

93.991 PREVENTIVE HEALTH AND HEALTH SERVICES BLOCK GRANT

State Project/Program: PREVENTIVE HEALTH AND HEALTH SERVICES BLOCK GRANT

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

Federal Authorization: Public Health Service Act, as amended; Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1981, Title XIX, Section 1905, Public Law 97-35, as amended; Preventive Health Amendments of 1984, Public Law 98-555; Health Omnibus Programs Extension Act of 1988, Public Law 100-607; Preventive Health Amendments of 1992, Public Law 102-531.

State Authorization: 130A-223; 10A NCAC 39A.0501

**N.C. Department of Health and Human Services
Division of Public Health**

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SFY 2021 audit confirmation reports for payments made to Counties, Local Management Entities (LMEs), Managed Care Organizations (MCOs), Boards of Education, Councils of Government, District Health Departments and DHHS Grant Subrecipients will be available by mid-October at the following web address: <https://www.ncdhhs.gov/about/administrative-offices/office-controller/audit-confirmation-reports>. At this site, click on the link entitled “Audit Confirmation Reports (State Fiscal Year 2019-2021”. Additionally, audit confirmation reports for Nongovernmental entities receiving financial assistance from DHHS are found at the same website except “[Non-Governmental Audit Confirmation Reports \(State Fiscal Years 2019-2021\)](#)”.

The auditor should not consider the Supplement to be “safe harbor” for identifying audit procedures to apply in a particular engagement, but the auditor should be prepared to justify departures from the suggested procedures. The auditor can consider the supplement a “safe harbor” for identification of compliance requirements to be tested if the auditor performs reasonable procedures to ensure that the requirements in the Supplement are current.

The grantor agency may elect to review audit working papers to determine that audit tests are adequate.

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Auditors may request documentation of monitoring visits by the State Agencies.

This compliance supplement must be used in conjunction with the OMB 2021 Compliance Supplement which will be issued in the summer. This includes "Part 3 - Compliance Requirements," for the types that apply, "Part 6 - Internal Control," and "Part 4 - Agency Program" requirements if the Agency issued guidance for a specific program. The OMB Compliance Supplement is Section A of the State Compliance Supplement.

I. PROGRAM OBJECTIVES

The Preventive Health and Health Services Block Grant (PHHSBG) supports preventive screening, laboratory support, outbreak control, workforce training, chronic disease prevention, public education, data surveillance, and program evaluation targeting such health problems as cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, emergency medical services, injury and violence prevention, infectious disease, environmental health, community fluoridation, and sex offenses. Because of the variance in the allowable uses of the funds, no two states allocate their Block Grant resources in the same way, and no two states provide similar amounts of funding to the same program or activities. A strong emphasis is placed on adolescents, communities with little or poor health care services, and disadvantaged populations. Additional information on the PHHSBG can be found at <http://www.cdc.gov/phhsblockgrant/index.htm>.

II. PROGRAM PROCEDURES

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) awards PHHSBG funding through an annual award process. States and territories must submit a Work Plan and a budget by the assigned deadline to be eligible for funding. North Carolina provides funding to the following State agencies/programs to address health issues and disparities in the state:

The Physical Activity and Nutrition (Healthy Communities Program)

The Healthy Communities Program provides funding to county and district health departments through an Agreement Addenda to create policies and environments that support increased physical activity, promote healthy eating, reduce obesity, prevent the use of tobacco, support diabetes self-management and prevent injuries. The goal of the program is to increase the number of North Carolina communities with established community health promotion programs that address Healthy People 2030 objectives related to physical activity, healthy eating, tobacco use, diabetes management and injury prevention.

The Oral Health Section

The Oral Health Program uses best practices to: 1) reduce oral diseases through prevention, education, and health promotion; 2) ensure that evidence-based systems are implemented to monitor the public's oral health; 3) ensure access to dental care; and 4) provide professional education.

The State Laboratory of Public Health

The State Laboratory of Public Health monitors fluoride levels in public drinking water and privately owned wells and tests well water for environmental contaminants of public health significance.

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Injury and Violence Prevention (Rape Crisis and Victim Services Program)

The Rape Crisis and Victims Services Program provides funding to North Carolina communities to provide sex trafficking prevention services.

