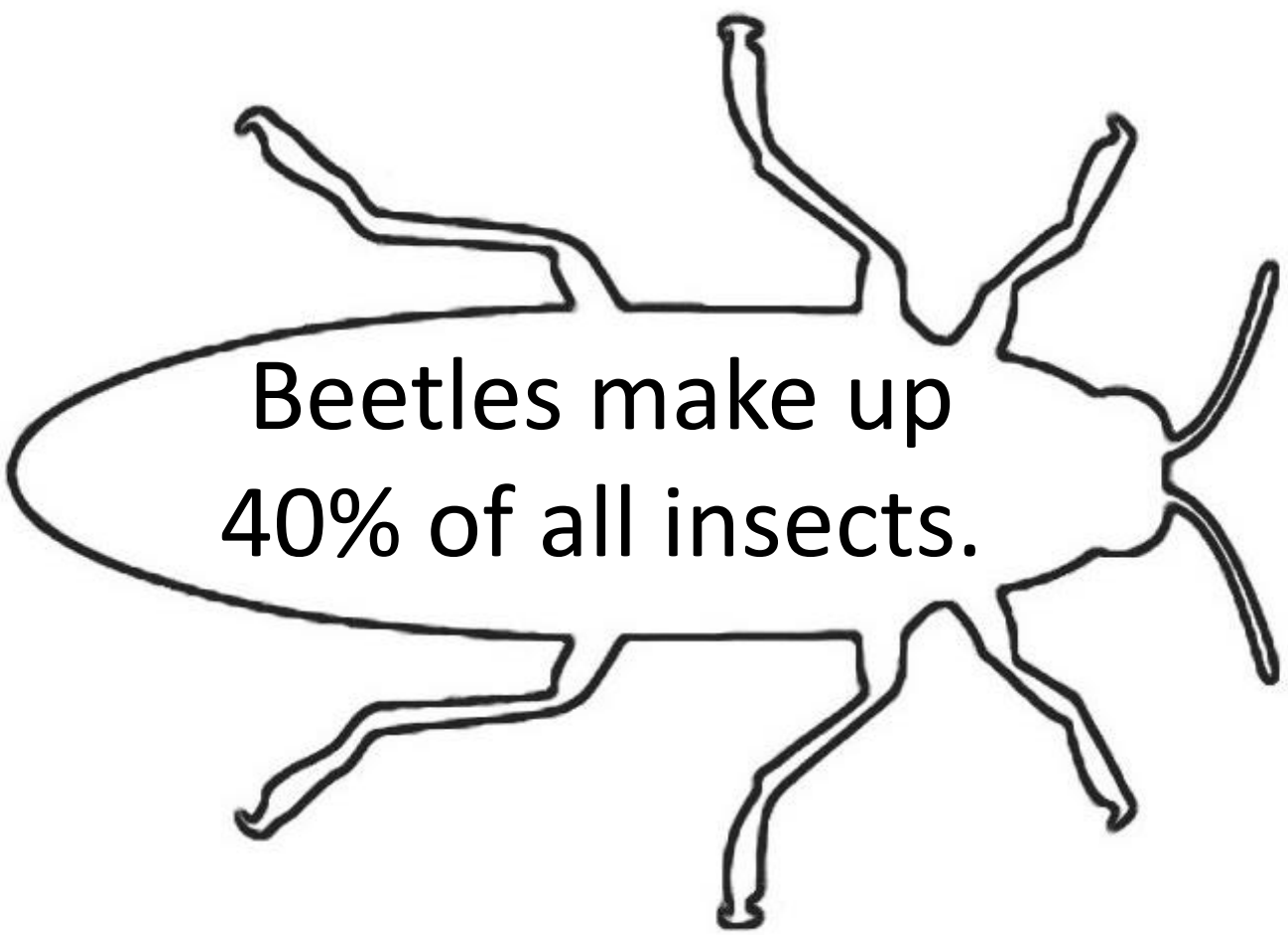
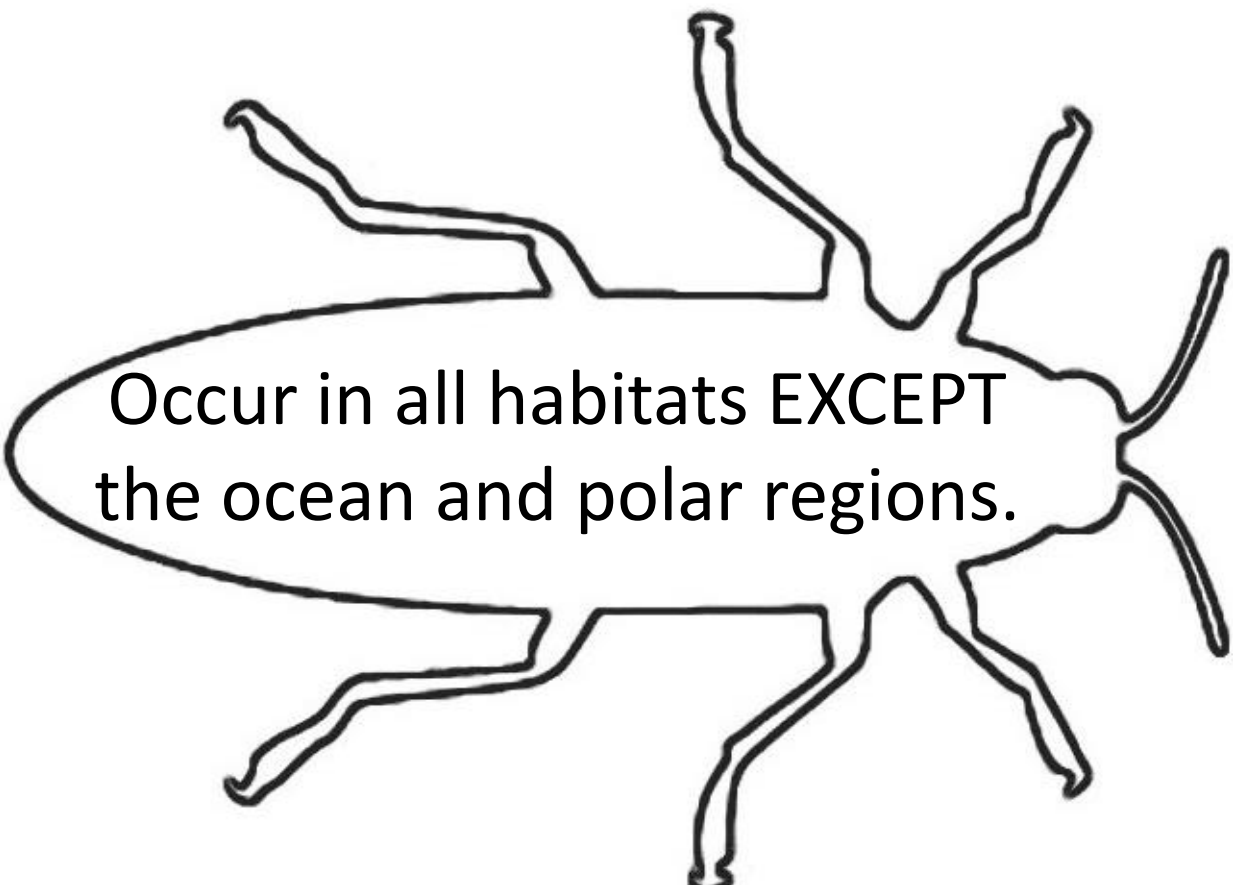
A black and white line drawing of a beetle, shown from a dorsal view. The beetle has a rounded body, six legs, and two antennae. The text is centered within the body of the beetle.

