56	11.28
Reach 1	9	130.00	266.00	269.13		269.24	0.002612	2.63	52.09	38.35	0.36	0.27	0.70
Reach 1	9	320.00	266.00	270.42		270.58	0.001946	3.32	112.02	54.57	0.34	0.35	1.17
Reach 1	9	440.00	266.00	271.06		271.23	0.001734	3.57	150.76	80.09	0.33	0.38	1.35
Reach 1	9	680.00	266.00	272.07		272.24	0.001420	3.81	253.54	117.58	0.31	0.40	1.51
Reach 1	8	130.00	265.70	268.61		268.86	0.006987	4.05	32.12	20.29	0.57	0.65	2.63
Reach 1	8	320.00	265.70	269.75		270.24	0.007791	5.61	57.05	23.35	0.63	1.09	6.10
Reach 1	8	440.00	265.70	270.28		270.89	0.008251	6.31	69.78	24.77	0.66	1.32	8.30
Reach 1	8	680.00	265.70	271.09		271.92	0.008254	7.40	99.68	51.77	0.69	1.67	12.39
Reach 1	7	130.00	265.40	268.43		268.47	0.001318	2.00	81.23	53.54	0.26	0.15	0.30
Reach 1	7	320.00	265.40	269.73		269.81	0.001134	2.64	160.77	68.17	0.26	0.22	0.57
Reach 1	7	440.00	265.40	270.33		270.42	0.001140	2.96	205.19	81.86	0.27	0.26	0.76
Reach 1	7	680.00	265.40	271.29		271.40	0.001121	3.41	297.43	108.13	0.28	0.32	1.08
Reach 1	6	130.00	265.00	268.16		268.29	0.003132	2.99	46.96	33.44	0.39	0.34	1.01
Reach 1	6	320.00	265.00	269.44		269.65	0.002567	3.86	99.04	47.96	0.38	0.47	1.81
Reach 1	6	440.00	265.00	270.01		270.26	0.002564	4.31	128.81	64.34	0.40	0.55	2.39
Reach 1	6	680.00	265.00	271.01		271.25	0.002099	4.57	215.44	114.59	0.37	0.58	2.63
Reach 1	5	130.00	264.60	267.65	266.92	267.85	0.004948	3.64	35.76	20.87	0.48	0.51	1.85
Reach 1	5	320.00	264.60	268.77	267.86	269.22	0.005599	5.39	61.29	24.47	0.56	0.94	5.09
Reach 1	5	440.00	264.60	269.10	268.36	269.77	0.007345	6.63	69.52	28.84	0.65	1.38	9.13
Reach 1	5	680.00	264.60	269.55	269.27	270.71	0.010875	8.80	85.58	42.35	0.61	2.33	20.48
Reach 1	4	130.00	264.00	266.33	266.33	266.95	0.024035	6.34	20.51	16.88	1.01	1.73	10.98
Reach 1	4	320.00	264.00	267.42	267.42	268.34	0.017108	7.74	43.40	31.26	0.93	2.15	16.60
Reach 1	4	440.00	264.00	268.04	268.04	268.89	0.012094	7.71	68.80	49.90	0.82	1.96	15.08
Reach 1	4	680.00	264.00	268.76	268.76	269.66	0.010278	8.31	111.94	68.36	0.79	2.10	17.46
Reach 1	3	130.00	263.30	266.08		266.15	0.002479	2.48	65.58	51.50	0.34	0.24	0.60
Reach 1	3	320.00	263.30	267.24		267.34	0.002062	3.22	136.19	71.06	0.34	0.34	1.09
Reach 1	3	440.00	263.30	267.79		267.91	0.001918	3.50	177.98	80.42	0.34	0.38	1.32
Reach 1	3	680.00	263.30	268.68		268.82	0.001788	3.95	257.62	101.17	0.34	0.44	1.75
Reach 1	2	130.00	262.60	265.46	264.97	265.70	0.007500	3.97	32.76	23.69	0.59	0.64	2.55
Reach 1	2	320.00	262.60	266.44	265.88	266.92	0.007502	5.63	60.55	32.83	0.64	1.09	6.11
Reach 1	2	440.00	262.60	266.90	266.34	267.49	0.007514	6.33	76.35	35.81	0.66	1.29	8.20
Reach 1	2	680.00	262.60	267.64	267.10	268.41	0.007508	7.37	109.21	53.19	0.68	1.63	11.99