HIV/STD Prevention and Care (HIV/STD Prevention Program)

The HIV/STD Prevention Program funds eight health departments through Agreement Addenda and two community-based organizations. The Program works to reduce the rates of transmissions of HIV and Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STDs), particularly among at-risk groups including African-Americans, intravenous drug users, and men who have sex with men.

The State Center for Health Statistics

The State Center for Health Statistics provides data and surveillance on the morbidity and mortality rates for the Chronic Disease and Injury Section and the programs funded under this grant.

Program requirements are communicated to the programs on an annual basis or as changes are made by the CDC. Specific allowable and unallowable activities can be found in Section III. A. and B.

Each state agency that awards funds to subrecipients is responsible for conducting subrecipient monitoring according to state and federal guidelines.

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III. COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS

Noted below in the following matrix are the types of compliance requirements that are applicable to the federal program. These Types are determined by the federal agency, noted as “Y,” on the “Matrix of Compliance Requirements” located in Part 2 of the OMB 2021 Compliance Supplement; however, the State Agency may have added the Type and this is noted by “Y.” If the State determines that the federal requirement does not apply at the local level or if the State modifies the federal requirements, this is noted in the supplement under the type of compliance requirement. If the federal and/or State agencies have determined that the type is not applicable, it is noted by “N.”

If the Matrix indicates “Y,” the auditor must determine if a particular type of compliance requirement has a direct and material effect on the federal program for the auditee. For each such compliance requirement subject to the audit, the auditor must use the OMB 2021 Compliance Supplement, Part 3 (which includes generic details about each compliance requirement other than Special Tests and Provisions) and Part 4 (which includes any program-specific requirements) to perform the audit.

If there is no program listed on the “Matrix” in Part 2 or Part 4, the State has determined the Type that is applicable. If a Type is determined direct and material, the auditor should refer to the requirements found in Part 3 and listed in this supplement.

A	B	C	E	F	G	H	I	J	L	M	N
Activities Allowed or Unallowed	Allowable Costs/ Cost Principles	Cash Management	Eligibility	Equipment/ Real Property Management	Matching, Level of Effort, Earmarking	Period Of Performance	Procurement Suspension & Debarment	Program Income	Reporting	Subrecipient Monitoring	Special Tests and Provisions
Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

A. Activities Allowed or Unallowed

PHHSBG dollars are used to support existing programs, implement new programs, and respond to unexpected emergencies. All activities must be in line with Healthy People 2030 objectives. The PHHSBG allows the following activities:

- Preventive health service programs for the control of rodents and for community and school-based fluoridation programs.
- Health education and risk reduction.
- Feasibility studies and planning for emergency medical services systems and the establishment, expansion, and improvement of such systems.

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- Providing services to victims of sex offenses and for prevention of sex offenses.
- The establishment, operation, and coordination of effective and cost-efficient systems to reduce the prevalence of illness due to asthma and asthma-related illnesses, especially among children, by reducing the level of exposure to cockroach allergen or other known asthma triggers through the use of integrated pest management, as applied to cockroaches or other known allergens
- Monitoring and evaluation of program activities

Funds may not be used to:

- Provide inpatient/clinical services
- Make cash payments to intended recipients of health services
- Purchase or improve land, purchase, construct, or permanently improve (other than minor remodeling) any building or other facility, or purchase major medical equipment
- Satisfy any requirement for the expenditure of non-Federal funds as a condition for the receipt of Federal funds

Provide financial assistance to any entity other than a public or nonprofit private entity.

B. Allowable Costs/Cost Principles

The North Carolina Department of Health and Human Services abides by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards: Final Rule (Title 2 Code of Federal Regulations, Chapter I, Chapter II, Part 200) as its standard for determining allowable costs. This new "Uniform Guidance" supersedes and streamlines requirements from OMB Circulars A-21, A-87, A-110, A-122, A-89, A-102, A-133, and parts of A-50. Subrecipients (public or private non-profit organizations) of PHHSBG funds are responsible for ensuring that all costs and indirect cost rates are allowable in accordance with the requirements of the Federal award(s) to which they apply and the Uniform Guidance. State agencies/programs that award funds to subrecipients also have a responsibility to ensure and funds distributed to other entities expend funds in compliance with federal laws and regulations. Furthermore, it is the responsibility of the subrecipient to ensure rent is a legitimate direct cost line item which is supported in current and/or prior projects and these same costs have been treated as indirect costs that have not been claimed as direct costs. If rent is claimed as direct cost, the recipient must provide a narrative justification which describes their prescribed policy including the effective date to the assigned Division of Public Health (DPH) Program Manager.