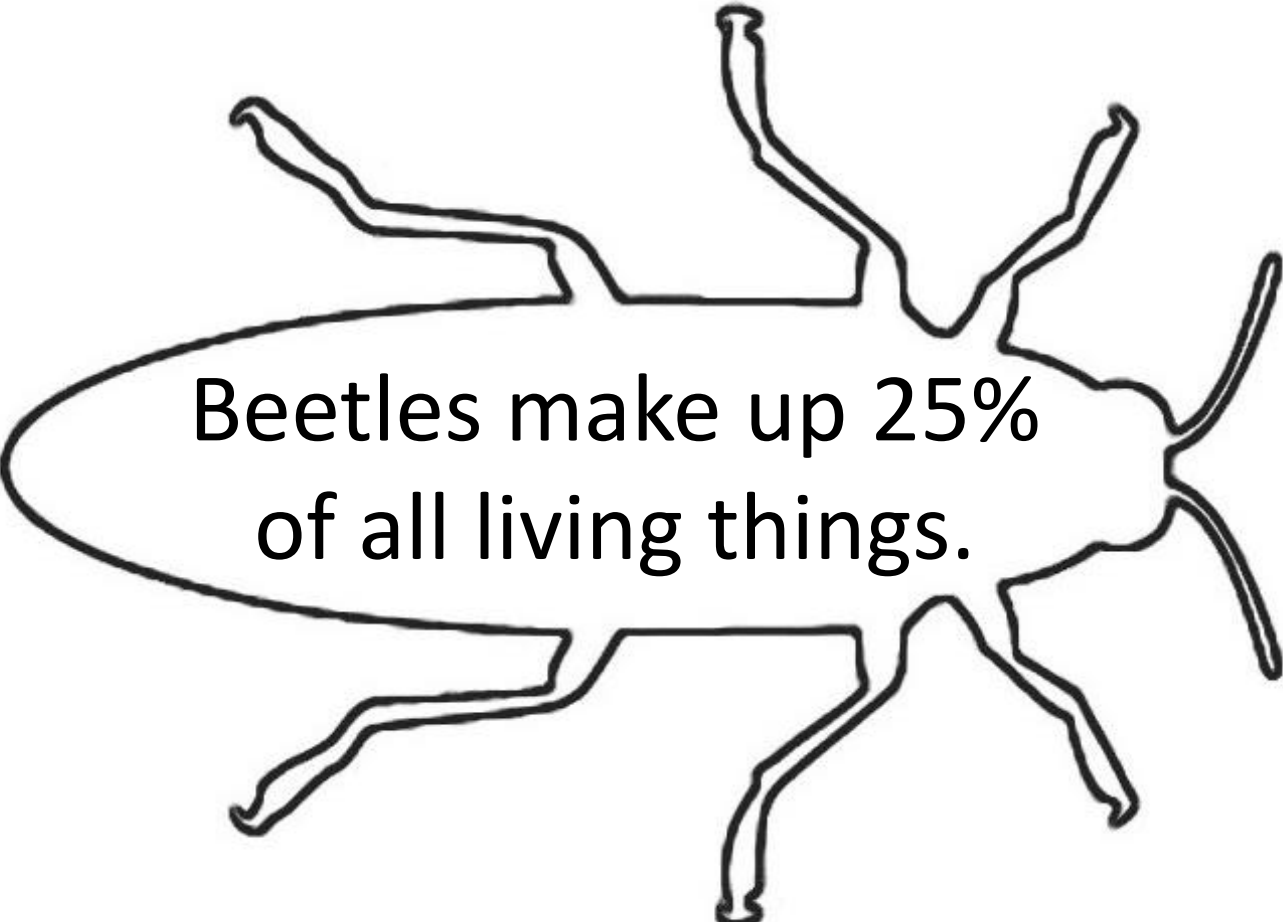
There are over 350,000
species of beetles.

