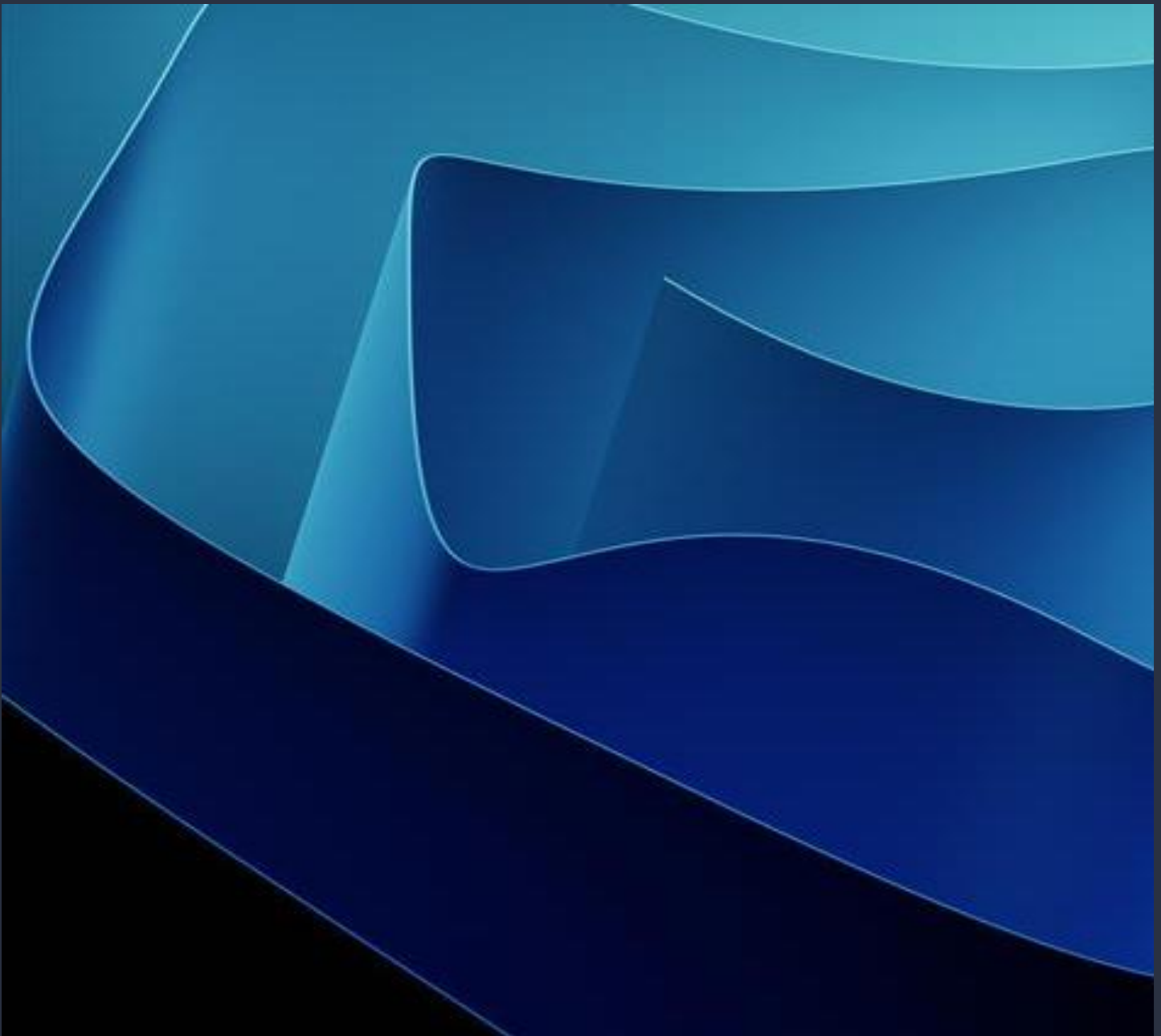

EXHIBITS

DB Administration Benchmarking Subscription



for the 12 months ended 2025

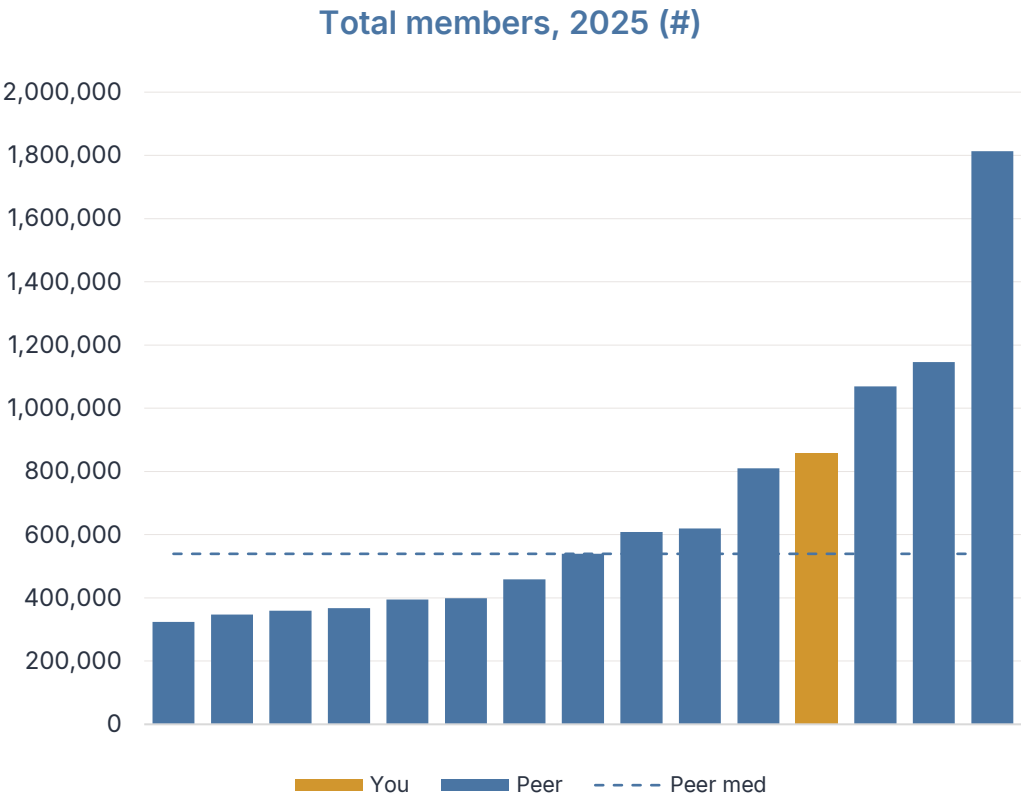
Peer Characteristics

Your custom peer group	03
Graphical summary of peer characteristics	04
Profiles of the 46 benchmarking participants	05
Graphical summary of peer characteristics	06

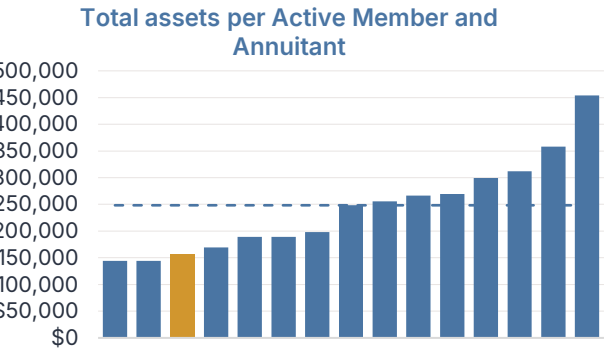
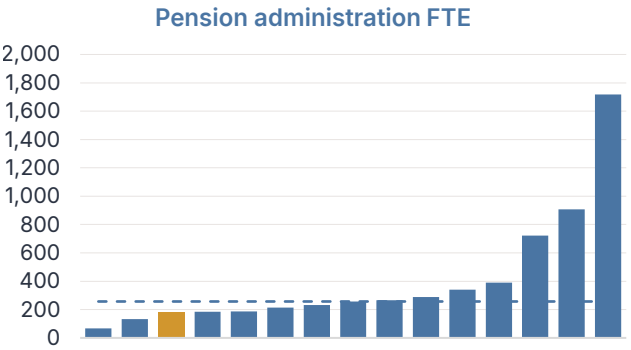
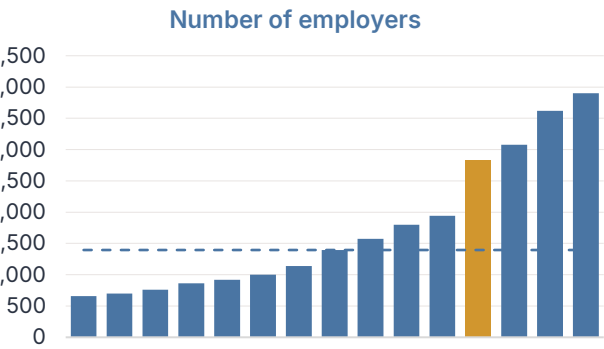
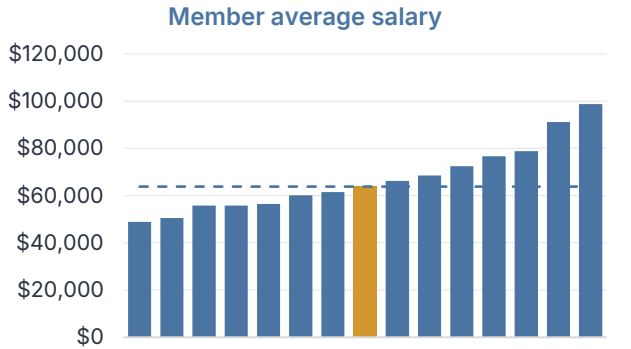
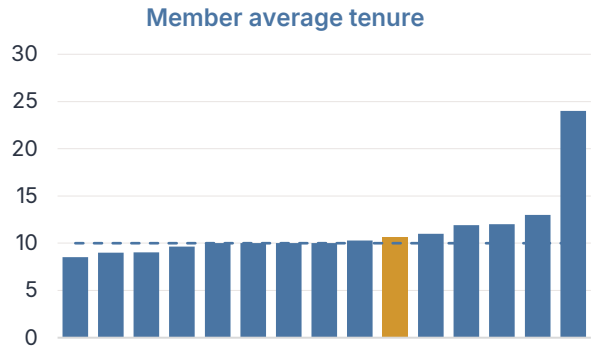
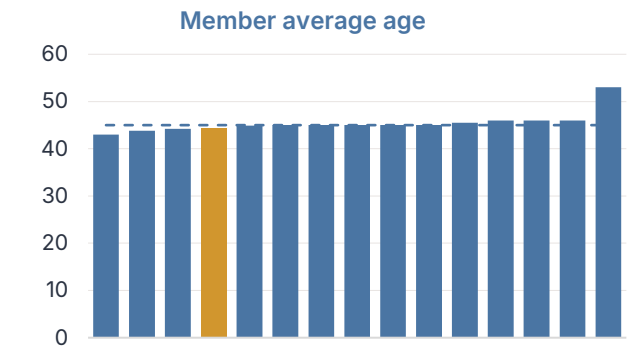
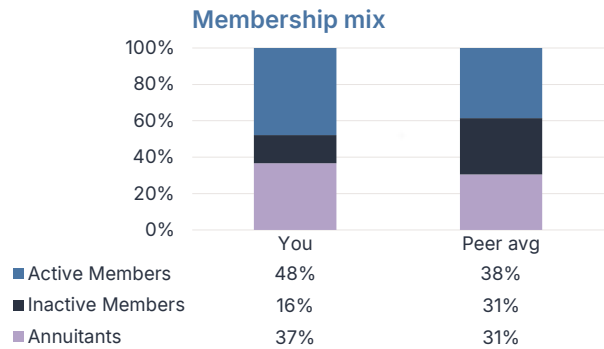
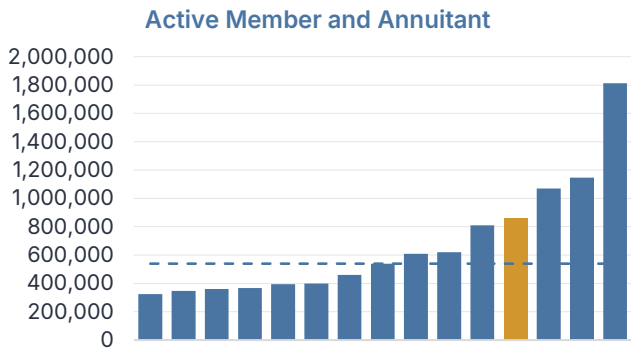
Your peer group consists of 15 peers.

Your peer group comprises 15 funds with a median membership of 539,403 million members.

Peer group	Total members
North Carolina RS	856,457
Minimum	324,056
25th percentile	381,094
Median	539,403
75th percentile	833,107
Maximum	1,812,985
Average	674,199
Count	15



Graphical summary of peer characteristics



■ You ■ Peer --- Peer Median

Profiles of the 46 benchmarking participants

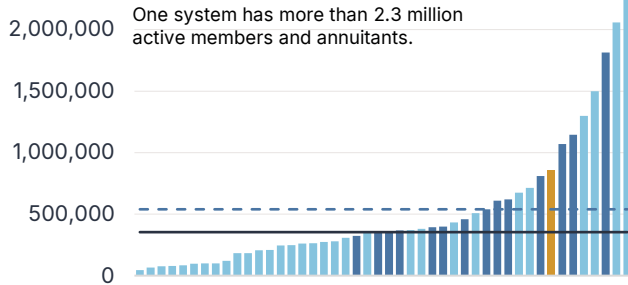
(excluding Local Government and UK systems)

	Member Groups		
			
	US	Canada	Rest of World
Number of plans	31	13	2
City or County Only	6%	0%	0%
State/ County Employees	81%	69%	0%
Teachers	74%	38%	0%
School	87%	54%	0%
Police and/or Fire	71%	54%	0%
Participating Local Employers	58%	31%	0%
Other (judges etc)	68%	38%	0%
Corporate	6%	15%	0%
Industry	10%	46%	100%

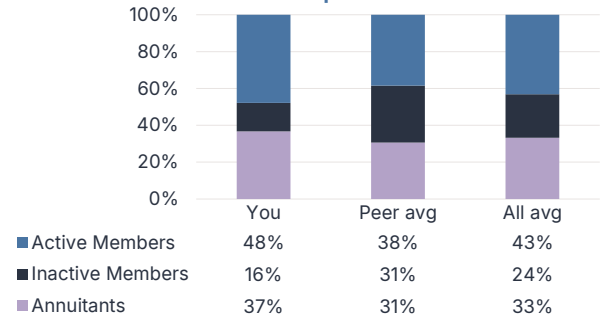
	Plan Types		
			
	US	Canada	Rest of World
Number of plans	31	13	2
Manages Investments	45%	38%	100%
DB	97%	100%	100%
Cash Balance	16%	0%	0%
DB/ Cash Balance	3%	8%	0%
DB/ Money Match	3%	0%	0%
Drop	13%	0%	0%
DC	32%	0%	0%
Hybrid DB/ DC	29%	8%	0%
Administer Retiree Healthcare	35%	0%	0%

Graphical summary of all participant characteristics

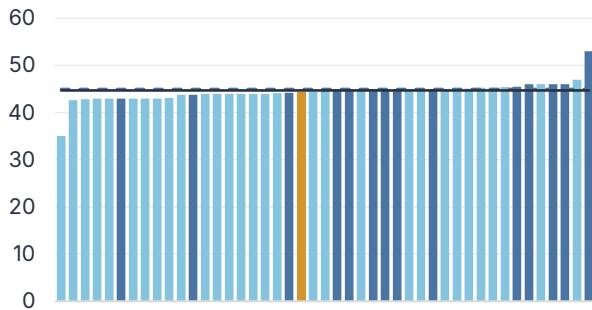
Active Member and Annuitant



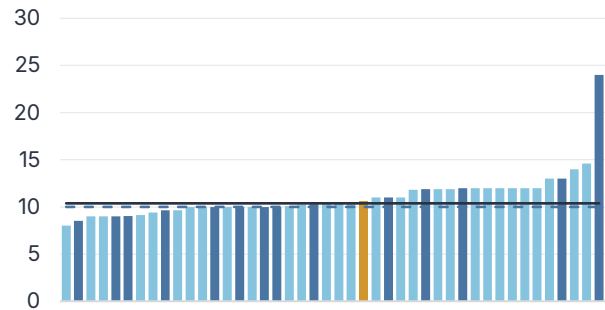
Membership mix



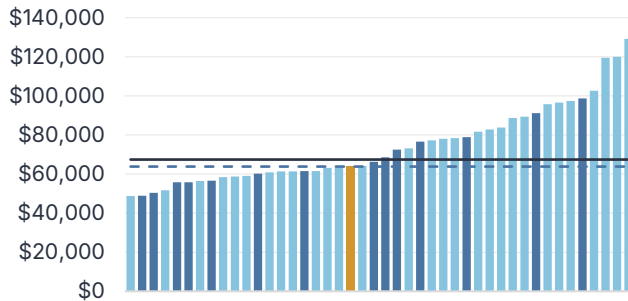
Member average age



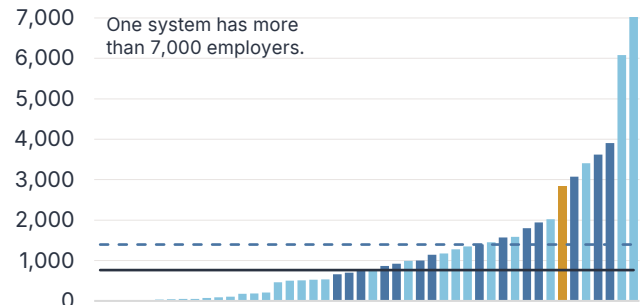
Member average tenure



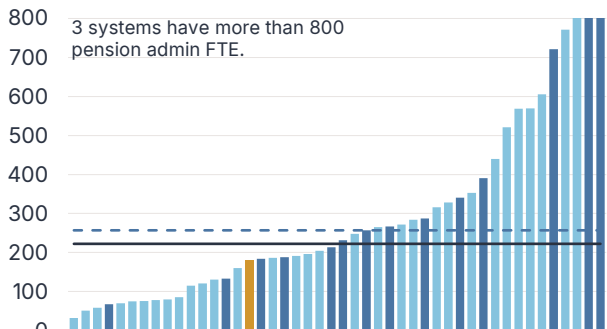
Member average salary



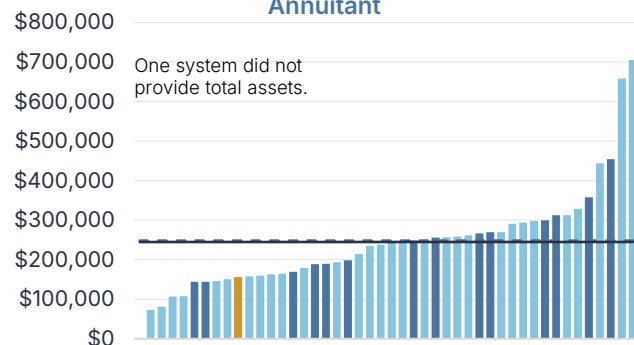
Number of employers



Pension administration FTE



Total assets per Active Member and Annuitant



■ You
 ■ Peer
 ■ All
 --- Peer Median
 — All Median

Total Cost

Total pension administration cost by activity	02
Cost trends	04
Cost category trends	05
Reasons for differences in total costs	07
Cost per weighted member	14
Your costs as a percentage of total assets	15

Your total pension administration cost was \$28.0 million or \$33 per active member and annuitant.

Activity ¹	Cost \$000s	\$s per Active Member and Annuitant			% of Total Pension Administration Cost		
	You	You	Peer avg	All avg	You	Peer avg	All avg
1. Member Transactions							
a. Pension Payments	752	0.88	3.83	5.10	2.7%	2.9%	3.3%
b. Pension Inceptions and Written Estimates	2,361	2.76	5.70	8.43	8.4%	4.4%	5.5%
c. Refunds, Withdrawals, and Transfers-out	2,129	2.49	1.96	3.61	7.6%	1.5%	2.4%
d. Purchases and Transfers-in	301	0.35	1.50	3.84	1.1%	1.2%	2.5%
e. Disability	<u>922</u>	<u>1.08</u>	<u>2.49</u>	<u>1.53</u>	<u>3.3%</u>	<u>1.9%</u>	<u>1.0%</u>
	6,465	7.55	15.49	22.52	23.1%	11.9%	14.7%
2. Member Communication							
a. Contact Center	4,200	4.90	9.23	8.47	15.0%	7.1%	5.5%
b. Mail Room, Imaging	651	0.76	1.88	2.82	2.3%	1.4%	1.8%
c. 1-on-1 Counseling	401	0.47	2.65	3.17	1.4%	2.0%	2.1%
d. Member Presentations	401	0.47	1.50	1.19	1.4%	1.1%	0.8%
e. Mass Communication	<u>303</u>	<u>0.35</u>	<u>3.72</u>	<u>4.41</u>	<u>1.1%</u>	<u>2.8%</u>	<u>2.9%</u>
	5,956	6.95	18.97	20.06	21.2%	14.5%	13.1%
3. Collections and Data Maintenance							
a. Data and Money from Employers	1,219	1.42	4.94	6.89	4.3%	3.8%	4.5%
b. Service to Employers	506	0.59	3.00	2.56	1.8%	2.3%	1.7%
c. Data Not from Employers	<u>270</u>	<u>0.32</u>	<u>1.02</u>	<u>1.75</u>	<u>1.0%</u>	<u>0.8%</u>	<u>1.1%</u>
	1,996	2.33	8.96	11.20	7.1%	6.9%	7.3%
4. Governance and Financial Control							
a. Financial Administration and Control	2,306	2.69	4.22	5.56	8.2%	3.2%	3.6%
b. Board, Strategy, Policy	291	0.34	2.78	6.11	1.0%	2.1%	4.0%
c. Government and Public Relations	<u>240</u>	<u>0.28</u>	<u>1.11</u>	<u>1.39</u>	<u>0.9%</u>	<u>0.9%</u>	<u>0.9%</u>
	2,837	3.31	8.12	13.06	10.1%	6.2%	8.5%
5. Major Projects							
a. Amortization of non-IT Major Projects	0	0.00	0.45	0.37	0.0%	0.3%	0.2%
b. Non-IT Major Projects (if you don't capitalize)	0	0.00	2.73	2.03	0.0%	2.1%	1.3%
c. Amortization of IT Major Projects	0	0.00	5.67	3.63	0.0%	4.3%	2.4%
d. IT Major Projects (if you don't capitalize)	<u>512</u>	<u>0.60</u>	<u>5.88</u>	<u>11.67</u>	<u>1.8%</u>	<u>4.5%</u>	<u>7.6%</u>
	512	0.60	14.73	17.70	1.8%	11.3%	11.5%
6. Information Technology							
a. IT Strategy, Database, Applications (excl. major projects)	5,792	6.76	25.24	25.82	20.7%	19.3%	16.8%
b. IT Desktop, Networks, Telecom	1,029	1.20	10.24	9.51	3.7%	7.8%	6.2%
c. IT Security	<u>387</u>	<u>0.45</u>	<u>3.66</u>	<u>3.68</u>	<u>1.4%</u>	<u>2.8%</u>	<u>2.4%</u>
	7,207	8.42	39.14	39.01	25.7%	30.0%	25.4%
7. Support Services and Other							
a. Building and Utilities	322	0.38	7.32	8.49	1.1%	5.6%	5.5%
b. Human Resources	301	0.35	3.00	4.82	1.1%	2.3%	3.1%
c. Actuarial	470	0.55	1.95	2.96	1.7%	1.5%	1.9%
d. Legal and Rule Interpretation	1,056	1.23	4.27	5.35	3.8%	3.3%	3.5%
e. Internal and External Audit	511	0.60	2.26	3.00	1.8%	1.7%	2.0%
f. Pay-as-you-go Benefits for Retired Staff	0	0.00	1.00	0.64	0.0%	0.8%	0.4%
g. Other Support Services	<u>402</u>	<u>0.47</u>	<u>5.26</u>	<u>4.80</u>	<u>1.4%</u>	<u>4.0%</u>	<u>3.1%</u>
	3,063	3.58	25.06	30.07	10.9%	19.2%	19.6%
Total Pension Administration ²	28,036	32.74	130.47	153.61	100%	100%	100%

1. Refer to the appendix C for detailed activity definitions.

2. The fully-attributed costs of activities 1f. Healthcare Administration and 1g. Optional and Third Party Administered Benefits are excluded from pension administration costs to ensure comparability. Refer to the last page of this section to see how the above costs reconcile to the administration costs provided on your survey.

Quartile comparisons of the components of total cost

The table below shows activity costs on a 'per member' basis (e.g. call center cost per member). In section 4, the same costs are compared on a 'per unit of activity volume' basis (e.g. call center cost per call).

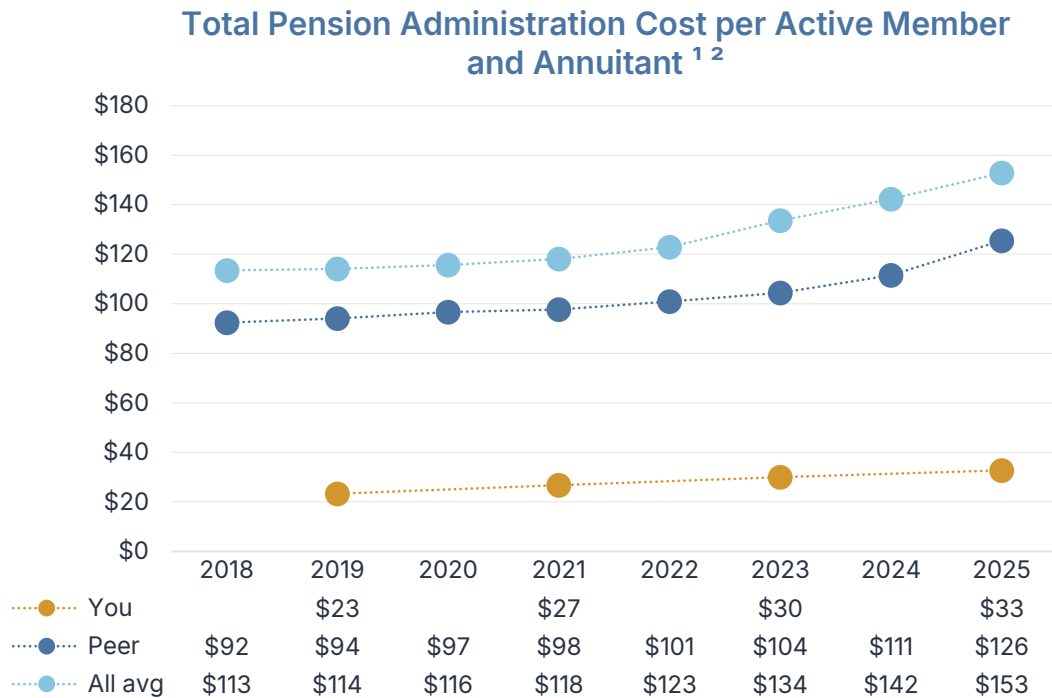
\$ Cost per Active Member and Annuitant														
Activity ¹	Peer							All Participants						
	You	Avg	Max	Q3	Med	Q1	Min	Avg	Max	Q3	Med	Q1	Min	
1. Member Transactions														
a. Pension Payments	0.88	3.83	10.99	4.39	3.05	1.87	0.88	5.10	15.65	6.59	4.24	2.08	0.40	
b. Pension Inceptions and Written Estimates	2.76	5.70	11.53	9.13	3.97	2.63	1.76	8.43	46.26	11.40	6.28	3.99	1.76	
c. Refunds, Withdrawals, and Transfers-out	2.49	1.96	5.91	2.71	1.45	0.82	0.29	3.61	19.64	4.63	2.50	1.32	0.08	
d. Purchases and Transfers-in	0.35	1.50	5.30	2.01	1.04	0.59	0.22	3.84	22.83	3.73	1.54	0.66	0.00	
e. Disability	<u>1.08</u>	<u>2.49</u>	7.55	3.29	1.86	0.71	0.23	<u>1.60</u>	13.93	1.69	0.70	0.10	0.00	
	7.55	15.49	35.51	22.20	13.25	7.84	5.23	22.52	90.74	25.86	19.00	8.93	4.10	
2. Member Communication														
a. Contact Center	4.90	9.23	21.78	12.39	8.62	5.78	1.58	8.47	45.08	11.42	6.69	5.03	0.38	
b. Mail Room, Imaging	0.76	1.88	4.07	3.09	1.34	0.79	0.23	2.82	11.80	3.80	1.75	0.88	0.00	
c. 1-on-1 Counseling	0.47	2.65	10.33	2.77	1.88	0.77	0.00	3.17	13.91	5.37	1.88	0.48	0.00	
d. Member Presentations	0.47	1.50	6.20	1.67	0.77	0.46	0.00	1.19	6.20	1.46	0.86	0.39	0.00	
e. Mass Communication	<u>0.35</u>	<u>3.72</u>	7.37	5.11	3.37	1.69	0.35	<u>4.41</u>	10.44	5.67	4.38	2.57	0.35	
	6.95	18.97	43.08	24.61	19.62	9.12	6.55	20.06	56.63	24.96	18.16	12.73	6.55	
3. Collections and Data Maintenance														
a. Data and Money from Employers	1.42	4.94	21.78	4.73	2.71	1.72	0.65	6.89	54.19	8.28	4.15	2.48	0.00	
b. Service to Employers	0.59	3.00	7.56	4.22	1.60	1.33	0.52	2.56	7.56	3.51	2.03	1.30	0.00	
c. Data Not from Employers	<u>0.32</u>	<u>1.02</u>	2.86	1.46	0.95	0.46	0.15	<u>1.75</u>	9.63	2.19	1.28	0.48	0.00	
	2.33	8.96	26.30	10.51	6.24	4.14	1.32	11.20	54.19	15.32	8.31	5.12	0.00	
4. Governance and Financial Control														
a. Financial Administration and Control	2.69	4.22	10.00	4.89	3.55	2.88	0.68	5.56	18.15	6.99	4.85	3.38	0.40	
b. Board, Strategy, Policy	0.34	2.78	9.13	3.87	2.34	1.06	0.18	6.11	33.44	8.79	4.24	2.19	0.18	
c. Government and Public Relations	<u>0.28</u>	<u>1.11</u>	3.07	2.06	0.59	0.20	0.13	<u>1.39</u>	6.35	2.31	1.09	0.24	0.00	
	3.31	8.12	21.03	9.98	8.13	4.30	1.53	13.06	42.81	17.62	10.40	7.17	1.53	
5. Major Projects														
a. Amortization of non-IT Major Projects	0.00	0.45	4.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.37	6.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
b. Non-IT Major Projects (if you don't capitalize)	0.00	2.73	25.86	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.03	25.86	1.34	0.00	0.00	0.00	
c. Amortization of IT Major Projects	0.00	5.67	50.80	3.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.63	50.80	3.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	
d. IT Major Projects (if you don't capitalize)	<u>0.60</u>	<u>5.88</u>	27.98	10.16	1.27	0.30	-0.33	<u>11.67</u>	60.73	12.42	2.63	0.00	-0.33	
	0.60	14.73	50.80	20.78	9.11	1.14	-0.29	17.70	74.63	24.97	10.09	0.70	-0.29	
6. Information Technology														
a. IT Strategy, Database, Applications (excl. major projects)	6.76	25.24	87.16	30.07	21.12	11.51	3.75	25.82	87.16	33.51	21.35	12.64	3.75	
b. IT Desktop, Networks, Telecom	1.20	10.24	21.52	13.89	10.90	4.70	1.05	9.51	54.39	12.22	7.57	4.06	0.04	
c. IT Security	<u>0.45</u>	<u>3.66</u>	11.18	5.71	2.58	0.58	0.00	<u>3.68</u>	20.74	5.22	2.39	0.67	0.00	
	8.42	39.14	99.18	46.31	44.78	20.10	5.52	39.01	107.42	45.61	34.98	21.43	5.52	
7. Support Services and Other														
a. Building and Utilities	0.38	7.32	26.35	8.23	4.29	3.09	0.38	8.49	41.93	8.77	5.57	3.37	0.01	
b. Human Resources	0.35	3.00	10.35	3.58	2.82	0.96	0.17	4.82	32.92	5.69	3.00	1.85	0.17	
c. Actuarial	0.55	1.95	6.40	2.83	1.38	1.00	0.55	2.96	19.67	3.17	1.60	1.17	0.00	
d. Legal and Rule Interpretation	1.23	4.27	13.54	6.13	3.37	1.76	0.90	5.35	23.82	6.23	3.97	2.32	0.51	
e. Internal and External Audit	0.60	2.26	5.39	3.42	1.79	0.94	0.36	3.00	8.90	4.11	2.70	1.43	0.18	
f. Pay-as-you-go Benefits for Retired Staff	0.00	1.00	12.56	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.64	12.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
g. Other Support Services	<u>0.47</u>	<u>5.26</u>	28.21	5.03	3.42	0.84	0.00	<u>4.80</u>	28.21	5.66	3.09	0.83	0.00	
	3.58	25.06	74.02	29.27	19.97	11.10	3.40	30.07	101.13	31.89	22.57	15.58	3.40	
Total Pension Administration ²	32.74	130.47	292.83	176.01	129.73	77.37	24.64	153.61	407.34	201.21	133.25	96.07	24.64	

1. Refer to the appendix C for detailed activity definitions.

2. Only averages will add to totals. The Max/ Q3/ Med/ Q1/ Min activity costs will not add to their respective totals and subtotals because, for example, the system with the median cost (i.e., the middle value) will not be the same for all activities and totals.

Cost trends

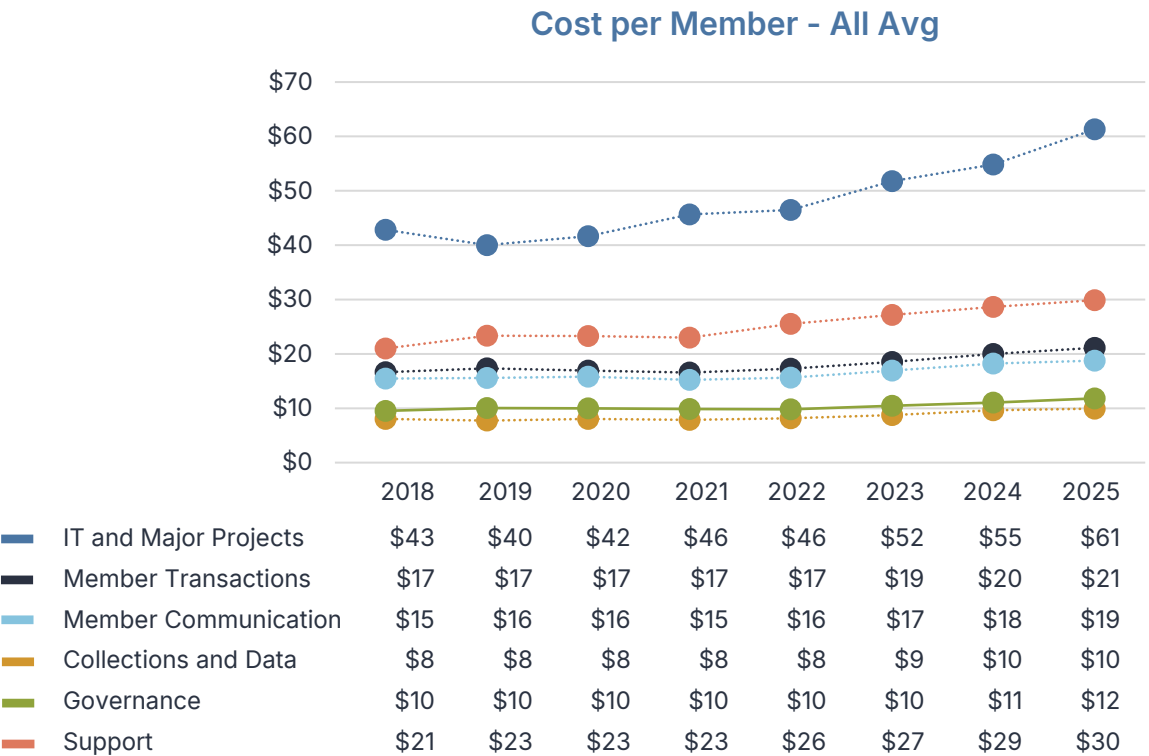
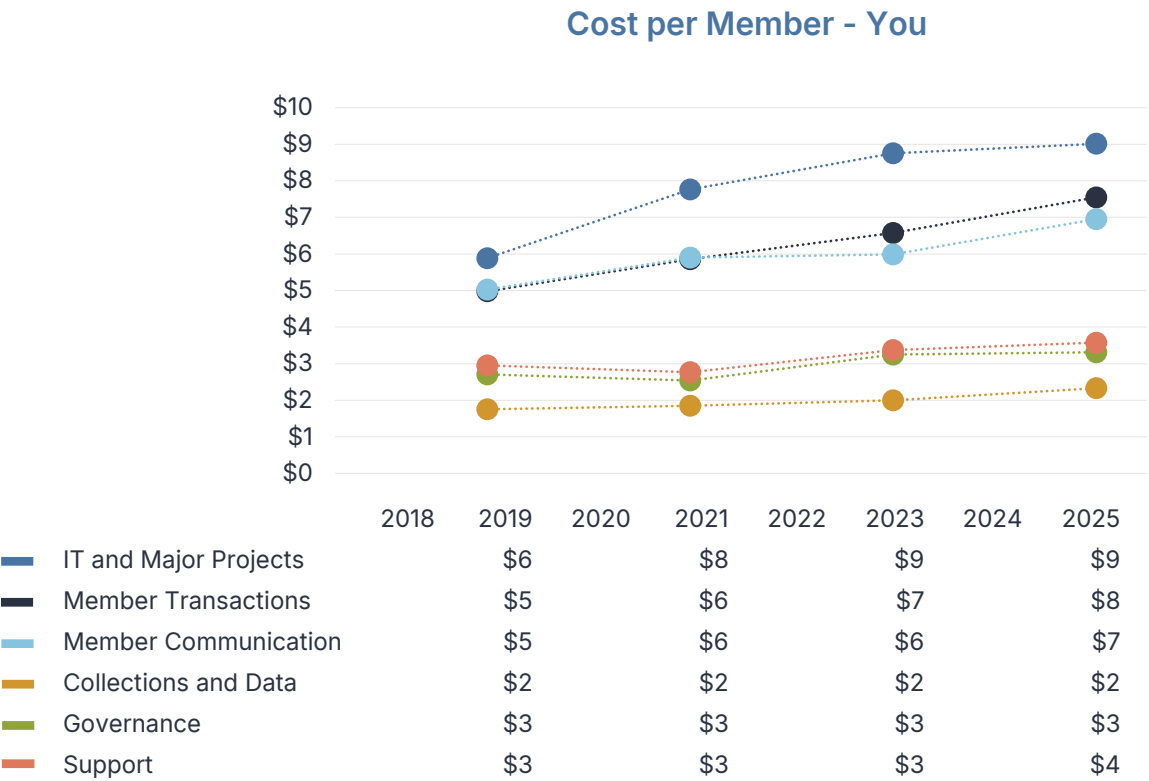
The total pension administration costs of your peers that have participated for 8 consecutive years have increased at a compound annual rate of 4.5% between 2019 and 2025. Your growth rate for the same period is unavailable.



1. Trend analysis is based on systems that have participated for 8-consecutive years (13 peers and 31 World systems). This ensures that trends are not caused by changes in the composition of the participants.

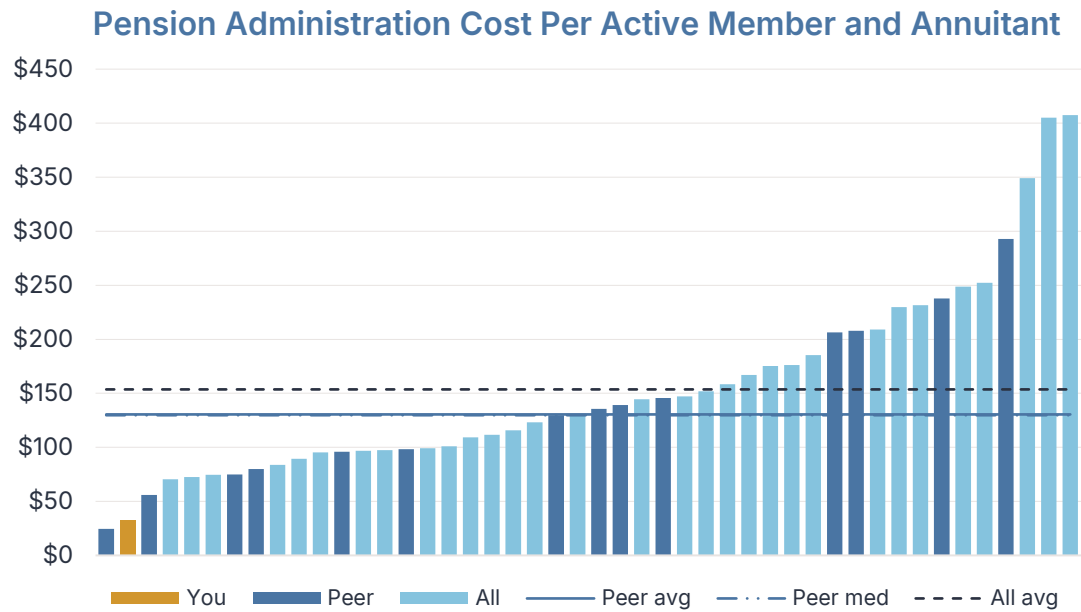
2. All foreign currency amounts have been converted to USDs using Purchasing Power Parity figures as per the OECD (see Appendix B). The same exchange rate was used for both the current and prior years. The benefit of using the same exchange rate for prior years is that changes in costs reflect fluctuations in your peers' costs and not fluctuations in foreign exchange.

Cost category trends

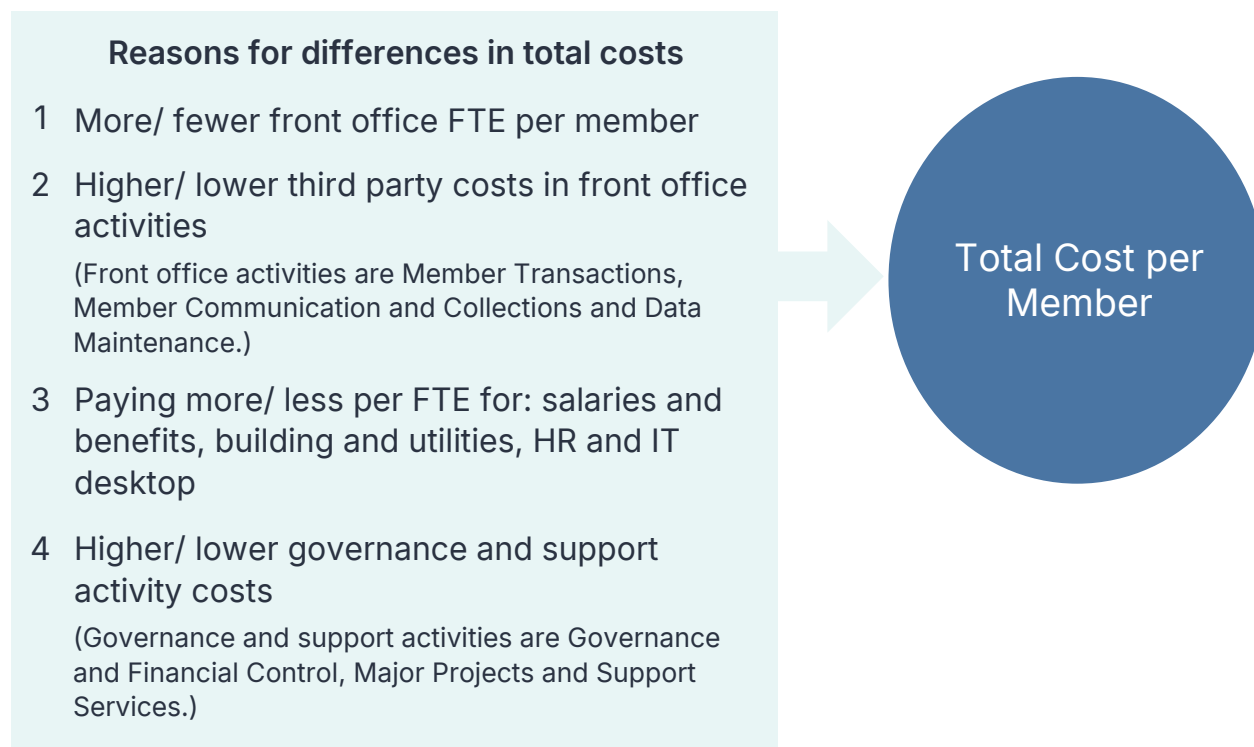


Trend analysis is based on 31 systems that provided 8 consecutive years of data.

Your total pension administration cost was \$33 per active member and annuitant. This was \$97 below the peer average of \$130 (and \$97 below the peer median of \$130).



CEM uses the following cost model to explain differences in total costs:



In this section, CEM quantifies the amount by which differences in each of the 4 reasons identified above cause your total pension administration cost to differ from the peer average.

Average versus Median

In the other sections of this report, CEM compares your performance to the median (i.e., the middle value or 50th percentile). This is because medians are less sensitive to outlier data than averages. An example of an outlier is a single peer with unusually high costs. In this section, we compare and reconcile your total costs to the peer average because:

- There are interactions between the reasons for differences in total cost that would be lost if we used medians.
- It is necessary if we want the reasons to add to 100%. The sum of median parts does not add up to the median total.

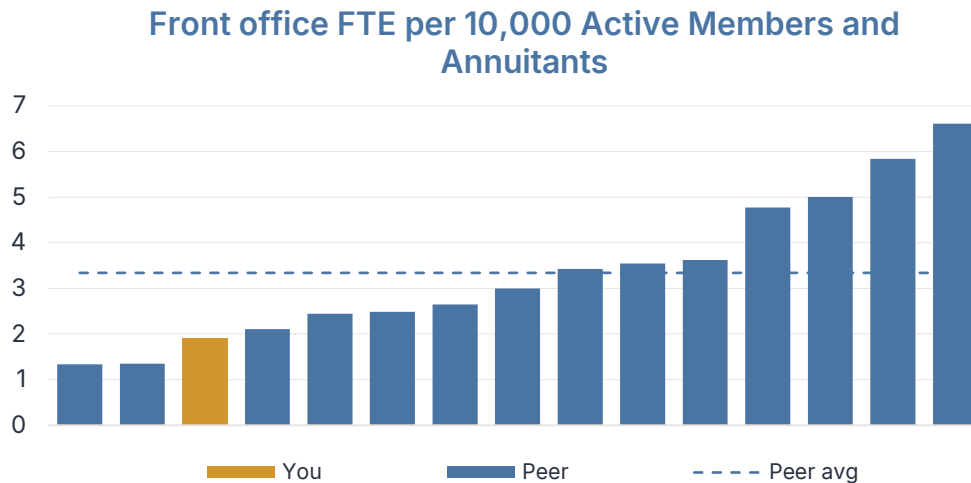
Reasons why your total cost per member was \$98 below the peer average:

Reason	You	Peer Avg	Impact
			\$s per active member and annuitant
1 Fewer front office FTE per 10,000 members	1.9	3.3	-\$13
2 Lower third party costs per member in the front office	\$1	\$6	-\$5
3 Lower costs per FTE			
Front office Salaries & Benefits	\$84,921	\$113,510	
Governance, support Salaries & Benefits	<u>\$113,780</u>	<u>\$161,168</u>	
Blended Average	\$87,310	\$124,633	
Building and Utilities	\$1,800	\$13,942	
HR	\$1,683	\$5,709	
IT Desktop, Networks, Telecom	<u>\$5,748</u>	<u>\$19,512</u>	
Total	\$96,541	\$163,796	-\$35
4 Lower support costs per member (mainly driven by IT strategy, database, applications) ¹			
Governance & Financial Control	\$3	\$6	
Major Projects	\$1	\$15	
IT Strategy, Database, Applications	\$7	\$22	
IT Security	\$0	\$3	
Actuarial, Legal, Audit, Other	<u>\$3</u>	<u>\$12</u>	
Total	\$14	\$58	-\$44
Total			-\$98

1. To avoid double counting, peers' governance and support costs are adjusted for differences in cost per FTE.

Reason 1: You had fewer front office FTE per member.

Your 1.9 front office FTE per 10,000 members was 43% below the peer average of 3.3. Front office activities are activities that come in contact with clients or employers, such as paying pensions, member calls and presentations. It excludes Governance and support activities such as Governance and Financial Control, Major Projects and Support Services. Your lower front office FTE per member decreased your total cost per member by \$13 relative to the peer average.



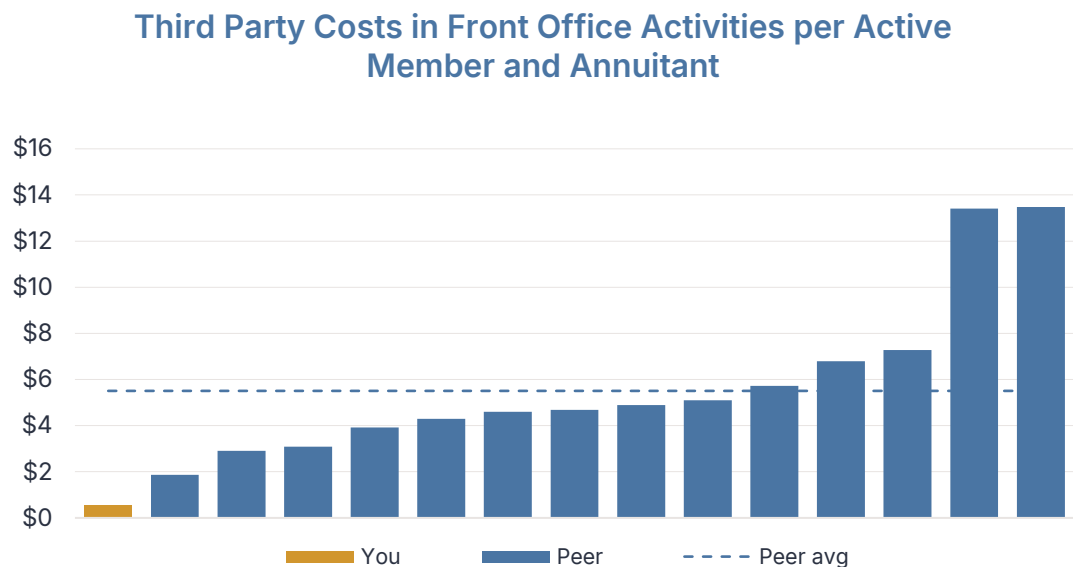
Your front office FTE per 10,000 members is a function of two components: volume per 1,000 active members and annuitants (workloads) and activity volume per FTE (productivity).

