COMmunity health workers
- They can help community members access health services and services to address social determinants of health. Funding public health navigators is an eligible expense as well.

AFFordable housing development
- QCTs represent a unique opportunity to use LFRF to increase the supply of affordable and high-quality living units in areas where limited economic opportunity and inadequate housing tend to be concentrated.

VIOlence intervention programs
- Evidence-based community violence intervention programs to prevent violence and mitigate the increase in violence during the pandemic. Services like these build healthier environments and address disparities in public health outcomes.

Head start & pre-kindergarten
- Addressing educational disparities and childhood environments is a focus area for LFRF in QCTs, including early learning services such as Head Start programs, pre-K, and new or expanded high-quality childcare programs.

Uses of LFRF unique to Qualified Census Tracts

Treasury presumes that certain types of services are eligible uses of Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (LFRF) when provided in a Qualified Census Tract, to families and individuals living in QCTs, or when these services are provided by Tribal governments. Certain uses, like those described above, of LFRF are only eligible when expended in QCTs, or in communities also disproportionately impacted by the pandemic. For more information see our informational resources and Treasury’s Interim Final Rule.