A black and white line drawing of a beetle, shown from a dorsal view. The beetle has a rounded body, six legs, and two antennae. The text is centered within the body of the beetle.

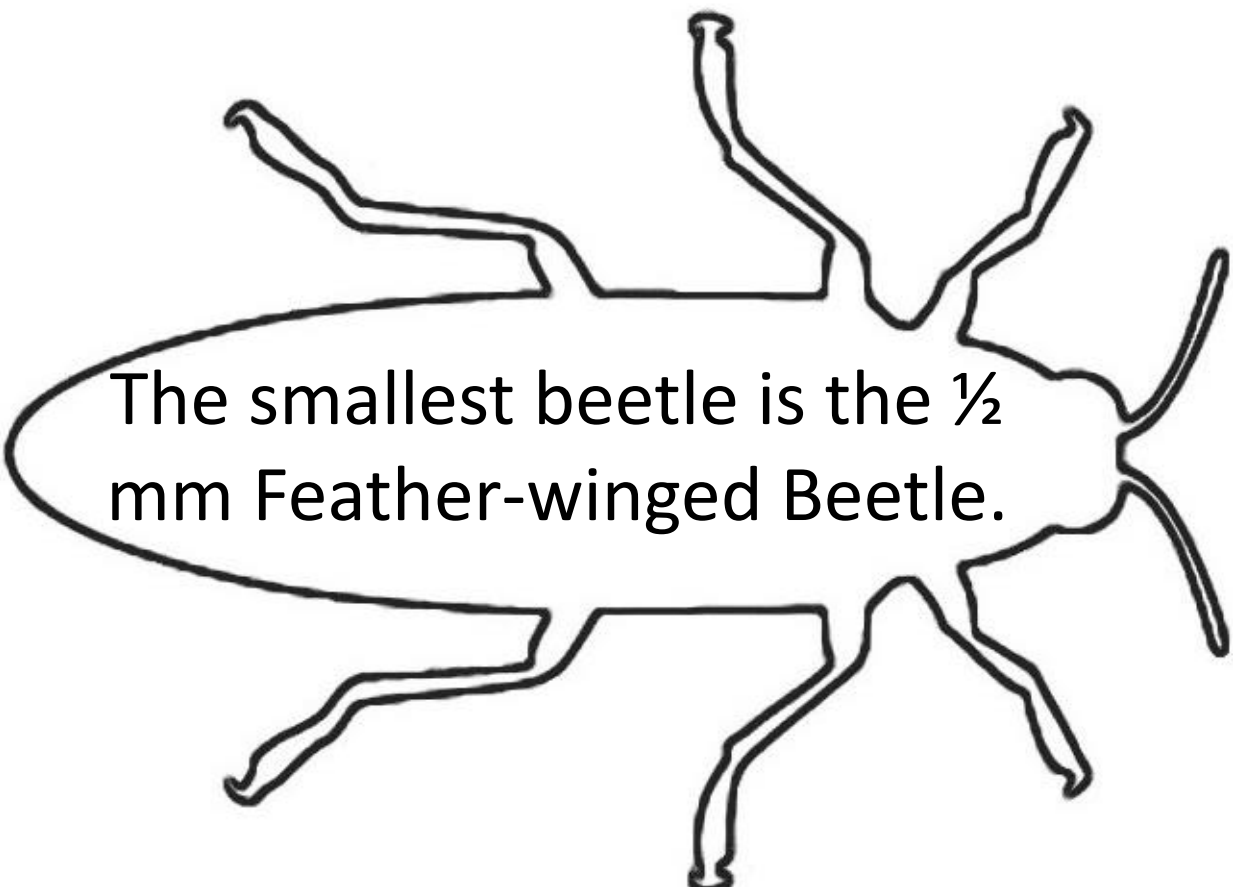
Beetles make up
40% of all insects.

A black and white line drawing of a beetle, viewed from above. The beetle has a rounded, oval-shaped body, six legs, and two antennae. The text is centered within the body of the beetle.

Occur in all habitats EXCEPT
the ocean and polar regions.

A black and white line drawing of a beetle, viewed from above. The beetle has a rounded, oval-shaped body, six legs, and two antennae. The text is centered within the body of the beetle.

Beetles make up 25%
of all living things.

A simple black outline drawing of a beetle, shown from a dorsal view. It has a rounded head with antennae, a thorax with six legs, and a large, oval-shaped abdomen. The drawing is positioned at the top of the page.