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C. Cash Management

Subrecipients are funded on a reimbursement basis. Program costs must be paid for by the entity before reimbursement is requested from the State.

E. Eligibility

The PHHSBG funds all 50 states, 2 American Indian tribes, 8 U.S. territories and the District of Columbia to address public health needs. State agencies and subrecipients must use Healthy People 2030 objectives to address the health needs and funding gaps in their communities.

F. Equipment and Real Property Management

To the greatest extent practicable, all equipment and products purchased with CDC funds should be American-made. The CDC defines equipment as tangible non-expendable personal property (including exempt property) charged directly to an award having a useful life of more than one year AND an acquisition cost of \$5,000 or more per unit. However, consistent with agency policy, a lower threshold may be established. Purchase of necessary equipment is allowed by subrecipients but requests greater than \$500 and computer purchases require pre-approval from DPH Program Manager. Equipment purchased with Block Grant funds belongs to DPH, which may choose to reclaim it upon termination or completion of contract if the equipment will no longer be used in PHHSBG programs. DPH may also offer the agency an option to purchase the equipment.

The subrecipient may use its own equipment and real property management standards and procedures provided these standards observe provisions of the following sections in the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Uniform Guidance:

- a. Subpart D – Post Federal Award Requirements, Property Standards, 200.311 Real Property
- b. Subpart D – Post Federal Award Requirements, Property Standards, 200.313 Equipment

G. Matching, Level of Effort, Earmarking

DPH agrees to maintain expenditures for such activities at a level that is not less than the average level of such expenditures maintained by the State for the 2-year period preceding the fiscal year for which the State is applying to receive payments. Maintenance of Effort may be tracked using the designated FRC crosswalk. DPH does not require matching. Earmarking does not apply.

H. Period of Performance

The federal fiscal year for the PHHSBG is October 1 - September 30. Upon successful submission of a Work Plan and budget, CDC issues a Notice of Grant Award for a two-year budget period. Throughout the project period, the CDC's commitment to continuation of awards will be conditioned on the availability of funds, evidence of satisfactory progress by the State (as documented in required reports), and the determination that continued funding is in the best interest of the federal government.

I. Procurement and Suspension and Debarment

All grantees that expend federal funds (received either directly from a federal agency or passed through the N. C. Department of Health and Human Services) are required to conform to federal agency codifications of the grants management common rule

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accessible on the Internet https://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-idx?tpl=/ecfrbrowse/Title02/2cfr200_main_02.tpl. All grantees that expend State funds (including federal funds passed through the N.C. Department of Health and Human Services) are required to comply with the procurement standards described in the North Carolina General Statutes and the North Carolina Administrative Code, which are identified in the State of North Carolina Agency North Carolina Procurement Manual accessible on the Internet at: http://www.pandc.nc.gov/documents/Procurement_Manual_5_8_2013_interactive.pdf.

Non-federal entities are prohibited from contracting with or making sub awards under covered transactions to parties that are suspended or debarred or whose principals are suspended or debarred.

J. Program Income

Any program income generated by the DPH will be used in accordance with the additional cost alternative specified under the Cooperative Agreement. The disposition of program income must have written prior approval from the CDC's Grants Management Officer. Additional Costs Alternative – used for costs that are in addition to the allowable costs of the project for any purpose that furthers the objectives of the legislation under which the cooperative agreement was made. General program income subject to this alternative shall be reported on the Federal Financial Report (FFR), as appropriate. For Local Health Department subrecipients, fees for services provided to the public from this funding are allowed, subject to the following requirements:

Statutory Authority: 15A NCAC 16A.0508: Local health departments are authorized to impose fees for services provided through the use of Healthy Communities funds per the Consolidated Agreement. Revenue generation from these fees must be used for the programs. The local health department can obtain schedule of fees imposed by the local health department. Procedures adjusting charges for income, resources, and family size and evaluate for adequacy must be set up. Selected fees charged are not to be imposed for services provided to persons unable to pay.