One reason you had fewer FTE per member is that you had higher productivity in the front office.

		Volume per 1,000 Active Member and Annuitant			Activity Volume per FTE		
Activity	Volume Description	You	Peer Avg	+/-	You	Peer Avg	+/-
Member Transactions							
Pension Payments	Annuitants	434	445	-10	58,135	28,906	29,230
New Payee Inceptions and Written Estimates	New Inceptions	20	22	-2	621	626	-5
Refunds & Transfers-out	Refunds	22	23	-1	771	1,954	-1,182
Purchases and Transfers-in	Purchases	1.4	4.3	-2.9	366	316	50
Disability Applications	Disability Applications	1.2	1.1	0.2	104	108	-4
Member Communication							
Calls and Emails	Calls and Emails	633	550	83	10,886	8,051	2,834
Incoming Mail	Incoming Mail	292	301	-9	33,825	39,187	-5,362
Members Counseled 1-on-1	Members Counseled	0	18	-17	82	1,199	-1,116
Member Presentations	Member Presentations	0.1	0.7	-0.6	19	122	-103
Collections & Data Maintenance							
Data & Money from Employers	Active Members	566	555	10	34,354	28,946	5,408
Service to Employers	Active Members	566	555	10	88,071	40,692	47,379
Data Not from Employers	All Members	1,184	1,529	-345	349,585	302,532	47,054
Weighted Total		41.2	45.2	-4.0	215,061	138,105	76,956

Reason 2: You had lower third party costs in the front office activities.

Your third party costs in the front office activities were \$1 per member which was 90% below the peer average of \$6. Your lower third party costs decreased your total cost per member by \$5 relative to peers.



Differences in third party and other miscellaneous costs in the front office activities reflect differences in:

- Use of consultants
- Departmental travel and education

Reason 3: You had overall lower salaries and benefits, building and utilities, HR and IT desktop costs per FTE.

Cost per FTE		
Costs that vary per FTE	You	FTE-Weighted Peer Avg
Salaries and Benefits		
Front Office	\$84,921	\$113,510
Governance and support	<u>\$113,780</u>	<u>\$161,168</u>
Blended Average	\$87,310	\$122,735
Pay-as-you-go Benefits for Retired Staff	\$0	\$1,898
Building and Utilities	\$1,800	\$13,942
Human Resources	\$1,683	\$5,709
IT Desktop, Networks, Telecom	\$5,748	\$19,512
Total	\$96,541	\$163,796

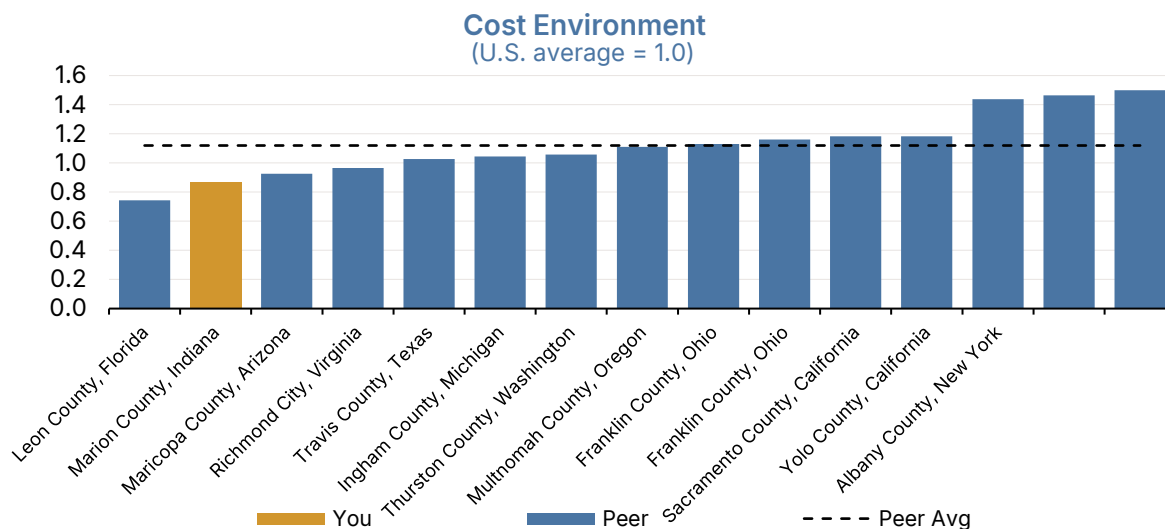
Your cost per FTE for salaries and benefits, building and utilities, human resources and IT desktop of \$96,541 was 41% below the FTE-weighted peer average of \$163,796. Your lower costs per FTE decreased your total cost per member by \$35 relative to the peer average.

The cost model uses the FTE-weighted average because 'Cost per FTE' differences matter more for peers with more FTEs. The FTE-weighted average can be substantially different from the simple average.

Differences in what you pay per FTE reflect differences in:

- Square footage of office space per FTE.
- Organization structure, strategy and history.
- Using consultants for functions associated with high salaries. This will reduce your salary cost per FTE, but increase your third party cost.

Often a key reason for differences in 'cost per FTE' is cost environment. According to the Bureau of Labor Statistics (<http://www.bls.gov/>), labor costs in your area were 23% below the peer average.



Reason 4: You paid less for governance and support activities.

Your adjusted¹ cost per active member and annuitant of \$14 for governance and support activities was below the peer average of \$58. Paying less for governance and support activities decreased your total cost per member by \$44 relative to the peer average.

Governance and support activities	Cost per Active Member and Annuitant		Adjusted ¹ Cost per Active Member and Annuitant	
	You	Peer avg	You	Peer avg
Governance and Financial Control	\$3	\$8	\$3	\$6
Major Projects	\$1	\$15	\$1	\$15
IT Strategy, Database, Applications (excl. major projects)	\$7	\$25	\$7	\$22
IT Security	\$0	\$4	\$0	\$3
Actuarial, Legal, Audit, Other Support Services	\$3	\$14	\$3	\$12
Support Services that Vary per FTE	\$0	\$8		
Total	\$14	\$73	\$14	\$58

1. To avoid double counting, governance and support costs are adjusted for cost per FTE (including salary, building, IT desktop, and HR costs).

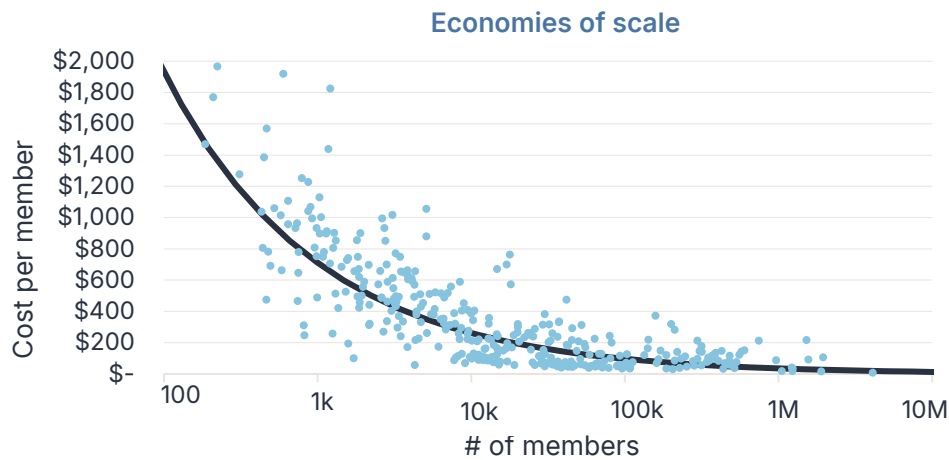
Differences in the adjusted cost per member for non-administration activities reflects differences in:

- How much you do. For example, some systems invest more in disaster recovery.
- IT capability
- IT investment cycle
- Plan complexity

Refer to section '4 - Activity Costs' for detailed analysis and comparison of the sub-activities within each of the non-administration activities to gain insight into where you are doing and paying more and/or less.

Impact of economies of scale

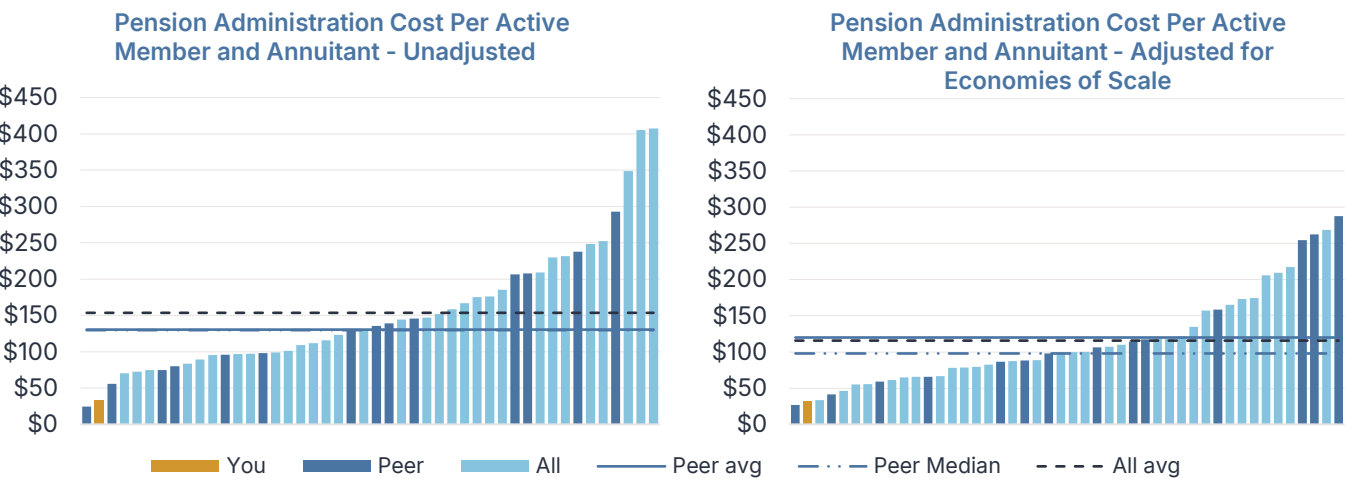
Your peer group is comprised of funds as close to your size as possible because size matters. According to CEM research using cost and membership data from 370 global pension plans, approximately 70% of differences in cost per member can be explained by differences in size.



The following table outlines your implied cost per member based on changes in your membership:

How Changes in Membership Impact Your Cost			
% Change in Members	Implied # of Members	Predicted Cost per Member	Increase/-Decrease
-75%	214,114	\$50	\$18
-50%	428,229	\$41	\$8
-25%	642,343	\$36	\$3
0%	856,457	\$33	\$0
25%	1,070,571	\$31	-\$2
50%	1,284,686	\$29	-\$4
75%	1,498,800	\$28	-\$5

After adjusting your peers' costs for their scale advantage/disadvantage relative to your system, the peer average cost decreased from \$130 per member to \$120 per member.

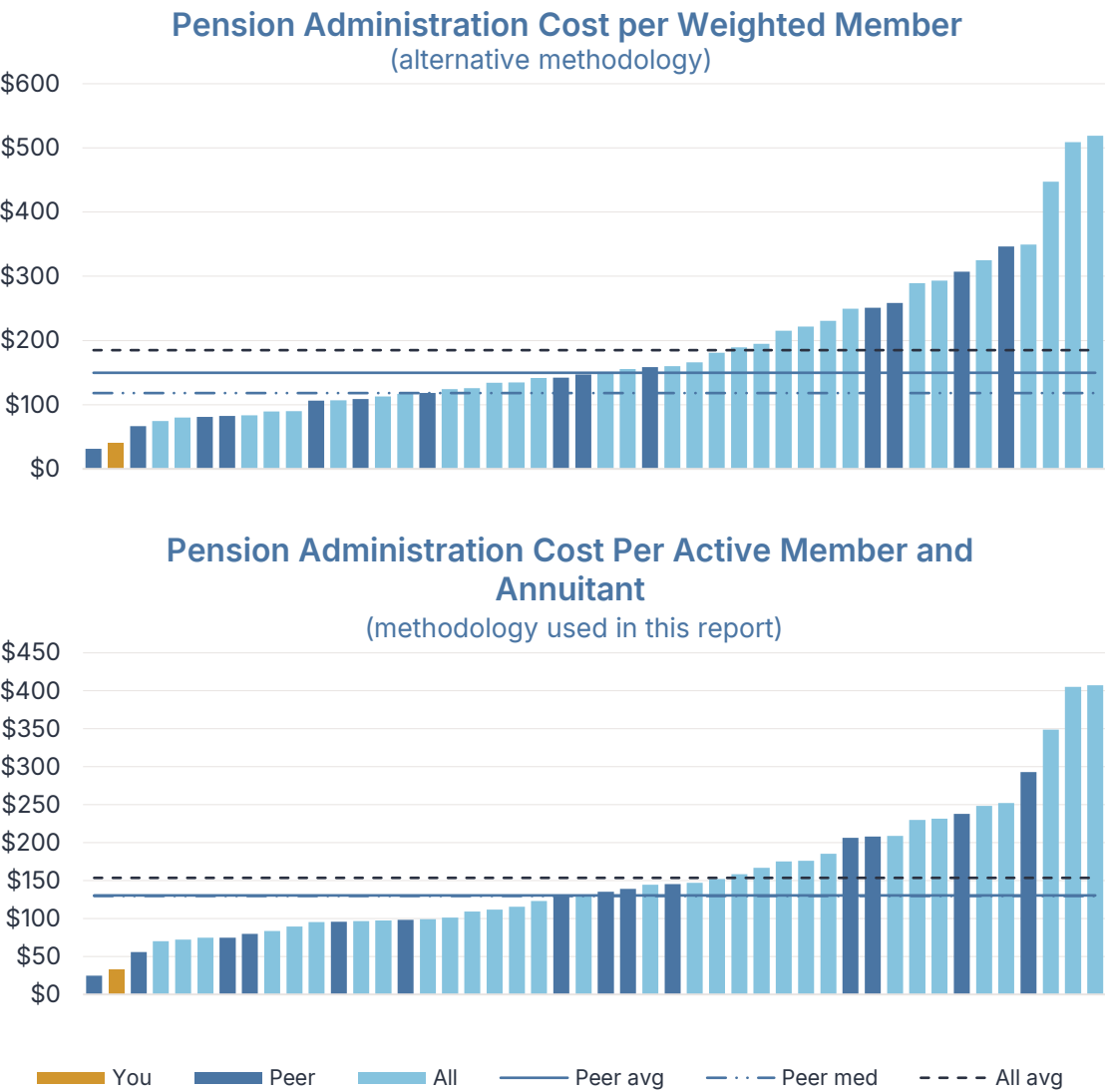


Cost per weighted member

In this report active members and annuitants is the divisor used when determining cost per member. But as the analysis on the previous three pages demonstrates, active members are more costly to administer than annuitants, and the cost to administer inactive members is greater than zero. Thus, using active members and annuitants as the divisor can bias results. It unfairly makes systems look higher cost if they have substantially higher than average proportions of inactive members and/or substantially lower than average proportions of annuitants.

Another way to compare total costs is on a per 'weighted member' basis where the weightings reflect the fact that costs vary by type of member. Your pension administration cost per weighted member was \$40.56. This was below the peer average of \$149.70. Members are weighted as follows: active members at 100%, inactive members at 25% and annuitants at 45%.

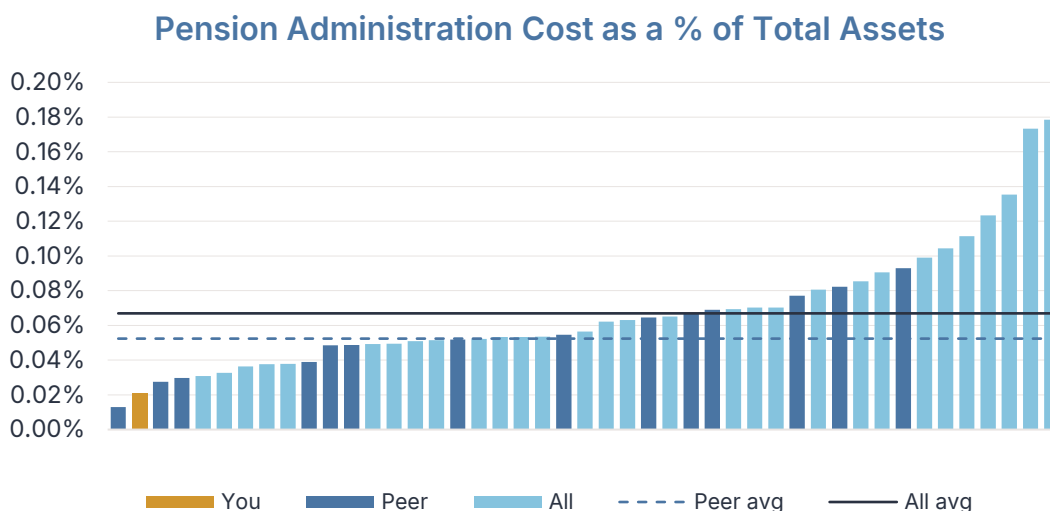
Relative rankings under both methodologies are shown in the graphs below.



Cost as a % of total assets

An alternative way to compare total costs is as a percent of total pension assets. This ratio is particularly useful when trying to understand how pension administration costs compare to investment costs within the same system because investment costs tend to be quoted as a percentage of assets. This ratio is less useful when comparing between systems, as is done in the graph below, because the divisor, total assets, depends on plan rules (more generous plans will have more assets) and funded status.

Your pension's administration costs represented 0.02% of total assets (or 2 basis points). This was below the peer average of 0.05%.



Reconciliation to costs provided on the survey

The fully-attributed costs of activities 1f. Healthcare Administration and 1g. Optional and Third Party Administered Benefits are excluded from pension administration costs to ensure comparability. Your direct costs per the survey for activities 4, 5, 6 and 7 have been reduced by attributions to activities 1F and 1G that add up to \$166 thousand.

Your Costs in \$000s					
Activity	Salaries & Benefits	Third Party & Other	Attributions ¹ to 1f & 1g	Total	\$s per Active Member and Annuitant
1. Member Transactions					
a. Pension Payments	552	200		752	0.88
b. Pension Inceptions and Written Estimates	2,344	18		2,361	2.76
c. Refunds, Withdrawals, and Transfers-out	2,059	70		2,129	2.49
d. Purchases and Transfers-in	283	18		301	0.35
e. Disability	904	18		922	1.08
f. Healthcare Administration	137	18	124	279	0.33
g. Optional and Third Party Administered Benefits	75	18	41	134	0.16
2. Member Communication					
a. Contact Center	4,183	18		4,200	4.90
b. Mail Room, Imaging	633	18		651	0.76
c. 1-on-1 Counseling	383	18		401	0.47
d. Member Presentations	377	24		401	0.47
e. Mass Communication	284	19		303	0.35
3. Collections and Data Maintenance					
a. Data and Money from Employers	1,201	18		1,219	1.42
b. Service to Employers	489	18		506	0.59
c. Data Not from Employers	252	18		270	0.32
4. Governance and Financial Control					
a. Financial Administration and Control	460	1,874	-28	2,306	2.69
b. Board, Strategy, Policy	263	32	-4	291	0.34
c. Government and Public Relations	210	33	-3	240	0.28
5. Major Projects					
a. Amortization of non-IT Major Projects		0	0	0	0.00
b. Non-IT Major Projects (if you don't capitalize)	0	0	0	0	0.00
c. Amortization of IT Major Projects		0	0	0	0.00
d. IT Major Projects (if you don't capitalize)	176	343	-6	512	0.60
6. Information Technology					
a. IT Strategy, Database, Applications (excl. major projects)	206	5,657	-71	5,792	6.76
b. IT Desktop, Networks, Telecom	63	979	-13	1,029	1.20
c. IT Security	0	392	-5	387	0.45
7. Support Services and Other					
a. Building and Utilities	0	326	-4	322	0.38
b. Human Resources	0	305	-4	301	0.35
c. Actuarial	53	423	-6	470	0.55
d. Legal and Rule Interpretation	182	887	-13	1,056	1.23
e. Internal and External Audit	58	459	-6	511	0.60
f. Pay-as-you-go Benefits for Retired Staff	0		0	0	0.00
g. Other Support Services	99	308	-5	402	0.47
Total Administration	15,925	12,524	0	28,450	33.22
less:					
f. Healthcare Administration	-137	-18	-124	-279	-0.33
g. Optional and Third Party Administered Benefits	-75	-18	-41	-134	-0.16
Total Pension Administration				28,036	32.74

1. Attributions of 4. Governance, 5. Major Projects, 6. IT, and 7. Support Services and Other are pro rata based on direct FTE.

Activity Costs

Calculation of your activity costs	02
Summary comparisons of activity costs by quartile breakdown	03
Reasons and factors that impact the direct costs of each activity	05
Fully attributed front-office costs	50

Calculation of your activity costs

Calculation of Your Direct Activity Costs

Activity ¹	Cost ² in \$000s (A)		Activity Volume (B)	\$s per Unit (A / B)
1. Member Transactions				
a. Pension Payments	752	372,067	annuitants	2.02
b. Pension Inceptions and Written Estimates	2,361	17,335	new payee inceptions	136.21
c. Refunds, Withdrawals, and Transfers-out	2,129	19,133	refunds, withdrawals, and transfers-out	111.29
d. Purchases and Transfers-in	301	1,208	purchases and transfers-in	249.09
e. Disability	922	1,064	disability applications	866.54
2. Member Communication				
a. Contact Center	4,200	542,113	calls and emails	7.75
b. Mail Room, Imaging	651	250,304	incoming mail	2.60
c. 1-on-1 Counseling	401	379	members counseled 1-on-1	1,057.78
d. Member Presentations	401	83	member presentations	4,827.71
e. Mass Communication	303	856,457	active members and annuitants	0.35
3. Collections and Data Maintenance				
a. Data and Money from Employers	1,219	484,390	active members	2.52
b. Service to Employers	506	484,390	active members	1.05
c. Data Not from Employers	270	1,013,797	actives, inactives, annuitants	0.27
4. Governance and Financial Control ⁴				
a. Financial Administration and Control	2,306	856,457	active members and annuitants	2.69
b. Board, Strategy, Policy	291	856,457	active members and annuitants	0.34
c. Government and Public Relations	240	856,457	active members and annuitants	0.28
5. Major Projects ⁴				
a. Amortization of non-IT Major Projects	0	856,457	active members and annuitants	0.00
b. Non-IT Major Projects (if you don't capitalize)	0	856,457	active members and annuitants	0.00
c. Amortization of IT Major Projects	0	856,457	active members and annuitants	0.00
d. IT Major Projects (if you don't capitalize)	512	856,457	active members and annuitants	0.60
6. Information Technology ⁴				
a. IT Strategy, Database, Applications (excl. major projects)	5,792	856,457	active members and annuitants	6.76
b. IT Desktop, Networks, Telecom	1,029	180	pension admin FTE	5,722.53
c. IT Security	387	856,457	active members and annuitants	0.45
7. Support Services and Other ⁴				
a. Building and Utilities	322	180	pension admin FTE	1,791.76
b. Human Resources	301	180	pension admin FTE	1,675.27
c. Actuarial	470	856,457	active members and annuitants	0.55
d. Legal and Rule Interpretation	1,056	856,457	active members and annuitants	1.23
e. Internal and External Audit	511	856,457	active members and annuitants	0.60
f. Pay-as-you-go Benefits for Retired Staff	0	180	pension admin FTE	0.00
g. Other Support Services	402	856,457	active members and annuitants	0.47
Total Pension Administration ³	28,036	856,457	active members and annuitants	32.74

1. Refer to Appendix C for activity definitions.

2. Cost is 'direct cost' as per your survey. It is the sum of:

- a) Salaries and benefits of all staff that directly perform the activity, plus related support and management staff that are in the same department. For example, the call center includes call and email customer service agents, trainers, analysts and managers.
- b) Third-party and other non-staff, non-third-party-fee costs that can be directly attributed to the activities but that are not already included in the other activities listed. These other costs may include office supplies, travel, subscriptions, training, conferences.

3. The fully attributed costs of activities 1f. Healthcare Administration and 1g. Optional and Third Party Administered Benefits are excluded from total pension administration costs to ensure comparability.

4. Your direct costs for activities 4, 5, 6, and 7 have been reduced by attributions to 1f. Healthcare Administration and 1g. Optional and Third Party Administered Benefits that add up to \$166k. Refer to the last page of this section for details.

Summary comparisons of activity costs by quartile breakdown

Comparisons of Direct Activity Costs¹														
Activity	Cost per:	You	Avg	Max	Peer		Q1	Min	All Participant					
					Q3	Med			Avg	Max	Q3	Med	Q1	Min
1. Member Transactions														
a. Pension Payments	annuitant	2.02	8.78	26.28	10.49	7.43	4.27	1.42	11.56	35.52	15.07	10.26	4.90	1.15
b. Pension Inceptions and Written Estimates	new payee inception	136.21	249.23	552.71	333.49	158.93	134.11	103.67	413.04	2,198.39	519.31	308.01	209.49	103.67
c. Refunds, Withdrawals, and Transfers-out	withdrawal & transfer-out	111.29	125.74	780.10	99.15	63.36	43.90	29.76	384.94	2,529.63	393.25	179.02	48.15	12.38
d. Purchases and Transfers-in	purchase & transfer-in	249.09	1,053.66	5,683.54	1,368.30	408.77	239.85	142.48	1,060.65	12,682.26	1,182.42	470.33	200.19	0.00
e. Disability	disability application	866.54	3,213.24	11,993.00	4,196.92	1,875.84	1,129.75	504.02	3,087.08	11,993.00	4,282.07	1,875.84	1,310.77	101.91
2. Member Communication														
a. Contact Center	call & email	7.75	18.40	45.30	25.01	16.79	11.54	5.00	17.37	72.22	22.76	13.43	9.27	0.54
b. Mail Room, Imaging	incoming mail	2.60	7.42	28.06	9.53	5.54	3.59	0.74	17.32	95.13	22.02	11.56	5.62	0.00
c. 1-on-1 Counseling	member counseled 1-on-1	1,057.78	206.86	1,057.78	196.36	119.75	67.57	38.08	180.56	1,057.78	199.51	116.19	51.97	0.00
d. Member Presentations	member presentation	4,827.71	2,913.42	11,012.00	4,397.69	1,829.39	938.21	0.00	2,223.18	11,012.00	2,856.73	1,368.02	757.49	0.00
e. Mass Communication	active member & annuitant	0.35	3.72	7.37	5.11	3.37	1.69	0.35	4.41	10.44	5.67	4.38	2.57	0.35
3. Collections and Data Maintenance														
a. Data and Money from Employers	active member	2.52	8.85	37.43	8.64	4.39	3.06	1.15	12.94	106.81	13.85	7.03	4.28	0.59
b. Service to Employers	active member	1.05	5.49	13.91	7.83	3.62	2.33	0.91	4.81	14.01	6.09	3.83	2.41	0.67
c. Data Not from Employers	active, inactive & annuitant	0.27	0.69	2.35	0.83	0.60	0.33	0.14	1.43	8.76	1.84	0.81	0.32	0.00
4. Governance and Financial Control														
a. Financial Administration and Control	active member & annuitant	2.69	4.22	10.00	4.89	3.55	2.88	0.68	5.56	18.15	6.99	4.85	3.38	0.40
b. Board, Strategy, Policy	active member & annuitant	0.34	2.78	9.13	3.87	2.34	1.06	0.18	6.11	33.44	8.79	4.24	2.19	0.18
c. Government and Public Relations	active member & annuitant	0.28	1.11	3.07	2.06	0.59	0.20	0.13	1.39	6.35	2.31	1.09	0.24	0.00
5. Major Projects														
a. Amortization of non-IT Major Projects	active member & annuitant	0.00	0.45	4.46	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.37	6.41	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
b. Non-IT Major Projects (if you don't capitalize)	active member & annuitant	0.00	2.73	25.86	1.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.03	25.86	1.34	0.00	0.00	0.00
c. Amortization of IT Major Projects	active member & annuitant	0.00	5.67	50.80	3.66	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.63	50.80	3.83	0.00	0.00	0.00
d. IT Major Projects (if you don't capitalize)	active member & annuitant	0.60	5.88	27.98	10.16	1.27	0.30	-0.33	11.67	60.73	12.42	2.63	0.00	-0.33
6. Information Technology														
a. IT Strategy, Database Management and Applications (excl. major projects)	active member & annuitant	6.76	25.24	87.16	30.07	21.12	11.51	3.75	25.82	87.16	33.51	21.35	12.64	3.75
b. IT Desktop, Networks, Telecom	pension admin FTE	5,723	17,149	36,305	18,736	17,225	10,982	5,723	13,233	36,305	17,998	10,530	6,978	102
c. IT Security	active member & annuitant	0.45	3.66	11.18	5.71	2.58	0.58	0.00	3.68	20.74	5.22	2.39	0.67	0.00
7. Support Services and Other														
a. Building and Utilities	pension admin FTE	1,792	11,431	23,708	15,289	9,651	6,639	1,792	10,604	34,790	12,945	8,848	6,613	22
b. Human Resources	pension admin FTE	1,675	4,294	9,239	5,571	4,297	2,804	882	5,890	20,628	8,019	4,646	3,060	363
c. Actuarial	active member & annuitant	0.55	1.95	6.40	2.83	1.38	1.00	0.55	2.96	19.67	3.17	1.60	1.17	0.00
d. Legal and Rule Interpretation	active member & annuitant	1.23	4.27	13.54	6.13	3.37	1.76	0.90	5.35	23.82	6.23	3.97	2.32	0.51
e. Internal and External Audit	active member & annuitant	0.60	2.26	5.39	3.42	1.79	0.94	0.36	3.00	8.90	4.11	2.70	1.43	0.18
f. Pay-as-you-go Benefits for Retired Staff	pension admin FTE	0.00	985.68	11,212.16	188.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	1,005.13	11,535.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
g. Other Support Services	active member & annuitant	0.47	5.26	28.21	5.03	3.42	0.84	0.00	4.80	28.21	5.66	3.09	0.83	0.00
Total Pension Administration²	active member & annuitant	32.74	130.47	292.83	176.01	129.73	77.37	24.64	153.61	407.34	201.21	133.25	96.07	24.64

1. In this section we compare your costs to the peer median (i.e., the middle value or 50th percentile) because outlier data often skews averages in the direction of outlier values. Maximum and minimum values usually reflect unusual circumstances and are often associated with very low volumes.

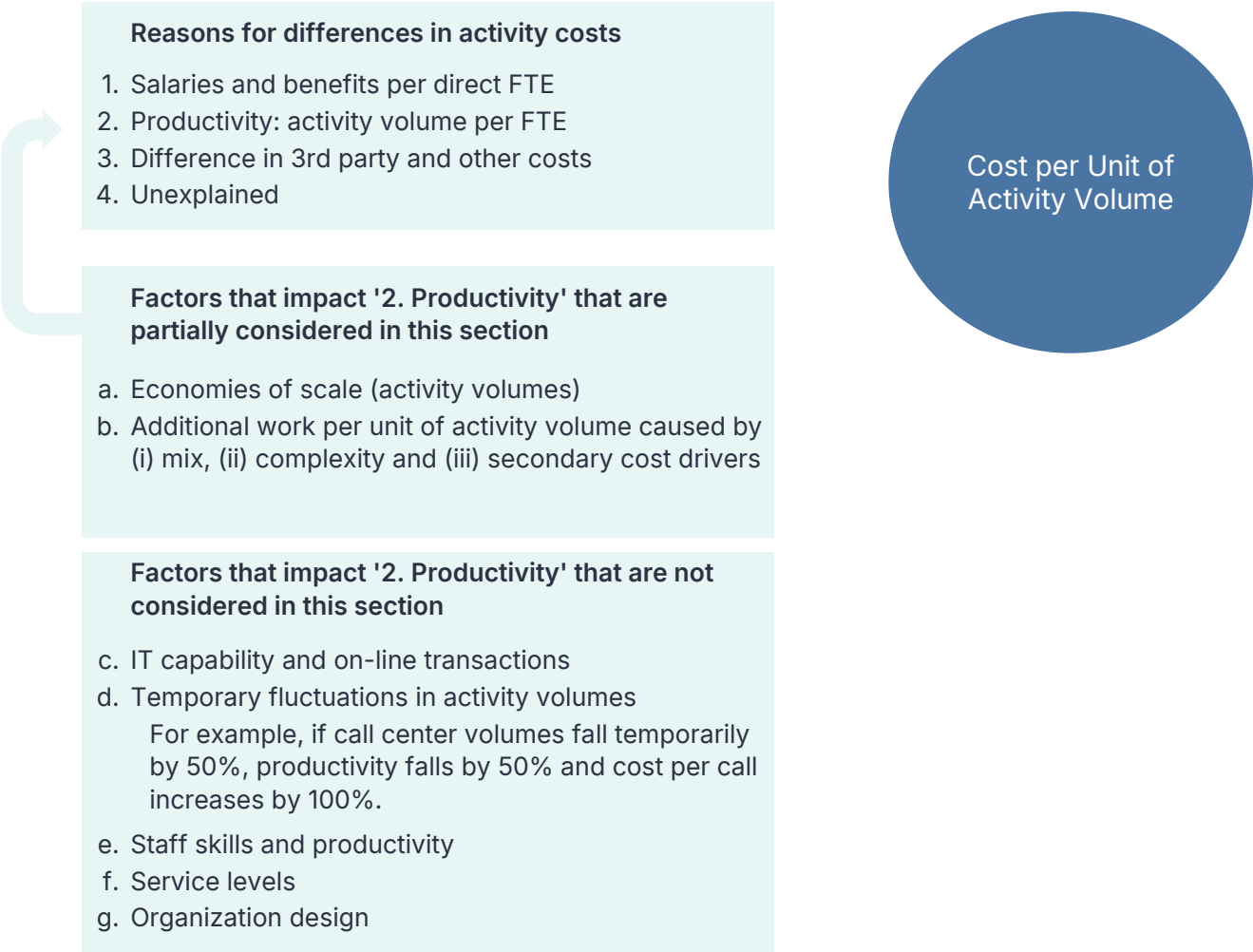
2. The fully attributed costs of activities 1f. Healthcare Administration and 1g. Optional and Third Party Administered Benefits are excluded from total pension administration costs to ensure comparability.

Activity cost history

Comparisons of Direct Activity Costs ¹													
Activity	Cost per:	You				Peer Average				All Participant Average			
		2025	2024	2023	2022	2025	2024	2023	2022	2025	2024	2023	2022
1. Member Transactions													
a. Pension Payments	annuitant	2.02		1.87		7.96	7.18	6.74	6.64	10.77	9.62	8.94	8.41
b. Pension Inceptions and Written Estimates	new payee inception	136.21		104.24		234.58	212.55	181.60	171.44	354.38	340.52	279.51	259.11
c. Refunds, Withdrawals, and Transfers-out	withdrawal & transfer-out	111.29		74.00		76.51	74.76	87.30	84.28	352.04	335.46	266.30	221.45
d. Purchases and Transfers-in	purchase & transfer-in	249.09		149.01		1,068.92	795.43	617.47	532.74	836.19	735.76	516.24	408.91
e. Disability	disability application	866.54		700.94		3,165.22	2,515.07	2,362.15	2,333.40	3,003.11	3,039.26	3,463.61	2,021.07
2. Member Communication													
a. Contact Center	call & email	7.75		7.92		17.15	16.55	15.46	13.52	17.28	16.27	15.13	13.25
b. Mail Room, Imaging	incoming mail	2.60		2.03		7.56	7.20	7.05	7.16	18.40	16.86	14.14	13.15
c. 1-on-1 Counseling	member counseled 1-on-1	1,057.78		295.42		112.91	113.75	118.33	132.74	154.62	155.93	146.12	154.50
d. Member Presentations	member presentation	4,827.71		1,849.43		2,826.22	2,149.52	1,898.64	2,010.50	2,379.49	2,232.95	2,431.27	2,230.92
e. Mass Communication	active member & annuitant	0.35		0.37		4.02	3.75	3.76	3.43	4.56	4.55	4.22	3.83
3. Collections and Data Maintenance													
a. Data and Money from Employers	active member	2.52		2.10		7.14	6.36	6.24	6.30	9.17	8.79	8.33	7.78
b. Service to Employers	active member	1.05		0.87		5.78	5.34	5.35	4.59	5.05	4.97	4.35	3.98
c. Data Not from Employers	active, inactive & annuitant	0.27		0.25		0.71	0.78	0.81	0.83	1.74	1.68	1.52	1.38
4. Governance and Financial Control													
a. Financial Administration and Control	active member & annuitant	2.69		2.65		3.99	3.60	3.60	3.53	5.23	4.89	4.51	4.25
b. Board, Strategy, Policy	active member & annuitant	0.34		0.28		2.48	2.43	2.30	2.29	5.13	4.94	4.84	4.57
c. Government and Public Relations	active member & annuitant	0.28		0.32		1.03	0.89	0.78	0.75	1.46	1.23	1.08	1.00
5. Major Projects													
a. Amortization of non-IT Major Projects	active member & annuitant	0.00		0.00		0.40	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.42	0.20	0.15	0.16
b. Non-IT Major Projects (if you don't capitalize)	active member & annuitant	0.00		0.00		2.32	2.22	2.80	2.61	1.89	2.02	2.16	1.97
c. Amortization of IT Major Projects	active member & annuitant	0.00		0.00		6.54	1.54	1.66	1.91	4.79	2.71	3.24	2.57
d. IT Major Projects (if you don't capitalize)	active member & annuitant	0.60		0.00		5.77	5.52	4.58	3.94	11.06	8.73	8.38	7.38
6. Information Technology													
a. IT Strategy, Database, Applications (excl. major projects)	active member & annuitant	6.76		6.46		25.42	24.43	20.30	18.73	28.46	27.58	24.93	22.74
b. IT Desktop, Networks, Telecom	pension admin FTE	5,723		9,186		18,022	16,230	16,791	15,159	15,378	15,561	15,821	14,174
c. IT Security	active member & annuitant	0.45		0.32		3.61	3.37	2.72	2.53	3.97	3.45	2.84	2.15
7. Support Services and Other													
a. Building and Utilities	pension admin FTE	1,792		1,722		11,243	11,794	10,231	9,594	11,006	11,719	10,521	10,185
b. Human Resources	pension admin FTE	1,675		1,454		4,115	3,696	3,743	3,248	6,006	5,644	5,576	4,905
c. Actuarial	active member & annuitant	0.55		0.54		1.97	2.00	1.84	1.95	3.01	2.91	2.74	2.40
d. Legal and Rule Interpretation	active member & annuitant	1.23		1.15		3.79	3.60	3.56	3.31	5.37	5.35	5.23	5.07
e. Internal and External Audit	active member & annuitant	0.60		0.58		2.33	2.08	2.00	1.90	2.95	2.83	2.69	2.24
f. Pay-as-you-go Benefits for Retired Staff	pension admin FTE	0.00		0.00		274.84	376.79	233.84	324.85	487.37	542.66	519.35	564.90
g. Other Support Services	active member & annuitant	0.47		0.42		5.65	4.54	4.67	5.54	4.94	4.51	4.32	4.35
Total Pension Administration ²	active member & annuitant	32.74		29.93		125.50	111.49	104.39	100.91	152.82	142.32	133.57	122.87

1. Trend analysis is based on systems that have participated for 8-consecutive years (13 peers and 31 World systems). This ensures that trends are not caused by changes in the composition of the participants.
2. The fully attributed costs of activities 1f. Healthcare Administration and 1g. Optional and Third Party Administered Benefits are excluded from total pension administration costs to ensure comparability.

CEM uses the following model to help explain differences in activity costs



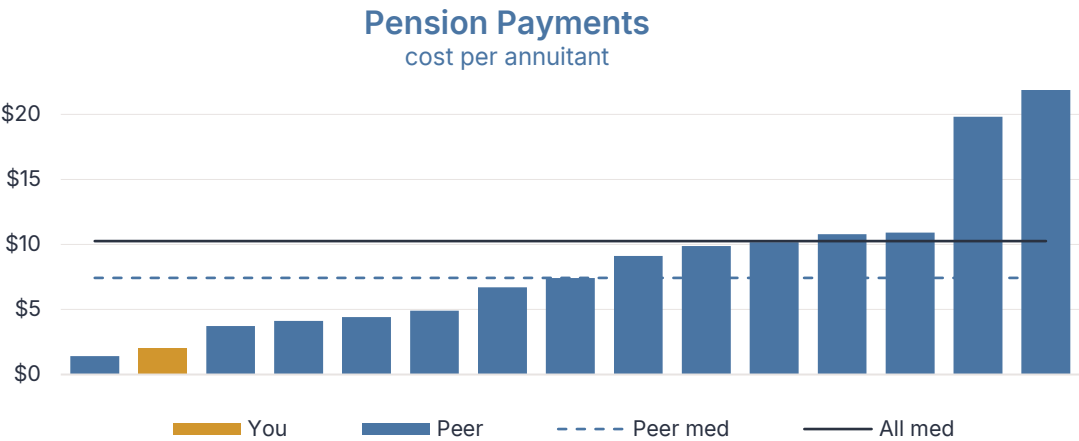
In this section, CEM quantifies the amount by which differences in the four reasons identified in the top box above impact your costs by calculating how your costs would change if you had the peer median salaries/ productivity/ third party and other costs. This methodology results in an unexplained amount, which is sometimes quite large, because:

- Peer salaries, productivity, and third party and other costs are not uniformly distributed. Often there are extreme outliers, especially for systems with relatively low volumes. Thus if you have outlier data for an activity, or several of your peers have extreme data, the unexplained amount may be large.
- Interaction between the three reasons is not quantified. For example, peers with higher productivity may also pay higher salaries. This offsetting impact between higher salaries and higher productivity is not quantified.

All comparisons are to the peer median (i.e., the middle value or 50th percentile). The median is used instead of the average because outlier data often skews averages in the direction of outlier values. Skewing is particularly acute with activity costs because participants with a low volume in an activity sometimes have very high costs per unit.

1A Pension Payments

Your pension payments cost per annuitant was \$2.02. This was \$5.41 below the peer median of \$7.43. The biggest reason why was that you serviced more annuitants per direct FTE (productivity).



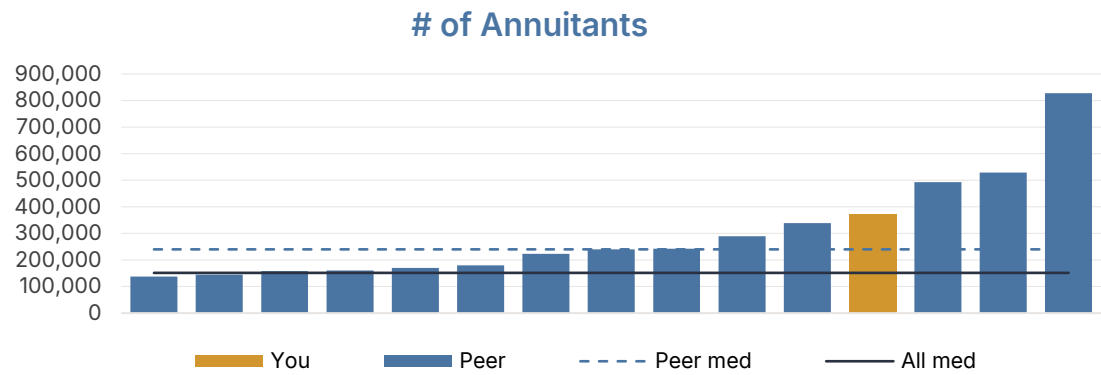
Reasons why your cost was below median	Comparison		Impact ¹ \$s per Annuitant
	You	Peer med	
Lower salaries and benefits per direct FTE	\$86,188	\$113,867	-\$0.48
More annuitants per direct FTE (productivity)	58,135	24,697	-\$2.01
Lower third party costs per annuitant	\$0.54	\$1.98	-\$1.44
Unexplained ¹			-\$1.48
Cost per annuitant	\$2.02	\$7.43	-\$5.41

1. Impact equals your activity cost minus what it would have been if your value had equaled the peer median. An unexplained amount occurs using this methodology (refer to page 5 of this section).

1A Pension Payments - Factors that impact productivity

1. Economies of scale

You had an economy of scale advantage. Your 372,067 annuitants was 55% higher than the peer median of 239,970.

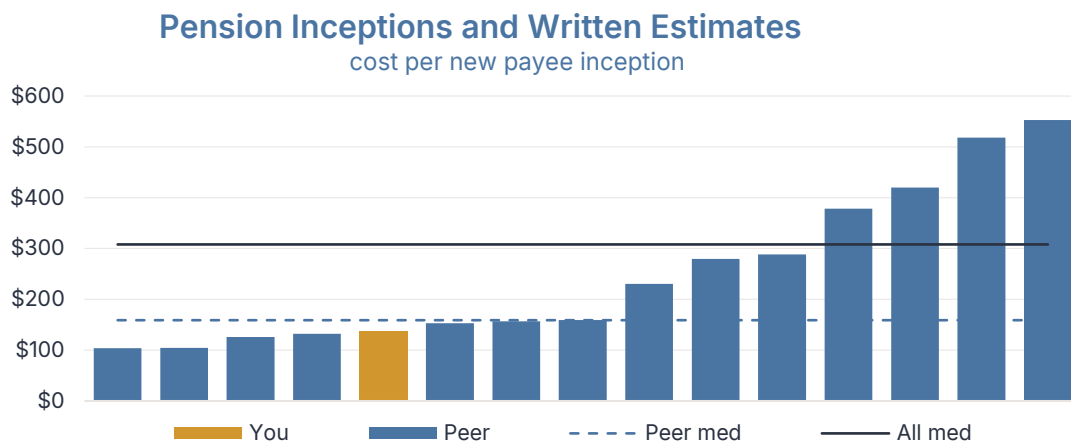


2. Additional pension payments work per annuitant

Causes of additional work	You	Peer avg	Cost Impact
Percentage of pensioners paid by check (as opposed to Electronic Funds Transfer)	2%	2%	neutral

1B Pension Inceptions and Written Estimates

Your pension inceptions and written estimates cost per new payee inception was \$136.21. This was \$22.72 below the peer median of \$158.93. The biggest reason why was that you had lower salaries and benefits per direct FTE.



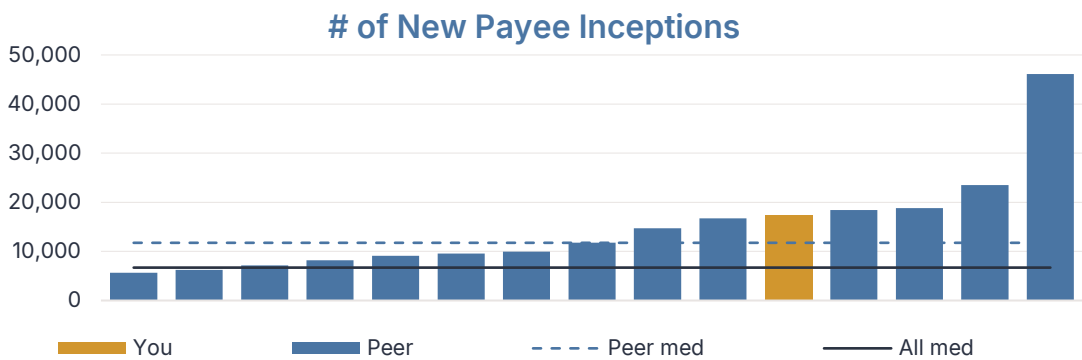
Reasons why your cost was below median	Comparison		Impact ¹
	You	Peer med	\$s per New Payee Inception
Lower salaries and benefits per direct FTE	\$83,996	\$111,807	-\$44.76
More new payee inceptions per direct FTE (productivity)	621	555	-\$16.25
Lower third party costs per new payee inception	\$1.02	\$13.71	-\$12.69
Unexplained ¹			\$50.98
Cost per new payee inception	\$136.21	\$158.93	-\$22.72

1. Impact equals your activity cost minus what it would have been if your value had equaled the peer median. An unexplained amount occurs using this methodology (refer to page 5 of this section).

1B Pension Inceptions and Written Estimates - Factors that impact productivity

1. Economies of scale

You had an economy of scale advantage. Your 17,335 new payee inceptions was 47% higher than the peer median of 11,753.



2. Mix of activity volume

Inceptions to survivors tend to be less work than inceptions to active members because there are usually no payment option choices for survivors.

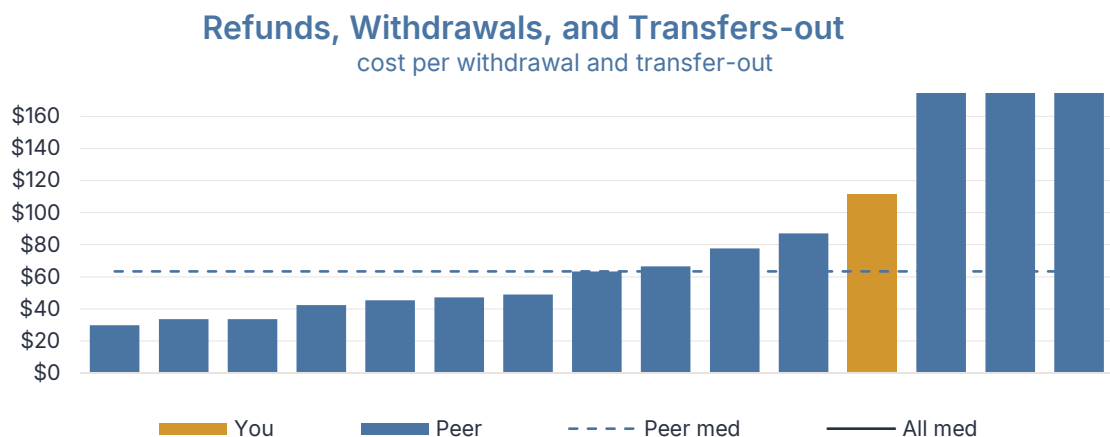
Activity Volume: % by Type	You	Peer avg	Cost Impact
Service retirement inceptions	97%	84%	
Disability retirement inceptions	1%	2%	
Inceptions to survivors, partners, ex-partners or dependents	2%	14%	increasing
Total new payee inceptions	100%	100%	

3. Additional work per new payee inception

Causes of additional work	You	Peer avg	Cost Impact
Proportion of inceptions to retiring active members based on estimates	28%	75%	decreasing
Changes in gross amount of annuity pensions paid as a result of changes in an individual annuitant's personal circumstances, as a % of new payee inceptions. (This work is included in the cost of inceptions, but not the volume).	4%	8%	decreasing
Written estimates as a % of new payee inceptions	13%	47%	decreasing
Joint account reciprocity with other systems	No	40%Yes	decreasing
Total complexity score (out of 100)	41	43	decreasing

1C Refunds, Withdrawals, and Transfers-out

Your refunds, withdrawals, and transfers-out cost per withdrawal and transfer-out was \$111.29. This was \$47.93 above the peer median of \$63.36. The biggest reason why was that you completed fewer refunds, withdrawals, and transfers-out per direct FTE (productivity).