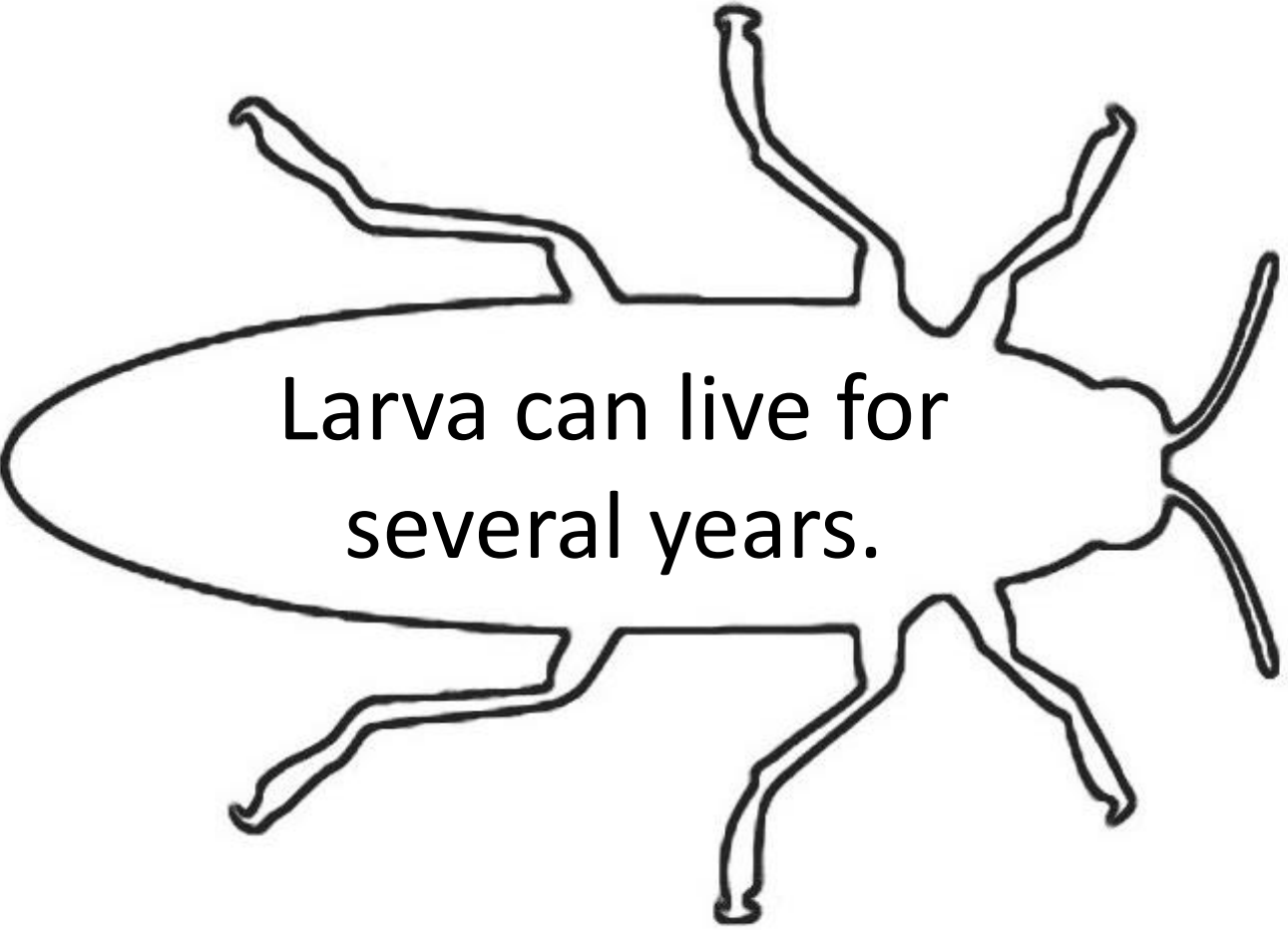
The smallest beetle is the $\frac{1}{2}$ mm Feather-winged Beetle.

A simple black outline drawing of a beetle, shown from a dorsal view. It has a rounded head with antennae, a thorax with six legs, and a large, oval-shaped abdomen. The drawing is positioned at the bottom of the page.

The largest beetle is a six inch long wood boring beetle.

An outline drawing of a beetle, viewed from above. The body is elongated and oval-shaped. It has six legs, with the front legs being shorter and thicker than the middle and hind legs. The head is at the right side of the image, with two antennae extending outwards. The text is centered within the body of the beetle.

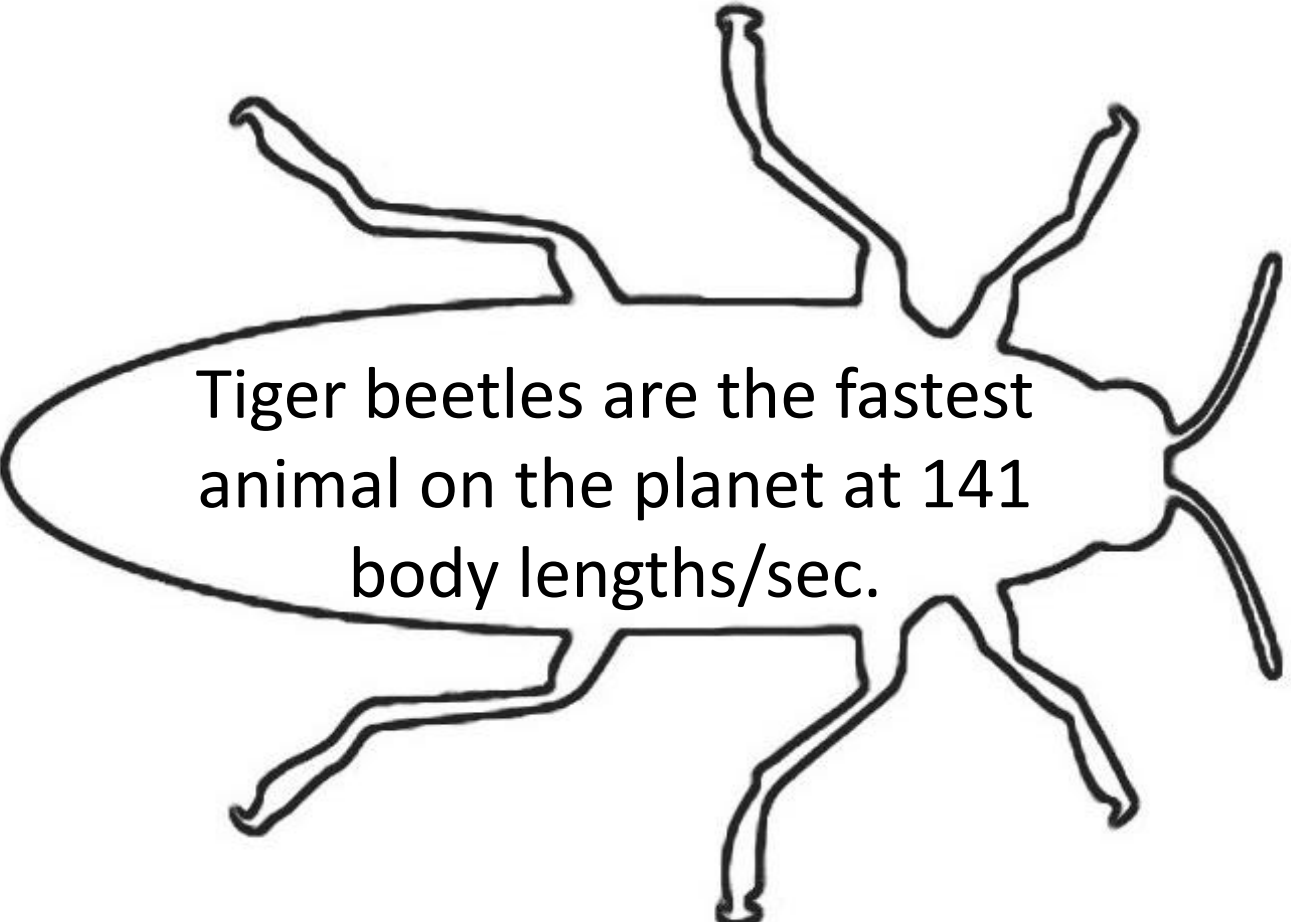
Five species of beetles are listed as endangered in N.C.