Statutory Authority: 15A NCAC 16A.0508: Local health departments must report fee collection proceeds to the program and fee collection proceeds may be expended by the local health department upon prior approval of the program. Fee collection proceeds may be used to reduce the program portion of the Agreement amount or to expand services according to a plan approved by the program. The amount of fees collected for services will be available by the local health department. Prior program approval should be obtained to expend fee collection proceeds.

L. Reporting

Any program income generated by the DPH will be used in accordance with the additional cost alternative specified under the Cooperative Agreement. The disposition of program income must have written prior approval from the CDC's Grants Management Officer. Additional Costs Alternative – used for costs that are in addition to the allowable costs of the project for any purpose that furthers the objectives of the legislation under which the cooperative agreement was made. General program income subject to this alternative shall be reported on the Federal Financial Report (FFR), as appropriate. For Local Health Department subrecipients, fees for services provided to the public from this funding are allowed, subject to the following requirements:

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M. Subrecipient Monitoring

Local Health Departments and subrecipients are expected to show reasonable progress towards implementing strategies. They are required to incorporate the feedback/technical assistance received from DPH into their work. Performance will be measured through a variety of means, including written reports; desk reviews of all documents received including monthly expenditure reports; telephone calls, electronic communication and face-to-face interactions at site visits. Subrecipients will be required to report on the planning, implementation, and evaluation of their activities and other individualized needs.

The HIV/STD, Healthy Communities and Rape Crisis and Victim Services Programs contract with subrecipients. Program staff assesses programmatic risk at the beginning of each fiscal year. Data is collected from active projects and used in program evaluation. The Office of Local Health Services is responsible for assessing fiscal risk status for local health departments.

N. Special Tests and Provisions

1. BUDGET AMENDMENTS

Compliance Requirement – Subrecipients may amend their budgets during the contract year with prior approval from DPH. However, subrecipients may not exceed the total monetary limit as shown on and approved in the Contract Agreement.

Audit Objective – To determine that the budget approved by the State and the budget used by the subrecipient are identical. To determine that line item expenditures reported on the Request for Reimbursement to the State have not exceeded approved line item budgeted amounts.

Suggested Audit Procedures – Compare, by line item, the subrecipient program expenses with the final budget as approved by DPH. There should be verification that the reported expenditures are allowable and supported by sufficient documentation.

2. INDIRECT COST

Compliance Requirement – If budgeted, the subrecipient may include indirect cost in their budgets. Indirect cost may not be duplicated elsewhere in the budget.

Suggested Audit Procedures – The indirect cost plan supporting the indirect cost reported to DPH should be reviewed to determine that cost included in the plan is allowable and equitably allocated. Any discrepancies should be disclosed in the audit as “questioned costs.”

3. CONFLICT OF INTEREST AND CERTIFICATION REGARDING NO OVERDUE TAXES

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Compliance Requirement - All non-State entities (except those entities subject to the audit and other reporting requirements of the Local Government Commission) that receive, use or expend State funds (including federal funds passed through the N. C. Department of Health and Human Services) are subject to the financial reporting requirements of G. S. 143C-6-23 for fiscal years beginning on or after July 1, 2007. These requirements include the submission of a Notarized Conflict of Interest Policy (see G. S. 143C-6-23(b)) and a written statement (if applicable) that the entity does not have any overdue tax debts as defined by G. S. 105-243.1 at the federal, State or local level (see G. S. 143C-6-23(c)). All non-State entities that provide State funding to a non-State entity (except any non-State entity subject to the audit and other reporting requirements of the Local Government Commission) must hold the subgrantee accountable for the legal and appropriate expenditure of those State grant funds.

Suggested Audit Procedures – The auditor should review the Notarized Conflict of Interest Policy and the written statement that the entity does not have any overdue tax debts.