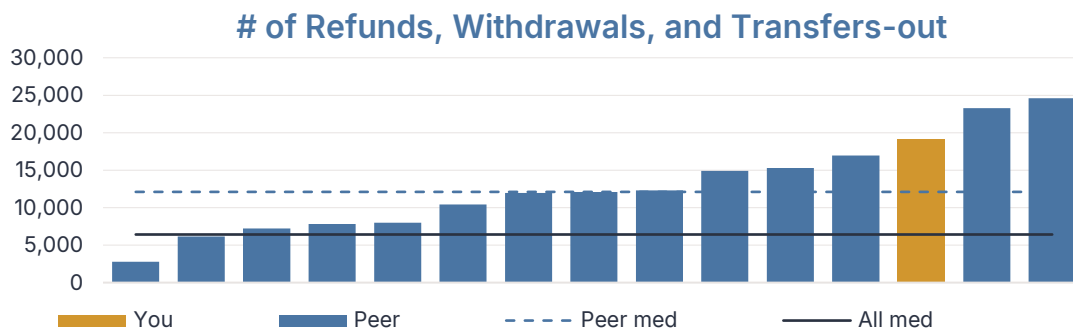
Reasons why your cost was above median	Comparison		Impact ¹ \$s per Withdrawal and Transfer-out
	You	Peer med	
Lower salaries and benefits per direct FTE	\$83,032	\$111,341	-\$36.69
Fewer refunds, withdrawals, and transfers-out per direct FTE (productivity)	771	2,018	\$66.48
Higher third party costs per withdrawal and transfer-out	\$3.66	\$3.56	\$0.11
Unexplained ¹			\$18.04
Cost per withdrawal and transfer-out	\$111.29	\$63.36	\$47.93

1. Impact equals your activity cost minus what it would have been if your value had equaled the peer median. An unexplained amount occurs using this methodology (refer to page 5 of this section).

1C Refunds, Withdrawals, and Transfers-out - Factors that impact productivity

1. Economies of scale

You had an economy of scale advantage. Your 19,133 refunds, withdrawals, and transfers-out was 58% higher than the peer median of 12,107.



2. Mix of activity volume

Transfers-out tend to be more work than a withdrawal because they require co-ordination with another pension system and its rules.

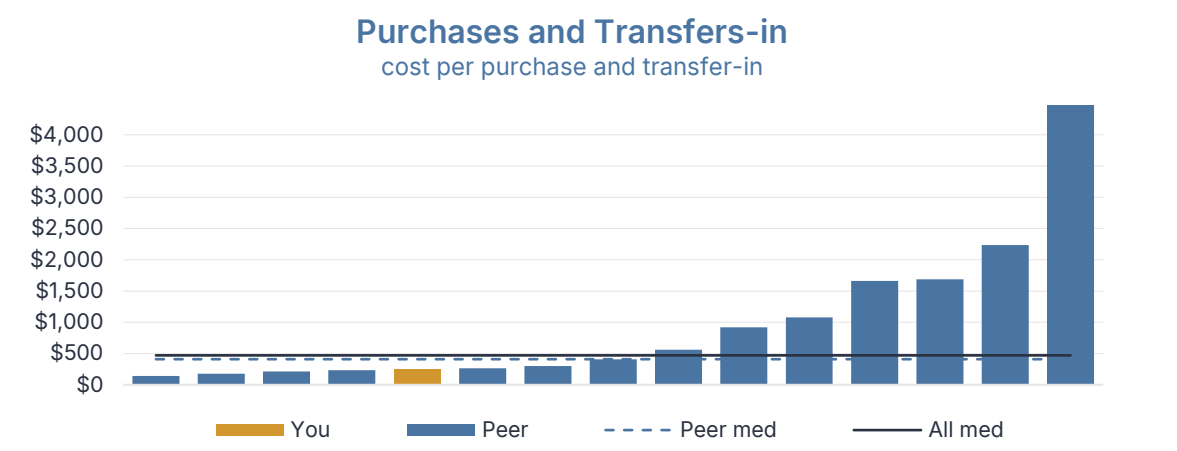
Activity Volume: % by Type	You	Peer avg	Cost Impact
Full refunds/ withdrawals/ commuted value/ lump sums	89%	95%	
Transfers-out	11%	5%	increasing
Total refunds, withdrawals, and transfers-out	100%	100%	

3. Additional work per withdrawal and transfer-out

Causes of additional work	You	Peer avg	Cost Impact
Written estimates for refunds, withdrawals, and transfers-out as a % of refunds, withdrawals, and transfers-out	1%	50%	decreasing
Do you pay a one-time death payment when a member, retiree or the retiree's beneficiary dies (separate from the survivor pension)?	Yes	60% Yes	increasing

1D Purchases and Transfers-in

Your purchases and transfers-in cost per purchase and transfer-in was \$249.09. This was \$159.68 below the peer median of \$408.77.



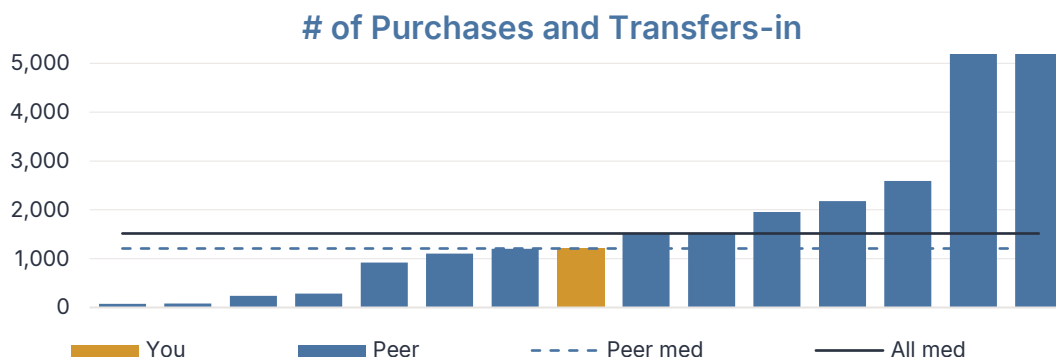
Reasons why your cost was below median	Comparison		Impact ¹ \$s per Purchase and Transfer-in
	You	Peer med	
Lower salaries and benefits per direct FTE	\$85,818	\$115,000	-\$79.72
More purchases and transfers-in per direct FTE (productivity)	366	335	-\$21.68
Equal third party costs per purchase and transfer-in	\$14.65	\$14.65	\$0.00
Unexplained ¹			-\$58.28
Cost per purchase and transfer-in	\$249.09	\$408.77	-\$159.68

1. Impact equals your activity cost minus what it would have been if your value had equaled the peer median. An unexplained amount occurs using this methodology (refer to page 5 of this section).

1D Purchases and Transfers-in - Factors that impact productivity

1. Economies of scale

Your 1,208 purchases and transfers-in was the peer median. Thus the impact of economies of scale was minimized.



2. Mix of activity volume

Individual transfers-in tend to be more work than a service credit purchase because they require co-ordination with another pension system and its rules.

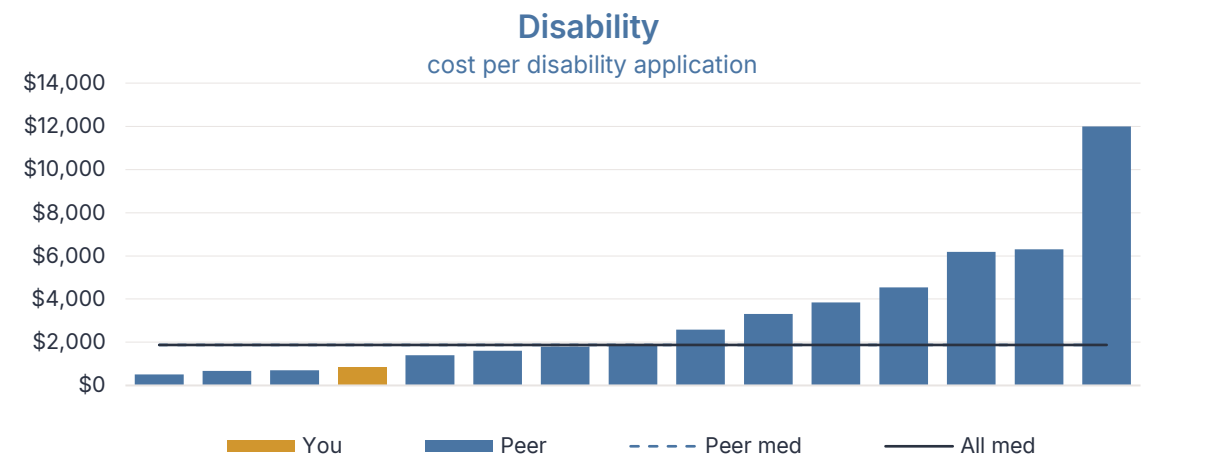
Activity Volume: % by Type	You	Peer avg	Cost Impact
Prior Service credit purchases	42%	72%	
In-service credit purchases	58%	16%	
Upgrades to improve pensionable salary	0%	2%	
Upgrades to a new retirement formula	0%	1%	
Individual transfers-in from external defined benefit systems	0%	8%	decreasing
Total purchases and transfers-in	100%	100%	

3. Additional work per purchase and transfer-in

Causes of additional work	You	Peer avg	Cost Impact
Written estimates for purchases and transfers-in as a % of purchases and transfers-in	407%	377%	increasing
Installment payments permitted	No	80% Yes	decreasing

1E Disability

Your disability cost per disability application was \$866.54. This was \$1,009.30 below the peer median of \$1,875.84. The biggest reason why was that you had lower third party costs per disability application.



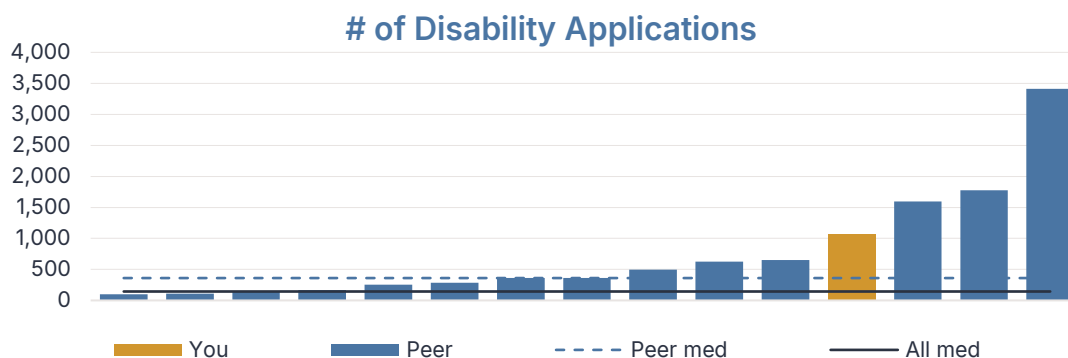
Reasons why your cost was below median	Comparison		Impact ¹
	You	Peer med	\$s per Disability Application
Lower salaries and benefits per direct FTE	\$88,647	\$114,320	-\$246.11
More disability applications per direct FTE (productivity)	104	97	-\$61.19
Lower third party costs per disability application	\$16.73	\$716.80	-\$700.07
Unexplained ¹			-\$1.93
Cost per disability application	\$866.54	\$1,875.84	-\$1,009.30

1. Impact equals your activity cost minus what it would have been if your value had equaled the peer median. An unexplained amount occurs using this methodology (refer to page 5 of this section).

1E Disability - Factors that impact productivity

1. Economies of scale

You had an economy of scale advantage. Your 1,064 disability applications was 195% higher than the peer median of 361.



2. Mix of activity volume

Processing long-term disability applications tends to be more work than short-term disability applications.

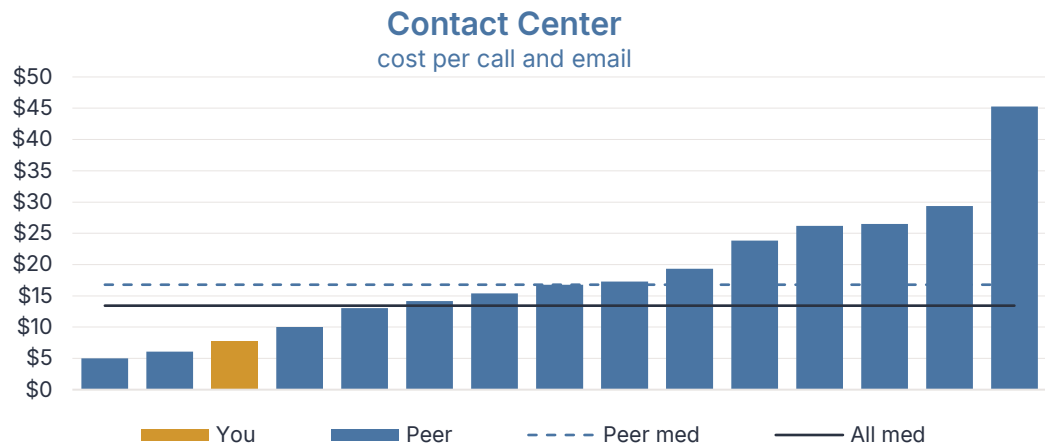
Activity Volume: % by Type	You	Peer avg	Cost Impact
Applications for short-term disability	0%	7%	
Applications for disability pensions/ long-term disability/ disability lump sums	100%	93%	increasing
Total disability applications	100%	100%	

3. Additional work per disability application

Causes of additional work	You	Peer avg	Cost Impact
Independent decision process (versus following the ruling of an employer or social security, etc)	Yes	100% Yes	neutral
Recertifications as a % of disability applications	24%	152%	decreasing
Recertifications as a % of disability recipients	4%	18%	decreasing
Medical exams paid for by you as a % of disability applications	0%	32%	decreasing
New member health reviews as a % of disability applications	0%	7%	decreasing
Disability decision appeals as a % of disability applications	0%	9%	decreasing
Occupational disability as a % of disability applications	0%	20%	decreasing
Disability complexity score (out of 100)	71	69	increasing

2A Contact Center

Your contact center cost per call and email was \$7.75. This was \$9.04 below the peer median of \$16.79. The biggest reason why was that you completed more calls and emails per direct FTE (productivity).



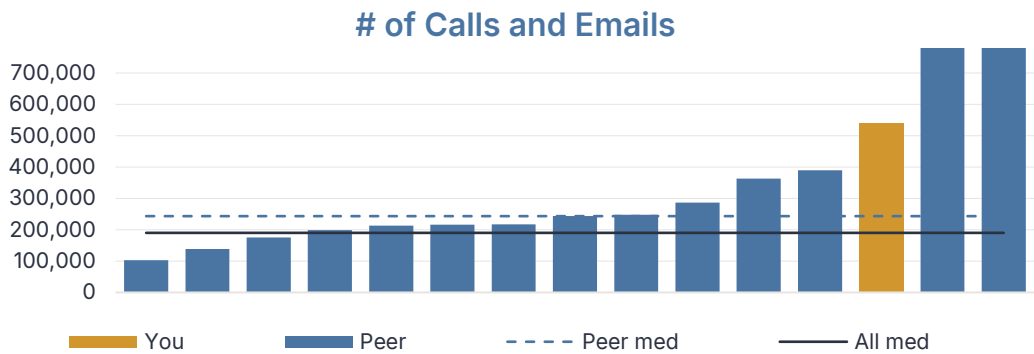
Reasons why your cost was below median	Comparison		Impact ¹ \$s per Call and Email
	You	Peer med	
Lower salaries and benefits per direct FTE	\$83,986	\$100,520	-\$1.52
More calls and emails per direct FTE (productivity)	10,886	5,413	-\$7.80
Lower third party costs per call and email	\$0.03	\$0.41	-\$0.38
Unexplained ¹			\$0.66
Cost per call and email	\$7.75	\$16.79	-\$9.04

1. Impact equals your activity cost minus what it would have been if your value had equaled the peer median. An unexplained amount occurs using this methodology (refer to page 5 of this section).

2A Contact Center - Factors that impact productivity

1. Economies of scale

You had an economy of scale advantage. Your 542,113 calls and emails was 123% higher than the peer median of 243,311.

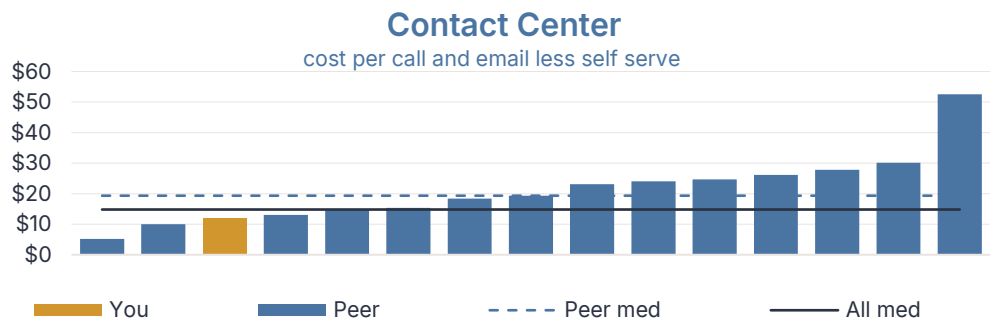


2. Mix of activity volume

Calls satisfied by self-serve options are close to zero cost, thus a lower proportion of self-serve calls result in an increased cost per call.

Activity Volume: % by Type	You	Peer avg	Cost Impact
Incoming calls that reach service representatives	46%	76%	
Outgoing calls from service representatives	3%	3%	
Calls satisfied by self-serve options	35%	12%	decreasing
Email queries from members	17%	9%	
Total calls and emails	100%	100%	

If self-serve calls were excluded from volumes, your cost per active member and annuitant would have increased to \$11.93. This would have been below the peer median cost of \$19.34.



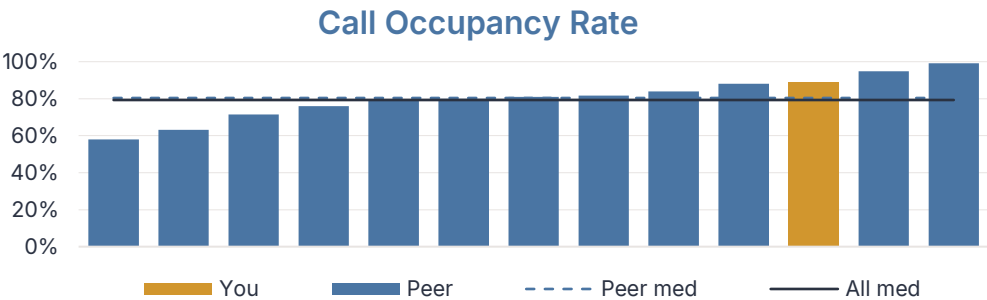
2A Contact Center - Factors that impact productivity

continued

3. Additional work per call and email

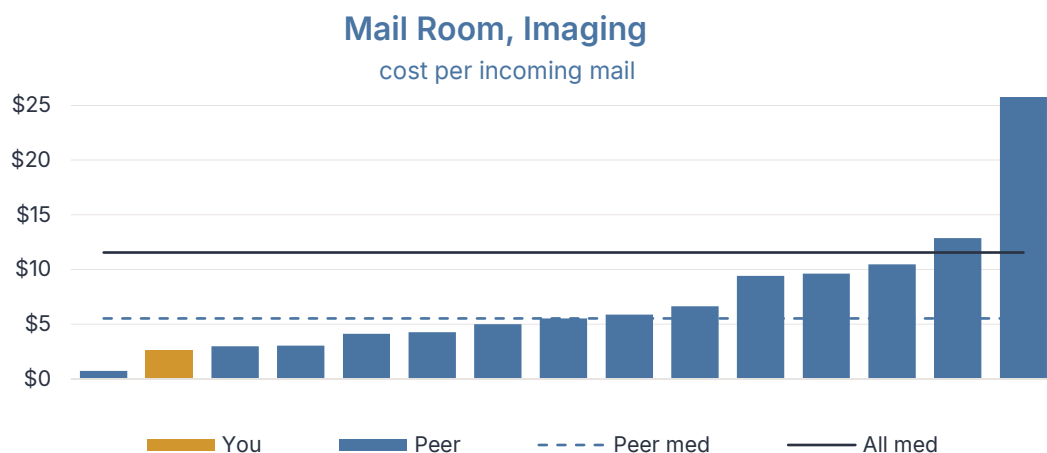
Causes of additional work	You	Peer avg	Cost Impact
Average talk time of a member call (in seconds)	466	451	increasing
Average after call work time (in seconds)	123	96	increasing
Do you regularly review staff responses to member calls?	Yes	100%Yes	neutral

Occupancy rate is frequently used to measure productivity in a call center. A high occupancy rate implies an efficient use of staff, and low occupancy, the opposite. However, if occupancy is too high, your staff may be overworked, leading to undesired call-handling behavior and high staff turnover rate. Call centers handling larger volumes of calls will also be more efficient than smaller ones because of economies of scale.



2B Mail Room, Imaging

Your mail room, imaging cost per incoming mail was \$2.60. This was \$2.94 below the peer median of \$5.54. The biggest reason why was that you completed more incoming mail per direct FTE (productivity).



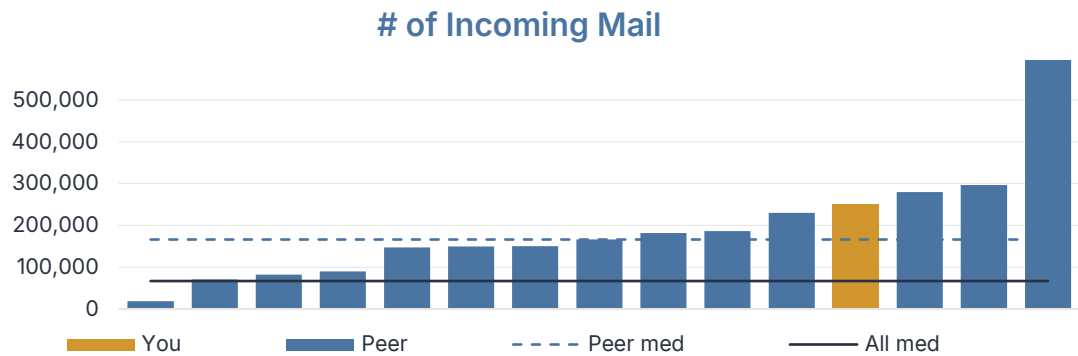
Reasons why your cost was below median	Comparison		Impact ¹ \$s per Incoming Mail
	You	Peer med	
Lower salaries and benefits per direct FTE	\$85,568	\$89,875	-\$0.13
More incoming mail per direct FTE (productivity)	33,825	20,572	-\$1.63
Lower third party costs per incoming mail	\$0.07	\$0.46	-\$0.39
Unexplained ¹			-\$0.79
Cost per incoming mail	\$2.60	\$5.54	-\$2.94

1. Impact equals your activity cost minus what it would have been if your value had equaled the peer median. An unexplained amount occurs using this methodology (refer to page 5 of this section).

2B Mail Room, Imaging - Factors that impact productivity

1. Economies of scale

You had an economy of scale advantage. Your 250,304 incoming mail was 51% higher than the peer median of 166,126.

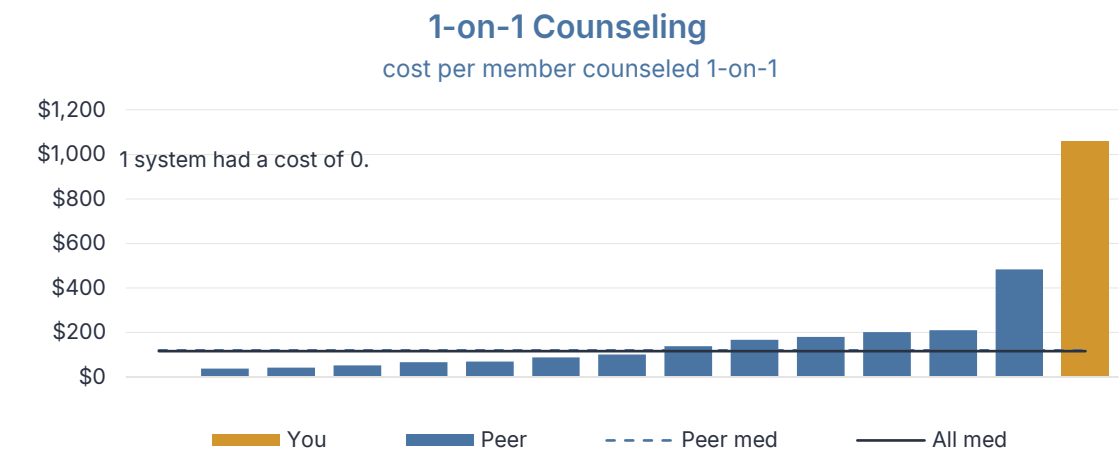


2. Additional work per incoming mail

Causes of additional work	You	Peer avg	Cost Impact
Outgoing mail as a % of incoming mail (Outgoing mail is not included in activity volume. But it can add work if the mailroom is responsible for outgoing mail).	169%	854%	decreasing

2C 1-on-1 Counseling

Your 1-on-1 counseling cost per member counseled 1-on-1 was \$1,057.78. This was \$938.03 above the peer median of \$119.75. The biggest reason why was that you completed fewer members counseled 1-on-1 per direct FTE (productivity).



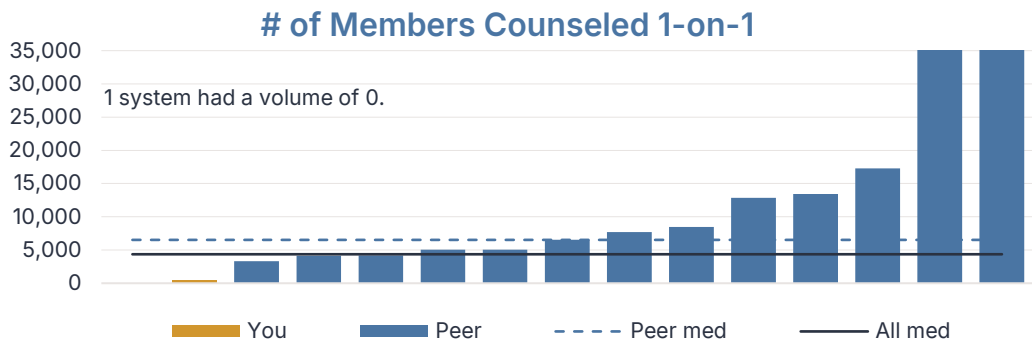
Reasons why your cost was above median	Comparison		Impact ¹ \$s per Member Counseled 1-on-1
	You	Peer med	
Lower salaries and benefits per direct FTE	\$83,304	\$112,064	-\$349.06
Fewer members counseled 1-on-1 per direct FTE (productivity)	82	990	\$926.97
Higher third party costs per member counseled 1-on-1	\$46.70	\$3.90	\$42.80
Unexplained ¹			\$317.32
Cost per member counseled 1-on-1	\$1,057.78	\$119.75	\$938.03

1. Impact equals your activity cost minus what it would have been if your value had equaled the peer median. An unexplained amount occurs using this methodology (refer to page 5 of this section).

2C 1-on-1 Counseling - Factors that impact productivity

1. Economies of scale

You had an economy of scale disadvantage. Your 379 members counseled 1-on-1 was 94% lower than the peer median of 6,526.



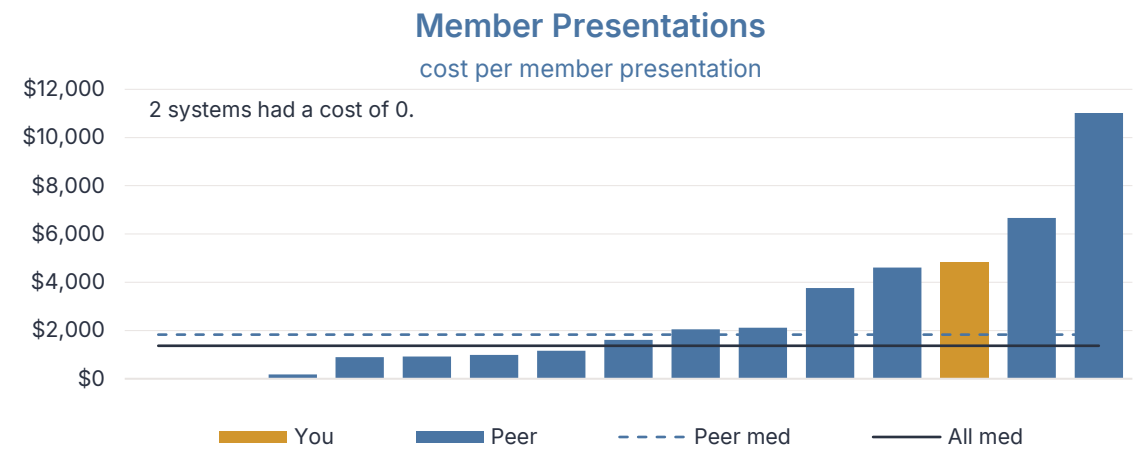
2. Mix of activity volume

Counseling in-house is less expensive than counseling in field locations, but more costly than via tele- or videoconference.

Activity Volume: % by Type	You	Peer avg	Cost Impact
In-house	1%	37%	decreasing
In the field	0%	17%	
Via teleconference	0%	17%	increasing
Via videoconference	99%	29%	
Total members counseled 1-on-1	100%	100%	

2D Member Presentations

Your member presentations cost per member presentation was \$4,827.71. This was \$2,998.32 above the peer median of \$1,829.39.



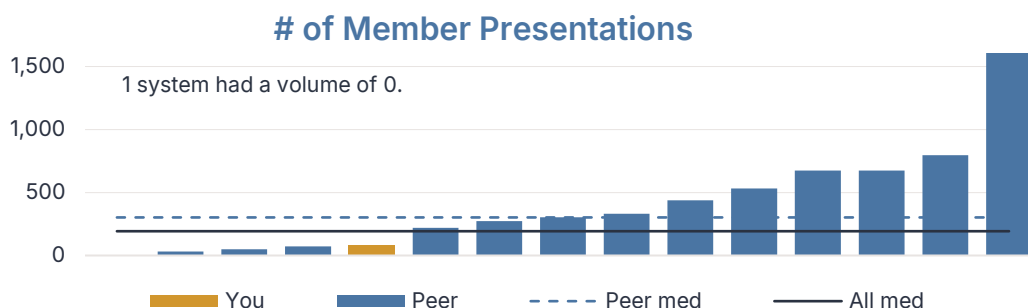
Reasons why your cost was above median	Comparison		Impact ¹
	You	Peer med	\$s per Member Presentation
Lower salaries and benefits per direct FTE	\$87,628	\$118,368	-\$1,592.58
Fewer member presentations per direct FTE (productivity)	19	66	\$3,214.18
Higher third party costs per member presentation	\$287.95	\$132.99	\$154.96
Unexplained ¹			\$1,221.76
Cost per member presentation	\$4,827.71	\$1,829.39	\$2,998.32

1. Impact equals your activity cost minus what it would have been if your value had equaled the peer median. An unexplained amount occurs using this methodology (refer to page 5 of this section).

2D Member Presentations - Factors that impact productivity

1. Economies of scale

You had an economy of scale disadvantage. Your 83 member presentations was 73% lower than the peer median of 302.



2. Mix of activity volume

Presentations and group counseling in field locations are more costly than in-house.

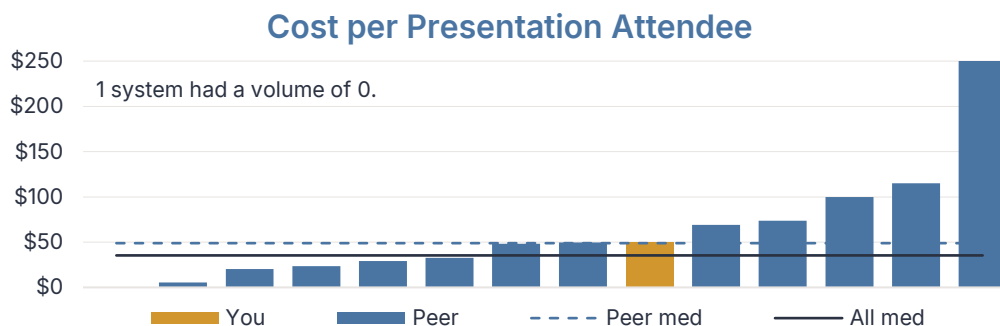
Member Presentations by Location	You	Peer avg	Cost Impact
In-house and webcast	93%	60%	
In the field	7%	40%	decreasing
Total presentations and group counseling	100%	100%	

3. Additional work per member presentation

If you have more attendees per presentation, then the cost per attendee will be lower and the volume of member presentations per FTE will be higher. You had an average of 96 attendees per presentation, versus a peer average of 49.

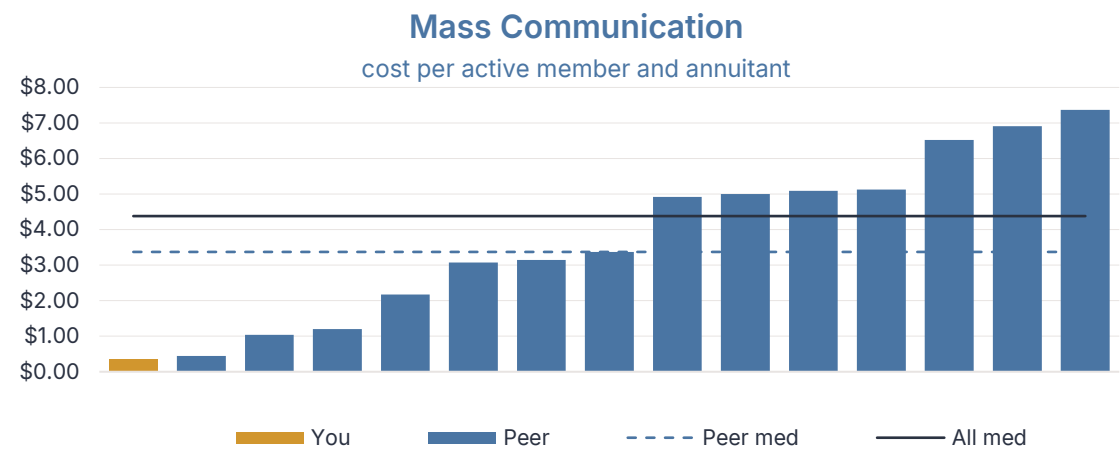
Causes of additional work	You	Peer avg	Cost Impact
Average attendees per presentation	96	49	decreasing

An alternative way of analyzing this activity's cost is on a 'per attendee' basis. Your cost per presentation attendee was \$50. This was above the peer median cost of \$49.



2E Mass Communication

Your mass communication cost per active member and annuitant was \$0.35. This was \$3.02 below the peer median of \$3.37.



Reasons why your cost was below median	Comparison		Impact ¹ \$\$s per Active Member and Annuitant
	You	Peer med	
Lower salaries and benefits per direct FTE	\$94,767	\$128,000	-\$0.12
Fewer direct FTE per 10,000 active members and annuitants (productivity) ²	0.04	0.17	-\$1.28
Lower third party costs per active member and annuitant	\$0.02	\$0.87	-\$0.85
Unexplained ¹			-\$0.78
Cost per active member and annuitant	\$0.35	\$3.37	-\$3.02

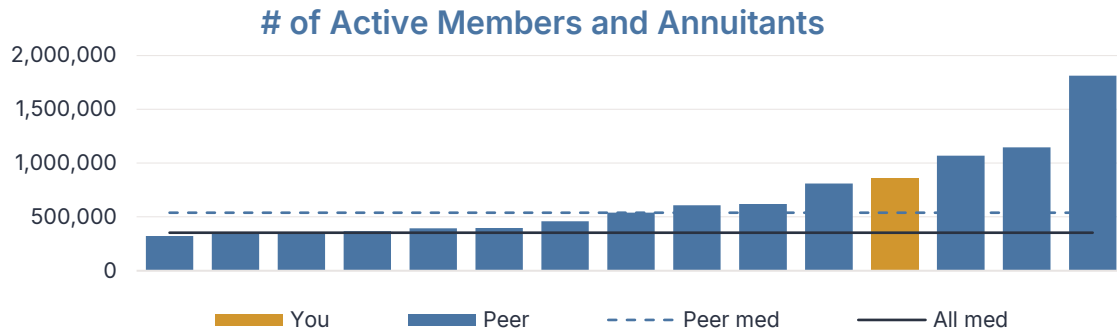
1. Impact equals your activity cost minus what it would have been if your value had equaled the peer median. An unexplained amount occurs using this methodology (refer to page 5 of this section).

2. You had 3.0 mass communication FTE which was 74% less than the peer median of 11.5. The percentage difference was more favorable on a 'per active members and annuitants' basis (your 0.04 FTE per 10,000 active members and annuitants was 79% less than the peer median of 0.17) because you had an economy of scale advantage.

2E Mass Communication - Factors that impact productivity

1. Economies of scale

You had an economy of scale advantage. Your 856,457 active members and annuitants was 59% higher than the peer median of 539,403.

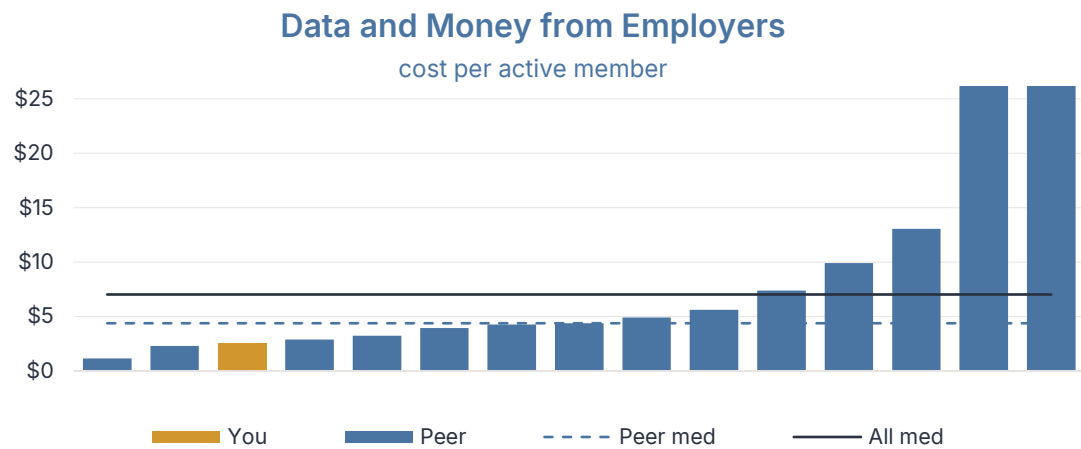


2. Additional mass communication work per active member and annuitant

Causes of additional work	You	Peer avg	Cost Impact
Website Service Score (out of 100) - Generally, the higher the score, the more time communication staff spends on design and maintenance of the site.	90	87	increasing
Do you automatically send targeted emails or letters to members in the following circumstances:			
Active members			
a1) Approaching eligibility for retirement?	No	53% Yes	
b1) Missing beneficiary information?	No	27% Yes	
c1) Missing email address?	No	7% Yes	
e) New members?	No	87% Yes	
f) Eligibility or likely eligibility, to purchase prior service credit?	No	13% Yes	
g) Members are vested for pension benefits (if not vested immediately)?	No	40% Yes	
h) Eligibility to purchase in-leave service credit?	No	0% Yes	
Inactive members			
a2) Approaching eligibility for retirement?	No	53% Yes	
b2) Missing beneficiary information?	No	20% Yes	
c2) Missing email address?	No	0% Yes	
d1) Missing address?	No	0% Yes	
i) Leaving the plan?	Yes	33% Yes	
m) Expiration of disability benefits for inactive members?	Yes	20% Yes	
Annuitants			
b3) Missing beneficiary information?	No	13% Yes	
c3) Missing email address?	No	13% Yes	
d2) Missing address?	No	13% Yes	
j) New retirees?	Yes	73% Yes	
k) Pension amount changes?	Yes	80% Yes	
l) Members are vested for disability benefits (if not vested immediately)?	No	13% Yes	

3A Data and Money from Employers

Your data and money from employers cost per active member was \$2.52. This was \$1.87 below the peer median of \$4.39. The biggest reason why was that you had lower salaries and benefits per direct FTE.



Reasons why your cost was below median	Comparison		Impact ¹
	You	Peer med	\$s per Active Member
Lower salaries and benefits per direct FTE	\$85,199	\$119,354	-\$0.99
Fewer direct FTE per 10,000 active members (productivity) ²	0.16	0.20	-\$0.29
Lower third party costs per active member	\$0.04	\$0.19	-\$0.15
Unexplained ¹			-\$0.44
Cost per active member	\$2.52	\$4.39	-\$1.87

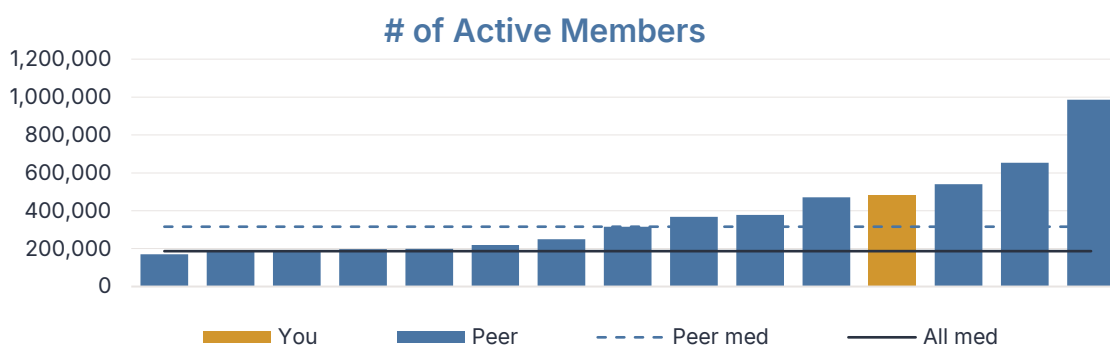
1. Impact equals your activity cost minus what it would have been if your value had equaled the peer median. An unexplained amount occurs using this methodology (refer to page 5 of this section).
2. You had 14.1 data and money from employers FTE which was 34% more than the peer median of 10.5. The difference changes direction and was more favorable on a 'per active members' basis (your 0.16 data and money from employers FTE per 10,000 active members was 17% less than the peer median of 0.20) because you had an economy of scale advantage.

CEM uses active members as the divisor of this activity's cost. For systems with few employers, active members is the better predictor of cost whereas for systems with numerous employers the number of employers is the better predictor. Therefore, on the following page we show the number of employers as a divisor to provide an alternate cost comparison.

3A Data and Money from Employers - Factors that impact productivity

1. Economies of scale

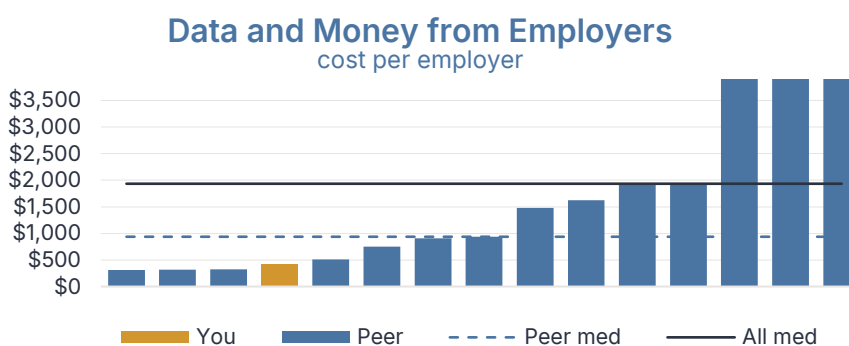
You had an economy of scale advantage. Your 484,390 active members was 53% higher than the peer median of 315,810.



2. Additional data and money from employers work per active member

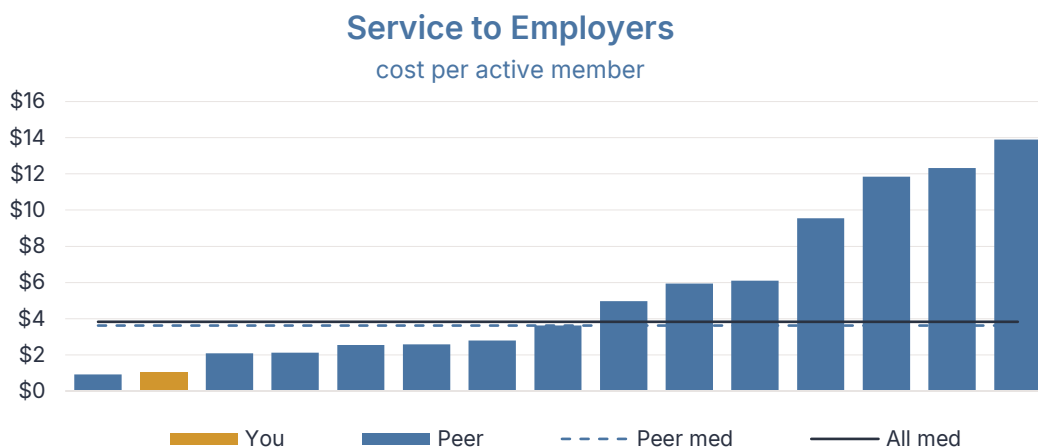
Causes of additional work	You	Peer avg	Cost Impact
How many 'reconciliation points' (i.e., employers, state agencies, departments and/or service providers, etc.) do you deal with when:			
• Validating member data? (as a % of active members)	0.6%	0.6%	neutral
• Reconciling money issues? (as a % of active members)	0.6%	0.5%	increasing
Active members whose data is provided in paper format (as a % of active members)	2.2%	10.2%	decreasing
Status changes as a % of active members			
• New active members	11.0%	10.7%	increasing
• Active members exiting to inactive or withdrawal	7.6%	7.1%	increasing

3. Alternate cost drivers: Data and money from employers cost per employer



3B Service to Employers

Your service to employers cost per active member was \$1.05. This was \$2.57 below the peer median of \$3.62.



Reasons why your cost was below median	Comparison		Impact ¹
	You	Peer med	\$s per Active Member
Lower salaries and benefits per direct FTE	\$88,855	\$125,887	-\$0.42
Fewer direct FTE per 10,000 active members (productivity) ²	0.06	0.15	-\$0.73
Lower third party costs per active member	\$0.04	\$0.18	-\$0.14
Unexplained ¹			-\$1.28
Cost per active member	\$1.05	\$3.62	-\$2.57

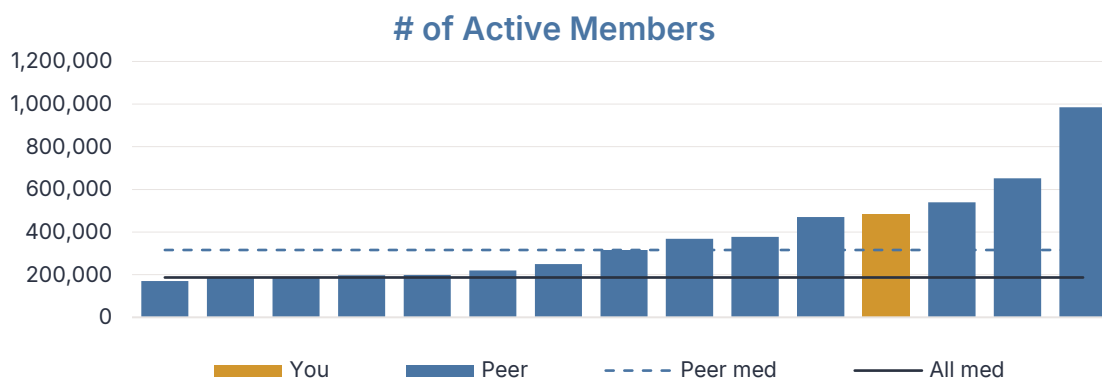
1. Impact equals your activity cost minus what it would have been if your value had equaled the peer median. An unexplained amount occurs using this methodology (refer to page 5 of this section).

2. You had 5.5 service to employers FTE which was 9% less than the peer median of 6.0. The percentage difference was more favorable on a 'per active members' basis (your 0.06 FTE per 10,000 active members was 56% less than the peer median of 0.15) because you had an economy of scale advantage.

3B Service to Employers - Factors that impact productivity

1. Economies of scale

You had an economy of scale advantage. Your 484,390 active members was 53% higher than the peer median of 315,810.

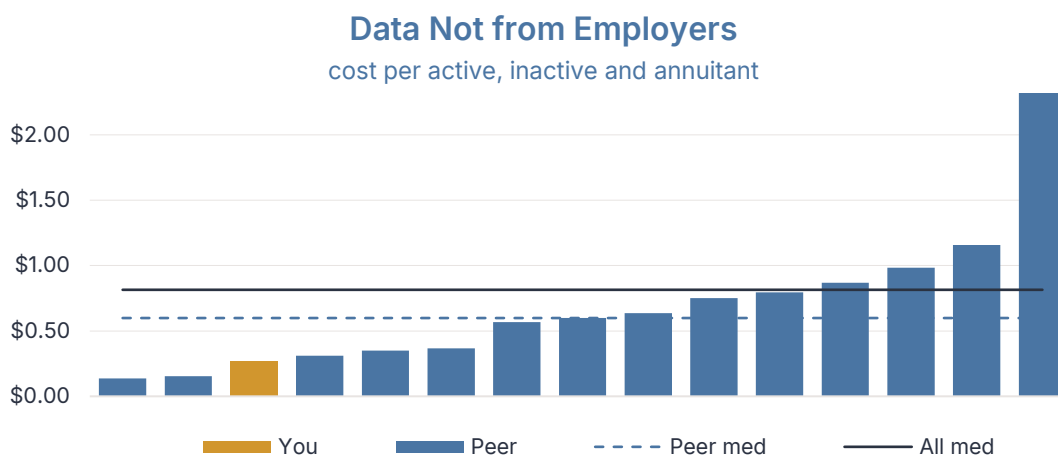


2. Additional service to employers work per active member

Causes of additional work	You	Peer avg	Cost Impact
How many 'reconciliation points' (i.e., employers, state agencies, departments and/or service providers, etc.) do you deal with when:			
• Validating member data? (as a % of active members)	0.6%	0.6%	neutral
• Reconciling money issues? (as a % of active members)	0.6%	0.5%	increasing
Service transactions a % of active members:			
a) Incoming calls from employers?	1.0%	4.6%	decreasing
b) Email queries from employers?	4.4%	8.3%	decreasing
c) Conferences for employers?	0.0%	0.0%	neutral
d) Presentations given to employers such as orientation workshops or seminars on benefit changes, etc?	0 bps	0.04 bps	decreasing
e) On-site reviews (or audits or inspections) of your employers? [For example, several systems perform reviews of their employers that have problems providing data and or contributions on a timely basis to ensure that they are correctly fulfilling their obligations to their members.]	0 bps	0.02 bps	decreasing
f) Other site visits to employers [exclude 'd' and 'e' above]?	0 bps	0 bps	neutral

3C Data Not from Employers

Your data not from employers cost per active, inactive and annuitant was \$0.27. This was \$0.33 below the peer median of \$0.60.