An outline drawing of a beetle, viewed from above. The body is elongated and oval-shaped. It has six legs, with the front legs being shorter and thicker than the middle and hind legs. The head is at the right side of the image, with two antennae extending outwards. The text is centered within the body of the beetle.

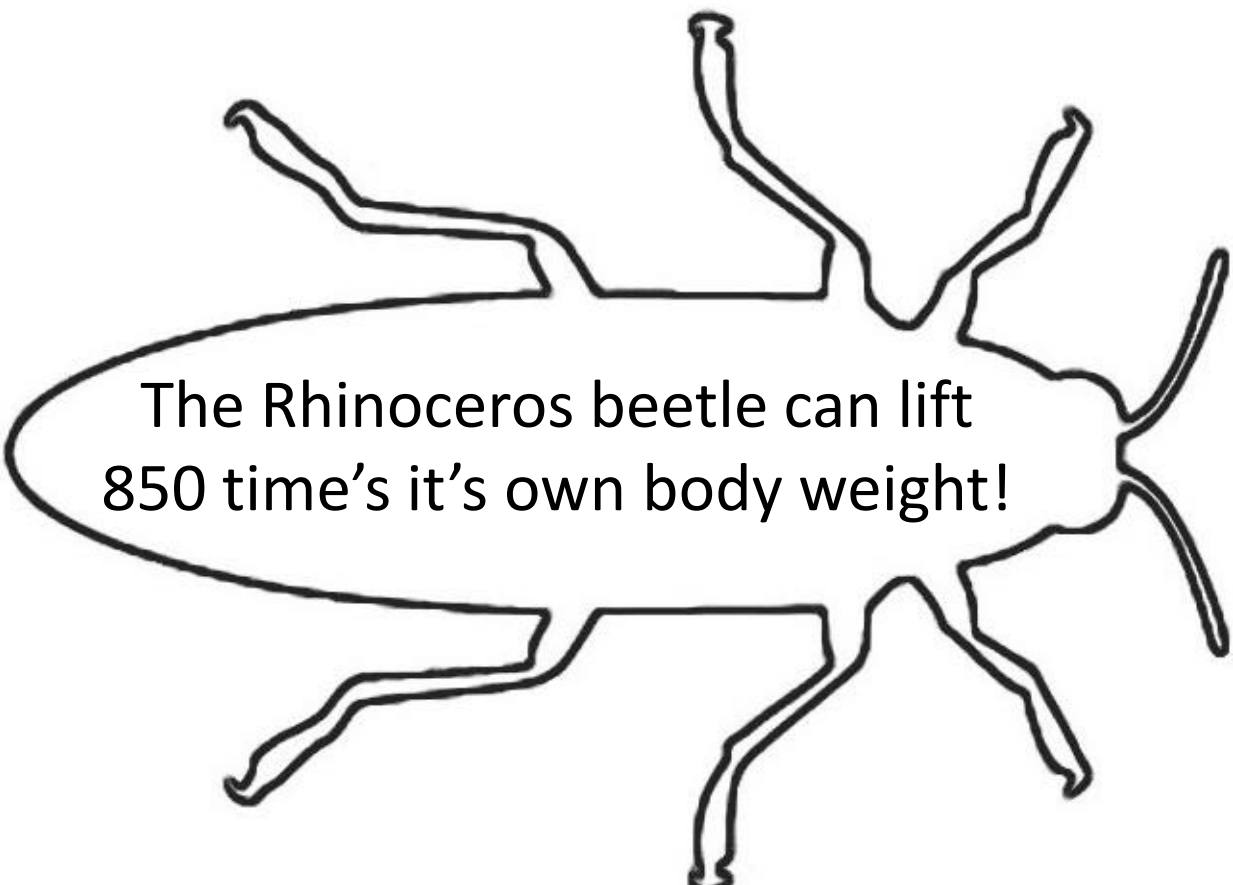
Larva can live for several years.

A black and white line drawing of a beetle, viewed from above. The beetle has a rounded, oval-shaped body, six legs, and two antennae. The drawing is simple and serves as a background for the text.

The Dung Beetle can pull
1,141 times it's body weight.

A black and white line drawing of a beetle, viewed from above. The beetle has a rounded, oval-shaped body, six legs, and two antennae. The drawing is simple and serves as a background for the text.

