I. Meeting All Parent and Two-Parent Federal Participation Rate

The All-parent participation rate requirement is 50% for FFY 2007 and the Two-parent participation rate requirement rate is 90%.

States have no control over the work participation rate goals. These goals are specified in the federal regulations for TANF published by the Administration for Children and Families (ACF), Department of Health and Human Services.

II. Adults Entering Employment

To establish this goal, a projected average monthly adult caseload for the goal calculations is used rather than actual average monthly adult caseload from the previous fiscal year. First, based on the first of month adult caseloads for each month of SFY 2006, the State’s and each county’s expected first of month adult caseload for each month of SFY 2007 was calculated using a standard exponential growth function. From these projections, the average first of month adult caseload for the State and each county, for SFY 2007 was calculated. (In four instances, where counties had no cases in one or more months, the actual SFY 2006 average monthly caseload was used rather than a projected SFY 2007 average, due to constraints imposed by the exponential growth function.)

Next, the statewide percentage of able-bodied adults who entered employment in SFY 2006 was determined by dividing the number of Work First adults who entered employment between July 2005 and June 2006 by the sum of the average first of month adult caseload for those months. Individual county goals were computed by applying this percentage to each county’s projected SFY 2007 average first of month adult caseload, adjusted by the expected percent of the caseload to be sent to work, based on the county’s Tier. This goal will be tracked by using the E&T indicator from EIS and will be an unduplicated count of adults who have a 1 or 3 entered into that field in the Eligibility Information System (EIS) to indicate employment.

III. Staying off Welfare after Going to Work

This goal will track the number of families who leave Work First because of earnings. We will count the number of individuals using the appropriate EIS Change Reason Codes codes: 65, 19, 5M, 1K, 6U or 34 for transfer to 12-month Medicaid or 8M, 4M, 33 or 78 for AAF cases with Pay Type 5. We will search the EIS tables for these families to determine if they have returned to Work First in the report month one year following their exit from Work First cash assistance. The goal for fiscal year 2007 is set at 90%.

IV. Providing Employment Services

This goal addresses the number of adults in the Work First caseload who are actively receiving intensive employment services. This is indicated by an individual having hours of activities scheduled in the EPIS system for a given month. Because Work First policy
provides for a three month period following initial application approval before adults
must participate in work or work-related activities, we will begin tracking adults in the
first month that they are active in Work First, but an adult will not be in the
“denominator” (all WF adults) during the first three months of Work First unless they are
also in the “numerator” (WF adults with scheduled activity, including assessment, in
EPIS). Beginning with the fourth month of participation, we will search EPIS for each
case containing adults to determine if hours of activity are scheduled.

Because of the federal requirement to meet a 50% all-parent rate and a 90% two-parent
participation rate, for fiscal year 2007, counties need to be working with at least 80% of
the single adult caseload and 100% of the two-parent caseload for scheduling activities to
prepare adults for self-sufficiency.

V. Employment Retention

Each month a file will be transmitted to the Employment Security Commission
containing the Social Security Numbers of adults who left Work First one year ago for
excess earnings (using the codes entered into EIS for transfer to Medicaid or case
termination). ESC will match the Social Security numbers with their wage files for the
first and second quarters following the report month to determine if they had earnings in
the third and sixth months following exit. The fiscal year 2007 goal is to have 60%
retention at six months.

[Note: Earnings data for employment retention does not include those individuals with
unreported income (unknown to the Employment Security Commission) and may
therefore reflect lower than actual counts of individuals with earnings at six months after
leaving Work First. North Carolina may, however, have the ability to track income in
addition to that reported to ESC with new data from the National Directory of New Hires
(NDNH) beginning this fiscal year.]