Reasons why your cost was below median	Comparison		Impact ¹ \$s per Active, Inactive and Annuitant
	You	Peer med	
Lower salaries and benefits per direct FTE	\$87,034	\$112,292	-\$0.07
Fewer direct FTE per 10,000 actives, inactives, annuitants (productivity) ²	0.03	0.06	-\$0.25
Lower third party costs per active, inactive and annuitant	\$0.02	\$0.05	-\$0.03
Unexplained ¹			\$0.03
Cost per active, inactive and annuitant	\$0.27	\$0.60	-\$0.33

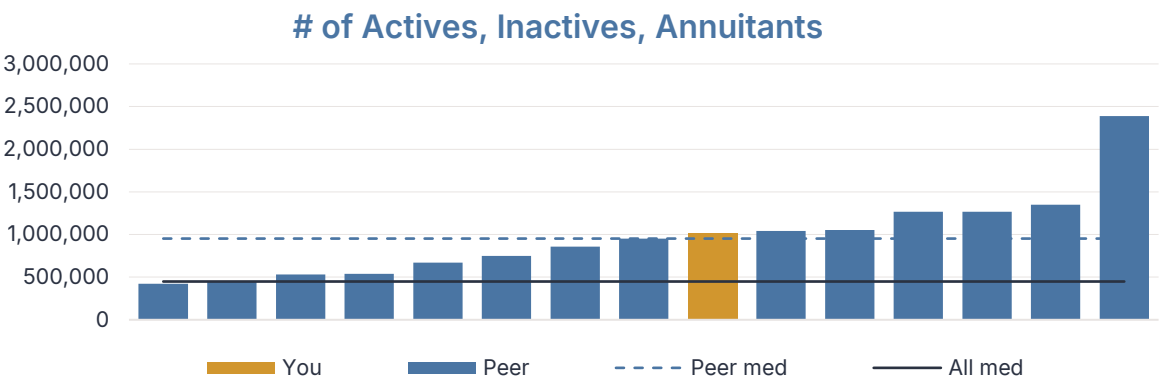
1. Impact equals your activity cost minus what it would have been if your value had equaled the peer median. An unexplained amount occurs using this methodology (refer to page 5 of this section).

2. You had 2.9 data not from employers FTE which was 12% less than the peer median of 3.3. The percentage difference was more favorable on a 'per actives, inactives, annuitants' basis (your 0.03 FTE per 10,000 actives, inactives, annuitants was 46% less than the peer median of 0.06) because you had an economy of scale advantage.

3C Data Not from Employers - Factors that impact productivity

1. Economies of scale

You had an economy of scale advantage. Your 1,013,797 actives, inactives, annuitants was 6% higher than the peer median of 952,149.

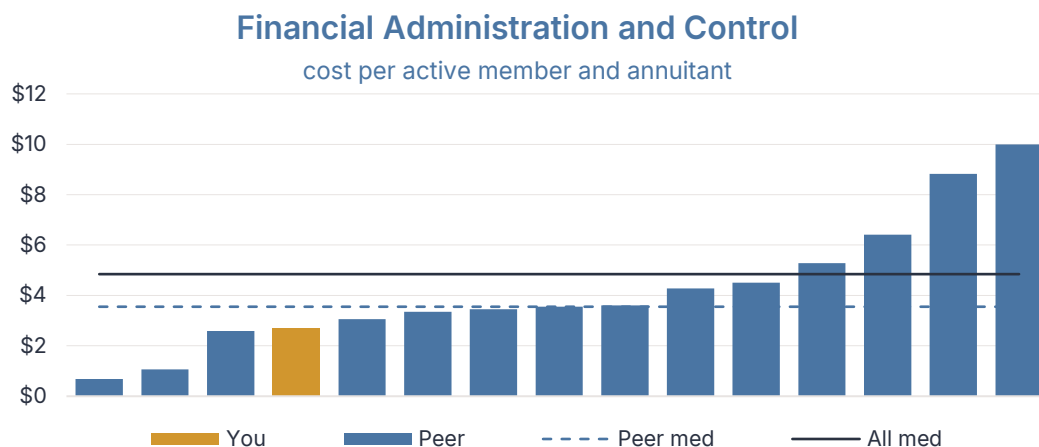


2. Additional data not from employers work per active, inactive and annuitant

Causes of additional work	You	Peer avg	Cost Impact
Do you actively keep track of the addresses of inactive members?	Yes	87%Yes	increasing
If yes, inactive members as a % of actives, inactives, annuitants	15.5%	32.2%	decreasing
Status changes as a % of actives, inactives, annuitants:			
• Deaths	1.1%	1.3%	decreasing

4A Financial Administration and Control

Your financial administration and control cost per active member and annuitant was \$2.69. This was \$0.86 below the peer median of \$3.55.



Reasons why your cost was below median	Comparison		Impact ¹ \$\$ per Active Member and Annuitant
	You	Peer med	
Lower salaries and benefits per direct FTE	\$100,087	\$146,205	-\$0.25
Fewer direct FTE per 10,000 active members and annuitants (productivity) ²	0.05	0.22	-\$1.62
Higher third party costs per active member and annuitant	\$2.19	\$0.69	\$1.50
Unexplained ¹			-\$0.49
Cost per active member and annuitant	\$2.69	\$3.55	-\$0.86

1. Impact equals your activity cost minus what it would have been if your value had equaled the peer median. An unexplained amount occurs using this methodology (refer to page 5 of this section).

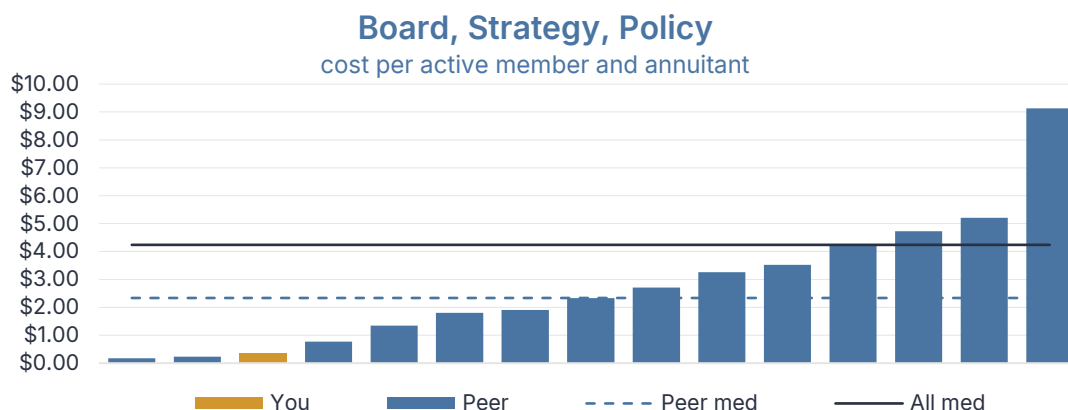
2. You had 4.6 financial administration and control FTE which was 39% less than the peer median of 7.5. The percentage difference was more favorable on a 'per active members and annuitants' basis (your 0.05 FTE per 10,000 active members and annuitants was 75% less than the peer median of 0.22) because you had an economy of scale advantage.

Usually, the biggest reason for differences in this activity's cost is the number of financial administration and control FTE per 10,000 members. Two key reasons for differences in FTE per 10,000 (and/or third party costs) are:

- Economies of scale - You had an economy of scale advantage. Your 856,457 active members and annuitants was 59% higher than the peer median of 539,403.
- Doing more/less - For example, some systems have more extensive budgeting than others.

4B Board, Strategy, Policy

Your board, strategy, policy cost per active member and annuitant was \$0.34. This was \$2.00 below the peer median of \$2.34.



Reasons why your cost was below median	Comparison		Impact ¹
	You	Peer med	\$s per Active Member and Annuitant
Lower salaries and benefits per direct FTE	\$146,167	\$186,200	-\$0.08
Fewer direct FTE per 10,000 active members and annuitants (productivity) ²	0.02	0.11	-\$1.29
Lower third party costs per active member and annuitant	\$0.04	\$0.45	-\$0.41
Unexplained ¹			-\$0.22
Cost per active member and annuitant	\$0.34	\$2.34	-\$2.00

1. Impact equals your activity cost minus what it would have been if your value had equaled the peer median. An unexplained amount occurs using this methodology (refer to page 5 of this section).

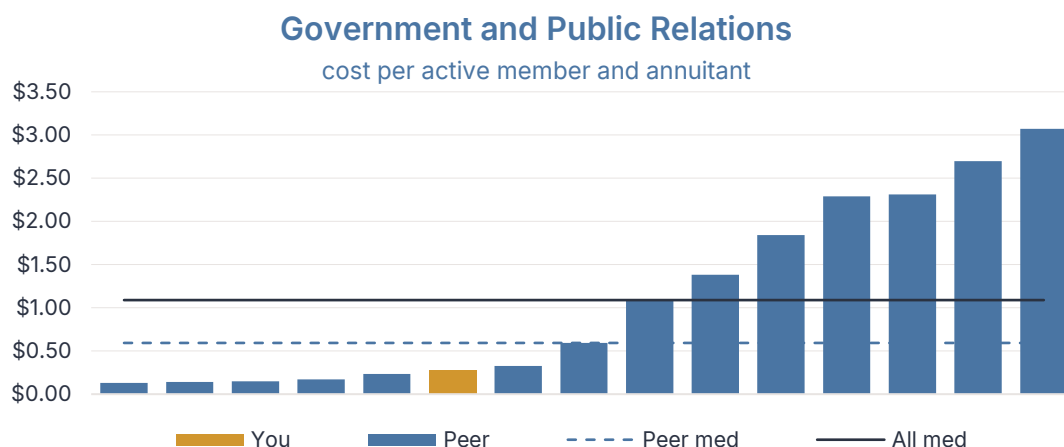
2. You had 1.8 board, strategy, policy FTE which was 64% less than the peer median of 5.0. The percentage difference was more favorable on a 'per active members and annuitants' basis (your 0.02 FTE per 10,000 active members and annuitants was 81% less than the peer median of 0.11) because you had an economy of scale advantage.

Usually, the biggest reason for differences in this activity's cost is the number of board, strategy, policy FTE per 10,000 members. Two key reasons for differences in FTE per 10,000 (and/or third party costs) are:

- Economies of scale - You had an economy of scale advantage. Your 856,457 active members and annuitants was 59% higher than the peer median of 539,403.
- Doing more/ less - For example, some systems have more oversight meetings with their Board of Trustees, advisory committees, non-board legislative oversight committees, etc.

4C Government and Public Relations

Your government and public relations cost per active member and annuitant was \$0.28. This was \$0.31 below the peer median of \$0.59.



Reasons why your cost was below median	Comparison		Impact ¹ \$s per Active Member and Annuitant
	You	Peer med	
Lower salaries and benefits per direct FTE	\$139,667	\$162,111	-\$0.04
Fewer direct FTE per 10,000 active members and annuitants (productivity) ²	0.02	0.05	-\$0.40
Equal third party costs per active member and annuitant	\$0.04	\$0.04	-\$0.01
Unexplained ¹			\$0.14
Cost per active member and annuitant	\$0.28	\$0.59	-\$0.31

1. Impact equals your activity cost minus what it would have been if your value had equaled the peer median. An unexplained amount occurs using this methodology (refer to page 5 of this section).

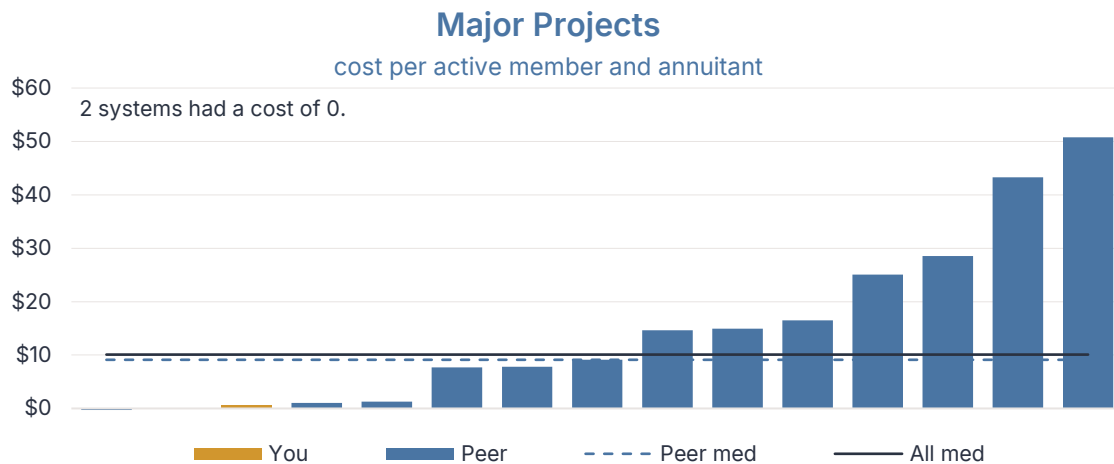
2. You had 1.5 government and public relations FTE which was 19% less than the peer median of 1.9. The percentage difference was more favorable on a 'per active members and annuitants' basis (your 0.02 FTE per 10,000 active members and annuitants was 62% less than the peer median of 0.05) because you had an economy of scale advantage.

Usually, the biggest reason for differences in this activity's cost is the number of government and public relations FTE per 10,000 members. Two key reasons for differences in FTE per 10,000 (and/or third party costs) are:

- Economies of scale - You had an economy of scale advantage. Your 856,457 active members and annuitants was 59% higher than the peer median of 539,403.
- Doing more/less - For example, some systems do not have any government relations staff.

5A-D Major Projects

Your major projects cost per active member and annuitant was \$0.60. This was \$8.51 below the peer median of \$9.11. This comparison includes both '5A and 5C Amortized major projects' plus '5B and 5D Major Projects (if you don't capitalize)'.



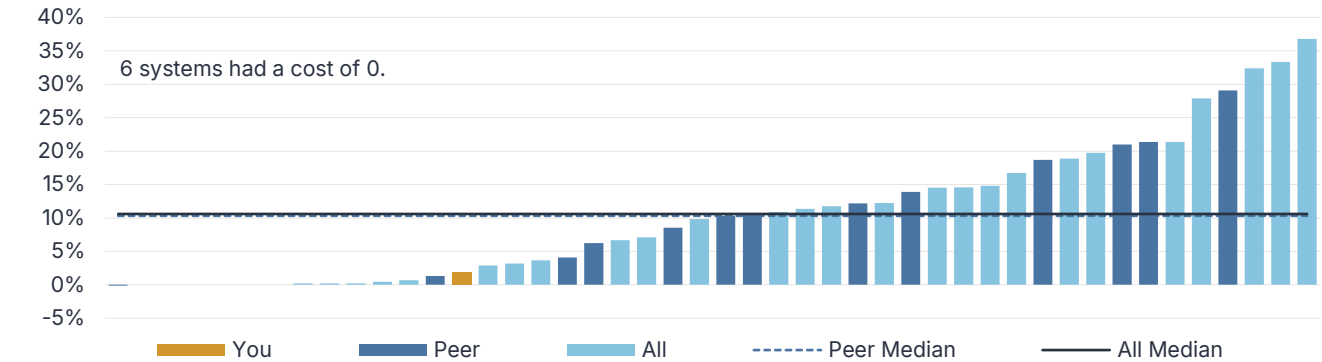
Reasons for differences in the cost for major projects include:

- **Economies of scale** - Scale is particularly important for major projects because of the substantial fixed costs of developing the IT infrastructure necessary for pension systems to operate. You had an economy of scale advantage. Your 856,457 active members and annuitants was 58.8% higher than the peer median of 539,403. Thus you had more members over which to spread major projects costs.
- **Plan complexity** - It is more expensive to develop and maintain IT systems for plans with complex rule sets. Your total plan complexity score was 41 out of 100. This was equal to the peer median of 41.
- **IT investment cycle** - If you recently upgraded your IT systems, then your amortization costs will be higher than a system that has not upgraded their IT systems since 2000.
- **Capitalization** - Systems that do not capitalize major project costs will have more variable major project costs. Systems that only recently started capitalizing major projects costs will have lower costs than systems that have been capitalizing for a long time.

5A-D Major Projects - as a % of cost

Your major project cost as a percent of total cost was 2%. This was below the peer median of 10%.

Total Pension Major Project Cost
as a % of the total pension administration cost

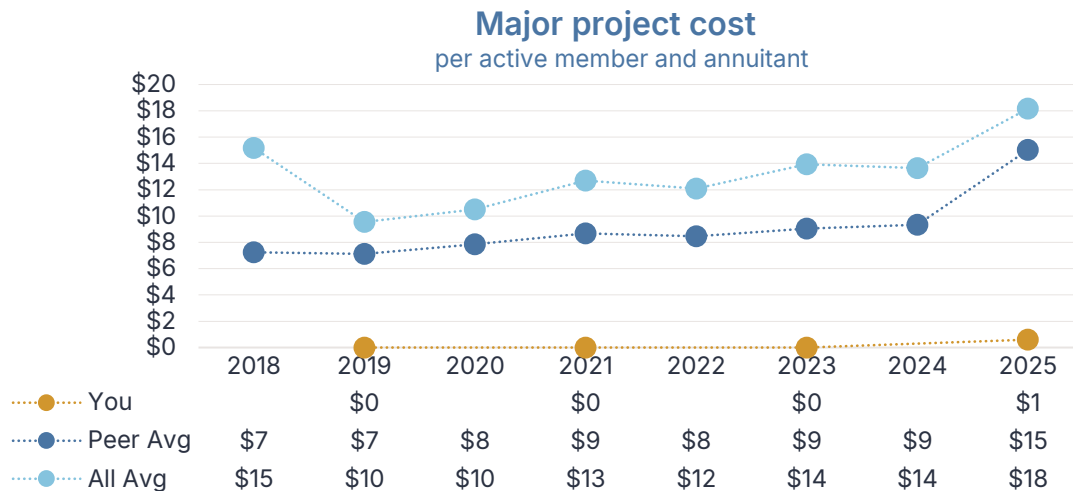


Major Project Cost by Category

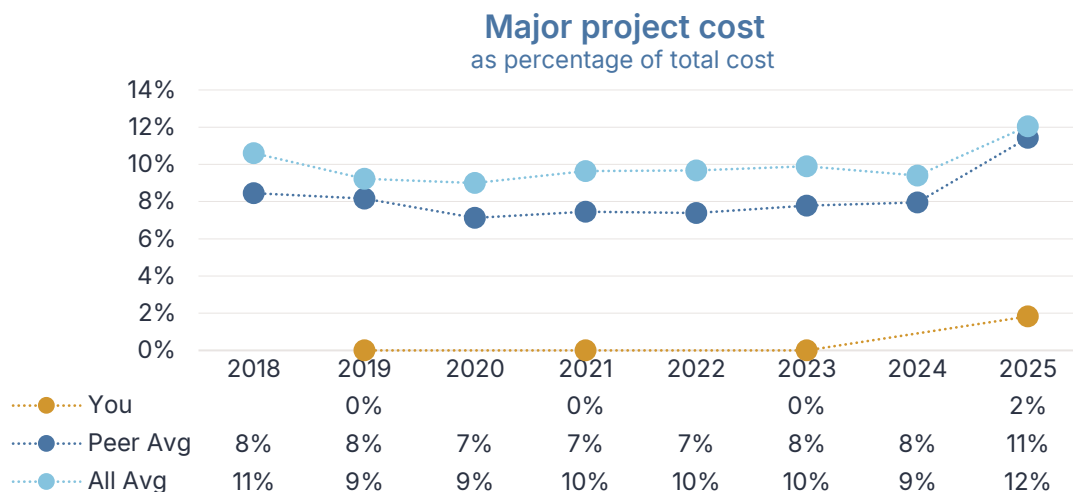
Activity	Cost in\$ 000s		Cost per Active Member and Annuitant				Cost as a % of Total Major Project Cost		
	You	You	Peer		All		Peer		All
			Med	Avg	Med	Avg	You	Avg	
5a. Amortization of non-IT Major Projects	0	0.00	0.00	0.45	0.00	0.37	0%	3%	2%
5b. Non-IT Major Projects (if you don't capitalize)	0	0.00	0.00	2.73	0.00	2.03	0%	19%	11%
5c. Amortization of IT Major Projects	0	0.00	0.00	5.67	0.00	3.63	0%	38%	20%
5d. IT Major Projects (if you don't capitalize)	512	0.60	1.27	5.88	2.63	11.67	100%	40%	66%
Total Pension Major Project cost	512	0.60	9.11	14.73	10.09	17.70	100%	100%	100%

5A-D Major Projects - trends

You did not provide any major project costs over this period. The major project cost per member for your peers that have participated for 8 consecutive years has grown at a compound annual rate of 11.0% between 2018 and 2025. The all participant average was 2.6%.



You did not provide any major project costs over this period. The major project cost as a percentage of total cost for your peers that have participated for 8 consecutive years has grown at a compound annual rate of 4.4% between 2018 and 2025. The all participant average is 1.9%.

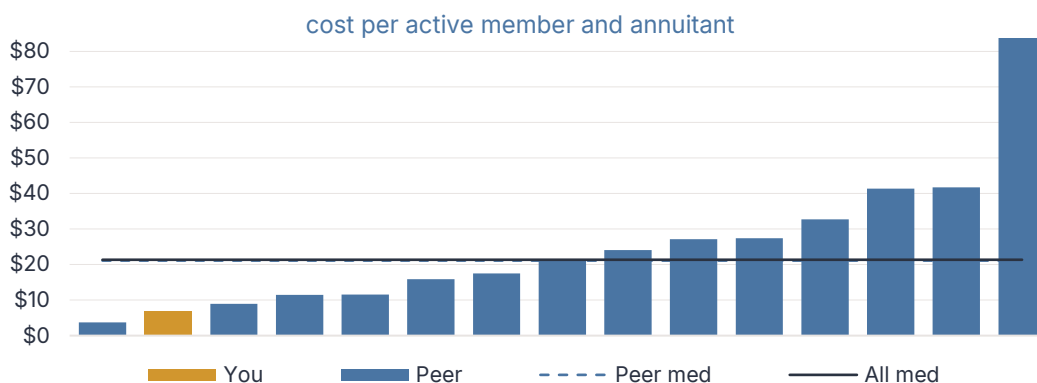


Trend analysis is based on systems that have provided 8 consecutive years of data (13 of 15 peers and 31 of 46 World systems).

6A IT Strategy, Database Management and Applications (excl. major projects)

Your IT strategy, database, applications (excl. major projects) cost per active member and annuitant was \$6.76. This was \$14.36 below the peer median of \$21.12.

IT Strategy, Database, Applications (excl. major projects)



Reasons why your cost was below median	Comparison		Impact ¹
	You	Peer med	\$s per Active Member and Annuitant
Lower salaries and benefits per direct FTE	\$89,391	\$152,563	-\$0.17
Fewer direct FTE per 10,000 active members and annuitants ²	0.03	0.63	-\$5.43
Lower third party costs per active member and annuitant	\$6.60	\$8.05	-\$1.45
Unexplained ¹			-\$7.31
Cost per active member and annuitant	\$6.76	\$21.12	-\$14.36

1. Impact equals your activity cost minus what it would have been if your value had equaled the peer median. An unexplained amount occurs using this methodology (refer to page 5 of this section).

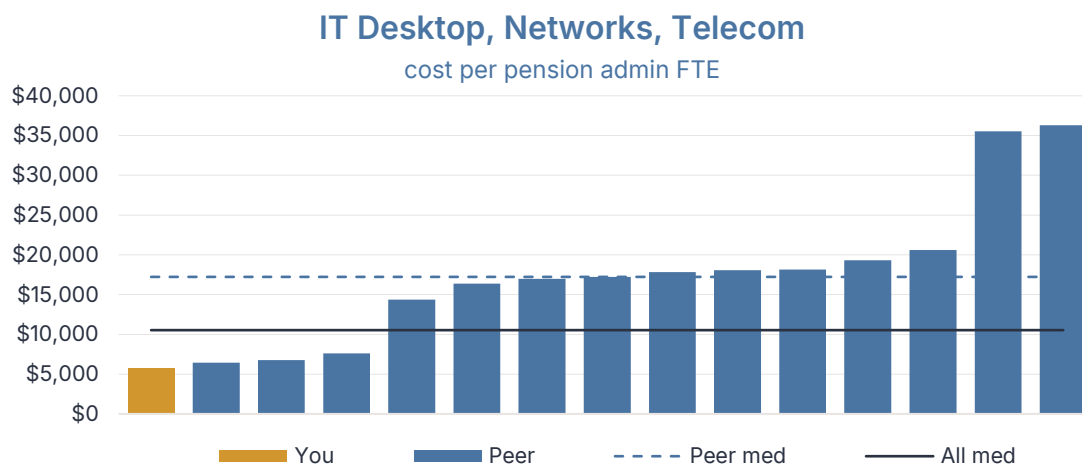
2. You had 2.3 IT strategy, database, applications (excl. major projects) FTE which was 91% less than the peer median of 25.9. The percentage difference was more favorable on a 'per active member and annuitant' basis (your 0.03 FTE per 10,000 active member and annuitant was 96% less than the peer median of 0.63) because you had an economy of scale advantage.

Three key reasons for differences in FTE per 10,000 (and/or third party costs) are:

- Economies of scale - Scale is particularly important for IT strategy, database, applications (excl. major projects) because of the substantial fixed costs of maintaining the IT infrastructure necessary for pension systems to operate. You had an economy of scale advantage. Your 856,457 active members and annuitants was 58.8% higher than the peer median of 539,403. Thus you had more members over which to spread IT strategy, database, applications (excl. major projects) costs.
- Plan complexity - It is more expensive to develop and maintain IT systems for plans with complex rule sets. Your total plan complexity score was 41 out of 100. This was equal to the peer median of 41.
- IT investment cycle.

6B IT Desktop, Networks, Telecom

Your IT Desktop, Networks, Telecom cost per pension admin FTE was \$5,723. This was \$11,502 below the peer median of \$17,225.



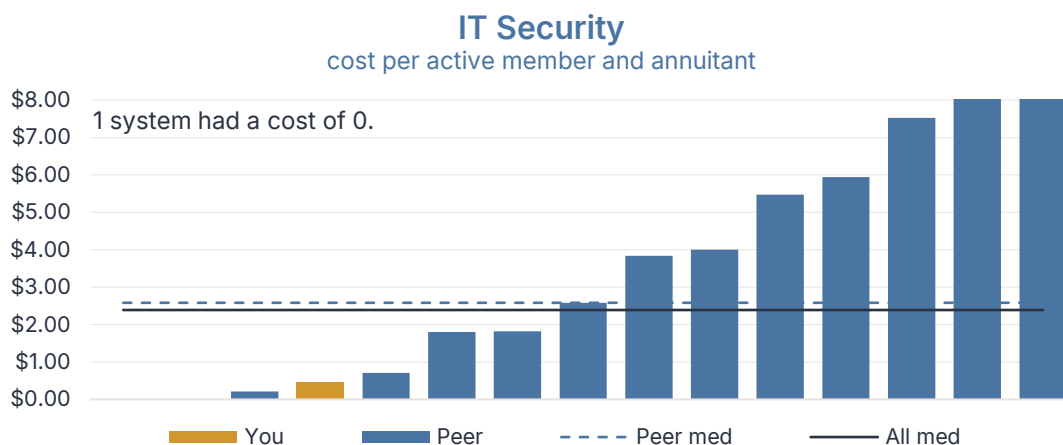
Reasons why your cost was below median	Comparison		Impact ¹
	You	Peer med	\$s per Pension Admin FTE
Lower salaries and benefits per direct FTE	\$78,250	\$164,331	-\$383
Fewer direct FTE per 100 pension admin FTE ²	0.44	3.24	-\$2,187
Lower third party costs per pension admin FTE	\$5,444	\$11,864	-\$6,420
Unexplained ¹			-\$2,511
Cost per pension admin FTE	\$5,723	\$17,225	-\$11,502

1. Impact equals your activity cost minus what it would have been if your value had equaled the peer median. An unexplained amount occurs using this methodology (refer to page 5 of this section).

2. You had 0.8 IT desktop, networks, telecom FTE which was 95% less than the peer median of 14.6. The percentage difference was less favorable on a 'per pension admin FTE' basis (your 0.44 FTE per 100 pension admin FTE was 86% less than the peer median of 3.24) because you had an economy of scale disadvantage.

6C IT Security

Your IT security cost per active member and annuitant was \$0.45. This was \$2.13 below the peer median of \$2.58.



Reasons why your cost was below median	Comparison		Impact ¹
	You	Peer med	\$s per Active Member and Annuitant
Lower third party costs per active member and annuitant	\$0.46	\$0.77	-\$0.31
Unexplained ¹			-\$1.82
Cost per active member and annuitant	\$0.45	\$2.58	-\$2.13

1. Impact equals your activity cost minus what it would have been if your value had equaled the peer median. An unexplained amount occurs using this methodology (refer to page 5 of this section).

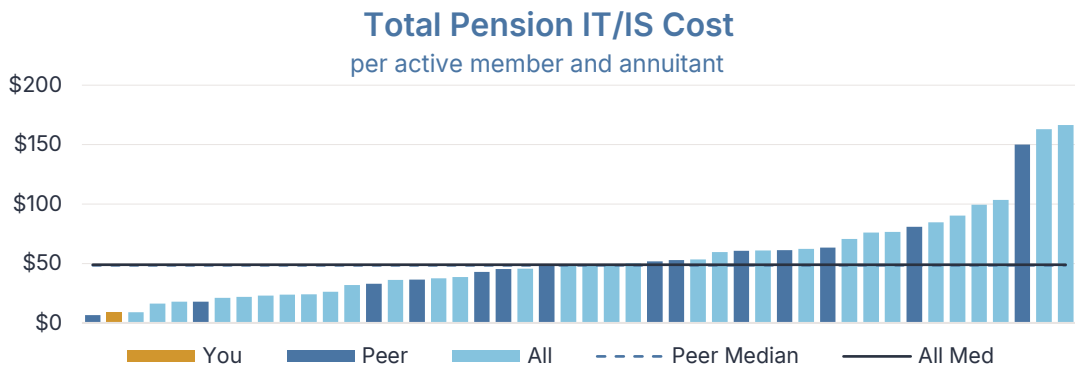
2. You had 0.0 IT security FTE which was 100% less than the peer median of 5.2. The percentage difference was less favorable on a 'per active member and annuitant' basis (your n/a FTE per 10,000 active member and annuitant was n/a the peer median of 0.14) because you had an economy of scale advantage.

Two key reasons for differences in FTE per 10,000 (and/or third party costs) are:

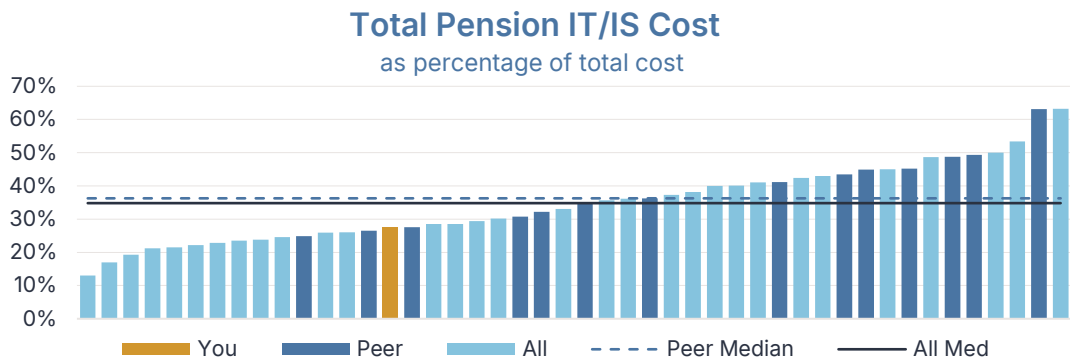
- Economies of scale - Scale is particularly important for IT security because of the substantial fixed costs of maintaining the IT infrastructure necessary for pension systems to operate. You had an economy of scale advantage. Your 856,457 active members and annuitants was 58.8% higher than the peer median of 539,403. Thus you had more members over which to spread IT security costs.
- IT investment cycle.

IT/IS costs (including IT major project costs)

Your IT/IS cost was \$9.01 per active member and annuitant. This was below the peer median of \$48.48.



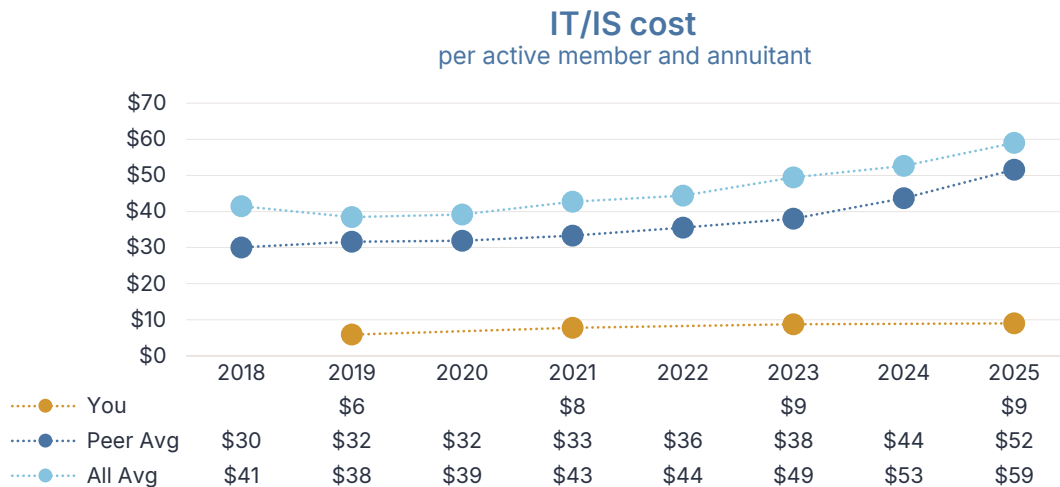
Your IT/IS cost as a percent of total pension administration cost was 28%. This was below the peer median of 36%.



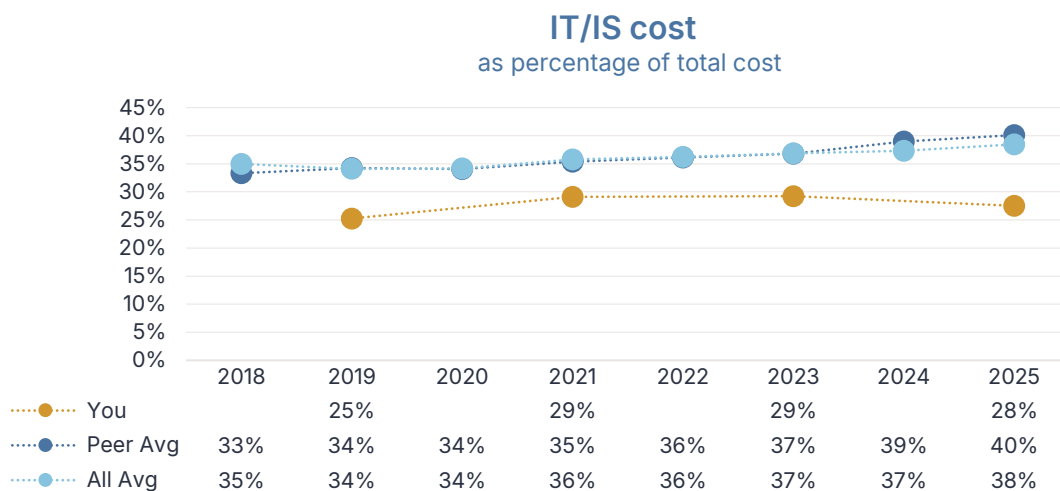
IT/IS Cost by Category									
Activity	Cost in \$000s	Cost per Active Member and Annuitant					Cost as a % of Total IT/IS Cost		
	You	You	Peer		All		You	Peer Avg	All Avg
			Med	Avg	Med	Avg			
5c. Amortization of IT Major Projects	0	0.00	0.00	5.67	0.00	3.63	0%	11%	7%
5d. IT Major Projects (if you don't capitalize)	512	0.60	1.27	5.88	2.63	11.67	7%	12%	21%
6a. IT Strategy, Database Management and Applications (excl. major projects)	5,792	6.76	21.12	25.24	21.35	25.82	75%	50%	48%
6b. IT Desktop, Networks, Telecom	1,029	1.20	10.90	10.24	7.57	9.51	13%	20%	18%
6c. IT Security	387	0.45	2.58	3.66	2.39	3.68	5%	7%	7%
Total Pension IT/IS cost	7,719	9.01	48.48	50.69	48.95	54.31	100%	100%	100%

IT/IS cost trend

Your IT/IS cost per member growth rate between 2018 and 2025 was not available. Your peers that have participated for 8 consecutive years has grown at a compound annual rate of 8.0%. The all participant average was 5.2%.



Your IT/IS cost as a percentage of total cost growth rate between 2018 and 2025 was not available. Your peers that have participated for 8 consecutive years has grown at a compound annual rate of 2.7%. The all participant average was 1.4%.



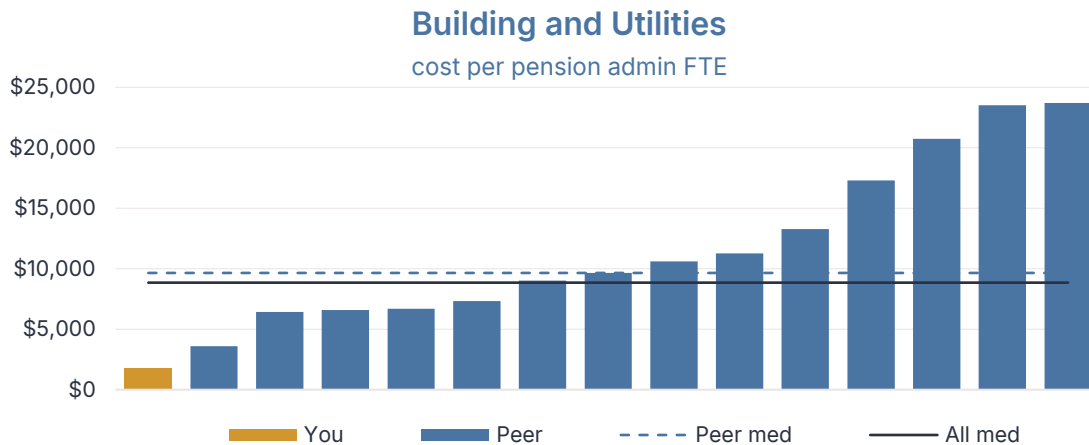
Trend analysis is based on systems that have provided 8 consecutive years of data (13 of 15 peers and 31 of 46 World systems).

IT and major project attributions by activity

6a. IT Strategy, Database Management and Applications and 6c. IT Security							Total Major Projects (5a. through 5d.)					
Activity	\$s per Active Member and Annuitant			As a % of total			\$s per Active Member and Annuitant			As a % of total		
	You	Peer avg	All avg	You	Peer avg	All avg	You	Peer avg	All avg	You	Peer avg	All avg
1. Member Transactions												
a. Pension Payments	0.25	1.81	1.74	4%	6%	6%	0.02	1.12	1.31	4%	6%	6%
b. Pension Inceptions and Written	1.10	3.22	3.68	16%	13%	16%	0.10	2.14	2.63	16%	13%	16%
c. Refunds, Withdrawals, and Transfers-out	0.97	0.97	1.67	14%	4%	6%	0.09	0.59	1.24	14%	4%	6%
d. Purchases and Transfers-in	0.13	1.09	1.82	2%	3%	5%	0.01	0.55	1.12	2%	3%	6%
e. Disability	<u>0.40</u>	<u>1.19</u>	<u>0.55</u>	<u>6%</u>	<u>4%</u>	<u>2%</u>	<u>0.04</u>	<u>0.59</u>	<u>0.41</u>	<u>6%</u>	<u>4%</u>	<u>2%</u>
	2.85	8.29	9.46	42%	30%	35%	0.25	4.98	6.72	42%	30%	35%
2. Member Communication												
a. Contact Center	1.96	5.62	4.41	29%	25%	18%	0.17	3.28	2.71	29%	26%	18%
b. Mail Room, Imaging	0.29	1.21	1.24	4%	4%	5%	0.03	0.73	0.91	4%	4%	5%
c. 1-on-1 Counseling	0.18	1.45	1.28	3%	5%	5%	0.02	0.56	0.66	3%	4%	5%
d. Member Presentations	0.17	0.68	0.49	2%	3%	2%	0.01	0.33	0.31	2%	3%	2%
e. Mass Communication	<u>0.12</u>	<u>1.27</u>	<u>1.23</u>	<u>2%</u>	<u>5%</u>	<u>5%</u>	<u>0.01</u>	<u>0.63</u>	<u>0.95</u>	<u>2%</u>	<u>5%</u>	<u>5%</u>
	2.72	10.23	8.64	40%	42%	34%	0.24	5.53	5.53	40%	42%	34%
3. Collections and Data Maintenance												
a. Data and Money from Employers	0.55	2.38	2.47	8%	9%	10%	0.05	1.73	1.88	8%	9%	10%
b. Service to Employers	0.22	1.58	1.21	3%	6%	5%	0.02	0.91	0.79	3%	6%	5%
c. Data Not from Employers	<u>0.11</u>	<u>0.48</u>	<u>0.94</u>	<u>2%</u>	<u>2%</u>	<u>3%</u>	<u>0.01</u>	<u>0.33</u>	<u>0.68</u>	<u>2%</u>	<u>2%</u>	<u>4%</u>
	0.88	4.44	4.63	13%	17%	18%	0.08	2.97	3.35	13%	17%	19%
4. Governance and Financial Control												
a. Financial Administration and Control	0.18	1.40	1.55	3%	6%	7%	0.02	0.77	1.18	3%	6%	6%
b. Board, Strategy, Policy	0.07	0.68	1.24	1%	3%	5%	0.01	0.39	0.64	1%	3%	4%
c. Government and Public Relations	<u>0.06</u>	<u>0.35</u>	<u>0.41</u>	<u>1%</u>	<u>1%</u>	<u>2%</u>	<u>0.01</u>	<u>0.16</u>	<u>0.31</u>	<u>1%</u>	<u>1%</u>	<u>1%</u>
	0.31	2.43	3.19	5%	10%	13%	0.03	1.32	2.13	5%	10%	12%
Total Pension Administration	6.77	25.39	25.92	100%	100%	100%	0.60	14.80	17.73	100%	100%	100%

7A Building and Utilities

Your building and utilities cost per pension admin FTE was \$1,792. This was \$7,859 below the peer median of \$9,651.



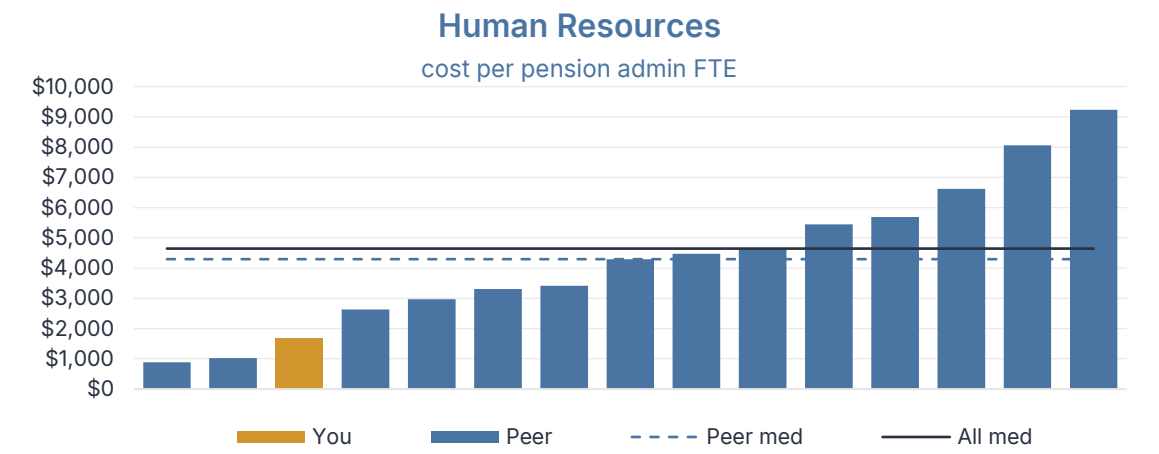
2. You had 0.0 building and utilities FTE which was 100% less than the peer median of 2.1. The percentage difference was less favorable on a 'per pension admin FTE' basis (your 0.00 FTE per 100 pension admin FTE)

The biggest reason for differences in building cost is usually differences in third party and other costs (i.e., rent, lease, building and office depreciation, utilities). Reasons why these costs differ include:

- Quality of the building
- Non-market pricing on property provided by the government
- Cost environment
- Square feet of workspace per FTE

7B Human Resources

Your human resources cost per pension admin FTE was \$1,675. This was \$2,622 below the peer median of \$4,297.

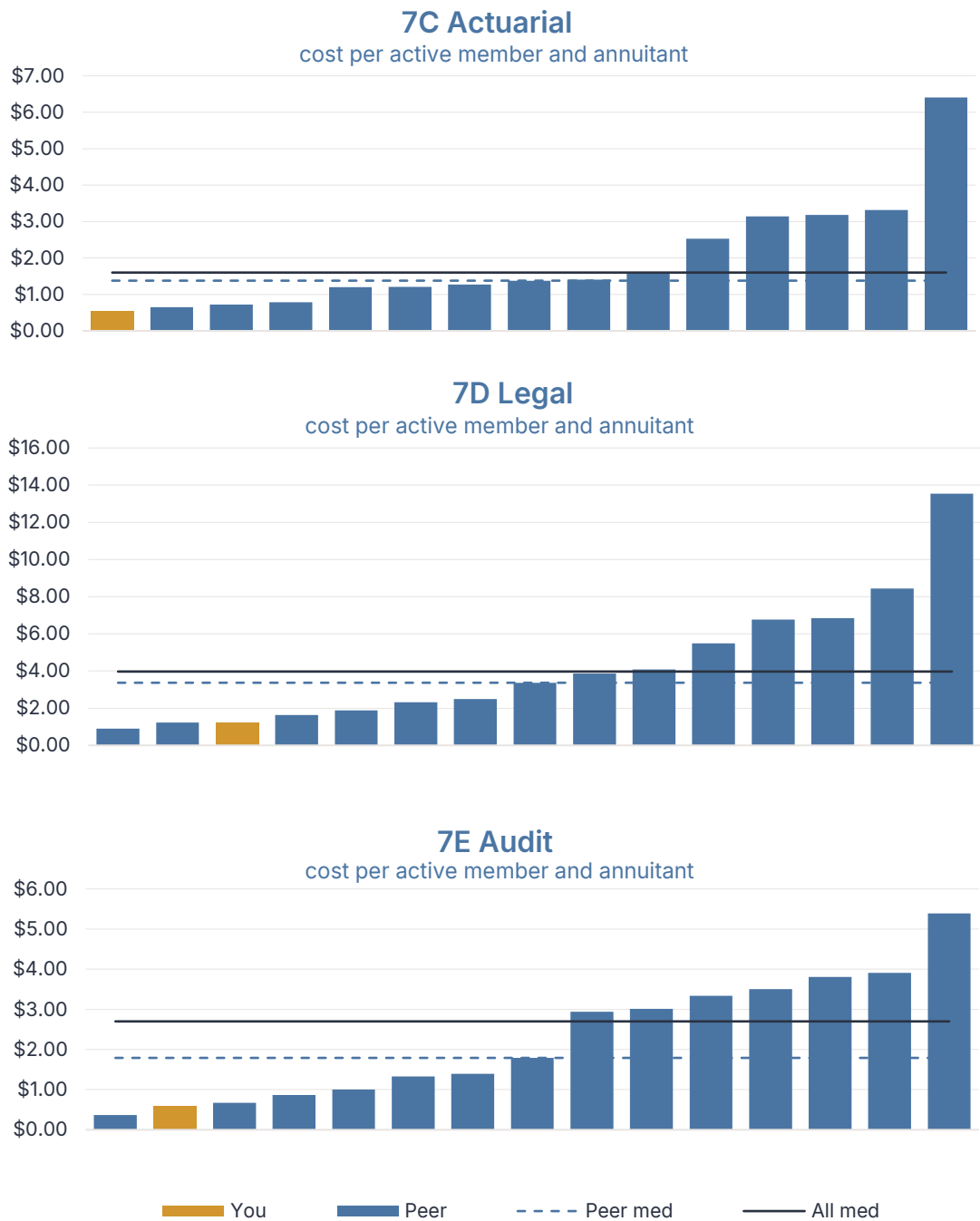


Reasons why your cost was below median	Comparison		Impact ¹
Cost per pension admin FTE	\$1,675	\$4,297	-\$2,622

7C-E Professional Costs

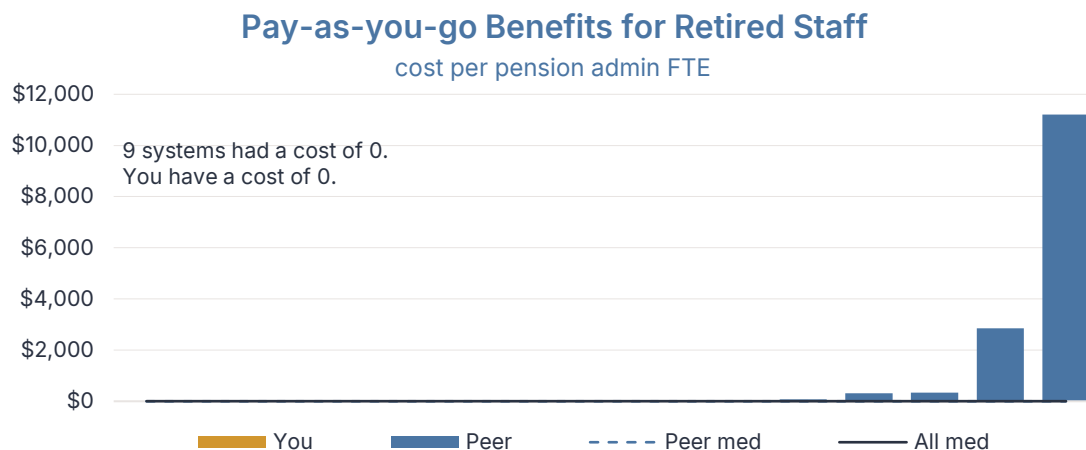
Your cost for activity:

- Your actuarial cost per active member and annuitant was \$0.55. This was \$0.83 below the peer median of \$1.38.
- Your legal cost per active member and annuitant was \$1.23. This was \$2.14 below the peer median of \$3.37.
- Your audit cost per active member and annuitant was \$0.60. This was \$1.19 below the peer median of \$1.79.