Tiger beetles are the fastest
animal on the planet at 141
body lengths/sec.

A black and white line drawing of a beetle, viewed from above. The beetle has a large, oval-shaped body, six legs, and two antennae. The text is placed inside the body of the beetle.

The Rhinoceros beetle can lift
850 time's it's own body weight!

A black and white line drawing of a beetle, viewed from above. The beetle has a large, oval-shaped body, six legs, and two antennae. The text is placed inside the body of the beetle.

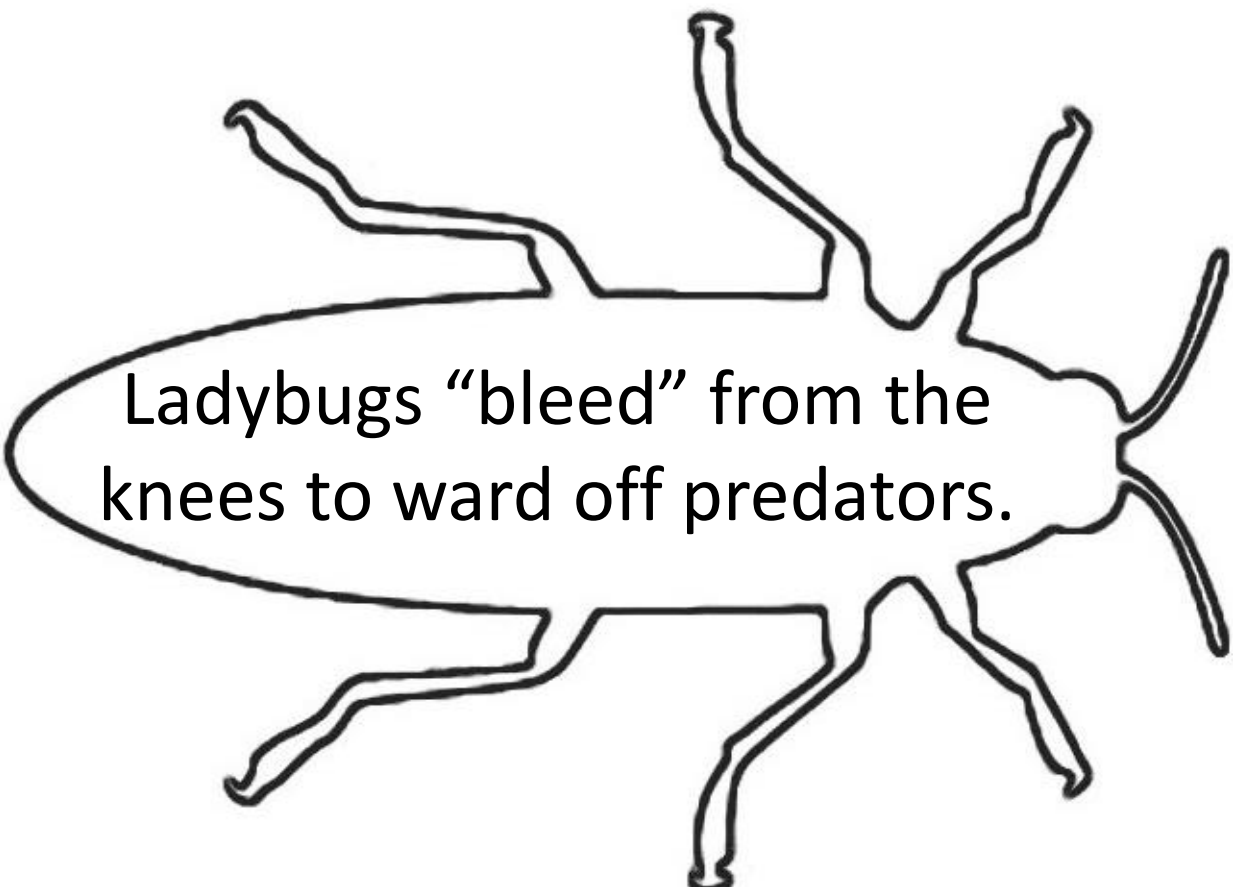
All beetles have
chewing mouthparts

A simple black outline drawing of a beetle, viewed from above. The beetle has a rounded head with two antennae, six legs, and a large, oval-shaped body. The text is centered within the body area.

All beetles go through a complete metamorphosis

A simple black outline drawing of a beetle, viewed from above. The beetle has a rounded head with two antennae, six legs, and a large, oval-shaped body. The text is centered within the body area.

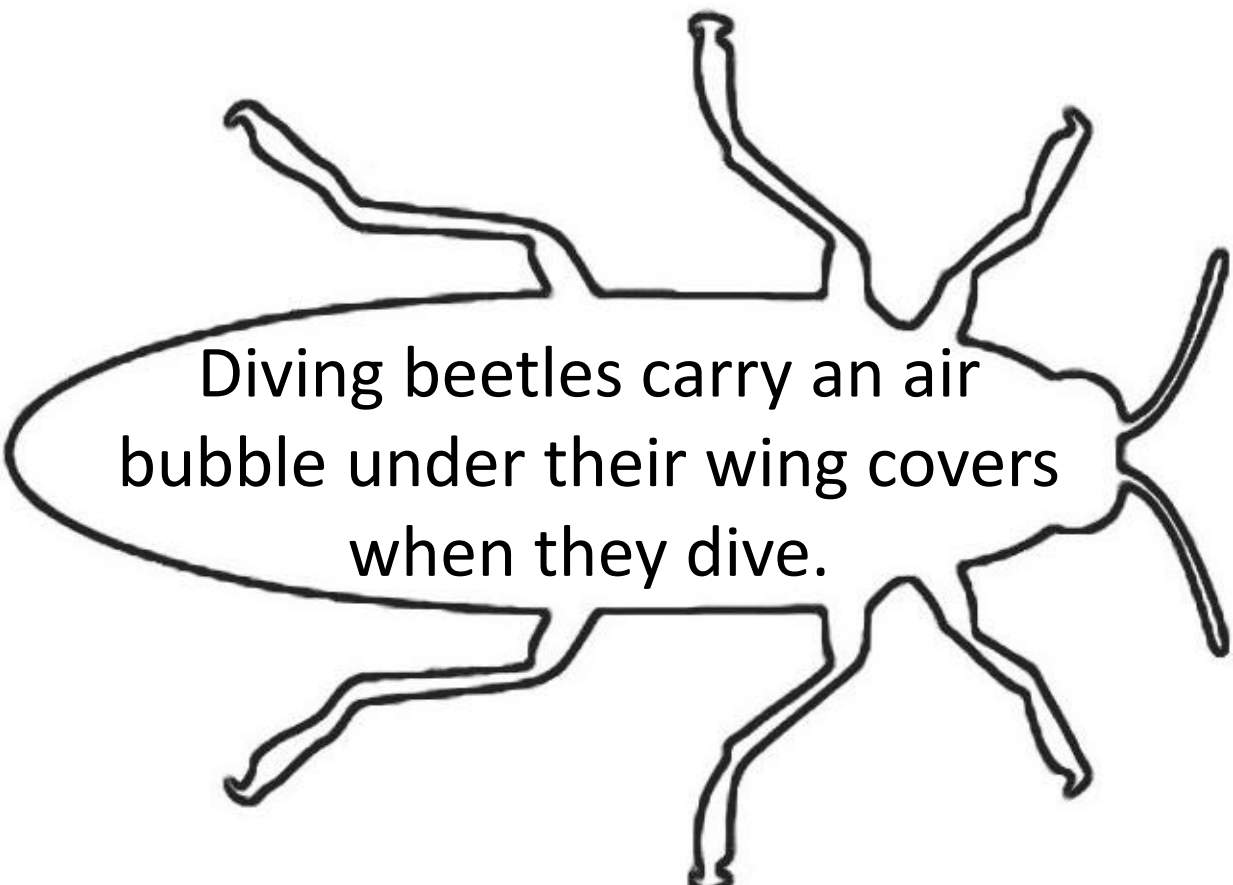
Most beetles have their first pair of wings hardened (Elytra).

A simple black and white line drawing of a ladybug, shown from a dorsal view. The body is oval-shaped with a distinct head, thorax, and abdomen. Six legs are visible, extending from the sides of the body. The drawing is positioned at the top of the page.

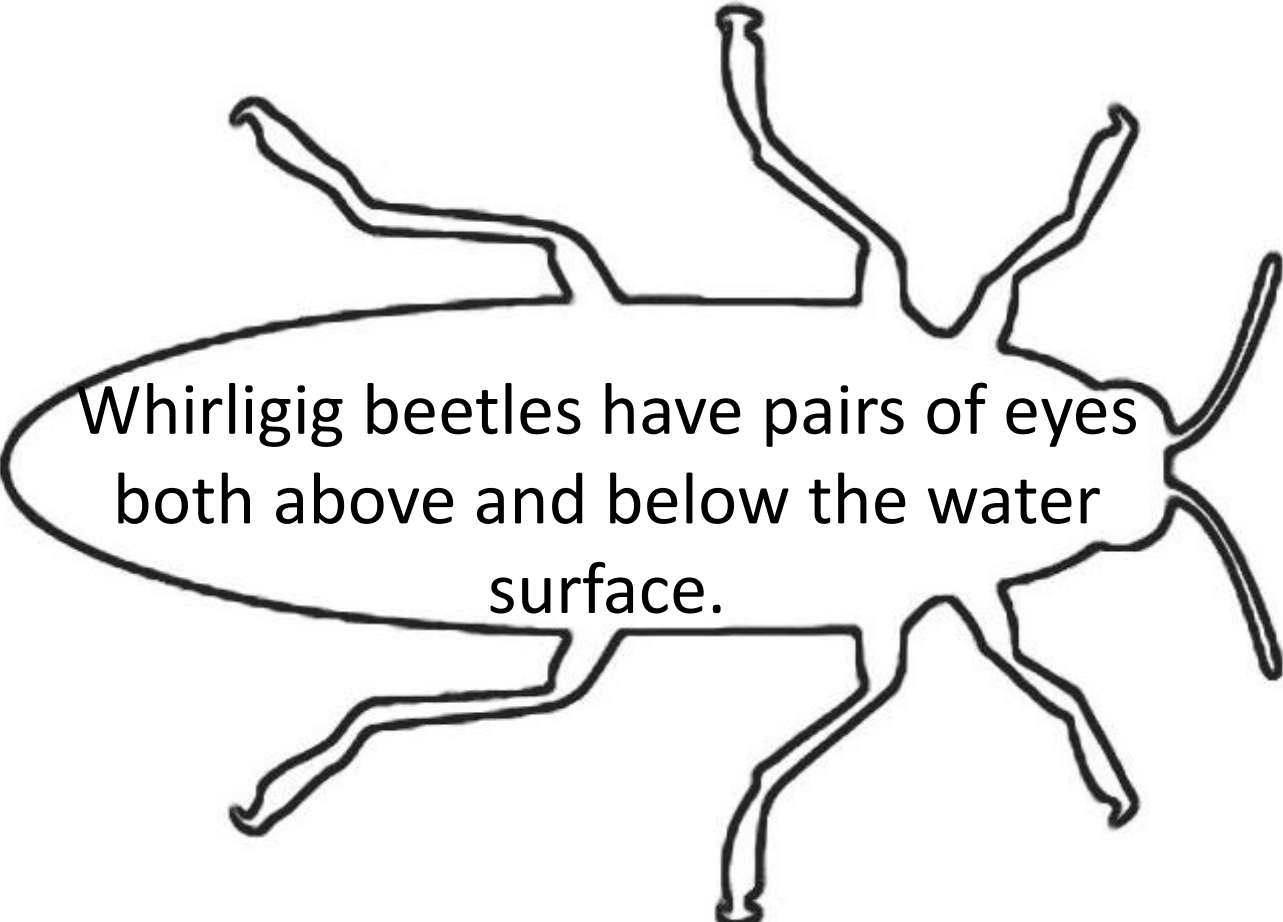
Ladybugs “bleed” from the knees to ward off predators.