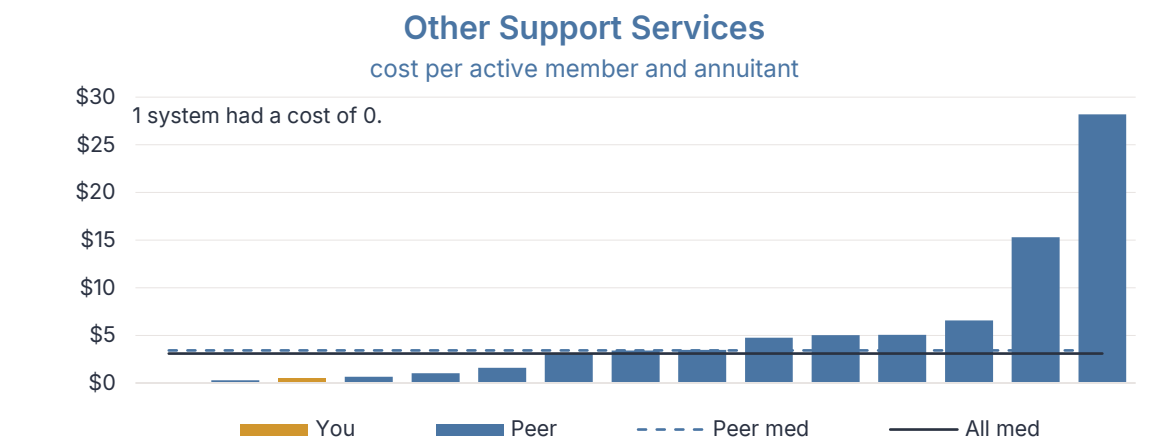
7F Pay-as-you-go Benefits for Retired Staff

You have no cost for this activity. The peer median cost was \$0.00.



7G Other Support Services

Your other support services cost per active member and annuitant was \$0.47. This was \$2.95 below the peer median of \$3.42. The biggest reason why was that you had fewer direct FTE per 10,000 active members and annuitants².



Reasons why your cost was below median	Comparison		Impact ¹ \$s per Active Member and Annuitant
	You	Peer med	
Lower salaries and benefits per direct FTE	\$110,333	\$131,196	-\$0.02
Fewer direct FTE per 10,000 active members and annuitants ²	0.0	0.2	-\$2.15
Lower third party costs per active member and annuitant	\$0.36	\$0.51	-\$0.15
Unexplained ¹			-\$0.62
Cost per active member and annuitant	\$0.47	\$3.42	-\$2.95

1. Impact equals your activity cost minus what it would have been if your value had equaled the peer median. An unexplained amount occurs using this methodology (refer to page 5 of this section).

2. You had 0.9 other support services FTE which was 89% less than the peer median of 8.2. The percentage difference was more favorable on a 'per active member and annuitant' basis (your 0.01 FTE per 10,000 active member and annuitant was 95% less than the peer median of 0.21) because you had an economy of scale advantage.

Three key reasons for differences in FTE per 10,000 (and/or third party costs) are:

- Economies of scale - Scale is particularly important for other support services because of the substantial fixed costs of maintaining the IT infrastructure necessary for pension systems to operate. You had an economy of scale advantage. Your 856,457 active members and annuitants was 58.8% higher than the peer median of 539,403. Thus you had more members over which to spread other support services costs.
- Plan complexity - It is more expensive to develop and maintain IT systems for plans with complex rule sets. Your total plan complexity score was 41 out of 100. This was below the peer average of 43.
- IT investment cycle.

Alternative comparison: Fully-attributed front office activity costs

An alternative way of analyzing and comparing activity costs is by attributing 100% of governance and support costs (i.e., governance and financial control, major projects, IT, and support services and other) to the front office activities. Front office activities are the activities that come in contact with clients or employers, such as paying pensions, pension inception, and member calls. The methodology used to calculate fully-attributed costs is shown on the following page.

In 2010, CEM shifted the focus of its analysis from fully-attributed activity costs to direct activity costs because:

- Front-office managers did not recognize or trust the fully attributed costs.
- It is impossible to ensure consistency in attribution methodology for IT and major project costs. Therefore, differences in fully-attributed costs often reflected differences in attribution methodology.
- Reasons for differences in fully-attributed costs were often hidden and repetitive. For example, unusually high building and utilities costs could become a recurring reason for differences in all fully-attributed costs.

Fully-Attributed Activity Costs (\$s per unit of activity volume)																
Activity	Cost per:	Peer								All						
		You	Avg	Max	Q3	Med	Q1	Min	#	Avg	Max	Q3	Med	Q1	Min	#
1. Member Transactions																
a. Pension Payments	annuitant	3	23	68	30	17	12	3	15	29	132	35	22	12	3	46
b. Pension Inceptions and Written Estimates	new payee inception	169	342	787	500	242	176	153	15	593	2,554	748	524	308	153	44
c. Refunds, Withdrawals, and Transfers-out	withdrawal and transfer-out	219	373	2,284	247	182	128	105	15	1,274	10,044	1,240	422	162	65	42
d. Purchases and Transfers-in	purchase and transfer-in	476	3,018	18,770	2,831	1,148	699	454	15	3,788	56,516	3,420	1,455	482	0	46
e. Disability	disability application	1,662	7,804	23,008	11,195	4,785	2,505	1,273	15	7,215	24,145	9,758	4,785	2,684	0	37
2. Member Communication																
a. Contact Center	call and email	15	61	141	91	58	29	15	15	59	240	88	43	27	3	46
b. Mail Room, Imaging	incoming mail	5	24	88	26	18	10	2	15	54	293	63	36	15	0	46
c. 1-on-1 Counseling	member counseled 1-on-1	2,065	556	2,065	561	425	204	73	14	556	3,388	668	390	156	0	43
d. Member Presentations	member presentation	9,125	7,798	28,129	11,022	5,162	2,539	0	14	6,293	28,129	7,664	4,631	2,066	0	45
e. Mass Communication	active member and annuitant	1	9	18	12	8	5	1	15	10	25	15	8	5	1	46
3. Collections and Data Maintenance																
a. Data and Money from Employers	active member	5	27	100	33	13	10	2	15	34	175	45	20	12	0	46
b. Service to Employers	active member	2	17	45	26	10	8	2	15	14	45	18	12	7	0	46
c. Data Not from Employers	active, inactive and annuitant	1	2	7	2	2	1	0	15	5	20	7	2	1	0	46
Total Pension Administration	active member and annuitant	33	130	293	176	130	77	25	15	154	407	201	133	96	25	46
Non-Pension																
1f. Healthcare Administration	annuitant	1	15	67	16	3	0	0	15	8	67	3	0	0	0	44
1g. Optional and Third Party Administered Benefits	active member	0	13	59	20	8	1	0	15	5	59	7	0	0	0	44

Calculation of fully-attributed front office costs

(Fully-attributed costs are compared in the alternative comparison on the previous page)

Activity	Attributions ¹						Fully-Attributed		
	Direct Staff (# FTE)	Direct Costs (Salaries + Third Party)	5. Major Projects	6a IT Strategy + 6c. IT Security	6b + 7a - g Support Services and Other	4. Governance & Financial Control	\$000s	Cost per unit ³	Cost per Active Member and Annuitant
1. Member Transactions									
a. Pension Payments	6.4	752	19	230	152	130	1,282	3	1.50
b. Pension Inceptions and Written Estimates	27.9	2,361	83	1,002	664	565	4,675	270	5.46
c. Refunds, Withdrawals, and Transfers-out	24.8	2,129	74	891	590	502	4,186	219	4.89
d. Purchases and Transfers-in	3.3	301	10	119	79	67	575	476	0.67
e. Disability	10.2	922	30	366	243	207	1,768	1,662	2.06
f. Healthcare Administration	1.5	154	4	54	36	30	279	1	0.33
g. Optional and Third Party Administered Benefits	0.5	93	1	18	12	10	134	0	0.16
2. Member Communication									
a. Contact Center	49.8	4,200	148	1,789	1,185	1,009	8,331	15	9.73
b. Mail Room, Imaging	7.4	651	22	266	176	150	1,265	5	1.48
c. 1-on-1 Counseling	4.6	401	14	165	109	93	782	2,065	0.91
d. Member Presentations	4.3	401	13	154	102	87	757	9,125	0.88
e. Mass Communication	3.0	303	9	108	71	61	552	1	0.64
3. Collections and Data Maintenance									
a. Data and Money from Employers	14.1	1,219	42	506	335	286	2,389	5	2.79
b. Service to Employers	5.5	506	16	198	131	111	963	2	1.12
c. Data Not from Employers	2.9	270	9	104	69	59	511	1	0.60
4. Governance and Financial Control									
a. Financial Administration and Control	4.6	2,334	14	165	109	-2,623	0		
b. Board, Strategy, Policy	1.8	295	5	65	43	-408	0		
c. Government and Public Relations	1.5	243	4	54	36	-337	0		
5. Major Projects									
a. Amortization of non-IT Major Projects	n/a	0	0				0		
b. Non-IT Major Projects (if you don't capitalize)	0.0	0	0				0		
c. Amortization of IT Major Projects	n/a	0	0				0		
d. IT Major Projects (if you don't capitalize)	1.9	518	-518				0		
6. Information Technology									
a. IT Strategy, Database, Applications (excl. major projects)	2.3	5,862		-5,862			0		
b. IT Desktop, Networks, Telecom	0.8	1,042			-1,042		0		
c. IT Security	0.0	392		-392			0		
7. Support Services and Other									
a. Building and Utilities	0.0	326			-326		0		
b. Human Resources	0.0	305			-305		0		
c. Actuarial	0.3	476			-476		0		
d. Legal and Rule Interpretation	1.2	1,069			-1,069		0		
e. Internal and External Audit	0.5	518			-518		0		
f. Pay-as-you-go Benefits for Retired Staff	n/a	0			0		0		
g. Other Support Services	0.9	407			-407		0		
Total Administration	182.0	28,450	0	0	0	0	28,450		33.22
less: ²									
1f. Healthcare Administration	1.6						-279		-0.33
1g. Optional and Third Party Administered Benefits	0.6						-134		-0.16
Total Pension Administration	179.8						28,036		32.74

1. Attributions of activities 4, 5, 6, and 7 are pro rata based on direct FTE, unless you provided the attributions yourself.

2. The fully-attributed costs of activities 1f and 1g are excluded from pension administration costs to ensure comparability.

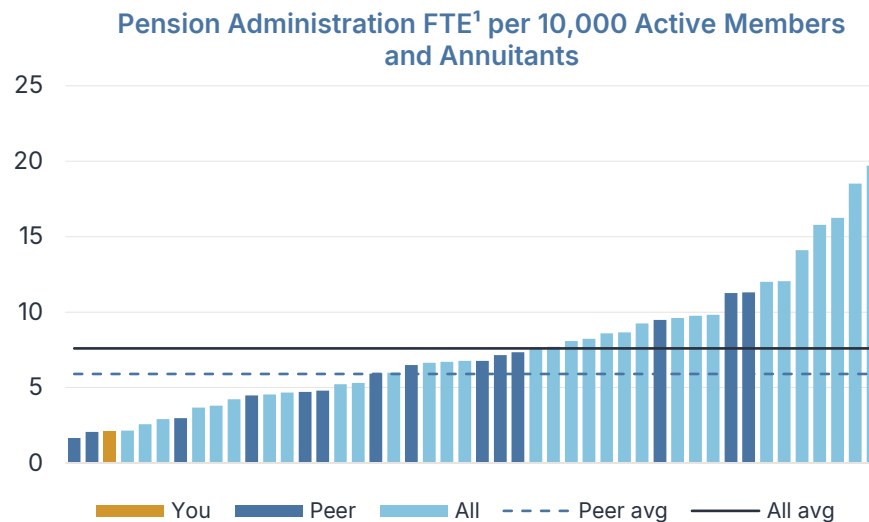
3. Units vary by activity. Units are described in the second column on the previous page.

Staff Costs and Productivity

Total FTE	02
FTE by activity	03
Salaries and benefits per FTE by activity	06
Productivity	08

Total FTE

Differences in the number of full-time-equivalent staff (FTE) used to serve members is a key reason for differences in costs between similarly organized systems. Generally the more FTE you use to serve members, the higher your costs. You had 2.10 pension administration FTE¹ per 10,000 members. This was below the peer average of 5.90.



1. Pension administration FTE excludes: FTE whose salaries are being capitalized, FTE administering healthcare and FTE administering optional benefits.

Reasons for differences in total FTEs used to serve members include differences in:

- Outsourcing. For example, if you outsource legal or actuarial work, you will have fewer FTE than systems that do this work using internal staff.
- Transactions volumes, which in turn are caused by differences in:
 - Services provided, for example, some plans do not offer financial planning
 - Member mix and demographics, for example, active members generate more transactions than inactive members
- Productivity (i.e., transaction volumes per FTE) which in turn is caused by differences in:
 - Service levels, for example, shorter wait times may require more staff
 - Staff skills and productivity
 - Organizational effectiveness
 - Economies of scale
 - Plan rule complexity
 - IT capability

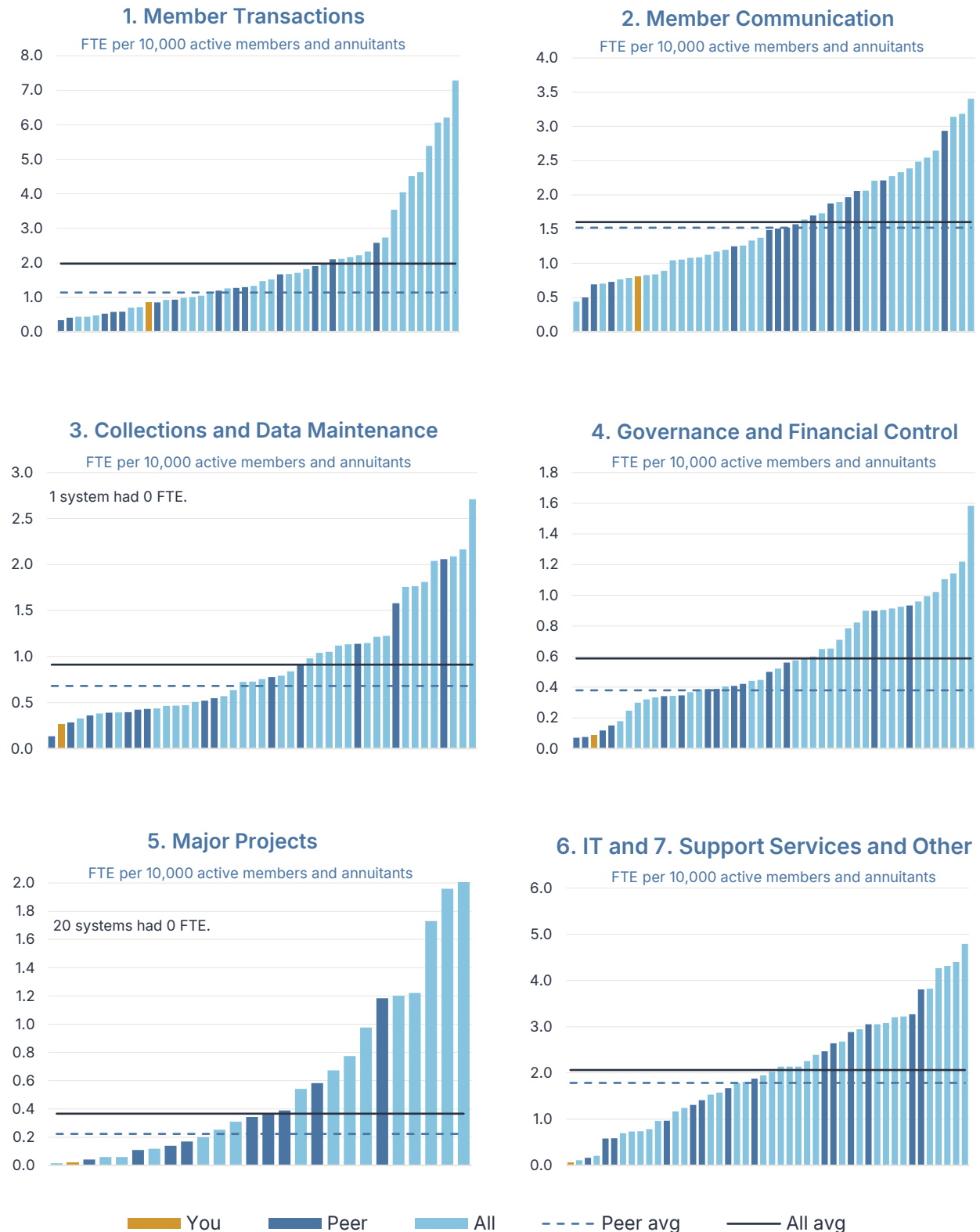
FTE by activity

Activity	# of Direct ¹ FTE			# of FTE per 10,000 Active Members and Annuitants		
	You	Peer avg	All avg	You	Peer avg	All avg
1. Member Transactions						
a. Pension Payments	6.4	16.6	12.3	0.07	0.23	0.34
b. Pension Inceptions and Written Estimates	27.9	34.9	32.3	0.33	0.47	0.81
c. Refunds, Withdrawals, and Transfers-out	24.8	10.4	12.1	0.29	0.16	0.35
d. Purchases and Transfers-in	3.3	10.1	13.1	0.04	0.12	0.38
e. Disability	<u>10.2</u>	<u>13.3</u>	<u>6.1</u>	<u>0.12</u>	<u>0.15</u>	<u>0.10</u>
Total Member Transactions	72.6	85.4	75.9	0.85	1.14	1.98
2. Member Communication						
a. Contact Center	49.8	60.0	38.9	0.58	0.86	0.77
b. Mail Room, Imaging	7.4	10.7	10.3	0.09	0.17	0.24
c. 1-on-1 Counseling	4.6	15.7	11.1	0.05	0.21	0.28
d. Member Presentations	4.3	6.5	4.1	0.05	0.10	0.09
e. Mass Communication	<u>3.0</u>	<u>11.2</u>	<u>9.3</u>	<u>0.04</u>	<u>0.19</u>	<u>0.21</u>
Total Member Communication	69.1	104.0	73.6	0.81	1.52	1.60
3. Collections and Data Maintenance						
a. Data and Money from Employers	14.1	26.9	21.7	0.16	0.37	0.53
b. Service to Employers	5.5	17.7	10.7	0.06	0.23	0.21
c. Data Not from Employers	<u>2.9</u>	<u>4.2</u>	<u>7.2</u>	<u>0.03</u>	<u>0.08</u>	<u>0.17</u>
Total Collections and Data Maintenance	22.5	48.8	39.6	0.26	0.68	0.91
4. Governance and Financial Control						
a. Financial Administration and Control	4.6	17.6	13.5	0.05	0.23	0.32
b. Board, Strategy, Policy	1.8	8.1	10.3	0.02	0.12	0.22
c. Government and Public Relations	<u>1.5</u>	<u>4.1</u>	<u>3.7</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>0.06</u>	<u>0.07</u>
Total Governance and Financial Control	7.9	29.9	27.5	0.09	0.41	0.60
5. Major Projects						
a. Amortization of non-IT Major Projects ²	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
b. Non-IT Major Projects (if you don't capitalize)	0.0	3.6	3.2	n/a	0.08	0.08
c. Amortization of IT Major Projects ²	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
d. IT Major Projects (if you don't capitalize)	<u>1.9</u>	<u>8.1</u>	<u>7.8</u>	<u>0.02</u>	<u>0.16</u>	<u>0.29</u>
Total Major Projects	1.9	11.7	11.0	0.02	0.24	0.37
6. Information Technology						
a. IT Strategy, Database, Applications (excl. major projects)	2.3	54.8	35.2	0.03	0.76	0.79
b. IT Desktop, Networks, Telecom	0.8	14.5	8.6	0.01	0.24	0.21
c. IT Security	<u>0.0</u>	<u>7.5</u>	<u>5.0</u>	<u>n/a</u>	<u>0.13</u>	<u>0.14</u>
Total Information Technology	3.1	76.8	48.8	0.04	1.13	1.13
7. Support Services and Other						
a. Building and Utilities	0.0	5.3	3.4	n/a	0.11	0.08
b. Human Resources	0.0	14.7	10.4	n/a	0.17	0.24
c. Actuarial	0.3	5.1	3.1	0.00	0.05	0.07
d. Legal and Rule Interpretation	1.2	12.9	10.4	0.01	0.18	0.27
e. Internal and External Audit	0.5	5.6	5.6	0.01	0.10	0.15
f. Pay-as-you-go Benefits for Retired Staff	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
g. Other Support Services	<u>0.9</u>	<u>13.3</u>	<u>7.5</u>	<u>0.01</u>	<u>0.18</u>	<u>0.18</u>
Total Support Services and Other	2.9	56.9	40.4	0.03	0.79	0.99
Total Pension Admin FTE (excludes below)	180.0	413.4	316.7	2.10	5.90	7.60
FTE whose salaries are being capitalized	0.0	10.7	7.2	n/a	0.14	0.12
1f. Healthcare Administration	1.5	4.3	2.3	0.02	0.10	0.07
1g. Optional and Third Party Administered Benefits	0.5	6.5	2.7	0.01	0.12	0.06
Total Administration FTE	182.0	435.0	329.0	2.13	6.27	7.84

1. Direct staff includes staff directly performing the activity, plus related support and management staff that are in the same department and directly support the activity.

2. We are unable to identify the historic FTE embedded in activities 5a. and 5c. amortization of major projects.

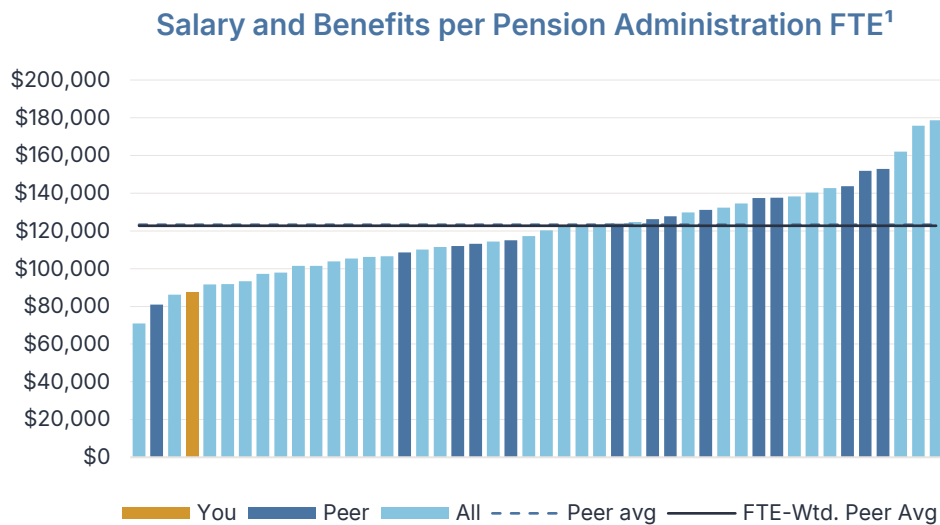
FTE per 10,000 members by activity aggregates



Salaries and benefits

Your salaries and benefits per pension administration FTE¹ was \$87,310. This was 29% below the peer average of \$123,310.

If you want to understand how salaries and benefits impact relative cost performance, the more relevant average is the FTE-weighted peer average because salary differences matter more for peers with more FTEs. Your salaries and benefits per pension administration FTE of \$87,310 was below the FTE-weighted peer average of \$122,735.



1. Pension administration FTE excludes: FTE whose salaries are being capitalized, FTE administering healthcare and FTE administering optional benefits. In order to avoid double counting when explaining why your total administration costs differ from the peer average, it also excludes the salaries and FTE of activity 6b. IT Desktop, Networks, Telecom, 7a. Building and Utilities, 7b. Human Resources, and, 7f. Pay-as-you-go Benefits for Retired Staff.

Salaries and benefits include compensation (salary, wages, overtime, bonuses), benefits (pensions, healthcare), related payroll taxes, and charges paid by the employer (as opposed to the employee). Salary and benefits per FTE may differ because of:

- Cost environment.
- Staff with different skills and experience. Different activities require different skills sets. Therefore, salaries and benefits are compared by activity on page 7 of this section.
- Outsourcing. For example, if you outsource higher paying jobs by using consultants (i.e., legal, actuarial) your average salary might be lower.

Other costs that tend to vary per FTE include activities: 6b. IT Desktop, Networks, Telecom, 7a. Building and Utilities, 7b. Human Resources, and, 7f. Pay-as-you-go Benefits for Retired Staff. These costs are compared in Section 4 - Activity Costs.

Salaries and benefits per FTE by activity

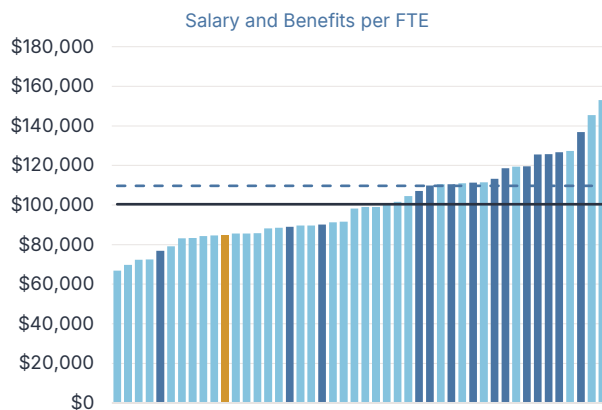
Activity	Salaries and Benefits per FTE			Salaries and Benefits as a % of Direct Activity Cost		
	You	Peer avg	All avg	You	Peer avg	All avg
1. Member Transactions						
a. Pension Payments	\$86,188	\$110,799	\$104,096	73%	71%	68%
b. Pension Inceptions and Written Estimates	\$83,996	\$109,208	\$100,726	99%	92%	93%
c. Refunds, Withdrawals, and Transfers-out	\$83,032	\$108,544	\$100,933	97%	92%	92%
d. Purchases and Transfers-in	\$85,818	\$110,249	\$100,644	94%	88%	91%
e. Disability	\$88,647	\$113,815	\$106,093	98%	70%	75%
	\$84,596	\$109,700	\$100,404			
2. Member Communication						
a. Contact Center	\$83,986	\$99,427	\$95,550	100%	94%	92%
b. Mail Room, Imaging	\$85,568	\$90,450	\$87,399	97%	77%	79%
c. 1-on-1 Counseling	\$83,304	\$110,343	\$104,786	96%	95%	95%
d. Member Presentations	\$87,628	\$121,285	\$115,796	94%	88%	90%
e. Mass Communication	\$94,767	\$130,500	\$122,238	94%	68%	58%
	\$84,805	\$104,471	\$101,956			
3. Collections and Data Maintenance						
a. Data and Money from Employers	\$85,199	\$114,044	\$108,231	99%	93%	92%
b. Service to Employers	\$88,855	\$118,589	\$112,496	97%	94%	93%
c. Data Not from Employers	\$87,034	\$108,585	\$102,710	93%	85%	85%
	\$86,329	\$114,072	\$107,190			
4. Governance and Financial Control						
a. Financial Administration and Control	\$100,087	\$146,427	\$146,109	20%	75%	82%
b. Board, Strategy, Policy	\$146,167	\$192,465	\$215,361	89%	83%	77%
c. Government and Public Relations	\$139,667	\$177,274	\$179,963	86%	85%	82%
	\$118,101	\$160,303	\$167,851			
5. Major Projects						
a. Amortization of non-IT Major Projects	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
b. Non-IT Major Projects (if you don't capitalize)	n/a	\$123,105	\$145,271	n/a	65%	60%
c. Amortization of IT Major Projects	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
d. IT Major Projects (if you don't capitalize)	\$92,526	\$138,369	\$145,536	34%	44%	43%
	\$92,526	\$137,301	\$148,181			
6. Information Technology						
a. IT Strategy, Database, Applications (excl. major projects)	\$89,391	\$156,648	\$146,526	4%	48%	48%
b. IT Desktop, Networks, Telecom	\$78,250	\$151,544	\$140,747	6%	32%	34%
c. IT Security	n/a	\$165,032	\$148,962	0%	59%	57%
	\$86,516	\$155,004	\$143,898			
7. Support Services and Other						
a. Building and Utilities	n/a	\$120,911	\$118,081	0%	12%	11%
b. Human Resources	n/a	\$142,316	\$140,632	0%	76%	74%
c. Actuarial	\$177,000	\$200,656	\$190,770	11%	36%	36%
d. Legal and Rule Interpretation	\$151,417	\$158,535	\$160,221	17%	62%	73%
e. Internal and External Audit	\$116,400	\$154,703	\$158,829	11%	64%	67%
f. Pay-as-you-go Benefits for Retired Staff	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
g. Other Support Services	\$110,333	\$124,375	\$134,142	24%	62%	56%
	\$135,276	\$147,255	\$153,889			
Total Pension Administration¹	\$74,237	\$115,842	\$111,204	48%	53%	54%
Total Pension Admin excluding activities 6b, 7a, 7b, and 7f²	\$87,310	\$123,310	\$119,693	50%	57%	58%

1. Pension administration FTE excludes: FTE whose salaries are being capitalized, FTE administering healthcare and FTE administering optional benefits.

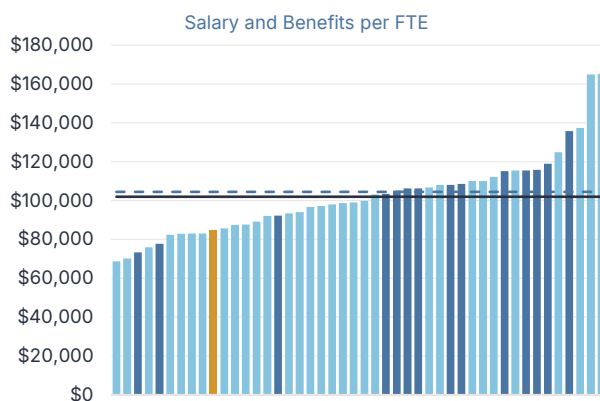
2. Section 3 'Total Costs' and the Executive Summary use the FTE-weighted peer average of \$122,735 to explain cost differences. It is used to explain cost differences because salary differences matter more for peers with more FTEs. To avoid double counting items quantified separately in the cost model, the FTE-weighted average also: (i) excludes activities 6b, 7a, 7b and 7f, and, (ii) weights front and governance and support salaries per your ratio of front to governance and support FTE.

Salaries and benefits per FTE by activity aggregates

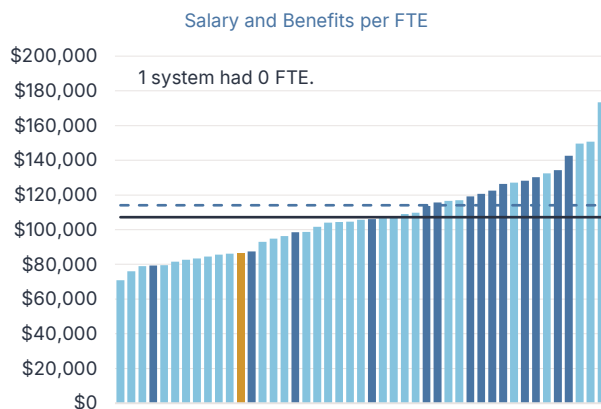
1. Member Transactions



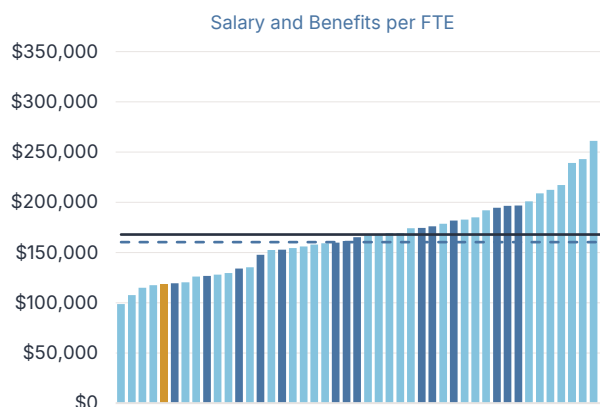
2. Member Communication



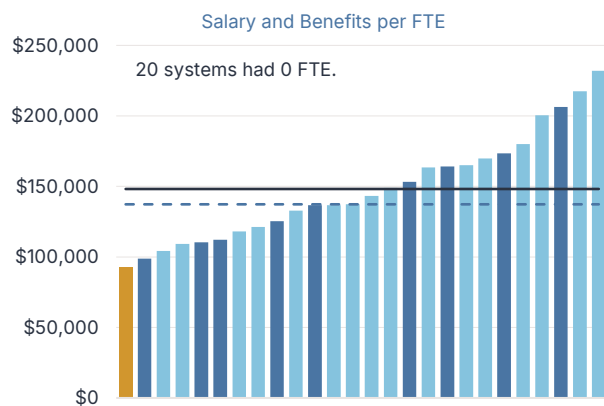
3. Collections and Data Maintenance



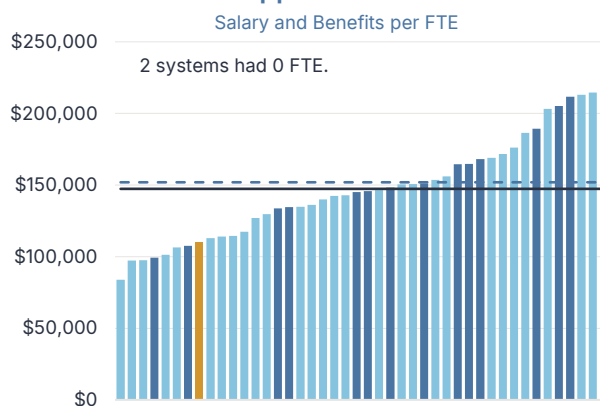
4. Governance and Financial Control



5. Major Projects



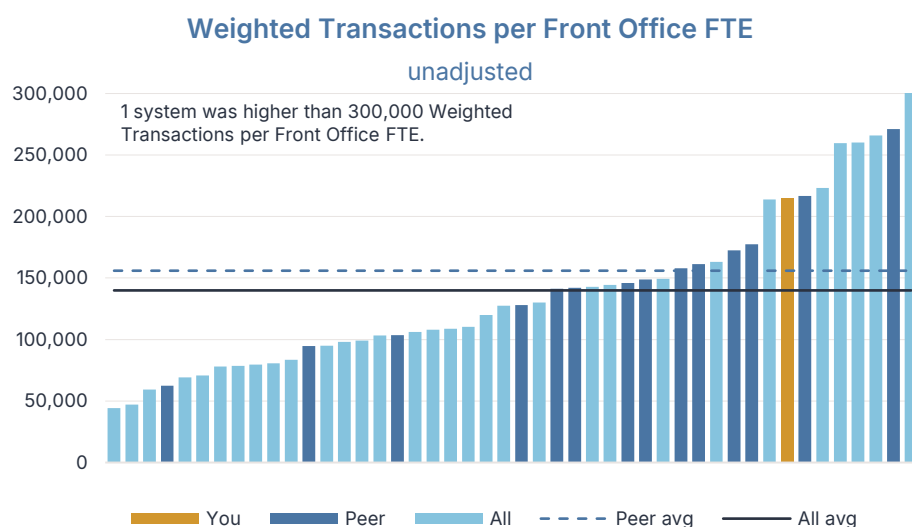
6. IT and 7. Support Services and Other



■ You
 ■ Peer
 ■ All
 --- Peer avg
 — All avg

Productivity

Total productivity is defined as the number of weighted transactions per front office, full-time-equivalent staff (FTE). Your productivity was 215,061 per front office FTE. This was above the in-house peer average of 155,965.



Weighted transaction volumes equal the cost-weighted average of front office activity volumes. It is a measure of work. Details of the calculation are shown in Section 6 Transaction Volumes. Front office activities are the activities that come in contact with clients or employers, such as paying pensions, pension inceptions and member calls. It excludes support activities such as Governance and Financial Control, Major Projects and Support Services.

Differences in productivity are caused by differences in:

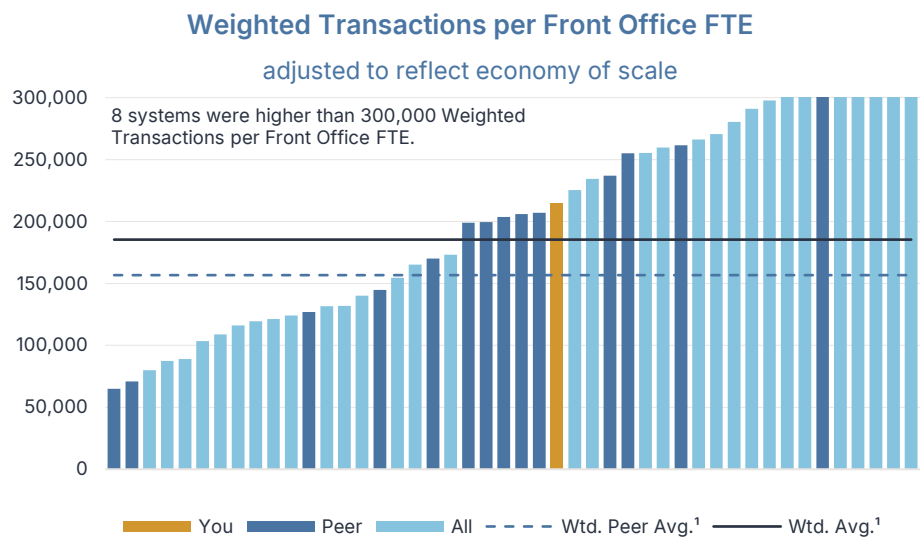
- Economies of scale (see next page)
- Staff skills and staff productivity
- IT capability / online transactions
- Service levels, for example, shorter wait times may require more staff
- Complexity of plan rules
- Using more consultants and third parties to do part of the work
- Projects
- Organization design

It is important to emphasize that total productivity is not a measure of staff productivity; staff productivity is however a component of total productivity.

Productivity - adjusted for economies of scale

Productivity is impacted by economies of scale. CEM research shows that, on average, smaller systems have lower productivity than larger systems. Thus we need to adjust the productivity of your peers for economies of scale in order to produce an accurate comparison.

After adjusting for economies of scale, your productivity (weighted transaction volumes per FTE) was 37% above the weighted peer average.



1. The peer and all averages are weighted by workloads (i.e., weighted transactions per member) because differences in productivity matter more for peers with higher workloads when explaining cost differences.

Productivity by activity

Productivity by activity must be interpreted cautiously because annual fluctuations in activity volumes can cause large swings in productivity. Unusually high volumes in a given year will make you look more productive than normal. Unusually low volumes will make you look less productive.

Productivity by Front Office Activity				
Front-Office Activities	Activity Volume Description	Activity Volume per FTE		
		You	Peer avg	All avg
1. Member Transactions				
a. Pension Payments	Annuitants	58,135	28,906	28,760
b. Pension Inceptions and Written Estimates	New Payee Inceptions	621	626	424
c. Refunds, Withdrawals, and Transfers-out	Refunds, Withdrawals, and Transfers-out	771	1,954	1,320
d. Purchases and Transfers-in	Purchases and Transfers-in	366	316	818
e. Disability	Disability Applications	104	108	121
2. Member Communication				
a. Contact Center	Calls and Emails	10,886	8,051	12,235
b. Mail Room, Imaging	Incoming Mail	33,825	39,187	21,221
c. 1-on-1 Counseling	Members Counseled 1-on-1	82	1,199	1,657
d. Member Presentations	Member Presentations	19	122	133
e. Mass Communication	Active Members and Annuitants	285,486	119,629	89,492
3. Collections and Data Maintenance				
a. Data and Money from Employers	Active Members	34,354	28,946	23,472
b. Service to Employers	Active Members	88,071	40,692	41,068
c. Data Not from Employers	Actives, Inactives, Annuitants	349,585	302,532	203,845
Weighted Transactions per Front Office FTE		215,061	155,965	139,938
adjusted for Economies of Scale ^{1, 2}		215,061	156,699	185,374

1. Productivity is impacted by economies of scale. CEM research shows that, on average, smaller systems have lower productivity than larger systems. Thus we need to adjust the productivity of your peers for economies of scale in order to produce an accurate comparison.

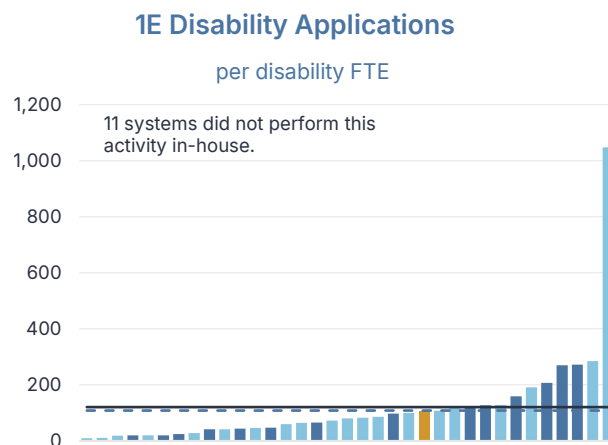
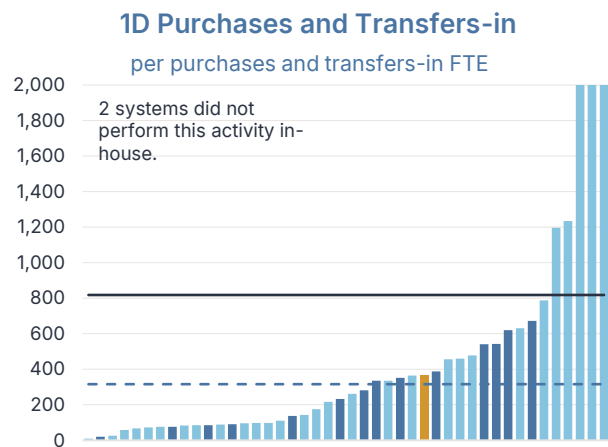
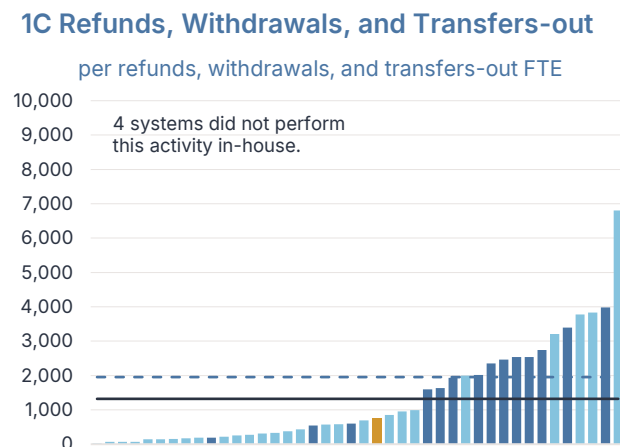
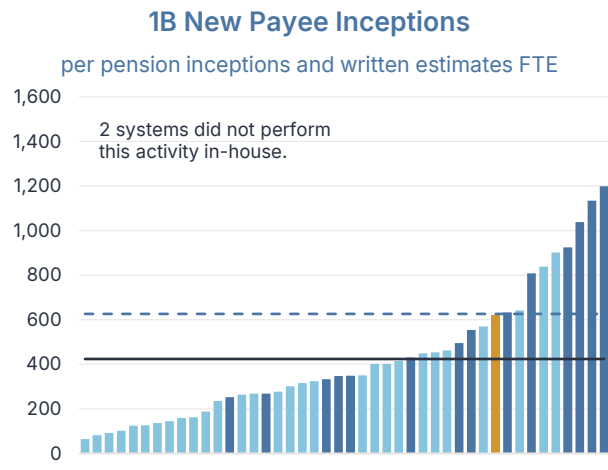
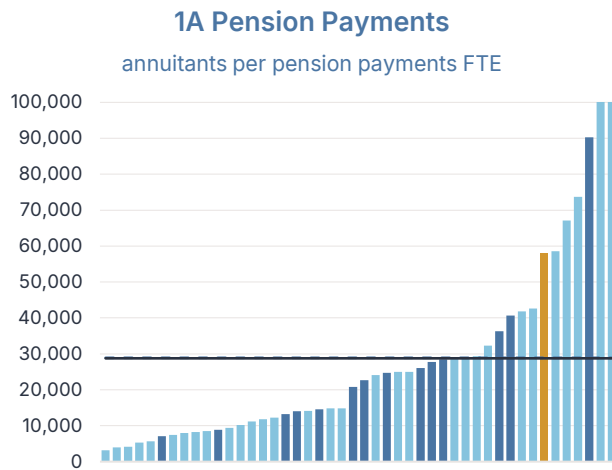
2. The peer and all averages, for this value only, are weighted by workloads (i.e., weighted transactions per member) because differences in productivity matter more for peers with higher workloads when explaining cost differences.

Differences in productivity are caused by differences in:

- Economies of scale (see previous page)
- Staff skills and staff productivity
- IT capability / online transactions
- Service levels, for example, shorter wait times may require more staff
- Complexity of plan rules
- Using more consultants and third parties to do part of the work
- Projects
- Organization design

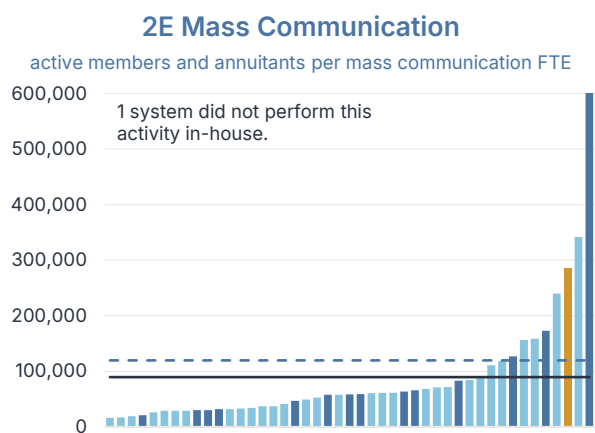
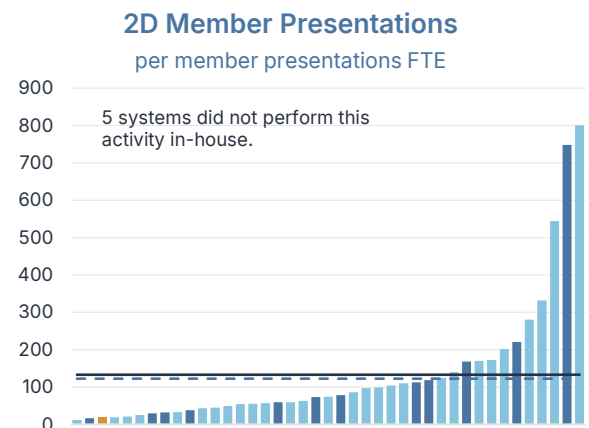
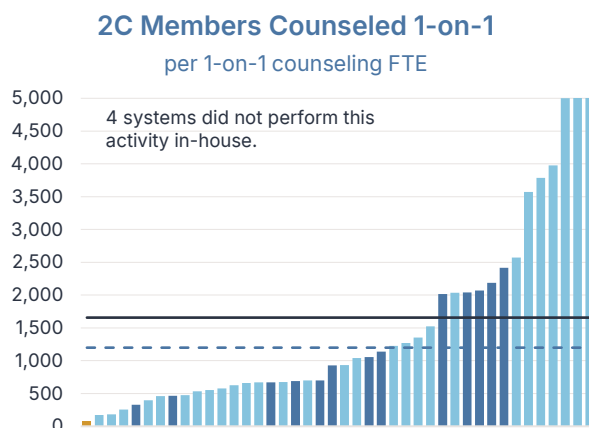
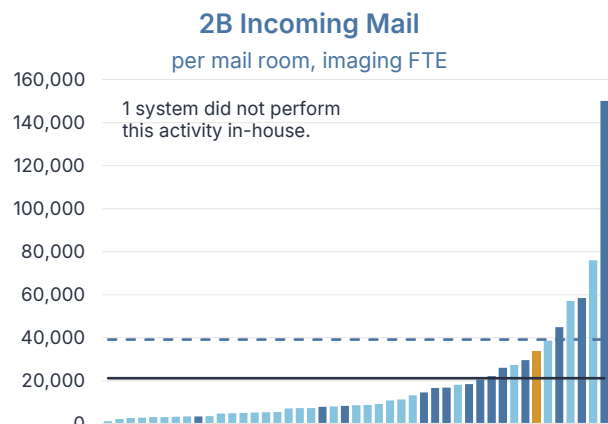
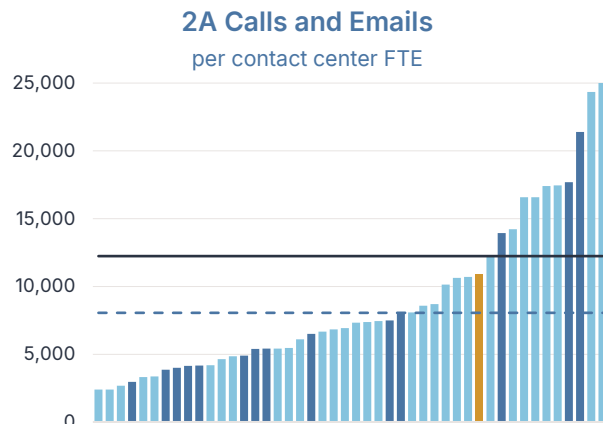
It is important to emphasize that total productivity is not a measure of staff productivity; staff productivity is however a component of total productivity.

Productivity by activity - member transactions



■ You
 ■ Peer
 ■ All
 --- Peer avg
 — All avg

Productivity by activity - member communication

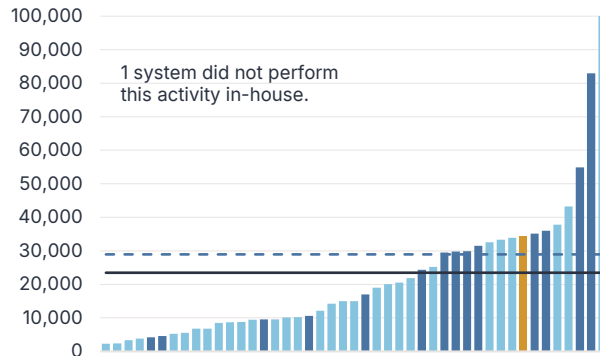


■ You
 ■ Peer
 ■ All
 --- Peer avg
 — All avg

Productivity by activity - collections and data maintenance

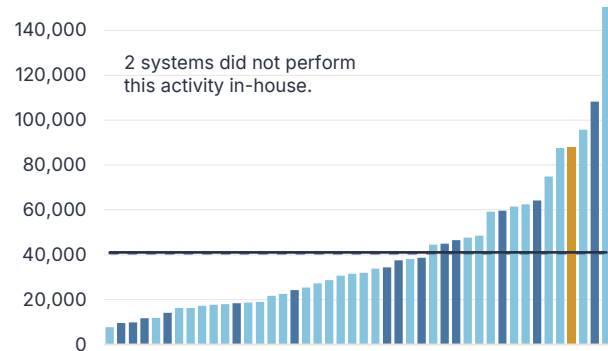
3A Data and Money from Employers

active members per data and money from employers FTE



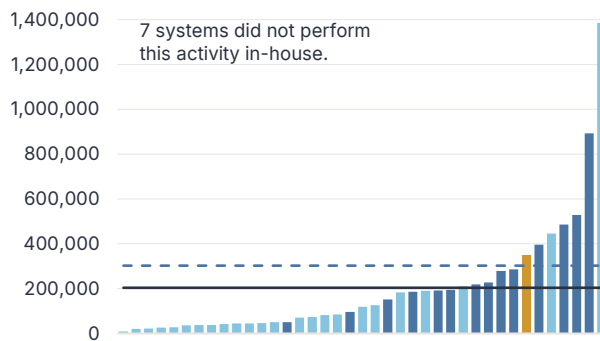
3B Service to Employers

active members per service to employers FTE



3C Data Not from Employers

actives, inactives, annuitants per data not from employers FTE



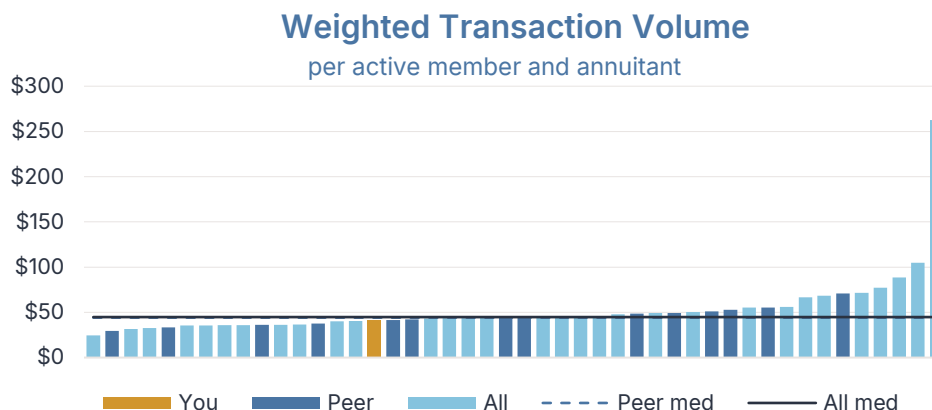
■ You
 ■ Peer
 ■ All
 --- Peer avg
 — All avg

Transaction Volumes

Workload: Weighted transaction volume per member	02
Comparison of transaction volumes by activity	05
Transaction trends	09
Online transactions	11

Workload: Weighted transaction volume per member

Your weighted transaction volume was \$41.23 per active member and annuitant. This was below the peer median of \$44.17.



Your weighted transaction volume per member indicates whether you are doing more or less administration work per member in aggregate than your peers. This could be due to reasons that are beyond your control, or because you are voluntarily doing more work for your members. Differences in work reflect differences in:

- Activities that you administer. For example, some systems do not administer disability.
- Service levels
- Membership mix
- Member demographics

The calculation of your weighted transaction volume is shown on the following page.

Interpreting your weighted transaction volumes

Transaction volumes are an important driver of costs. As shown in 'section 3 - Total Cost', your below average weighted transaction volumes decreased your total cost by an estimated \$1.75 per member relative to the peer average.

Mindful that transaction volumes are a significant driver of cost, this is one area to focus attention on in terms of potentially saving money. You may look at where you process more work than your peers with a view to reducing that volume (provided you have control over the volume).

Calculation of your weighted transaction volume

Your weighted transaction volume equals the cost weighted average of the 13 'front office' pension administration transaction volumes shown in the table below.

Calculation of Your Weighted Transactions per Member			
Transaction (or Cost Driver) by Front Office Activity	Your Volume (A)	Weight = All Median Cost per Transaction (B)	Weighted Volume (A x B)
1. Member Transactions			
a. Pension Payments (Annuitants)	372,067	\$10.26	3,816,204
b. New Payee Inceptions	17,335	\$308.01	5,339,347
c. Refunds, Withdrawals, and Transfers-out	19,133	\$179.02	3,425,273
d. Purchases and Transfers-in	1,208	\$470.33	568,153
e. Disability Applications	1,064	\$1,875.84	1,995,897
2. Member Communication			
a. Calls and Emails	542,113	\$13.43	7,282,542
b. Incoming Mail	250,304	\$11.56	2,893,904
c. Members Counseled 1-on-1	379	\$116.19	44,036
d. Member Presentations	83	\$1,368.02	113,546
e. Mass Communication (Active Members and Annuitants)	856,457	\$4.38	3,751,082
3. Collections and Data Maintenance			
a. Data and Money from Employers (Active Members)	484,390	\$7.03	3,403,612
b. Service to Employers (Active Members)	484,390	\$3.83	1,853,402
c. Data Not from Employers (Actives, Inactives, Annuitants)	1,013,797	\$0.81	826,074
Total			35,313,074
Total per active member and annuitant			\$41.23

Methodology notes

- **Weights** - The weights used for all activities are the all median cost per transaction. This enables us to normalize for the substantial differences in time and effort expended on each type of task. For example, a 1-on-1 counseling session is more costly and time consuming than answering a telephone call. This difference is reflected in the weights where the cost per 1-on-1 counseling session of \$116.19 is approximately 9 times higher than the cost per call of \$13.43.
- **Back Office Activities** (e.g., Governance and Financial Control, Major Projects and Support Services) - The work of back office activities is excluded from the weighted transaction volume score. This is because most work of back office activities cannot be analyzed in terms of transaction volumes. For example, it would be nearly impossible to consider the role of a CEO in terms of the number of transactions that he or she processes.
- **Web** - Transaction volumes are weighted the same regardless of channel. Online transactions typically cost less, but if we applied a lower weight, then a system that has achieved a high level of online functionality would be unfairly penalized.
- **Secondary versus primary cost drivers** - The activity volumes used to determine your weighted transaction volume score are the primary cost drivers for each activity. Secondary cost drivers are ignored in this section because they are usually relatively immaterial.
- **Using members as a proxy** - For some activities, we have used members (or member subsets such as annuitants) as a proxy for the activity's transactions. For example, active members are used as a proxy for the transactions of the Collections and Data Maintenance activity. The implicit assumption is that data maintenance transactions, such as address changes, will occur at similar ratios of members for all systems.

Comparison of transaction volumes by activity

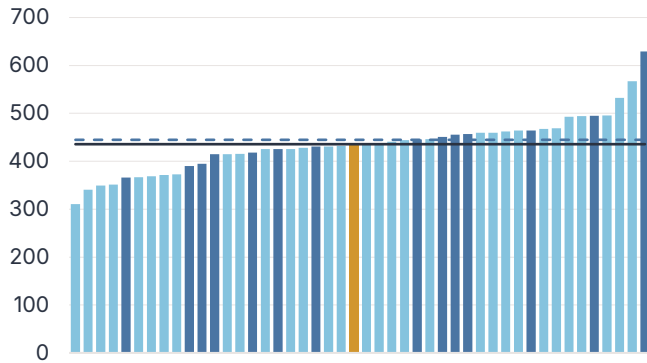
The table below shows whether you are doing more or fewer transactions per member than your peers by front office activity. All volumes in the table are compared 'per 1,000 active members and annuitants' even if all member types do not always cause the volume. This is because active members and annuitants is the divisor when comparing total cost per member. Therefore, to know how volumes impact your relative total cost performance, they need to be compared on the same basis.

Comparisons of Transaction Volumes by Activity				
Transaction (or Cost Driver) by Front Office Activity	Your Volume	Volume per 1,000 Active Members and Annuitants		
		You	Peer avg	All avg
1. Member Transactions				
a. Pension Payments (Annuitants)	372,067	434	445	436
b. New Payee Inceptions	17,335	20	22	22
c. Refunds, Withdrawals, and Transfers-out	19,133	22	23	20
d. Purchases and Transfers-in	1,208	1	4	23
e. Disability Applications	1,064	1	1	1
2. Member Communication				
a. Calls and Emails	542,113	633	550	555
b. Incoming Mail	250,304	292	301	240
c. Members Counseled 1-on-1	379	0	18	30
d. Member Presentations	83	0	1	1
e. Mass Communication (Active Members and Annuitants)	856,457	1,000	1,000	1,000
3. Collections and Data Maintenance				
a. Data and Money from Employers (Active Members)	484,390	566	555	564
b. Service to Employers (Active Members)	484,390	566	555	564
c. Data Not from Employers (Actives, Inactives, Annuitants)	1,013,797	1,184	1,529	1,384
Weighted Total		41,232	45,220	52,535

Member transactions per 1,000 members: Graphical comparisons

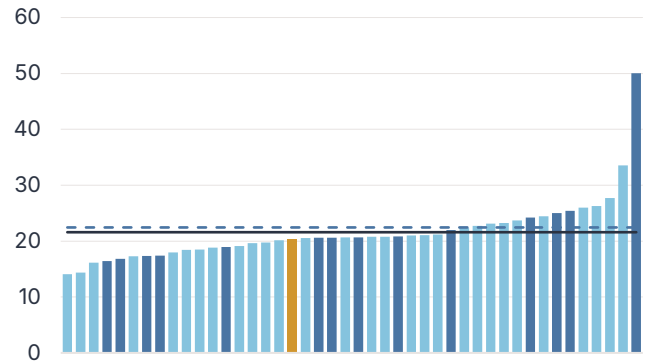
1A Pension Payments (Annuitants)

per 1,000 active members and annuitants



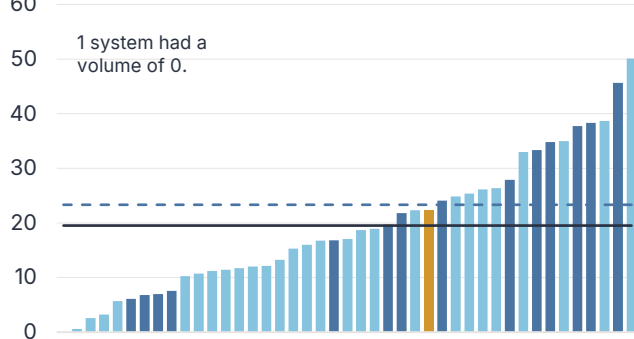
1B New Payee Inceptions

per 1,000 active members and annuitants



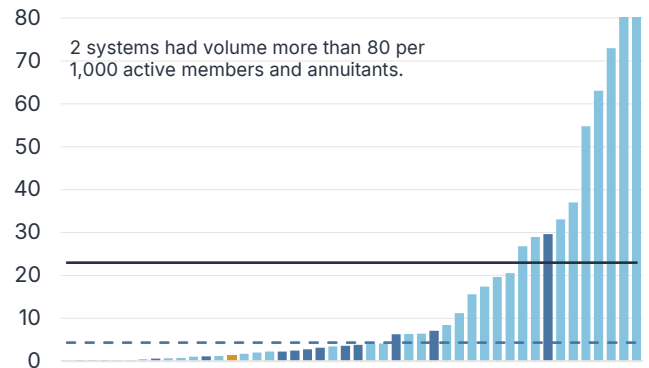
1C Refunds, Withdrawals, and Transfers-out

per 1,000 active members and annuitants



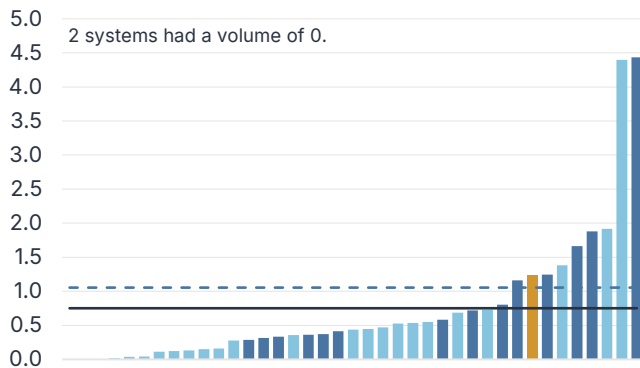
1D Purchases and Transfers-in

per 1,000 active members and annuitants



1E Disability Applications

per 1,000 active members and annuitants



You

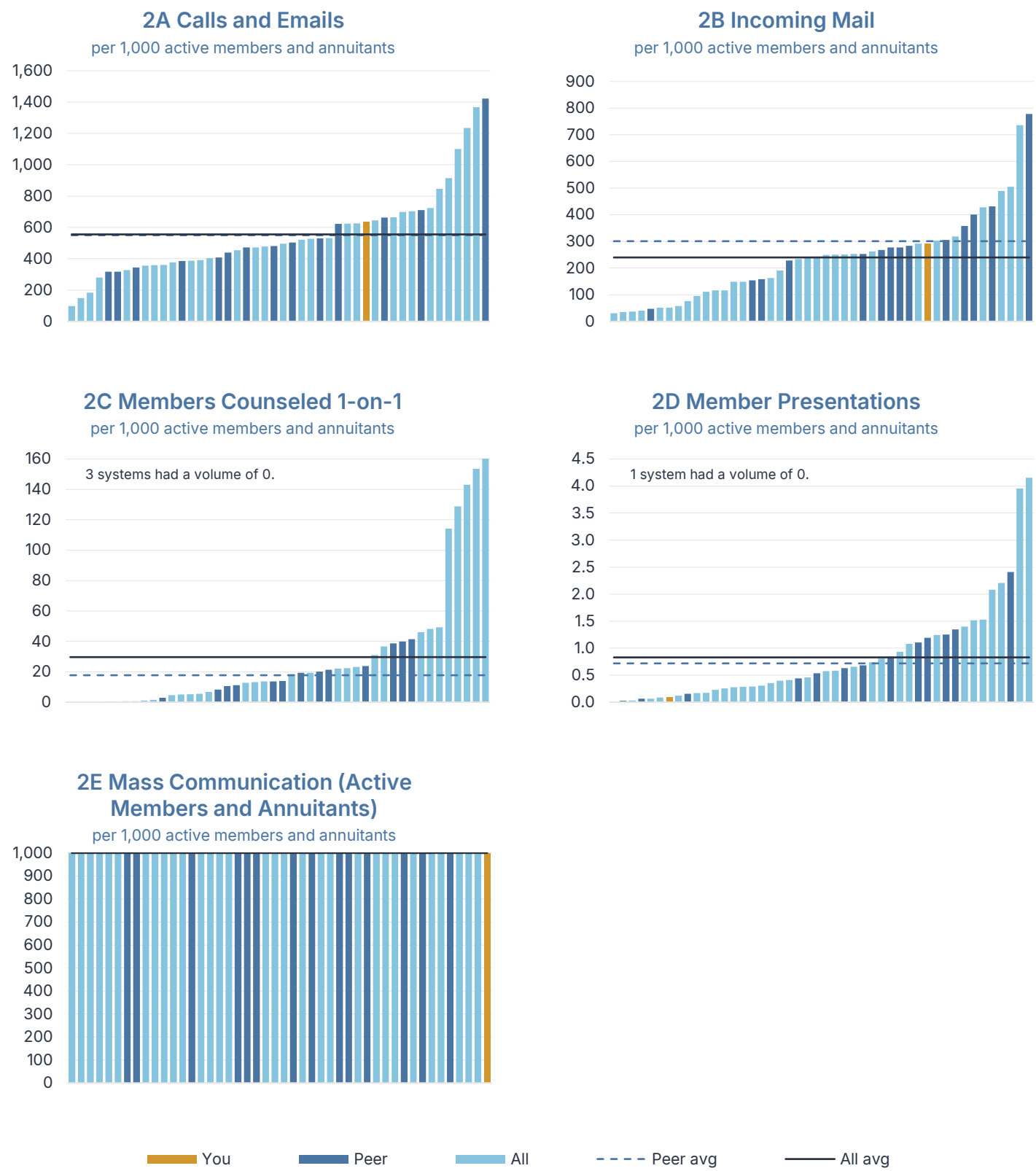
Peer

All

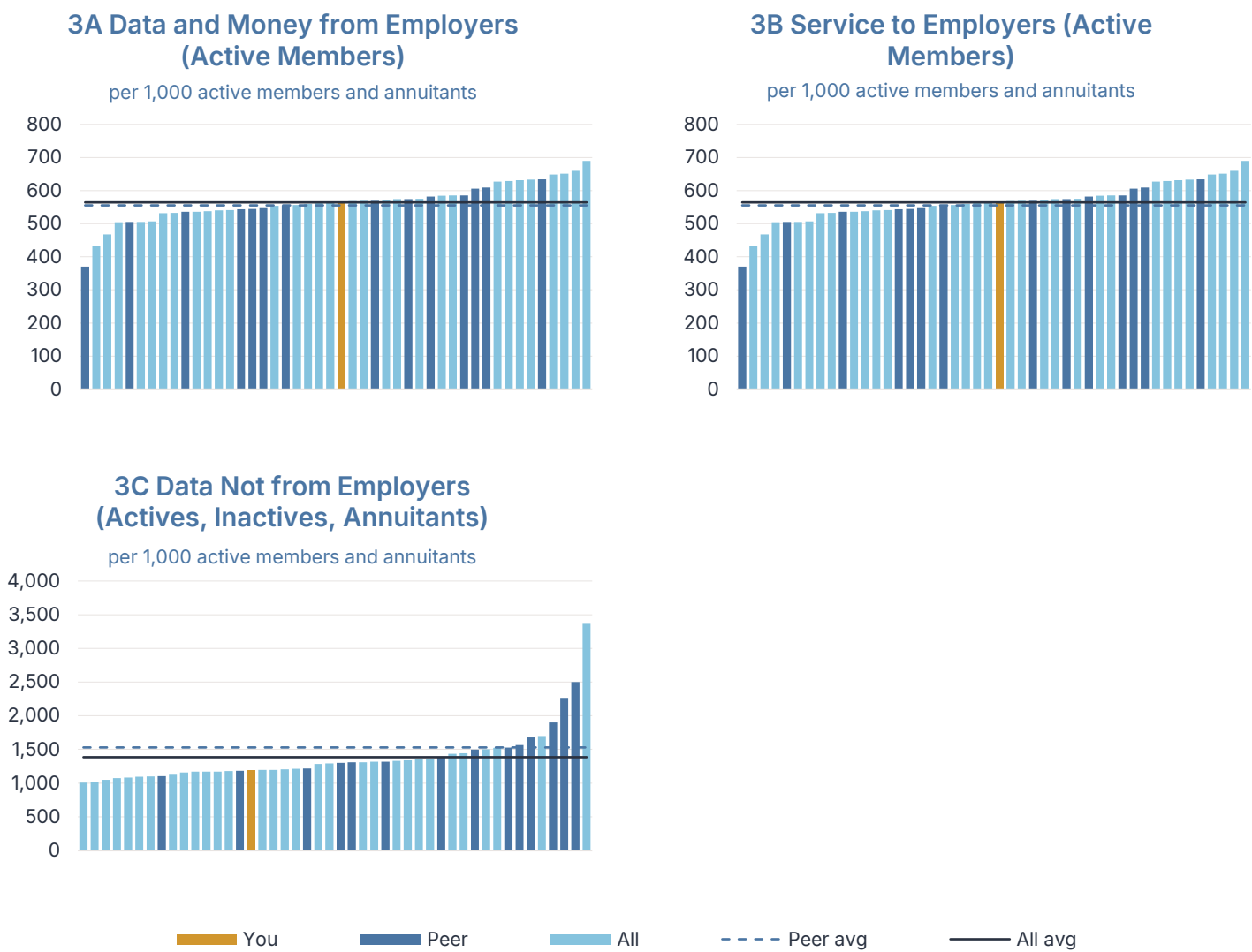
Peer avg

All avg

Communications transactions per 1,000 members: Graphical comparisons

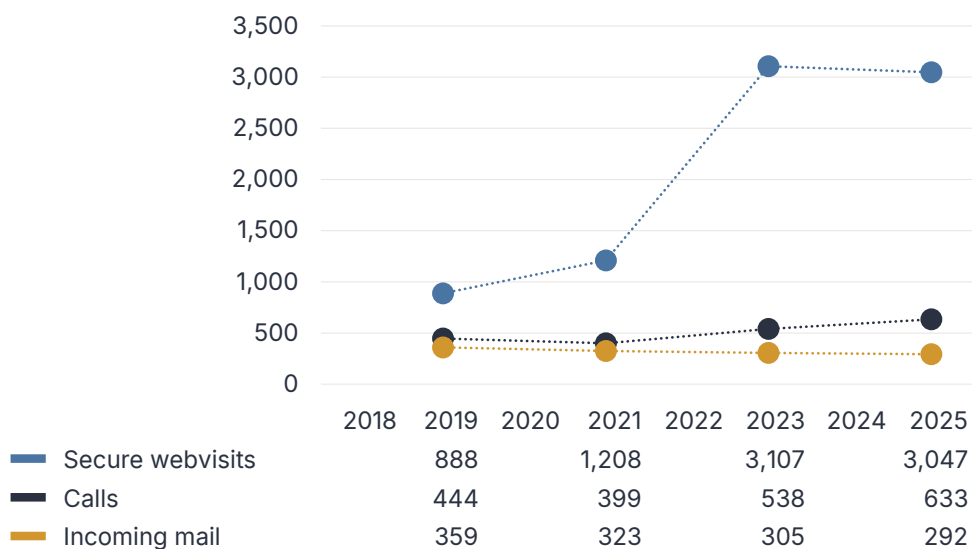


Collections and data transactions per 1,000 members: Graphical comparisons

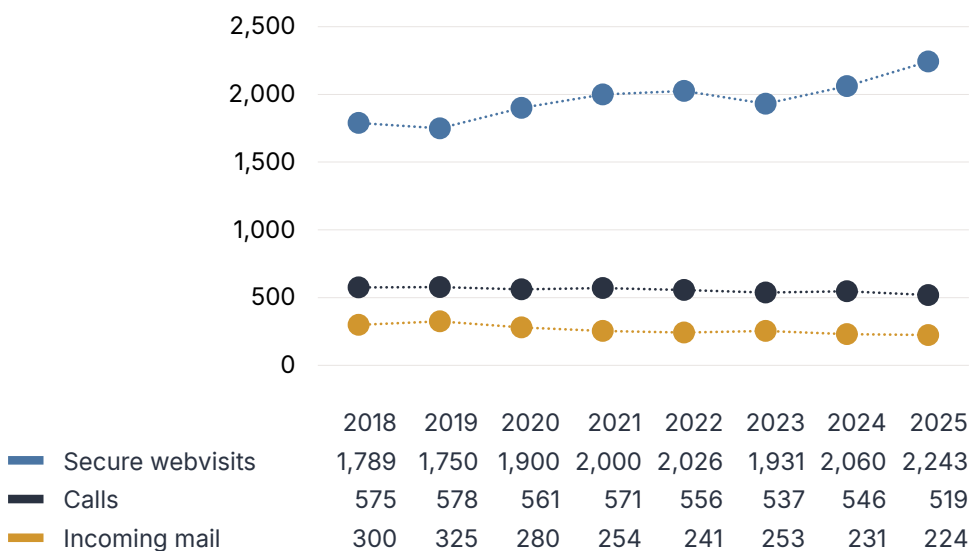


Transaction trends

Transactions per 1,000 members - You



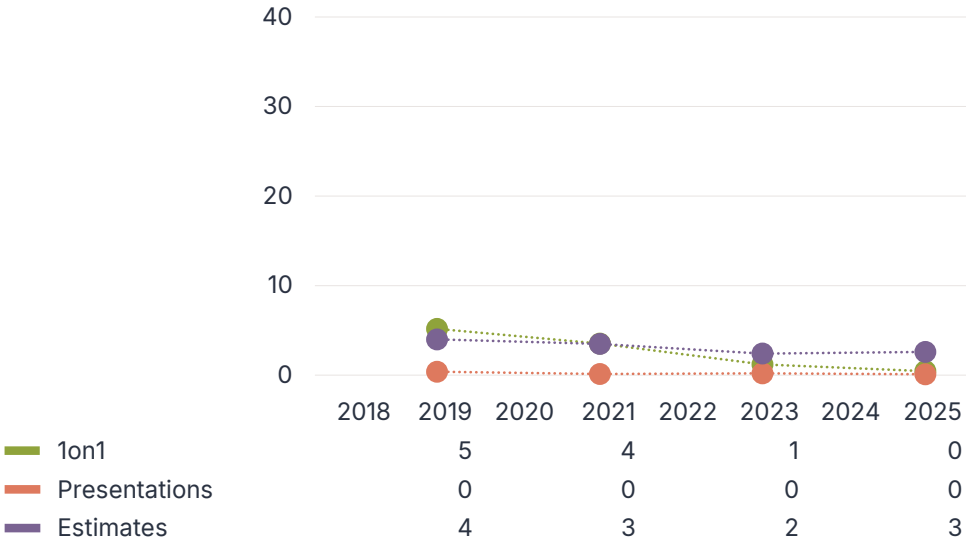
Transactions per 1,000 members - All Avg



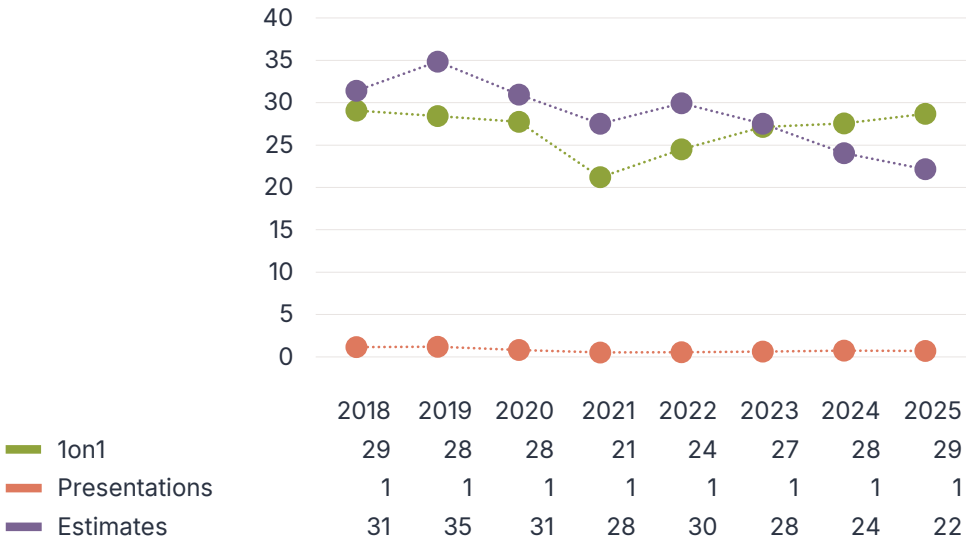
Trend analysis is based on 30 systems that provided 8 consecutive years of data.

Transaction trends

Transactions per 1,000 members - You



Transactions per 1,000 members - All Avg



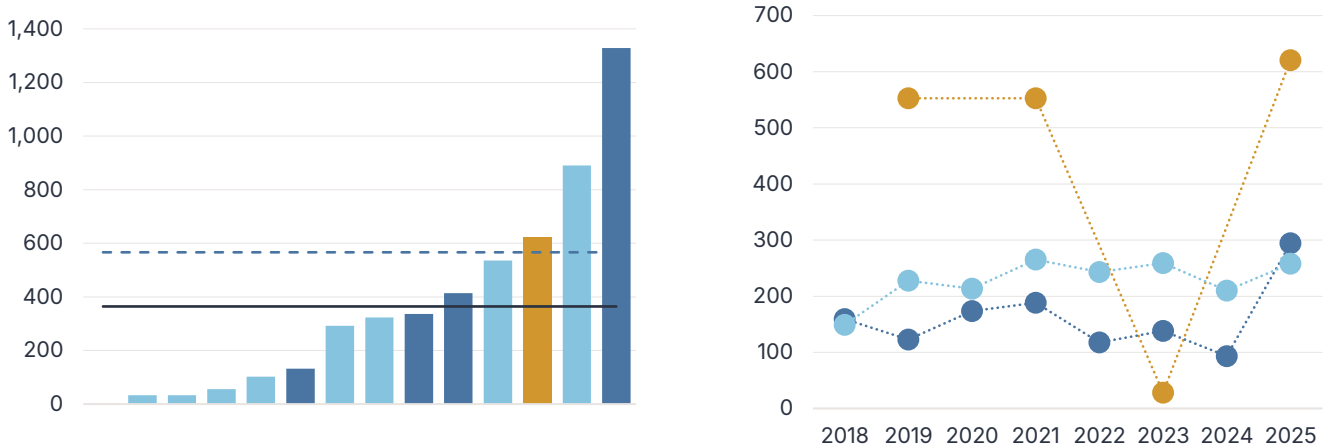
Trend analysis is based on 30 systems that provided 8 consecutive years of data.

Online transactions

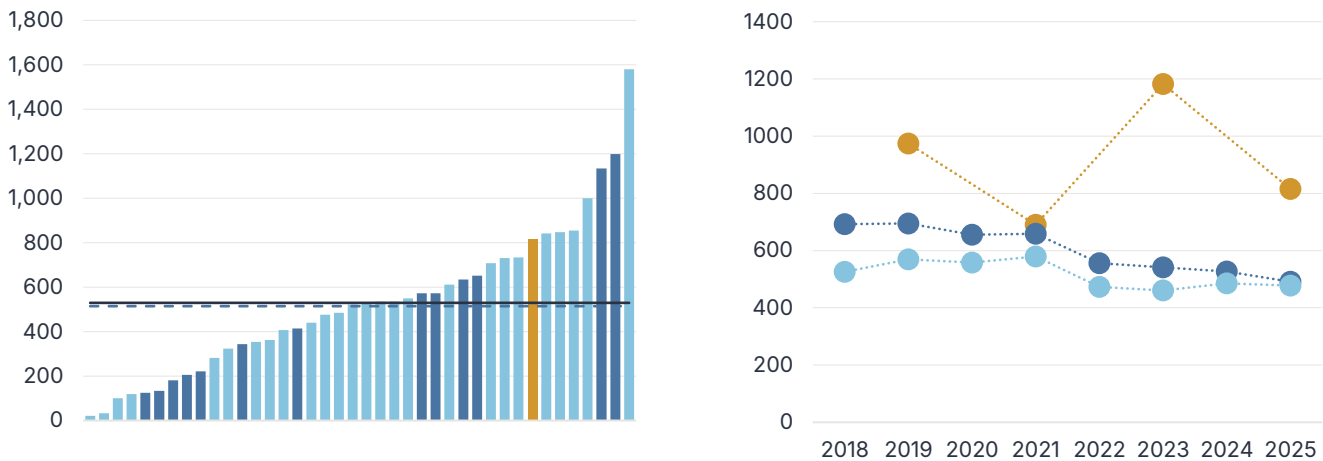
Online Tool	% offering tool		
	You	Peer	All
Benefit calculators:			
In non-secure area	Yes	47% Yes	48% Yes
In secure area linked to member's salary and service data	Yes	93% Yes	91% Yes
Member can:			
Model different retirement start dates	Yes	100% Yes	100% Yes
Model salary changes	Yes	100% Yes	93% Yes
Model different working percentages (e.g., part-time or early termination)	Yes	93% Yes	79% Yes
Model alternative payment options	Yes	93% Yes	90% Yes
Model gross and net retirement income	Gross	86% Both	74% Both
Model monthly and annual retirement income	monthly	58% Both	55% Both
View retirement incomes in one-page summary for comparative purposes	Yes	57% Yes	55% Yes
Capabilities on your website:			
Submit a retirement application online	Yes	93% Yes	74% Yes
Member provided with an estimate, final gross (or net) amount, or neither	Estimate	8% Final	15% Final
Percent of online applications require follow-up	100%	68%	65%
Member view the status of online retirement application	Yes	79% Yes	74% Yes
Prior service credit purchase calculator	Yes	87% Yes	73% Yes
Prior service credit estimate is final	No	23% Yes	21% Yes
In-service credit purchase calculator	Yes	53% Yes	48% Yes
In-service credit estimate is final	No	38% Yes	33% Yes
Apply for a prior service credit purchase	No	53% Yes	41% Yes
Apply for an in-service credit purchase	No	47% Yes	36% Yes
Apply for a transfer-in	No	27% Yes	26% Yes
Apply for transfer-out	Yes	73% Yes	48% Yes
Change address	Yes	100% Yes	95% Yes
Change beneficiary	Yes	93% Yes	82% Yes
Change email address	Yes	100% Yes	96% Yes
Change banking information for direct deposit	Yes	100% Yes	73% Yes
Change tax withholding amount	Yes	93% Yes	73% Yes
View or download duplicate tax receipts [i.e., 1099s in the U.S.]	Yes	100% Yes	93% Yes
View pension payment details [i.e., gross amounts, deductions]	Yes	100% Yes	89% Yes
Secure portal that includes a member's history of recent correspondence	No	80% Yes	74% Yes
View most recent member statement	Yes	93% Yes	93% Yes
Upload documents	Yes	80% Yes	78% Yes
View pensionable earnings and/or service without downloading	Yes	93% Yes	83% Yes
If yes:			
Both salary and service data are available	Yes	100% Yes	100% Yes
Is online data up-to-date to the most recent pay period	Yes	93% Yes	84% Yes
Is a complete annual history from the beginning of employment provided	Yes	86% Yes	66% Yes

Online transaction trends

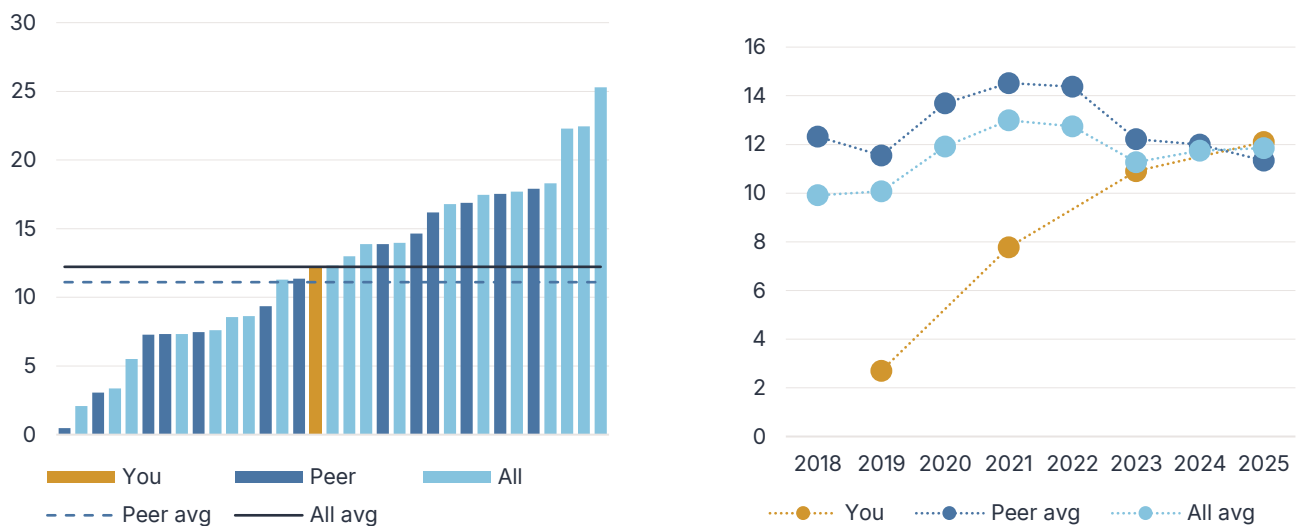
Public-website benefit calculator volumes per 1,000 active members and annuitants



Secure area benefit calculator volumes per 1,000 active members and annuitants



Online retirement applications per 1,000 active members and annuitants

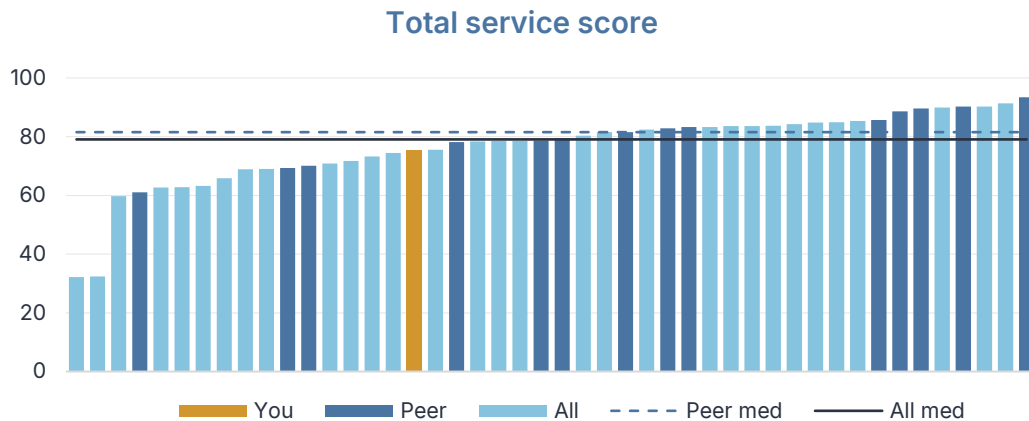


Service Levels

Total service score	02
Service trends	03
Service score by member journey	04
Service trends by member journey	05
Total service score for active members	06
Total service score for inactive members	21
Total service score for retiring members	35
Total service score for annuitants	52
Relationship between service and pension administration cost	70

Total service score

Your total service score was 75 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 82.



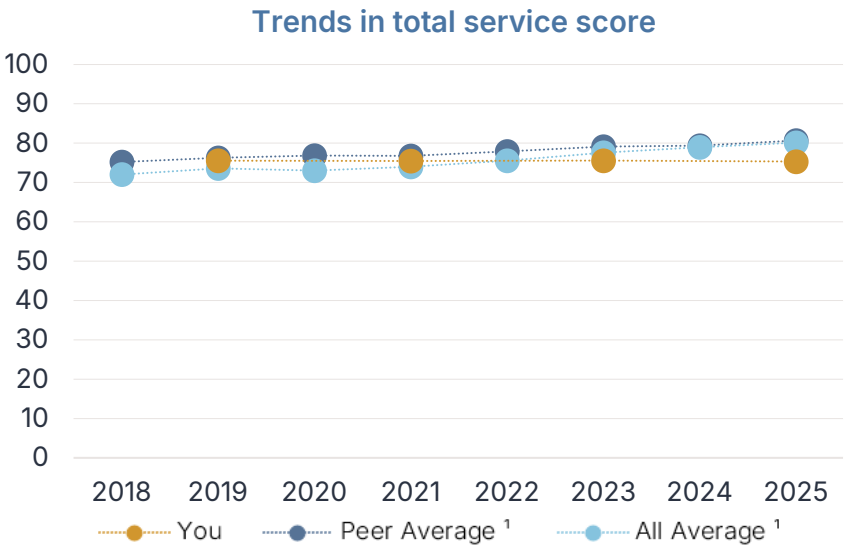
Your total service score is the weighted average of the service scores for each of the four member journeys below.

Member journey	Weight	You	Peer median
Active member experience	30%	67	79
Inactive member experience	5%	81	75
Retiring experience	35%	73	80
Annuitant experience	30%	85	89
Weighted total service score	100%	75	82

- High service may not always be cost-effective or optimal. For example, it is higher service for your members to have a contact center open 24 hours a day but few systems would be able to justify the cost.
- The service measures are most useful for identifying what you do differently than your peers. Understanding these differences gives you ideas on how you may want to improve or reduce the service you provide to your members.
- Our 'weights' are an approximation of the importance of an individual service element. The weights will not always reflect the relative importance that you or your members attach to an individual service element.

Service trends

Your service score has decreased from 76 to 75 between 2019 and 2025.



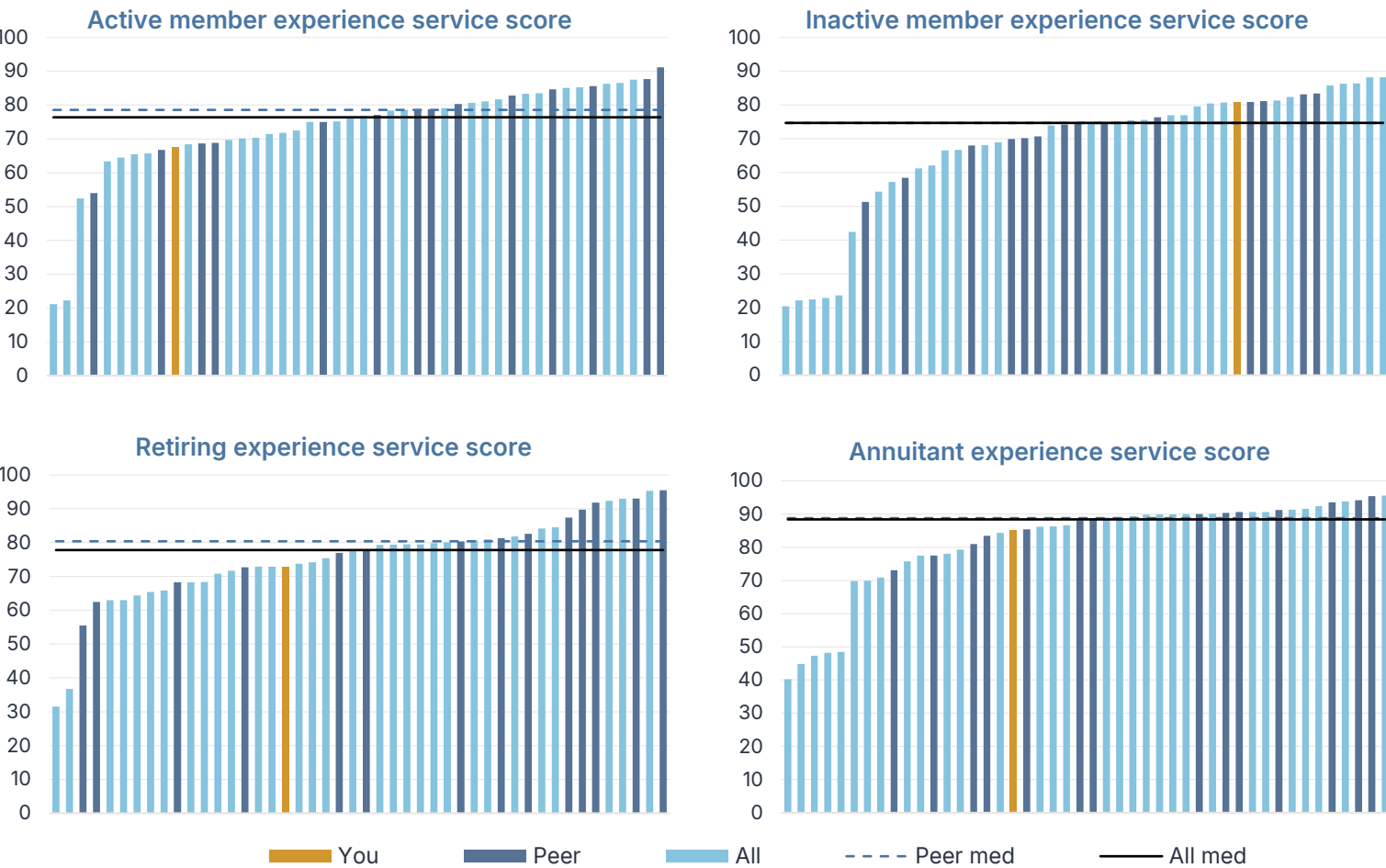
Total Service Score Trends								
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
You		76		75		76		75
Peer Average ¹	75	76	77	77	78	79	79	81
All Average ¹	72	74	73	74	76	78	79	80

1. Trend analysis is based on systems that have participated for 8 consecutive years (13 peers and 31 World systems). This ensures that trends are not caused by changes in the composition of the participants.

Historic scores have been restated to reflect changes in methodology. If any service question was not asked in a prior year, we used your response this year as a default. Defaults are applied historically to ensure year-on-year consistency.

Service score by member journey

Your total service score is the weighted average of your service scores for each of the member journeys shown below.



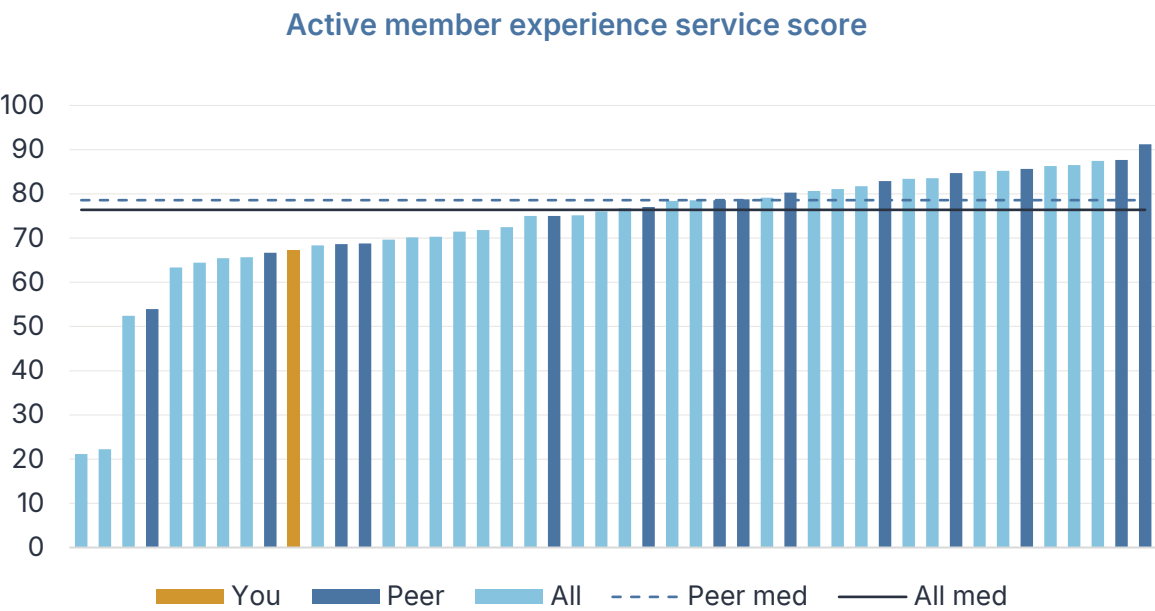
Service trends by member journey



1. Trend analysis is based on systems that have participated for 8 consecutive years (13 peers and 31 World systems). This ensures that trends are not caused by changes in the composition of the participants.

Total service score for active members

Your service score for active member experience was 67 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 79.

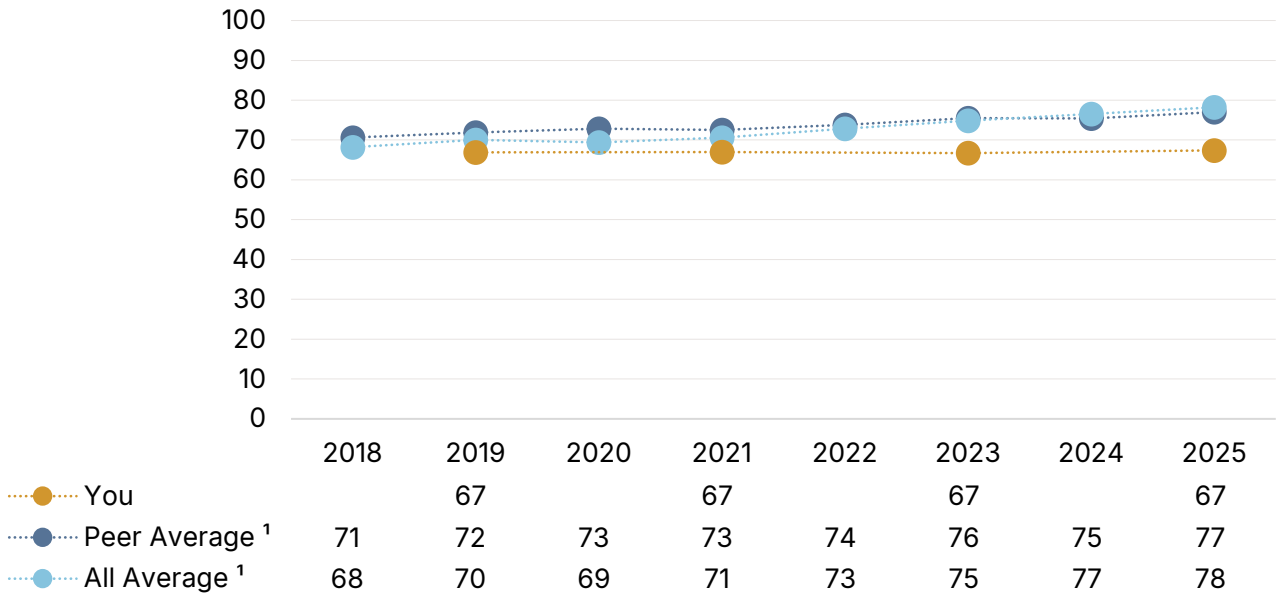


Your total service score for active members is the weighted average of the activity service scores below:

Activity	Weight	You	Peer median	Higher/ Lower
Outbound Communication	7.5%	30	49	-19
Purchases and Transfers-in	10.0%	64	57	7
Member statements	12.5%	64	75	-11
Personal information	5.0%	80	100	-20
Salary and service credit information	5.0%	100	100	0
Secure website: users	30.0%	79	93	-14
Contact center: accessibility	7.5%	33	41	-8
Contact center: capability	5.0%	78	88	-10
Contact center: call quality	5.0%	80	88	-8
1-on-1 counseling	5.0%	35	90	-55
Member presentations	2.5%	100	100	0
Feedback	5.0%	70	70	0
Weighted total service score	100.0%	67	79	-11

Trend in service score for active members

Active member experience service trend

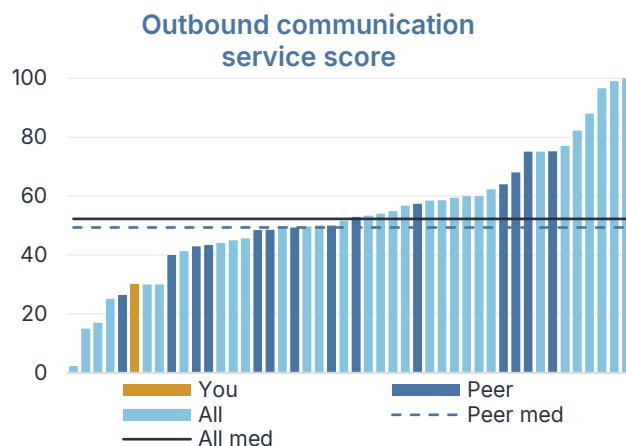


Trend in service score for active members by activity											
Activity	Weight	Your service score								Change	
		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	1-Yr	8-Yr
Outbound Communication	7.5%		31		32		30		30		
Purchases and Transfers-in	10.0%		66		69		65		64		
Member statements	12.5%		66		66		66		64		
Personal information	5.0%		60		60		80		80		
Salary and service credit information	5.0%		100		100		100		100		
Secure website: users	30.0%		75		75		75		79		
Contact center: accessibility	7.5%		54		36		33		33		
Contact center: capability	5.0%		75		75		78		78		
Contact center: call quality	5.0%		80		80		80		80		
1-on-1 counseling	5.0%		45		49		40		35		
Member presentations	2.5%		100		100		100		100		
Feedback	5.0%		55		70		70		70		
Weight total	100%		67		67		67		67		

1. Trend analysis is based on systems that have participated for 8 consecutive years (13 peers and 31 World systems). This ensures that trends are not caused by changes in the composition of the participants.