A simple black and white line drawing of a beetle, shown from a dorsal view. The body is elongated and oval-shaped with a distinct head, thorax, and abdomen. Six legs are visible, extending from the sides of the body. The drawing is positioned at the bottom of the page.

Some beetles make sounds by rubbing body parts together.

An outline drawing of a diving beetle, shown from a dorsal view. The beetle has a long, oval-shaped body, six legs, and two antennae. The text is centered within the body of the beetle.

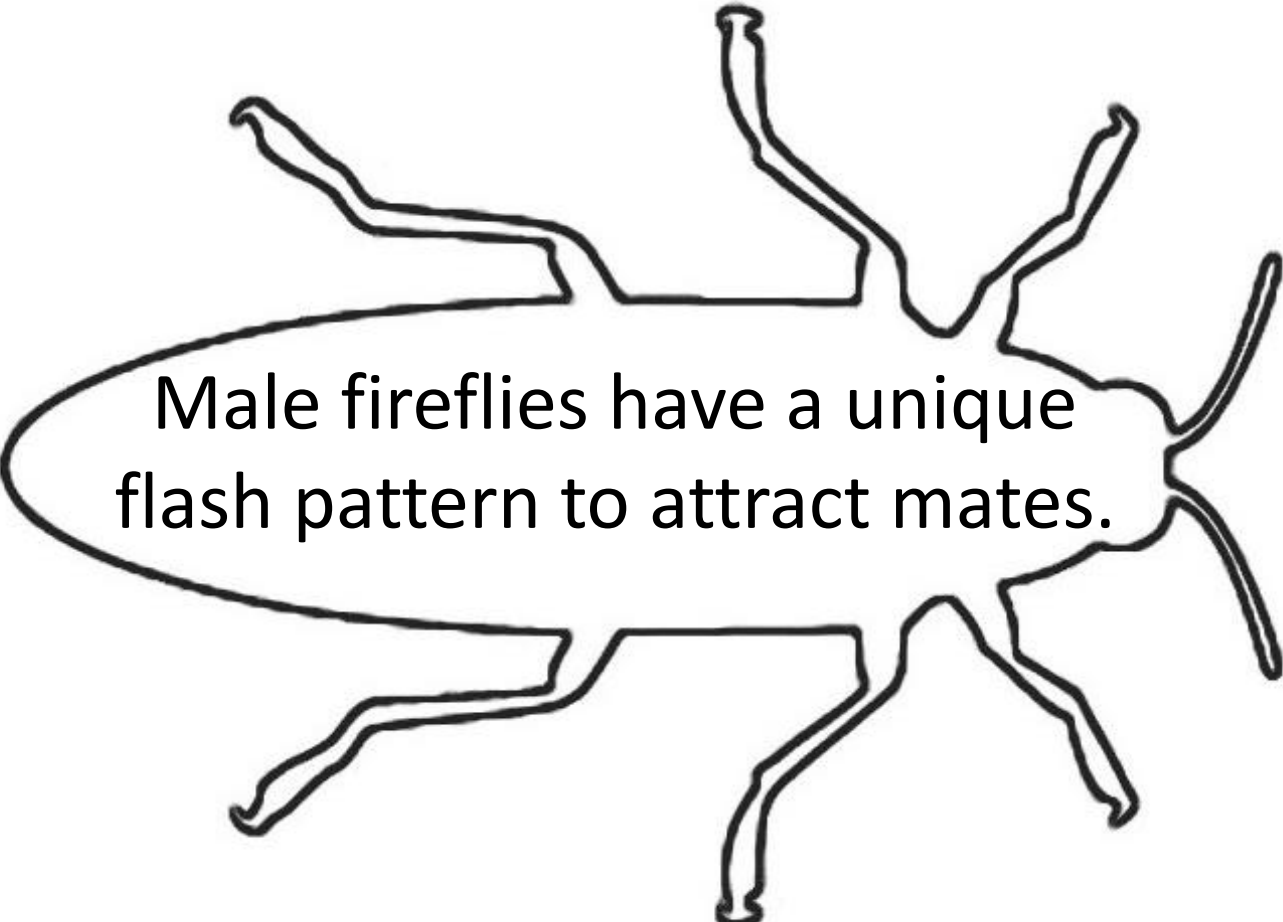
Diving beetles carry an air bubble under their wing covers when they dive.

An outline drawing of a whirligig beetle, shown from a dorsal view. The beetle has a long, oval-shaped body, six legs, and two antennae. The text is centered within the body of the beetle.

Whirligig beetles have pairs of eyes both above and below the water surface.

An outline drawing of a Carrion Beetle larva, shown from a dorsal view. It has a long, segmented body, six legs, and two antennae. The text is overlaid on the anterior portion of the body.

Carrion Beetle larva feed on deceased vertebrates.

An outline drawing of a Male firefly, shown from a dorsal view. It has a long, segmented body, six legs, and two antennae. The text is overlaid on the anterior portion of the body.

Male fireflies have a unique flash pattern to attract mates.