Outbound Communication

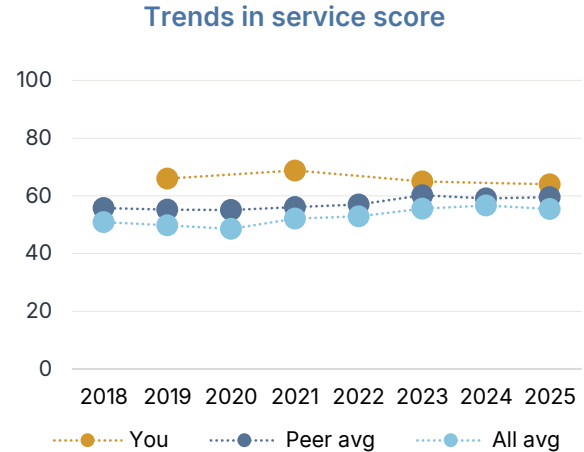
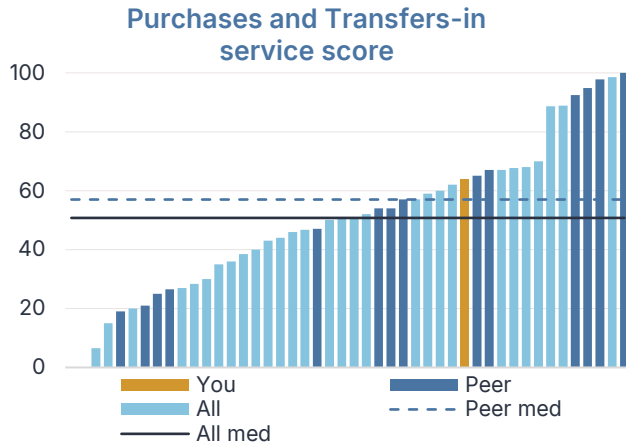
Your service score for outbound communication was 30 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 49.



Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Email addresses				
+30	If you have email addresses for 90% or more of your active members, otherwise 33.3 X % of active members you have email addresses for. Your score will be 10 if unknown	75.0%	76.3%	25.0
Targeted campaigns				
If you send targeted communication to active members for the following:				
+10	new member enrollment	No	86.7% Yes	0.0
+10	(likely) eligibility to purchase prior service credit	No	13.3% Yes	0.0
+10	vested for pension benefits	No	40.0% Yes	0.0
+10	eligibility to purchase credit for in-service-leave	No	0.0% Yes	0.0
+10	missing beneficiary	No	26.7% Yes	0.0
+10	missing email address	No	6.7% Yes	0.0
Newsletters				
+2	If you send active members a newsletter	Yes	100.0% Yes	2.0
+3	If active members receive a different newsletter from inactive members or annuitants	Yes	93.3% Yes	3.0
Presentations				
+3	If you have presentations targeted specifically to mid-career members	No	80.0% Yes	0.0
+2	If you have presentations targeted specifically to new members	No	73.3% Yes	0.0
Total score				30.0

Purchases and Transfers-in

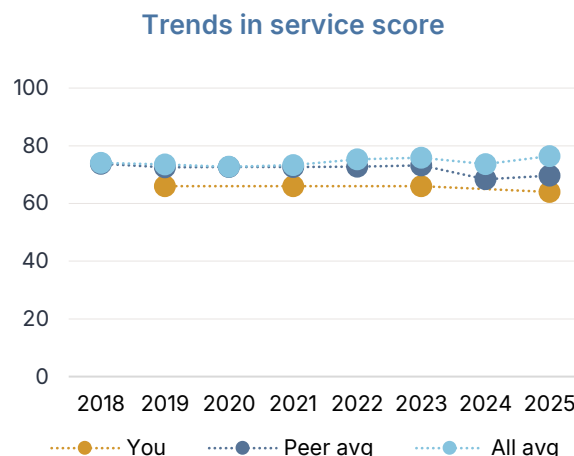
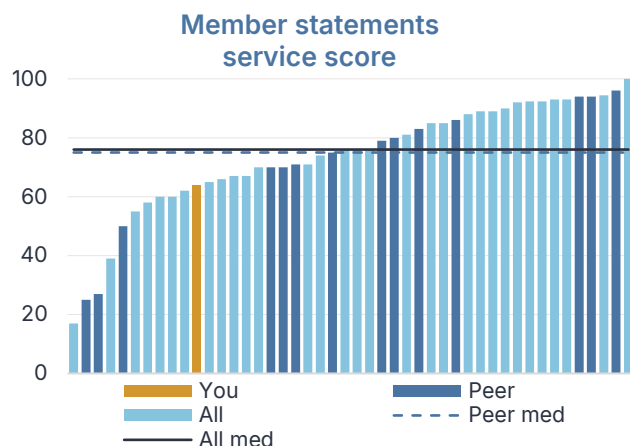
Your service score for purchases and transfers-in was 64 out of 100. This was above the peer median of 57.



Scoring method	Your data	Peer average	Your score
Service credit purchase calculator			
If you have an online calculator for:			
+15 prior service credit purchases	Yes	86.7% Yes	15.0
+15 in-service-leave credit purchases (e.g., maternity, parental, sabbatical, educational, illness leave)	Yes	53.3% Yes	15.0
Service credit purchase			
+7.5 If a member can apply for a service credit purchase online	No	53.3% Yes	0.0
+7.5 If a member can apply for an in-service credit purchase online	No	46.7% Yes	0.0
Service credit purchase estimates			
+15 If you can provide an estimate of the cost to purchase service credit on a real-time basis over the phone	No	60.0% Yes	0.0
+40 If you can provide a written estimate in 1 day or less, otherwise 40 - 2 per day over 1 day	4.0 days	27.3 days	34.0
Transfers-in			
n/a If a member can apply for a transfer-in online	No	26.7% Yes	n/a
n/a If a member's transfer-in application is processed within 1 month, otherwise 35 - 3.5 per month over 1 month	n/a	1.9 months	n/a
Total score			64.0

Member statements

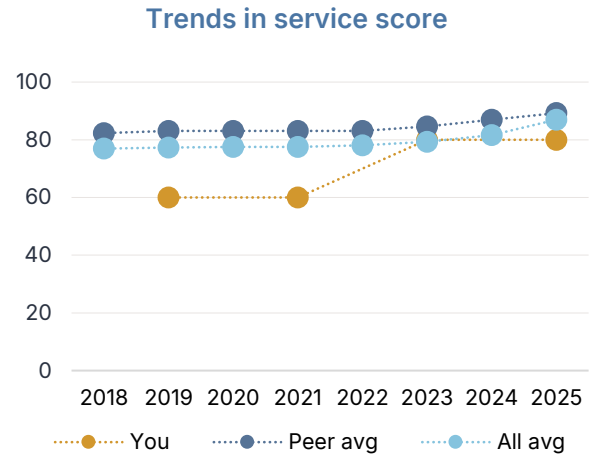
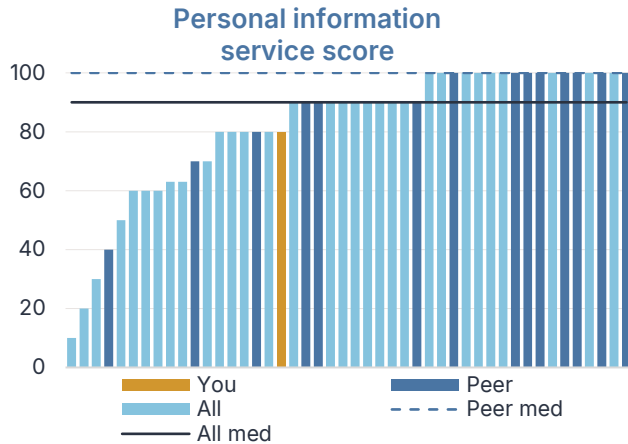
Your service score for member statements was 64 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 75.



Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Availability				
+15	If the most recent member statement is available online	Yes	93.3% Yes	15.0
+10	If you send notice to all active members (that have opted not to receive mail) in the last year that member statements are available online	Yes	60.0% Yes	10.0
+5	If you send paper member statements to all active members (that have opted to receive mail) in the last year	No	40.0% Yes	0.0
Timeliness				
+20	If the online member statement data is real time or less than 1 month, otherwise 20 - 4 for each month in excess of 1 month out of date	5.0 months	33% real time / 2.9 months	4.0
+10	If the paper statement data is current to 1 month, otherwise 10 - 2 for each month in excess of 1 month out of date	n/a	2.9 months	0.0
Content				
If your online and / or paper member statement:				
+10	summarizes service credit	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0
+10	provides pensionable earnings	Yes	80.0% Yes	10.0
+5	provides a historical summary of salary and service credit earned each year	No	46.7% Yes	0.0
+15	shows an estimate of future pension entitlement	Yes	80.0% Yes	15.0
Total score				64.0

Personal information

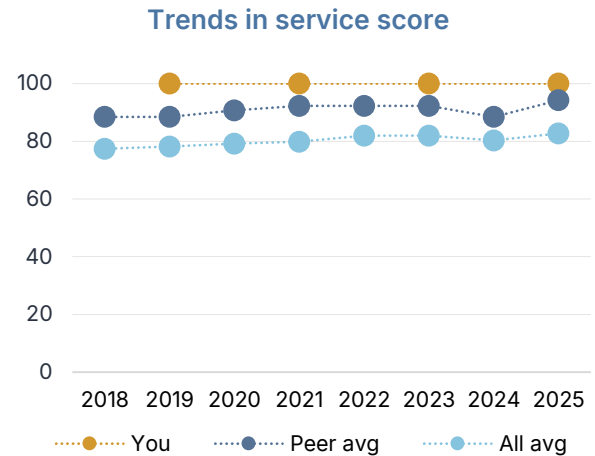
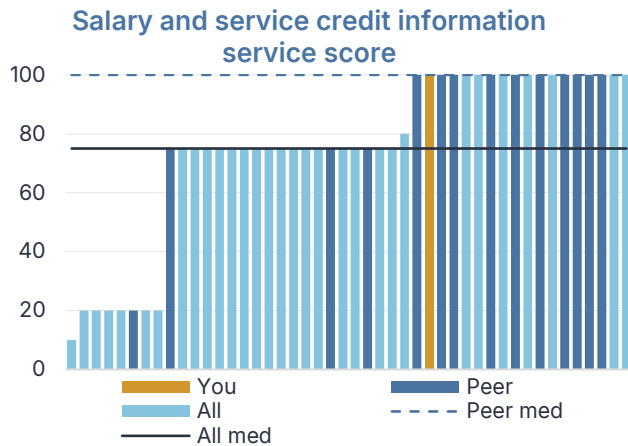
Your service score for personal information was 80 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 100.



Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Self-service				
If members can do the following online:				
+15	change address	Yes	100.0% Yes	15.0
+15	change email address	Yes	100.0% Yes	15.0
+10	change communication preferences	Yes	80.0% Yes	10.0
+10	change beneficiary	Yes	93.3% Yes	10.0
Secure messaging				
If you have a secure portal for members:				
+10	that includes a history of recent correspondence	No	80.0% Yes	0.0
+20	where members can upload documents	Yes	80.0% Yes	20.0
Assisted service				
If members can do the following over the phone:				
+10	change address	No	86.7% Yes	0.0
+10	change email address	Yes	93.3% Yes	10.0
Total score				80.0

Salary and service credit information

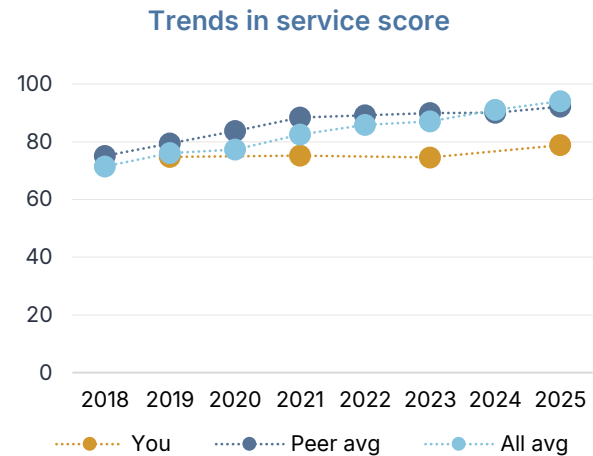
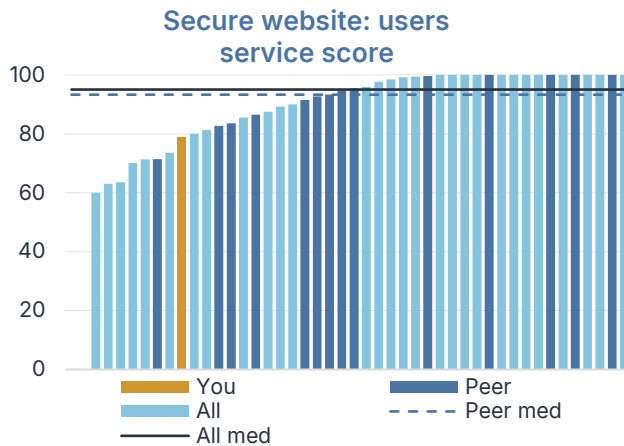
Your service score for salary and service credit information was 100 out of 100. This was equal to the peer median.



Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Self-service				
+30	If you offer secure access to both salary and service credit data	Yes	93.3% Yes	30.0
+25	If salary and service credit data is up-to-date to the most recent pay period	Yes	86.7% Yes	25.0
+25	If a complete annual history since employment began of salary and service credit data is available online	Yes	80.0% Yes	25.0
Assisted service				
If you can provide the following on a real-time basis over the phone:				
+10	pensionable salary	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0
+10	service credit history including gaps	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0
Total score				100.0

Secure website: users

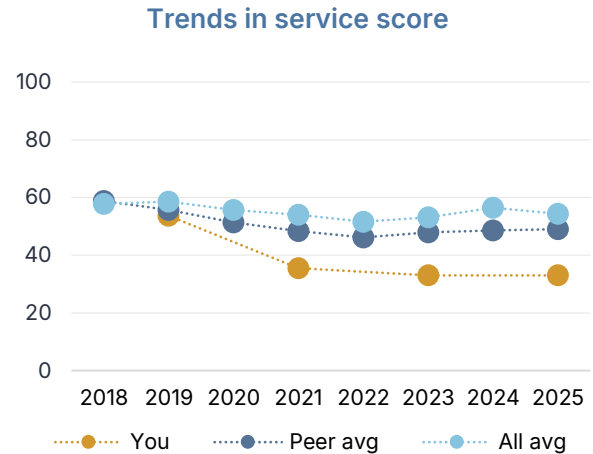
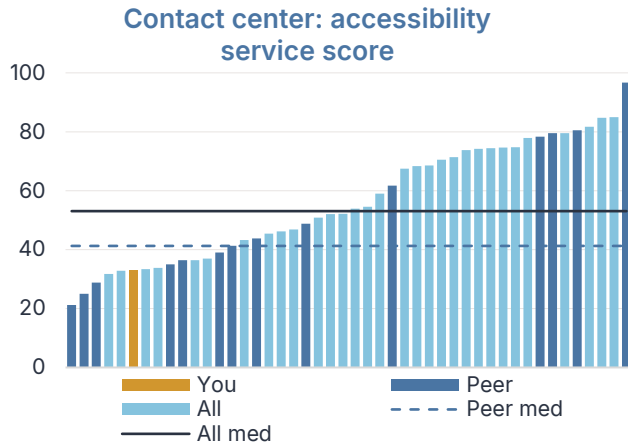
Your service score for secure website: users was 79 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 93.



Scoring method	Your data	Peer average	Your score
Access			
+10 If you have a secure website accessible for active members	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0
+20 If the secure member area is customized to only show options relevant to active members (e.g., active members see different options than annuitants)	Yes	100.0% Yes	20.0
+10 If the member's name is prominent on the home page	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0
Secure website use			
Number of active members that accessed the secure area in the year (A)	125,332		
Number of active members (B)	484,390		
+60 If 40% or more of your active members accessed the secure area at least once in the past year, otherwise 150 X % of active members that accessed the secure area = (A) / (B) Score of 20 if total unique visit is unknown	25.9%	36.0%	38.8
Total score			78.8

Contact center: accessibility

Your service score for contact center: accessibility was 33 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 41.



Scoring method	Your data	Peer average	Your score
Access			
+5 If you have a toll-free phone number	Yes	100.0% Yes	5.0
+10 If your call center is open 50 or more hours a week, otherwise 10 - 0.5 for each hour less than 50 hours per week	35 h	44.9 h	2.5
Phone menu layers and wait times			
-10 If a receptionist is the first point of contact	No	0.0% Yes	0.0
+15 If there are none or 1 menu layer, otherwise 10 if 2 layers, 5 if 3 layers or 0 if 4 plus layers	4 layers	2.1 layers	0.0
+5 If your system notifies the caller of the expected wait time or their place in the queue for reaching a knowledgeable service representative	Yes	86.7% Yes	5.0
Average time to navigate the menu (A)	30 s		
Average time waiting in queue for a service agent (B)	175 s		
Total wait time	205 s		
+30 If members reach a service agent in 120 seconds or less, otherwise 54 - 0.2 per second to reach a knowledgeable person = (A) + (B)	205 s	646 s	13.0

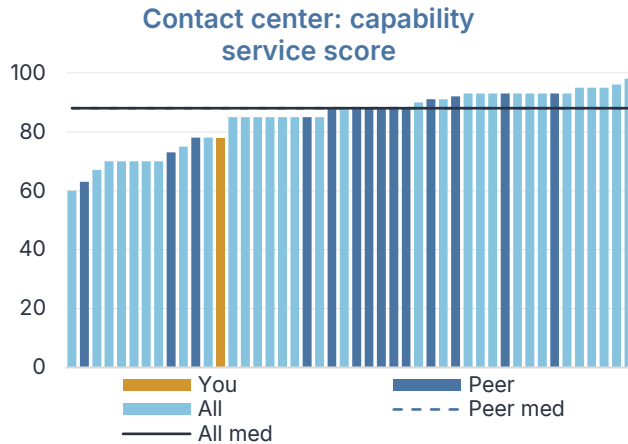
Contact center: accessibility (continued)

Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Undesired call outcomes				
<u>Desired call outcomes</u>				
a) Incoming calls that reach and are responded to by a knowledgeable service representative (i.e., exclude messages, etc.)?		248,098		
c) Incoming calls satisfied by self-serve options, if any?		<u>189,896</u>		
Total desired call outcomes (A)		437,994		
<u>Undesired call outcomes during business hours</u>				
a) Busy signal, never enters the system?		n/a		
b) Caller gets pre-recorded 'call another time' message during business hours?		n/a		
c) Abandoned calls (i.e., caller hangs-up while in a menu)?		16,066		
d) Abandoned calls (i.e., caller hangs-up while in a queue or on hold)?		37,005		
e) Busy signal after navigating an automated attendant menu, or after being transferred by a receptionist?		n/a		
f) Call rings unanswered during business hours?		n/a		
If you have a callback feature, # of callback requests that were not completed		<u>2,691*</u>		
Total undesired call outcomes during business hours (B)		<u>55,762</u>		
Total incoming calls (C = A + B)		491,065		
Undesired outcomes as a percentage of total incoming calls (B / C)		11.4%	20.5%	
+20	If undesired outcomes were 0%, otherwise 20 - percentage of undesired outcomes X 200 (Minimum of 0)	11.4%	20.5%	0.0
Email turnaround times				
+15	If the wait time is 0.5 days or less, otherwise 15 - 5 for each day over 0.5 days	2.0 days	1.8 days	7.5
Total score				33.0

* Your response was 'unknown'. A default was applied. See 'Appendix D' for details.

Contact center: capability

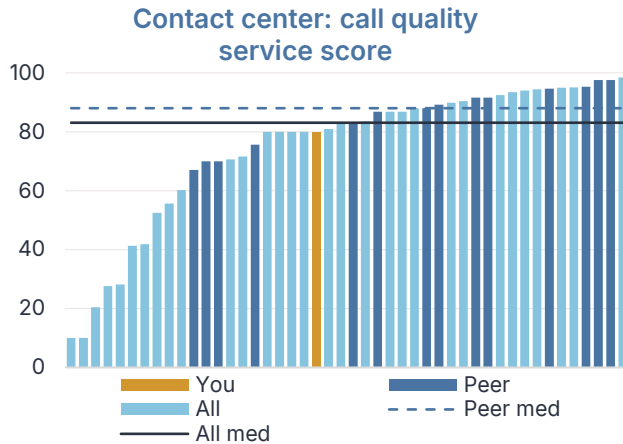
Your service score for contact center: capability was 78 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 88.



Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Workflow system				
If you have a workflow system that provides service agents with real time information about each member's:				
+15	previous calls or emails to the system	Yes	93.3% Yes	15.0
+15	recent online correspondence	Yes	100.0% Yes	15.0
+15	real-time status of open items	Yes	100.0% Yes	15.0
+15	member's use of digital tools	No	73.3% Yes	0.0
+15	most recent member statement	Yes	100.0% Yes	15.0
+10	beneficiary information	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0
Other capabilities				
If you offer the following tools to help serve members better:				
+5	co-browsing	No	26.7% Yes	0.0
+5	request a call back online and over the phone, 3 if over the phone only, 2 if online	Both	13.3% Both	5.0
+3	live web chat	Yes	20.0% Yes	3.0
+2	chatbot	No	6.7% Yes	0.0
Total score				78.0

Contact center: call quality

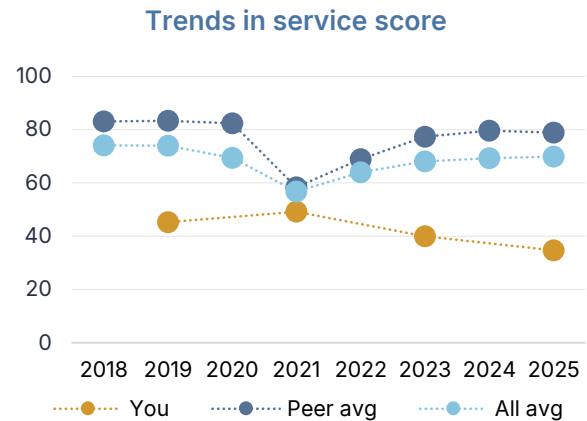
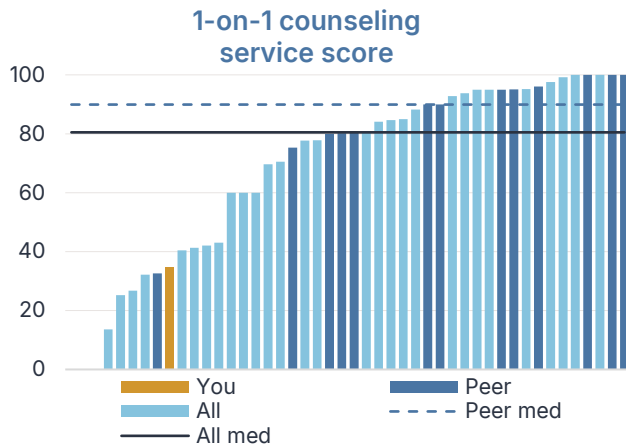
Your service score for contact center: call quality was 80 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 88.



Scoring method	Your data	Peer average	Your score
First Contact Resolution			
+30 If 100% of calls are satisfied by their first contact, 0 if 75% or fewer calls are satisfied by the first contact, otherwise 30 - 120 X (1 - % satisfied by the first contact) [Subject to a minimum score of 0, and 10 if not measured]	Unknown	88.0%	10.0
Call quality monitoring			
+55 If you review your staff's responses to member calls for coaching purposes 4 or more times per month; otherwise 13.75 X # of times per month you review calls	4 times	6.9 times	55.0
+15 If the review is based on listening in on a recording (versus a live call)	Recording	54% Recording	15.0
Total score			80.0

1-on-1 counseling

Your service score for 1-on-1 counseling was 35 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 90.

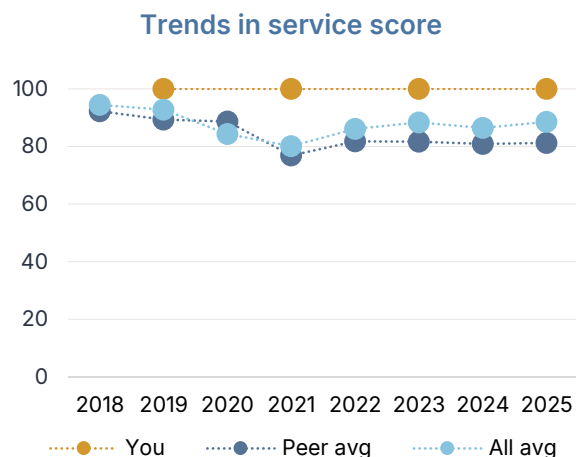
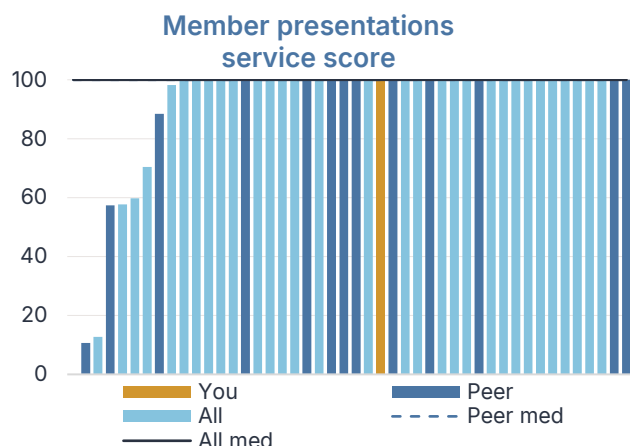


Scoring method	Your data	Peer average	Your score
Availability			
Number of members you counseled:			
In-house	4	3,960	
In the field (C)	0	2,965	
At the employer	0	295	
Via teleconference	0	3,948	
Online, via videoconference (D)	375	2,850	
Total number of 1-on-1 counseling sessions (A)	379	14,018	
Total active members (B)	484,390	373,765	
+60 If the number of members counseled 1-on-1 was 1.01% ¹ or more of active members, otherwise $5,966^1 \times \# \text{ of members you met individually as a \% of active members} = (A) / (B)$	0.078%	3.2%	4.7
+20 If the percentage of sessions in the field, separate from the member's place of employment and/or video conference, was 50% or more, otherwise $40 \times \text{percentage of sessions in the field separate from the employer} = (C + D) / (A)$	98.9%	38.7%	20.0
Capability			
+10 If you provide counseling to all members who walk-in to your office	No	73.3% Yes	0.0
+5 If you have real-time access to the member's data	Yes	86.7% Yes	5.0
+5 If all in-person counseling takes place in a private office with a door	Yes	86.7% Yes	5.0
Total score			34.7

¹Better website content and functionality reduces the number of members that attend 1-on-1 sessions. Using your percentage of pensions inceptioned online as a proxy for the strength of your website, we reduce the 1.0% attendee cutoff rate for a perfect availability score to a minimum of 0.15% (i.e. if 59.78% of your pension inceptioned occur online, you need attendees equal to 1.01% of your active member population to achieve a perfect score of 60; we use a multiplication factor of 5,966 because $60 / 1.01\% = 5,966$).

Member presentations

Your service score for member presentations was 100 out of 100. This was equal to the peer median.

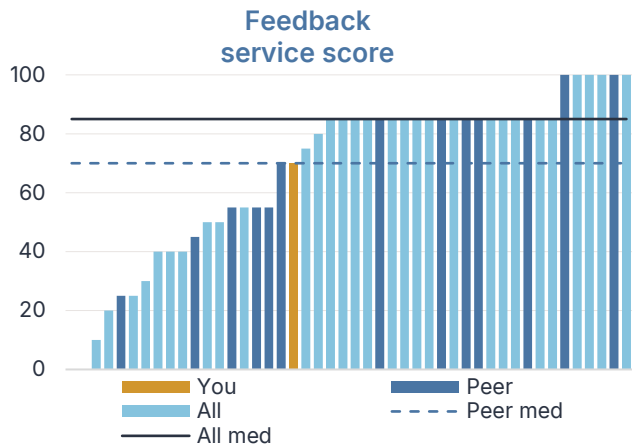


Scoring method	Your data	Peer average	Your score
Availability			
Number of presentations:			
- In-house	0	47	
- In the field	6	161	
- Live webinars	77	236	
Total presentations	83	444	
Total number of presentation attendees (A)	7,940	16,541	
Total active members (B)	484,390	373,765	
+100 If the total number of attendees was 1.0% ¹ or more of active members, otherwise 9,944 ¹ X attendees as percent of active members (including those attending webinars) = (A) / (B)	1.6%	4.9%	100.0
Total score			100.0

¹Better website content and functionality reduces the number of members that attend presentations. Using your percentage of pensions inceptioned online as a proxy for the strength of your website, we reduce the 2.5% attendee cutoff rate for a perfect availability score to a minimum of 0.4% (i.e. if 59.78% of your pension inceptioned occur online, you need attendees equal to 1.01% of your active member population to achieve a perfect score of 100; we use a multiplication factor of 9,944 because $100 / 1.01\% = 9,944$).

Feedback

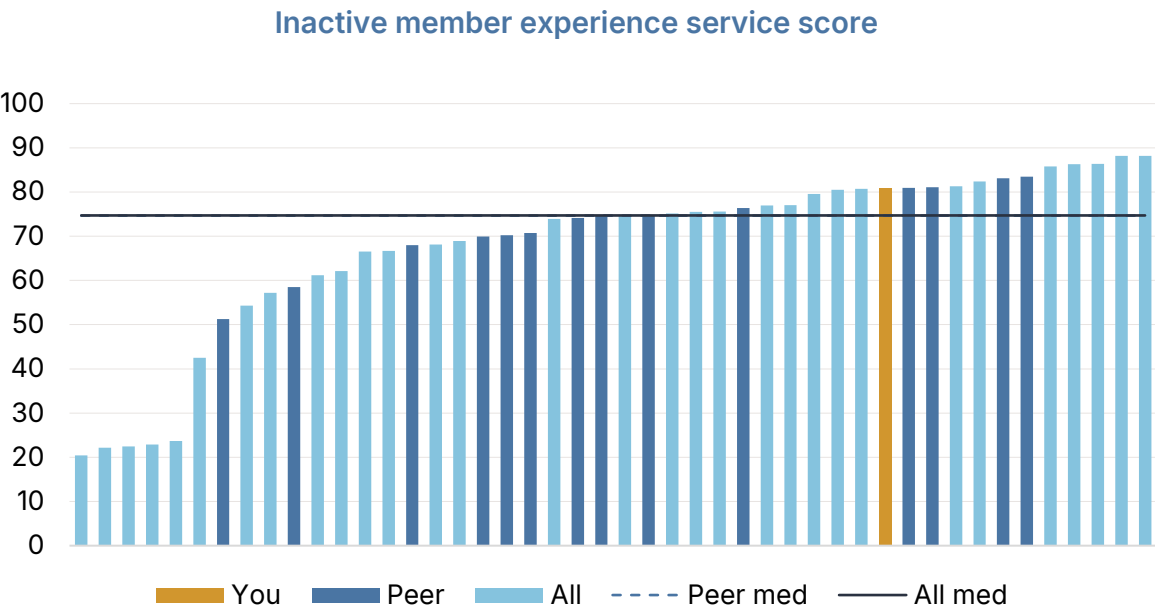
Your service score for feedback was 70 out of 100. This was equal to the peer median.



Scoring method	Your data	Peer average	Your score
Member experience surveying			
If you survey member satisfaction, NPS or effort exclusively for each of the following:			
+15 active members	No	80.0% Yes	0.0
+15 new members	No	13.3% Yes	0.0
+30 secure website	Yes	60.0% Yes	30.0
+30 telephone calls	Yes	86.7% Yes	30.0
+5 1-on-1 counseling	Yes	86.7% Yes	5.0
+5 member presentations	Yes	86.7% Yes	5.0
Total score			70.0

Total service score for inactive members

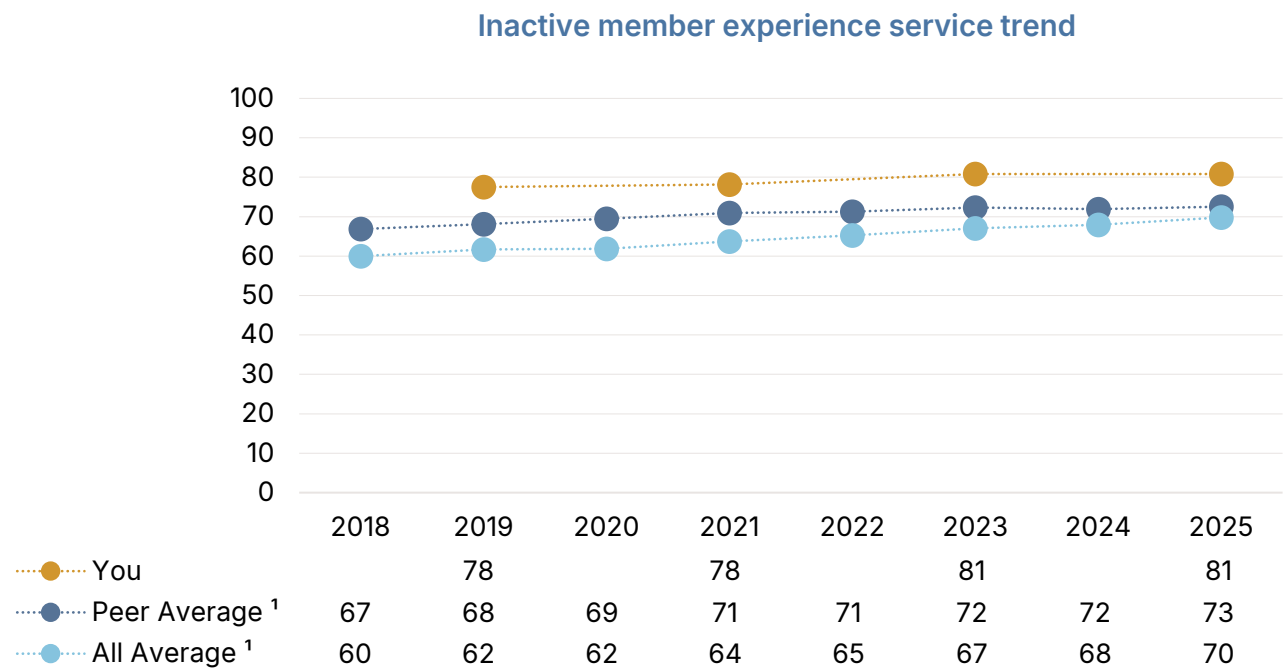
Your service score for inactive member experience was 81 out of 100. This was above the peer median of 75.



Your total service score for pre-retirement inactive members is the weighted average of the activity service scores below

Activity	Weight	You	Peer median	Higher/Lower
Outbound Communication	10.0%	27	20	7
Tracking inactive members	10.0%	80	80	0
Transfers-out	5.0%	100	80	20
Personal information	7.5%	80	100	-20
Salary and service credit information	5.0%	100	100	0
Secure website: users	40.0%	100	88	12
Contact center: accessibility	7.5%	33	41	-8
Contact center: capability	5.0%	78	88	-10
Contact center: call quality	5.0%	80	88	-8
Feedback	5.0%	75	75	0
Weighted total service score	100.0%	81	75	6

Trend in service score for inactive members

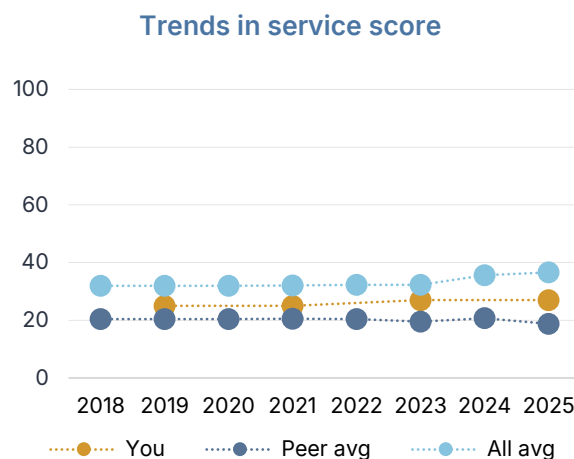
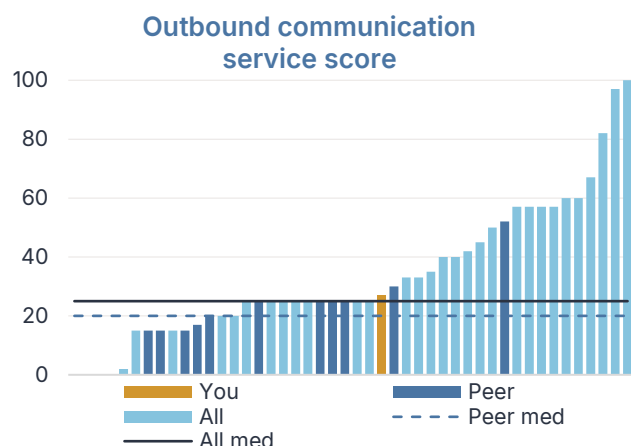


Trend in service score for inactive members by activity											
Activity	Weight	Your service score								Change	
		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	1-Yr	8-Yr
Outbound Communication	10.0%		25		25		27		27		
Tracking inactive members	10.0%		80		80		80		80		
Transfers-out	5.0%		80		80		100		100		
Personal information	7.5%		60		60		80		80		
Salary and service credit information	5.0%		100		100		100		100		
Secure website: users	40.0%		100		100		100		100		
Contact center: accessibility	7.5%		54		36		33		33		
Contact center: capability	5.0%		75		75		78		78		
Contact center: call quality	5.0%		80		80		80		80		
Feedback	5.0%		35		75		75		75		
Weight total	100%		78		78		81		81		

1. Trend analysis is based on systems that have participated for 8 consecutive years (13 peers and 31 World systems). This ensures that trends are not caused by changes in the composition of the participants.

Outbound Communication

Your service score for outbound communication was 27 out of 100. This was above the peer median of 20.

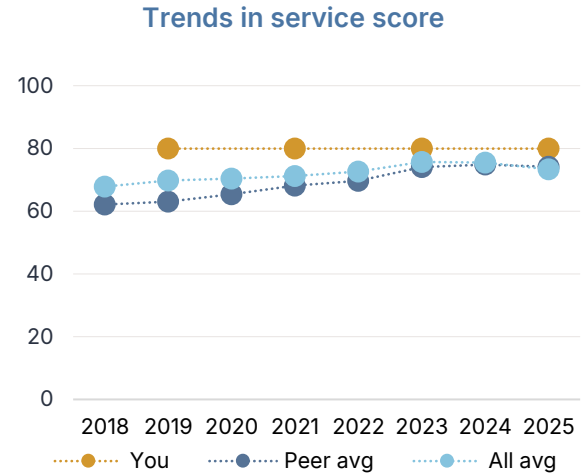
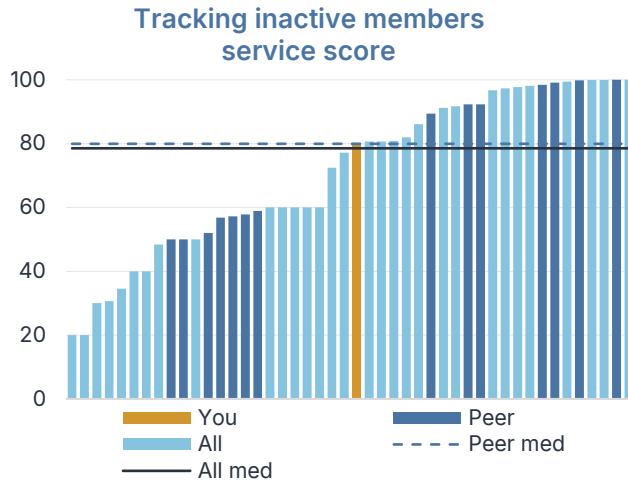


Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Targeted campaigns				
If you send targeted communication to inactive members for the following:				
+15	leaving the plan	Yes	33.3% Yes	25.0
+15	missing beneficiary	No	20.0% Yes	0.0
+25	missing email address	No	0.0% Yes	0.0
+25	missing address	No	0.0% Yes	0.0
Member statements				
+15	If you send paper member statements to inactive members annually	n/a	83.3% Yes	0.0
Newsletters				
+2	If you send inactive members a newsletter	Yes	33.3% Yes	2.0
+3	If inactive members receive a different newsletter from active members or annuitants	No	13.3% Yes	0.0
Total score				27.0

INACTIVE MEMBER EXPERIENCE

Tracking inactive members

Your service score for tracking inactive members was 80 out of 100. This was equal to the peer median.

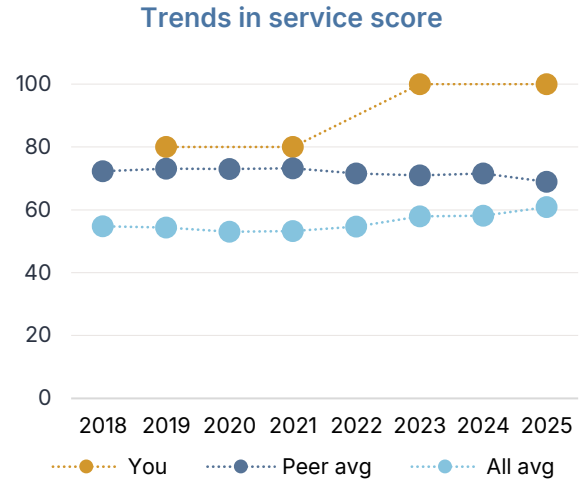
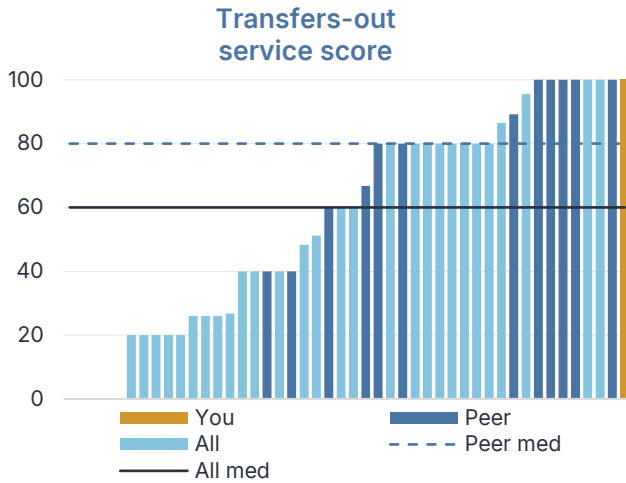


Scoring method	Your data	Peer average	Your score
+10 If you actively keep track of the addresses of inactive members	Yes	86.7% Yes	10.0
+30 If you have email addresses for 50% or more of your vested inactive members, otherwise 60 X % of vested inactive members you have email addresses. Your score will be 10 if unknown.	Unknown	49.1%	10.0
+60 60 - 60 X % of inactive members that reached their normal retirement age in the year that have not received any benefits yet because mail has been returned and the member has been recorded as 'gone away'. Your score will be 20 if unknown.	0.1%	5.8%	59.9
Total score			79.9

INACTIVE MEMBER EXPERIENCE

Transfers-out

Your service score for transfers-out was 100 out of 100. This was above the peer median of 80.

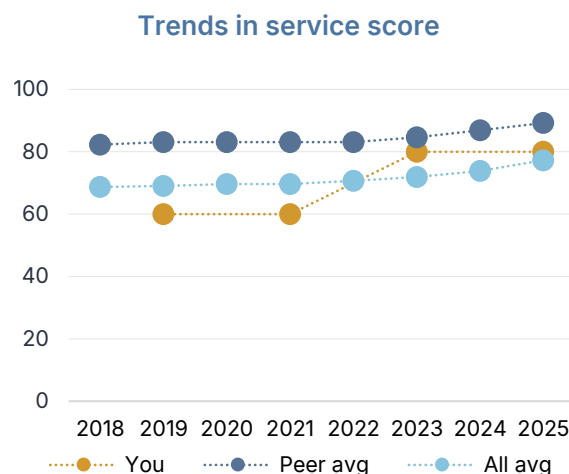
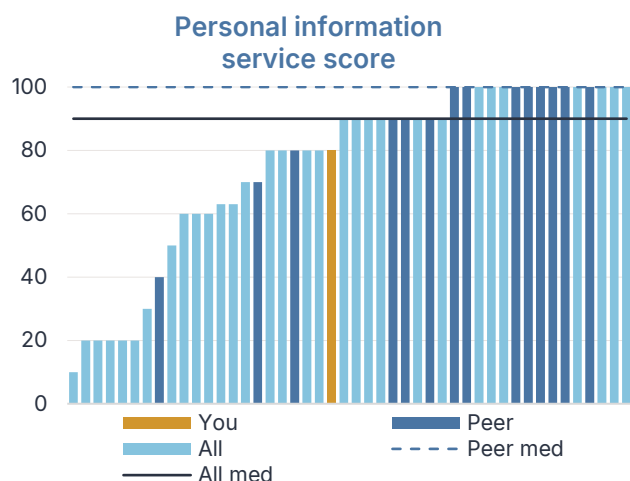


Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Self-service				
+20	If a member can apply for a transfer-out application online	Yes	73.3% Yes	20.0
Assisted service				
+20	If you can provide a member leaving the plan with their transfer value on a real-time basis over the phone	Yes	86.7% Yes	20.0
Timeliness				
+60	If transfers-out are completed in 30 days or less, otherwise 60 - 0.9 for each day over 30 days	27.3 days	53.1 days	60.0
Total score				100.0

INACTIVE MEMBER EXPERIENCE

Personal information

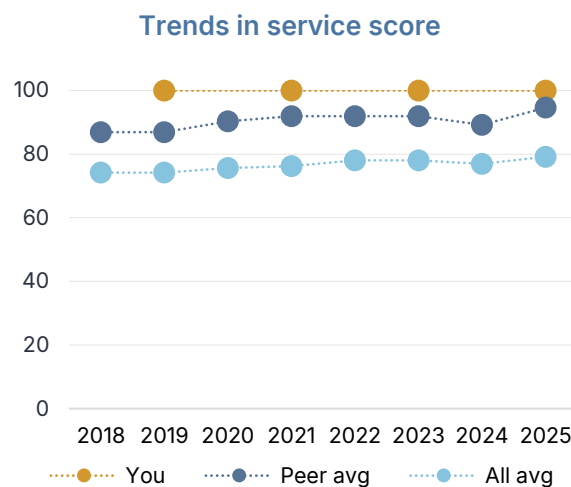
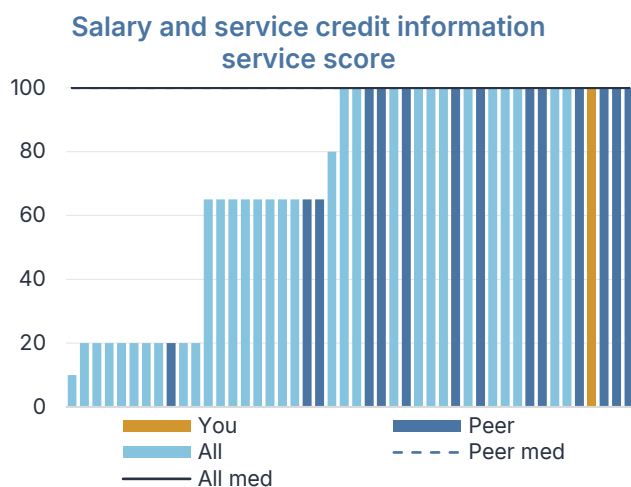
Your service score for personal information was 80 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 100.



Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Self-service				
If members can do the following online:				
+15	change address	Yes	100.0% Yes	15.0
+15	change email address	Yes	100.0% Yes	15.0
+10	change communication preferences	Yes	80.0% Yes	10.0
+10	change beneficiary	Yes	93.3% Yes	10.0
Secure messaging				
If you have a secure portal for members:				
+10	that includes a history of recent correspondence	No	80.0% Yes	0.0
+20	where members can upload documents	Yes	80.0% Yes	20.0
Assisted service				
If members can do the following over the phone:				
+10	change address	No	86.7% Yes	0.0
+10	change email address	Yes	93.3% Yes	10.0
Total score				80.0

Salary and service credit information

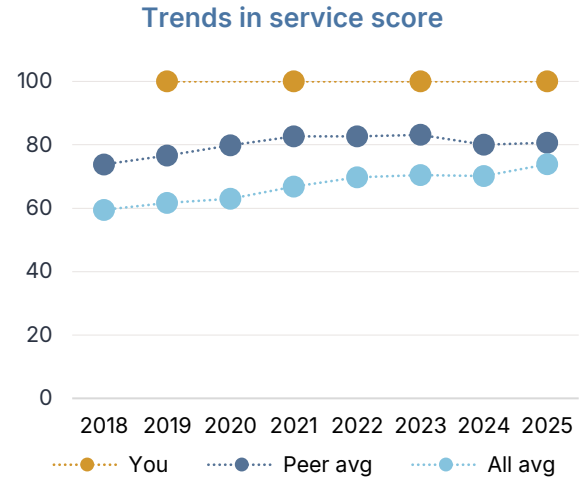
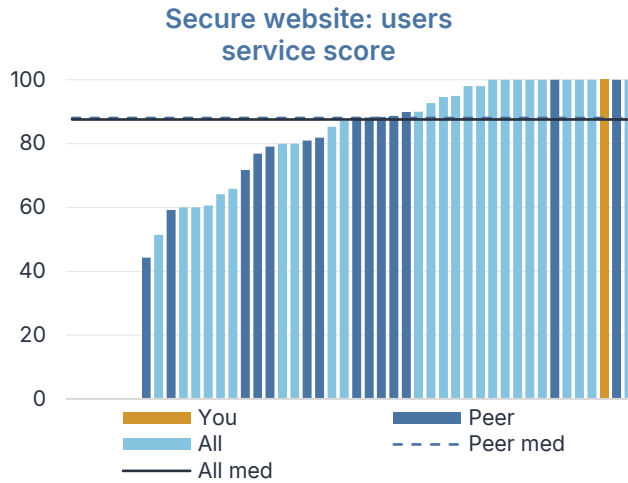
Your service score for salary and service credit information was 100 out of 100. This was equal to the peer median.



Scoring method	Your data	Peer average	Your score
Self-service			
+45 If you offer secure access to both salary and service credit data	Yes	93.3% Yes	45.0
+35 If a complete annual history since employment began of salary and service credit data is available online	Yes	80.0% Yes	35.0
Assisted service			
If you can provide the following on a real-time basis over the phone:			
+10 pensionable salary	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0
+10 service credit history including gaps	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0
Total score			100.0

Secure website: users

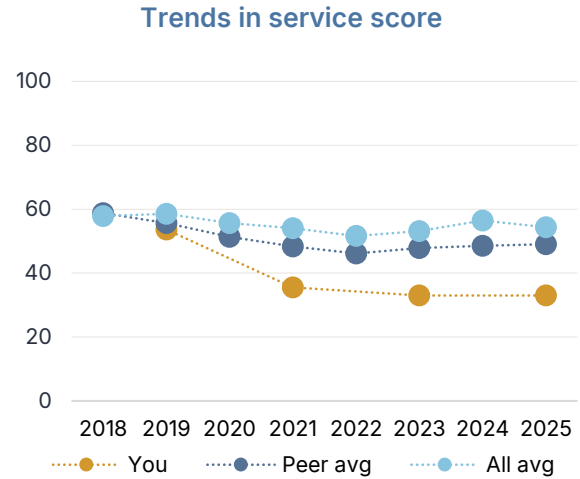
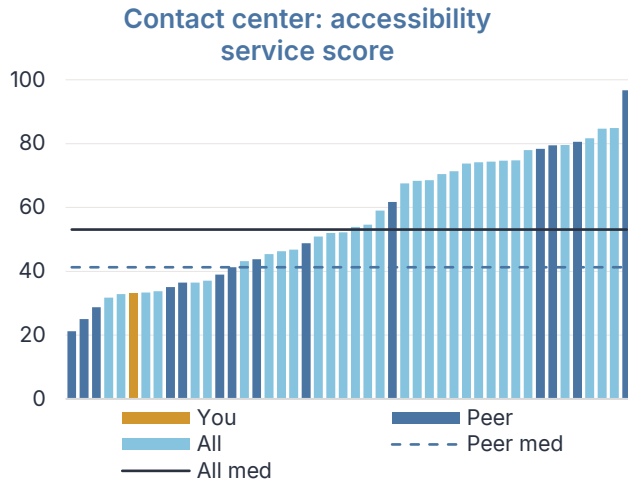
Your service score for secure website: users was 100 out of 100. This was above the peer median of 88.



Scoring method	Your data	Peer average	Your score
Access			
+10 If you have a secure website accessible for inactive members	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0
+20 If the secure member area is customized to only show options relevant to inactive members (e.g., inactive members see different options than annuitants)	Yes	100.0% Yes	20.0
+10 If the member's name is prominent on the home page	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0
Secure website use			
Number of inactive members that accessed the secure area in the year (A)	41,777		
Number of inactive members (B)	157,340		
+60 If 15% or more of your inactive members accessed the secure area in the past year, otherwise $400 \times \% \text{ of inactive members that accessed the secure area} = (A) / (B)$			
Score of 20 if total unique visit is unknown	26.6%	11.9%	60.0
Total score			100.0

Contact center: accessibility

Your service score for contact center: accessibility was 33 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 41.



Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Access				
+5	If you have a toll-free phone number	Yes	100.0% Yes	5.0
+10	If your call center is open 50 or more hours a week, otherwise 10 - 0.5 for each hour less than 50 hours per week	35 h	44.9 h	2.5
Phone menu layers and wait times				
-10	If a receptionist is the first point of contact	No	0.0% Yes	0.0
+15	If there are none or 1 menu layer, otherwise 10 if 2 layers, 5 if 3 layers or 0 if 4 plus layers	4 layers	2.1 layers	0.0
+5	If your system notify the caller of the expected wait time or their place in the queue for reaching a knowledgeable service representative	Yes	86.7% Yes	5.0
	Average time to navigate the menu (A)	30 s		
	Average time waiting in queue for a service agent (B)	175 s		
	Total wait time	205 s		
+30	If members reach a service agent in 120 seconds or less, otherwise 54 - 0.2 per second to reach a knowledgeable person = (A) + (B)	205 s	646 s	13.0

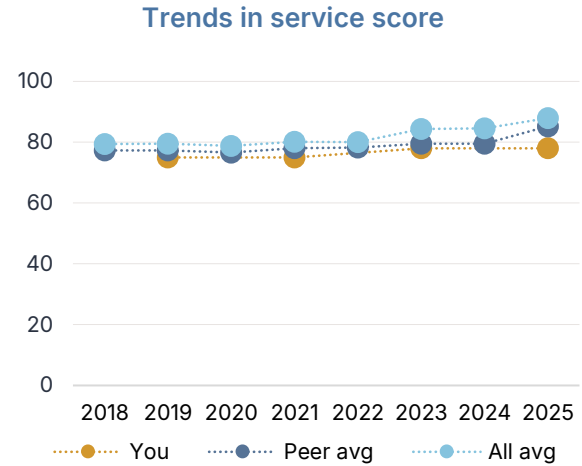
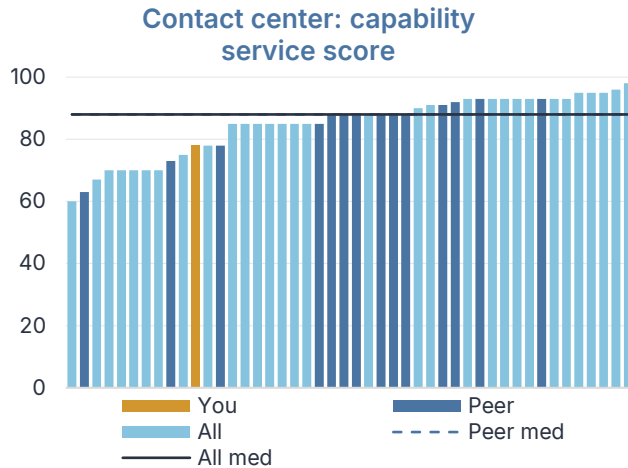
Contact center: accessibility (continued)

Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Undesired call outcomes				
<u>Desired call outcomes</u>				
a) Incoming calls that reach and are responded to by a knowledgeable service representative (i.e., exclude messages, etc.)?		248,098		
c) Incoming calls satisfied by self-serve options, if any?		<u>189,896</u>		
Total desired call outcomes (A)		437,994		
<u>Undesired call outcomes during business hours</u>				
a) Busy signal, never enters the system?		n/a		
b) Caller gets pre-recorded 'call another time' message during business hours?		n/a		
c) Abandoned calls (i.e., caller hangs-up while in a menu)?		16,066		
d) Abandoned calls (i.e., caller hangs-up while in a queue or on hold)?		37,005		
e) Busy signal after navigating an automated attendant menu, or after being transferred by a receptionist?		n/a		
f) Call rings unanswered during business hours?		n/a		
If you have a callback feature, # of callback requests that were not completed		<u>2,691*</u>		
Total undesired call outcomes during business hours (B)		55,762		
Total incoming calls (C = A + B)		491,065		
Undesired outcomes as a percentage of total incoming calls (B / C)		11.4%	20.5%	
+20	If undesired outcomes were 0%, otherwise 20 - percentage of undesired outcomes X 200 (Minimum of 0)	11.4%	20.5%	0.0
Email turnaround times				
+15	If the wait time is 0.5 days or less, otherwise 15 - 5 for each day over 0.5 days	2.0 days	1.8 days	7.5
Total score				33.0

* Your response was 'unknown'. A default was applied. See 'Appendix D' for details.

Contact center: capability

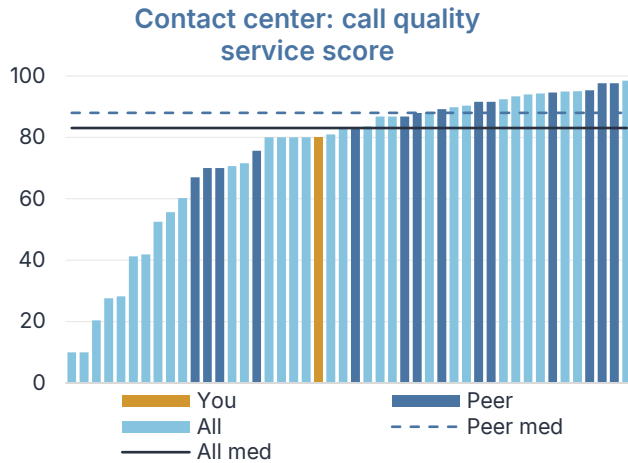
Your service score for contact center: capability was 78 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 88.



Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Workflow system				
If you have a workflow system that provides service agents with real time information about each member's:				
+15	previous calls or emails to the system	Yes	93.3% Yes	15.0
+15	recent online correspondence	Yes	100.0% Yes	15.0
+15	real-time status of open items	Yes	100.0% Yes	15.0
+15	member's use of digital tools	No	73.3% Yes	0.0
+15	most recent member statement	Yes	100.0% Yes	15.0
+10	beneficiary information	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0
Other capabilities				
If you offer the following tools to help serve members better:				
+5	co-browsing	No	26.7% Yes	0.0
+5	request a call back online and over the phone, 3 if over the phone only, 2 if online	Both	13.3% Both	5.0
+3	live web chat	Yes	20.0% Yes	3.0
+2	chatbot	No	6.7% Yes	0.0
Total score				78.0

Contact center: call quality

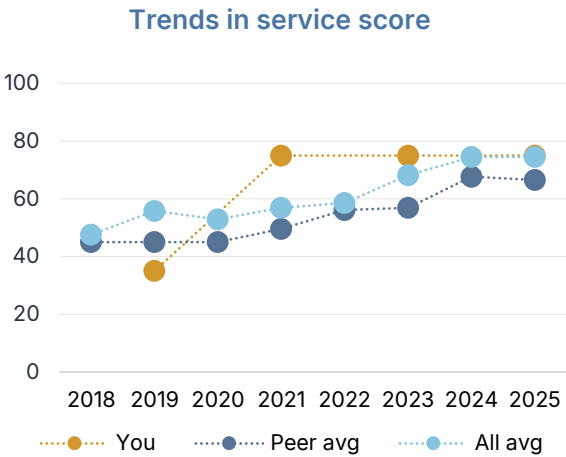
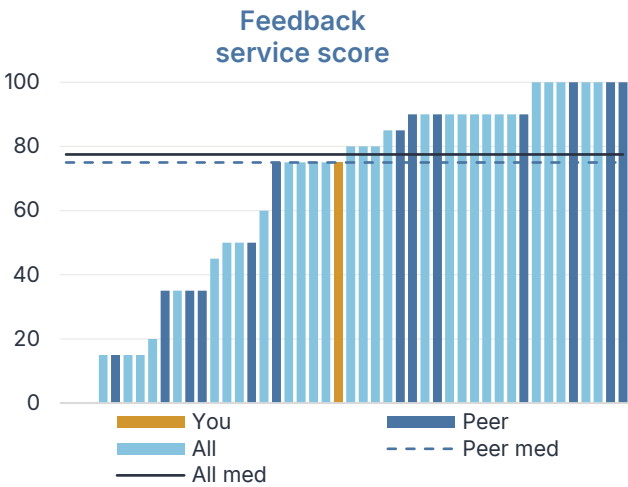
Your service score for contact center: call quality was 80 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 88.



Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
First Contact Resolution				
+30	If 100% of calls are satisfied by their first contact, 0 if 75% or fewer calls are satisfied by the first contact, otherwise $30 - 120 \times (1 - \% \text{ satisfied by the first contact})$ [Subject to a minimum score of 0, and 10 if not measured]	Unknown	88.0%	10.0
Call quality monitoring				
+55	If you review your staff's responses to member calls for coaching purposes 4 or more times per month; otherwise $13.75 \times \# \text{ of times per month you review calls}$.	4 times	6.9 times	55.0
+15	If the review is based on listening in on a recording (versus a live call)	Recording	54% Recording	15.0
Total score				80.0

Feedback

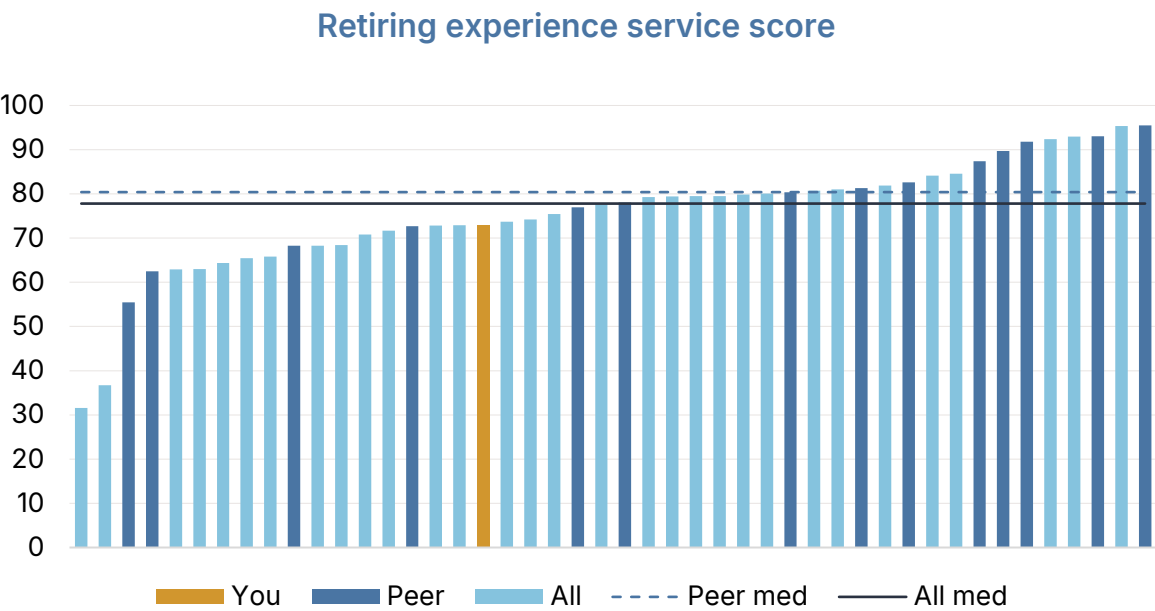
Your service score for feedback was 75 out of 100. This was equal to the peer median.



Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Member experience surveying				
If you survey member satisfaction, NPS or effort exclusively for each of the following:				
+15	inactive members	No	53.3% Yes	0.0
+10	member leaving the plan	No	26.7% Yes	0.0
+40	secure website	Yes	60.0% Yes	40.0
+35	telephone calls	Yes	86.7% Yes	35.0
Total score				75.0

Total service score for retiring members

Your service score for retiring experience was 73 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 80.

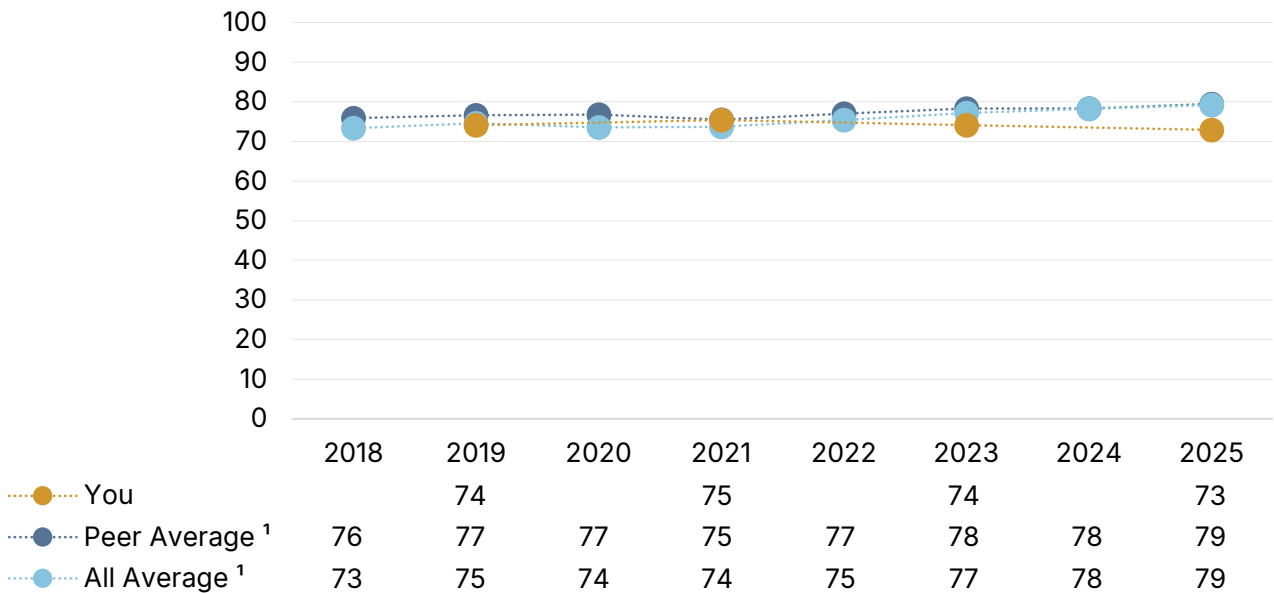


Your total service score for retiring members is the weighted average of the activity service scores below:

Activity	Weight	You	Peer median	Higher/Lower
Outbound Communication	7.5%	0	55	-55
Pension estimates: self-service	7.5%	88	88	0
Pension estimates: assisted service	2.5%	65	90	-25
Retirement applications	7.5%	100	75	25
Pension inceptions	10.0%	70	94	-24
Disability inceptions	5.0%	90	80	10
Personal information	2.5%	80	100	-20
Salary and service credit information	2.5%	100	100	0
Secure website: users	20.0%	93	96	-3
Contact center: accessibility	7.5%	33	41	-8
Contact center: capability	5.0%	78	88	-10
Contact center: call quality	5.0%	80	88	-8
1-on-1 counseling	7.5%	35	90	-55
Member presentations	5.0%	100	100	0
Feedback	5.0%	90	90	0
Weighted total service score	65.0%	73	80	-7

Trend in service score for retiring members

Retiring member experience service trend



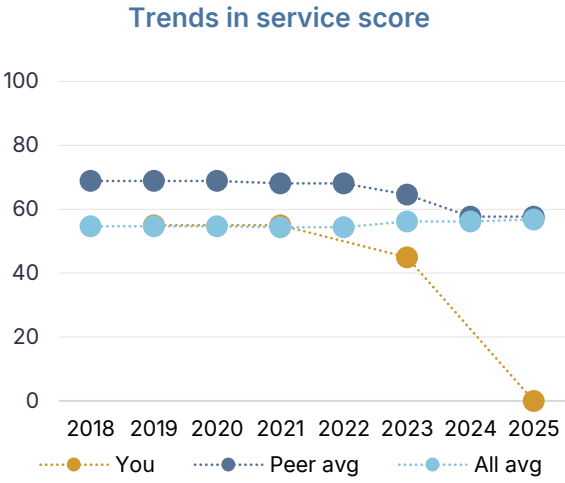
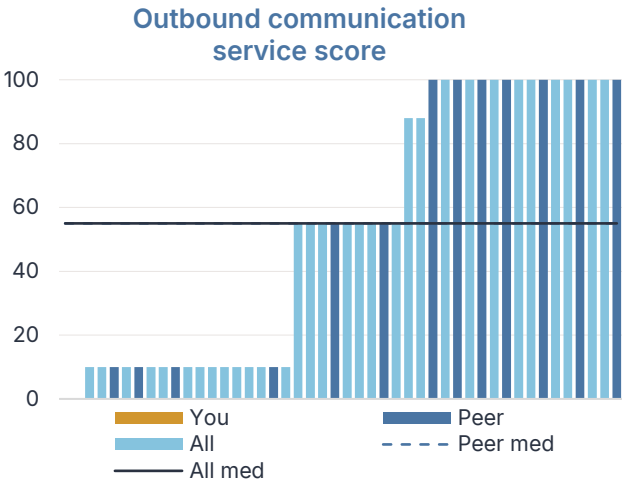
Trend in service score for retiring members by activity											
Activity	Weight	Your service score								Change	
		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	1-Yr	8-Yr
Outbound Communication	7.5%		55		55		45		0		
Pension estimates: self-service	7.5%		83		83		83		88		
Pension estimates: assisted service	2.5%		55		55		65		65		
Retirement applications	7.5%		85		85		85		100		
Pension inceptions	10.0%		80		73		68		70		
Disability inceptions	5.0%		90		90		90		90		
Personal information	2.5%		60		60		80		80		
Salary and service credit information	2.5%		100		100		100		100		
Secure website: users	20.0%		89		90		89		93		
Contact center: accessibility	7.5%		54		36		33		33		
Contact center: capability	5.0%		75		75		78		78		
Contact center: call quality	5.0%		80		80		80		80		
1-on-1 counseling	7.5%		45		49		40		35		
Member presentations	5.0%		100		100		100		100		
Feedback	5.0%		30		90		90		90		
Weight total	100%		74		75		74		73		

1. Trend analysis is based on systems that have participated for 8 consecutive years (13 peers and 31 World systems). This ensures that trends are not caused by changes in the composition of the participants.

RETIRING MEMBER EXPERIENCE

Outbound Communication

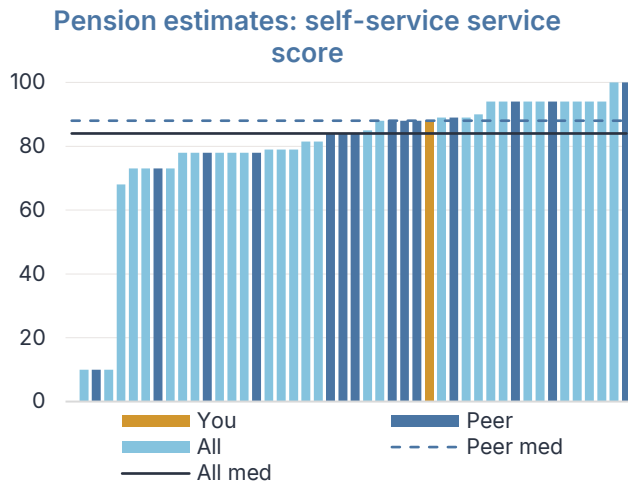
Your service score for outbound communication was 0 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 55.



Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Targeted campaigns				
If you send targeted communication to the following member segments who are eligible or approaching eligibility for retirement:				
+45	active members	No	53.3% Yes	0.0
+45	inactive members	No	53.3% Yes	0.0
Presentations				
+10	If you have presentations targeted specifically to members approaching retirement or ready to retire	No	92.9% Yes	0.0
Total score				0.0

Pension estimates: self-service

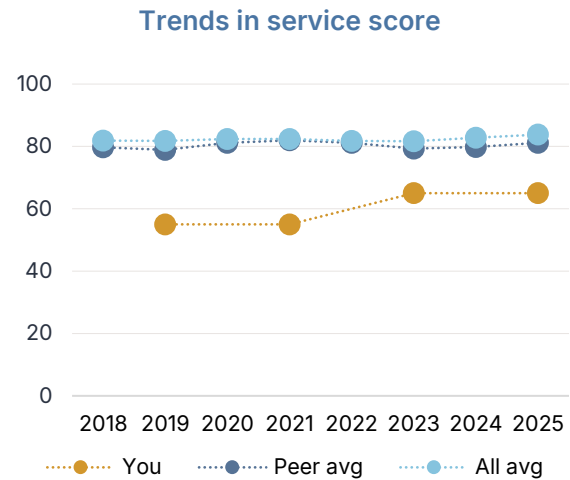
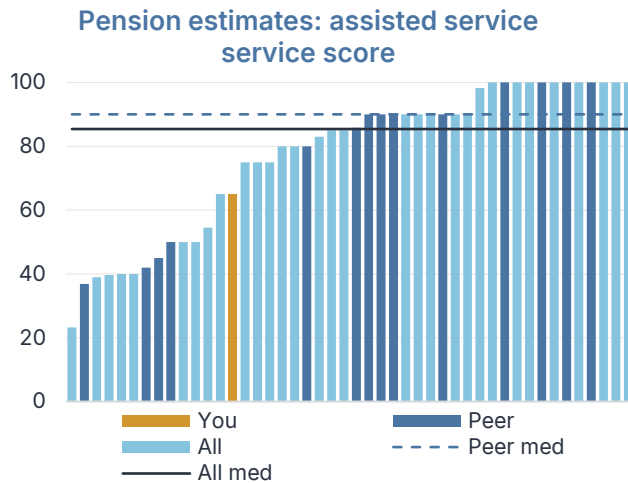
Your service score for pension estimates: self-service was 88 out of 100. This was equal to the peer median.



Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Online pension estimate calculator				
+10	If you have an interactive calculator on your website	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0
+40	If the calculator is linked to member salary and service credit data	Yes	93.3% Yes	40.0
Calculator capabilities				
If your pension estimate calculator allows members to model:				
+5	different retirement start dates	Yes	93.3% Yes	5.0
+5	salary changes	Yes	93.3% Yes	5.0
+5	different working percentages (e.g., part-time or early termination)	Yes	86.7% Yes	5.0
+5	alternative payment options	Yes	86.7% Yes	5.0
If the calculator provides an estimate of retirement income showing:				
+10	both gross and net, 4 if gross or net, 0 otherwise	Gross	14.3% Both	4.0
+10	both monthly and annual, 4 if monthly or annual, 0 otherwise	Monthly	42.9% Both	4.0
+10	multiple estimates on one page for comparative purposes	Yes	53.3% Yes	10.0
Total score				88.0

Pension estimates: assisted service

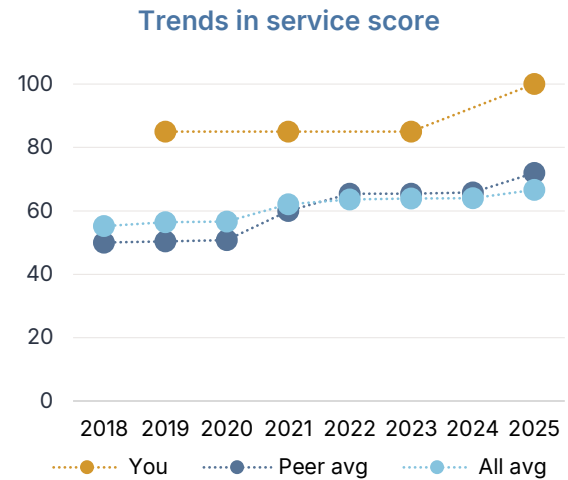
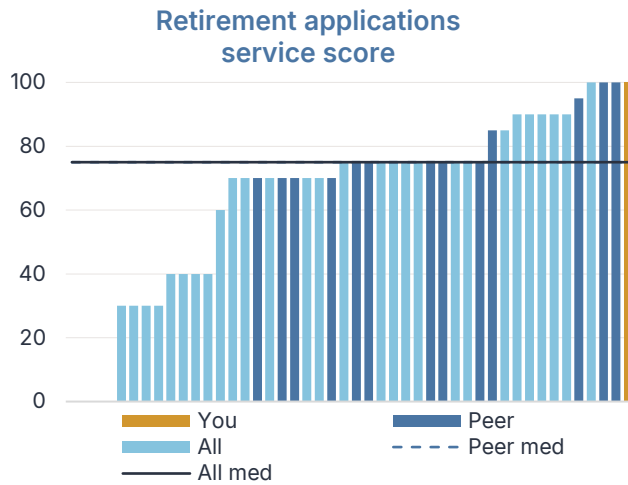
Your service score for pension estimates: assisted service was 65 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 90.



Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Written pension estimates				
+25	If the average turnaround time for providing written estimates is 10 business days, or less, otherwise 25 - for each day beyond 10 days	5.9 days	9.1 days	25.0
+10	If you clearly address if and how the pension benefit is inflation protected	Yes	66.7% Yes	10.0
+5	If you discuss the effects of social security	Yes	33.3% Yes	5.0
+5	If you discuss alternative scenarios that could improve the pension	Yes	93.3% Yes	5.0
+10	If you model alternative pension payment options	Yes	93.3% Yes	10.0
Call center				
If you can provide the following on a real-time basis over the phone:				
+10	member's pension estimate	No	66.7% Yes	0.0
+15	an estimate linked to the member's actual account data	n/a	66.7% Yes	0.0
+10	alternate annuity payment scenarios	n/a	66.7% Yes	0.0
1-on-1 counseling				
+10	If you can provide a pension estimate for a member during a counseling session	Yes	73.3% Yes	10.0
Total score				65.0

Retirement applications

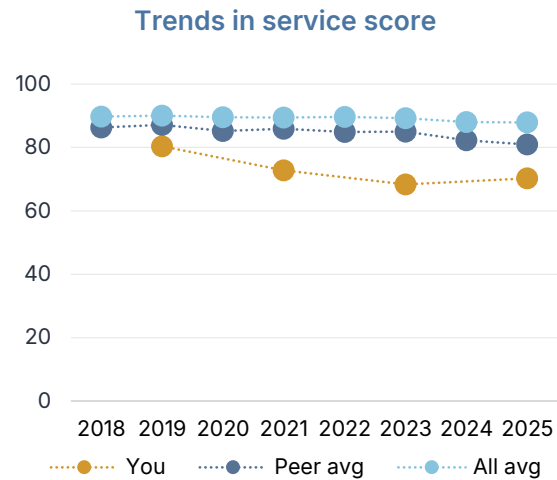
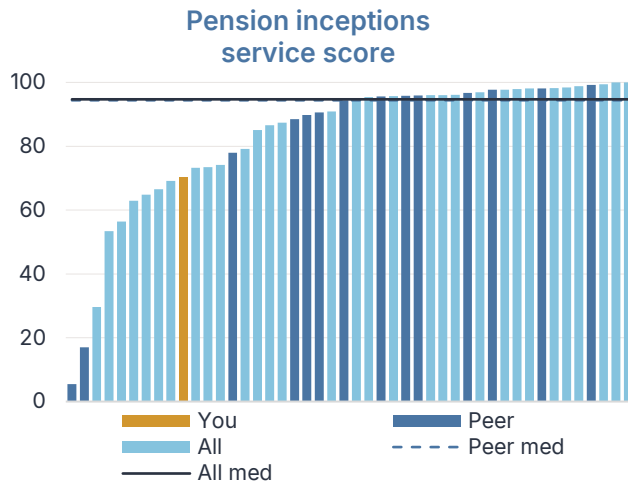
Your service score for retirement applications was 100 out of 100. This was above the peer median of 75.



Scoring method	Your data	Peer average	Your score
+40 If a member can submit a retirement application online	Yes	93.3% Yes	40.0
+5 If a member can view the status of their online application online	Yes	78.6% Yes	5.0
+15 If more than 50% of your online applications can be completed without staff intervention	100.0%	67.5%	15.0
+30 If you do not require notarization for most retirement applications, or + 15 if you require notarization of some retirement applications	Not required	46.7% not required	30.0
+10 If you do not require the member's birth certificate before incepting a pension	Not required	46.7% not required	10.0
Total score			100.0

Pension inceptions

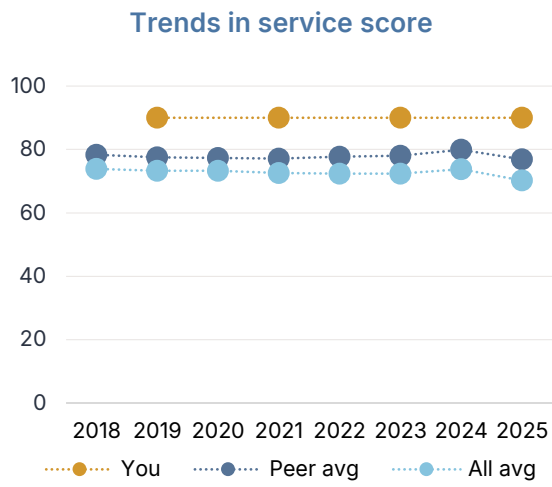
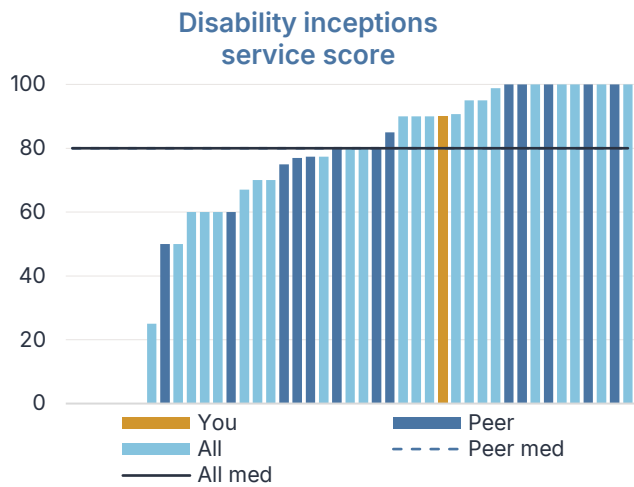
Your service score for pension inceptions was 70 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 94.



Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
+90	If 100% of your service pensions are incepted without a cashflow interruption greater than 1 month, otherwise 90 X percent of inceptions that occur within 1 month of the member's final paycheck	78.0%	84.5%	70.2
-5	If a service retirement is based on estimates, less: 5 X percent of service retirements based on estimates X average number of months to finalize /3 [Subject to a maximum deduction of 5]	Yes 27.5% 6.0 months	100.0% Yes 75.5% 6.2 months	-2.8
+10	If all of your survivor pensions are incepted without a cashflow interruption greater than 1 month, otherwise 100 x percent of pensions paid without interruption to survivors	28.3%	70.5%	2.8
Total score				70.3

Disability inception

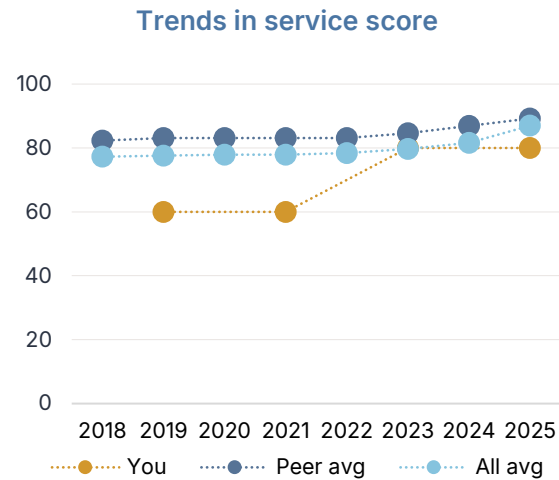
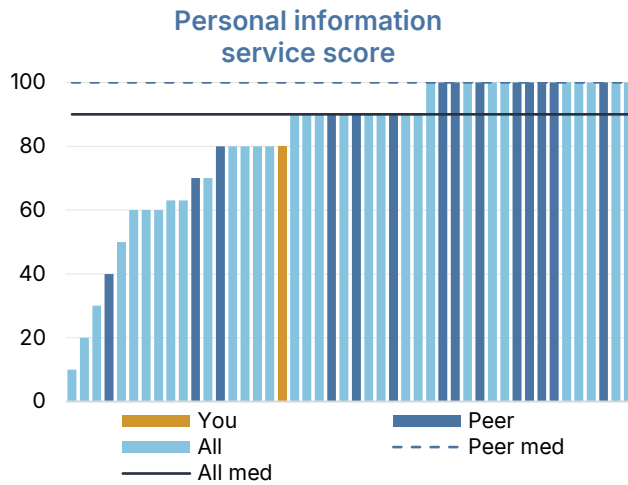
Your service score for disability inceptions was 90 out of 100. This was above the peer median of 80.



Scoring method	Your data	Peer average	Your score
+100 If you return a decision on a disability application in 1 month or less, otherwise 100 - 10 for each month over 1 month [Subject to a minimum score of 0]	2.0 months	3.7 months	90.0
Total score			90.0

Personal information

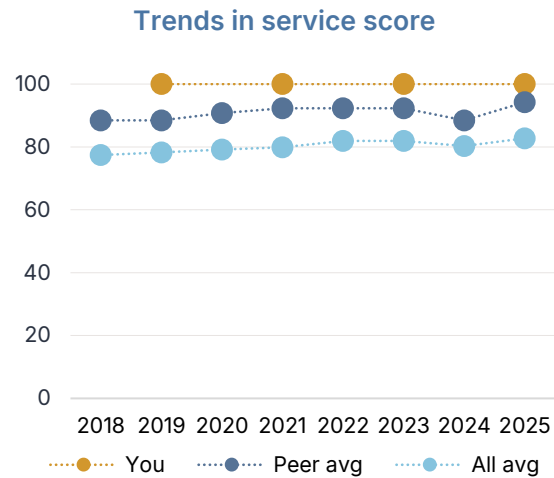
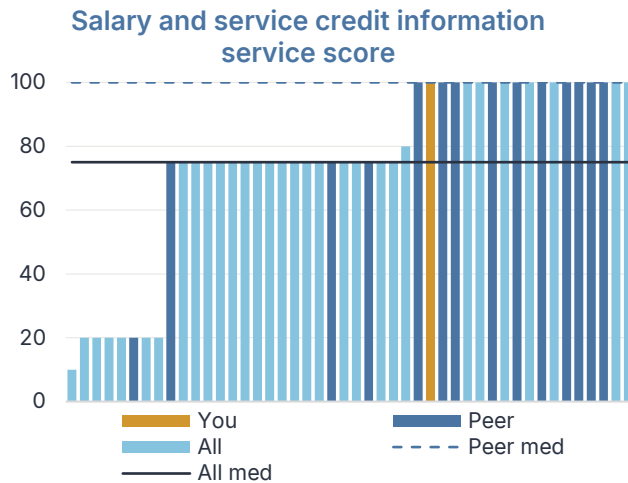
Your service score for personal information was 80 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 100.



Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Self-service				
If members can do the following online:				
+15	change address	Yes	100.0% Yes	15.0
+15	change email address	Yes	100.0% Yes	15.0
+10	change communication preferences	Yes	80.0% Yes	10.0
+10	change beneficiary	Yes	93.3% Yes	10.0
Secure messaging				
If you have a secure portal for members:				
+10	that includes a history of recent correspondence	No	80.0% Yes	0.0
+20	where members can upload documents	Yes	80.0% Yes	20.0
Assisted service				
If members can do the following over the phone:				
+10	change address	No	86.7% Yes	0.0
+10	change email address	Yes	93.3% Yes	10.0
Total score				80.0

Salary and service credit information

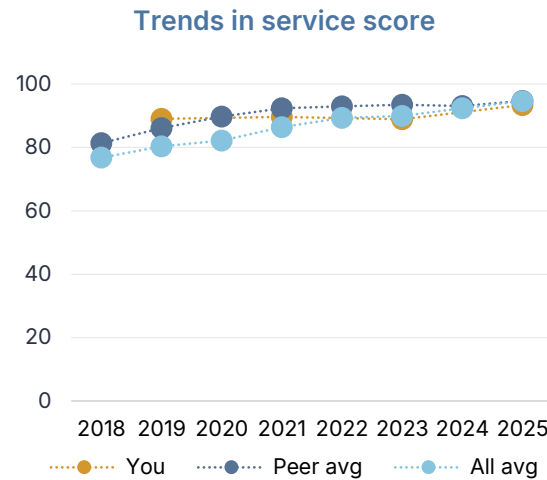
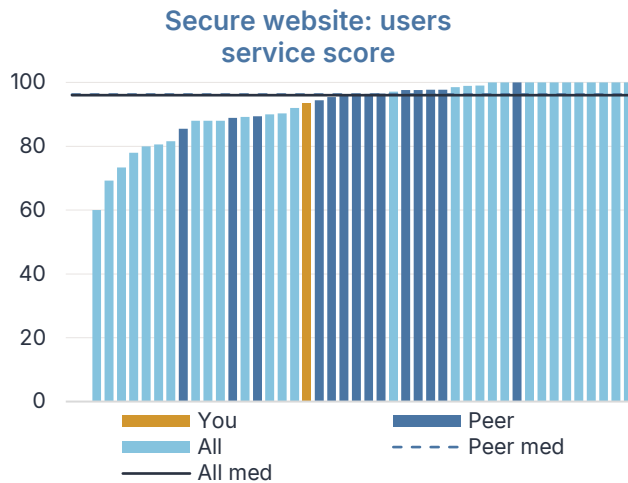
Your service score for salary and service credit information was 100 out of 100. This was equal to the peer median.



Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Self-service				
+30	If you offer secure access to both salary and service credit data	Yes	93.3% Yes	30.0
+25	If salary and service credit data is up-to-date to the most recent pay period	Yes	86.7% Yes	25.0
+25	If a complete annual history since employment began of salary and service credit data is available online	Yes	80.0% Yes	25.0
Assisted service				
If you can provide the following on a real-time basis over the phone:				
+10	pensionable salary	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0
+10	service credit history including gaps	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0
Total score				100.0

Secure website: users

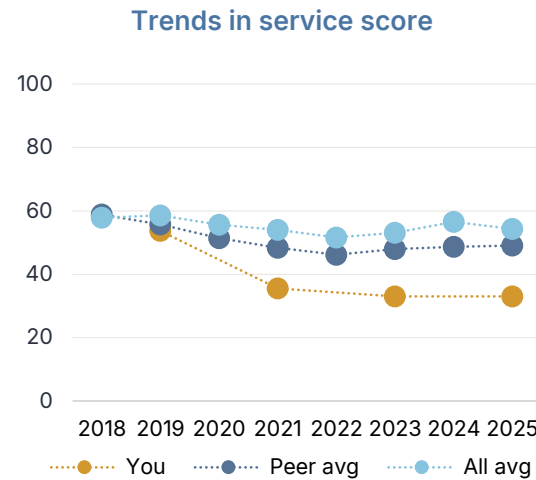
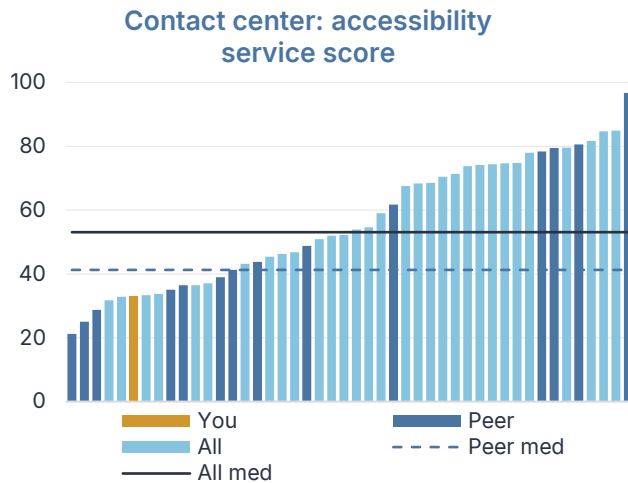
Your service score for secure website: users was 93 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 96.



Scoring method	Your data	Peer average	Your score
Access			
+10 If you have a secure website accessible for active members	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0
+20 If the secure member area is customized to only show options relevant to active members (e.g., active members see different options than annuitants)	Yes	100.0% Yes	20.0
+10 If the member's name is prominent on the home page	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0
Secure website use for active members			
Number of active members that accessed the secure area in the year (A)	125,332		
Number of active members (B)	484,390		
+48 If 30% or more of your active members accessed the secure area in the past year, otherwise $160 \times \% \text{ of active members that accessed the secure area} = (A) / (B)$			
Score of 16 if total unique visit is unknown	25.9%	36.0%	41.4
Secure website use for inactive members			
Number of inactive members that accessed the secure area in the year (C)	41,777		
Number of inactive members (D)	157,340		
+12 If 15% or more of your inactive members accessed the secure area in the past year, otherwise $80 \times \% \text{ of inactive members that accessed the secure area} = (C) / (D)$			
Score of 4 if total unique visit is unknown	26.6%	11.9%	12.0
Total score			93.4

Contact center: accessibility

Your service score for contact center: accessibility was 33 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 41.



Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Access				
+5	If you have a toll-free phone number	Yes	100.0% Yes	5.0
+10	If your call center is open 50 or more hours a week, otherwise 10 - 0.5 for each hour less than 50 hours per week	35 h	44.9 h	2.5
Phone menu layers and wait times				
-10	If a receptionist is the first point of contact	No	0.0% Yes	0.0
+15	If there are none or 1 menu layer, otherwise 10 if 2 layers, 5 if 3 layers or 0 if 4 plus layers	4 layers	2.1 layers	0.0
+5	If your system notify the caller of the expected wait time or their place in the queue for reaching a knowledgeable service representative	Yes	86.7% Yes	5.0
	Average time to navigate the menu (A)	30 s		
	Average time waiting in queue for a service agent (B)	175 s		
	Total wait time	205 s		
+30	If members reach a service agent in 120 seconds or less, otherwise 54 - 0.2 per second to reach a knowledgeable person = (A) + (B)	205 s	646 s	13.0

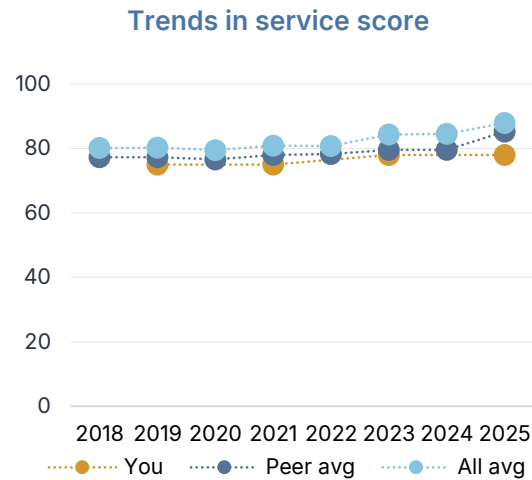
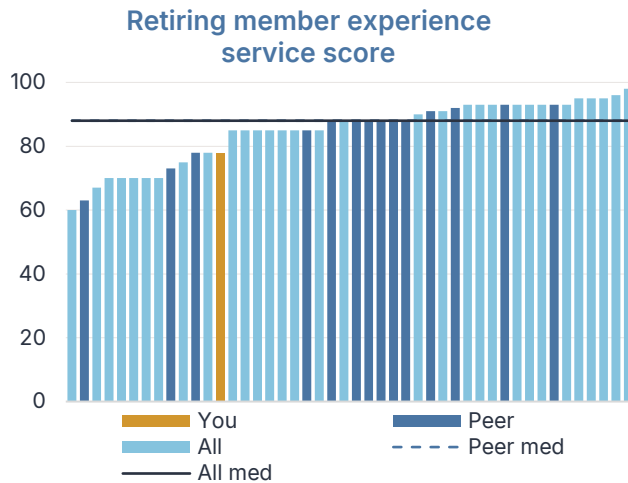
Contact center: accessibility (continued)

Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Undesired call outcomes				
<u>Desired call outcomes</u>				
a) Incoming calls that reach and are responded to by a knowledgeable service representative (i.e., exclude messages, etc.)?		248,098		
c) Incoming calls satisfied by self-serve options, if any?		189,896		
Total desired call outcomes (A)		437,994		
<u>Undesired call outcomes during business hours</u>				
a) Busy signal, never enters the system?		n/a		
b) Caller gets pre-recorded 'call another time' message during business hours?		n/a		
c) Abandoned calls (i.e., caller hangs-up while in a menu)?		16,066		
d) Abandoned calls (i.e., caller hangs-up while in a queue or on hold)?		37,005		
e) Busy signal after navigating an automated attendant menu, or after being transferred by a receptionist?		n/a		
f) Call rings unanswered during business hours?		n/a		
If you have a callback feature, # of callback requests that were not completed		2,691*		
Total undesired call outcomes during business hours (B)		55,762		
Total incoming calls (C = A + B)		491,065		
Undesired outcomes as a percentage of total incoming calls (B / C)		11.4%	20.5%	
+20	If the undesired outcomes rate was 0%, otherwise 20 - undesired outcomes rate X 200 (Minimum of 0)	11.4%	20.5%	0.0
Email turnaround times				
+15	If the wait time is 0.5 days or less, otherwise 15 - 5 for each day over 0.5 days	2.0 days	1.8 days	7.5
Total score				33.0

* Your response was 'unknown'. A default was applied. See 'Appendix D' for details.

Contact center: capability

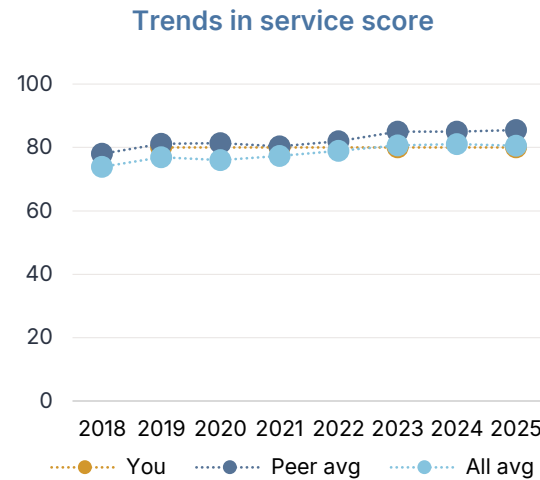
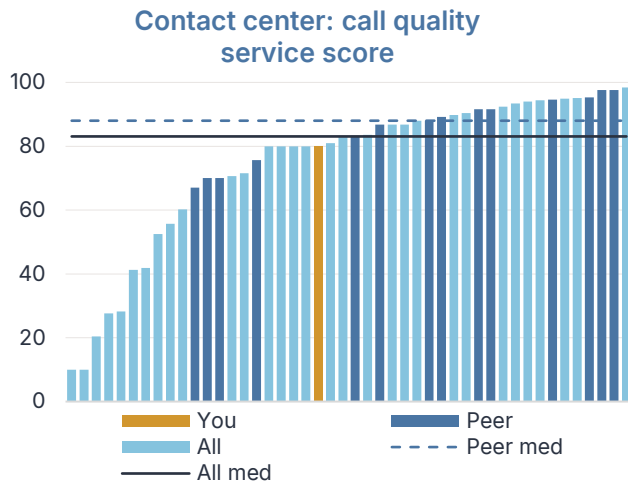
Your service score for contact center: capability was 78 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 88.



Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Workflow system				
If you have a workflow system that provides service agents with real time information about each member's:				
+15	previous calls or emails to the system	Yes	93.3% Yes	15.0
+15	recent online correspondence	Yes	100.0% Yes	15.0
+15	real-time status of open items	Yes	100.0% Yes	15.0
+15	member's use of digital tools	No	73.3% Yes	0.0
+15	most recent member statement	Yes	100.0% Yes	15.0
+10	beneficiary information	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0
Other capabilities				
If you offer the following tools to help serve members better:				
+5	co-browsing	No	26.7% Yes	0.0
+5	request a call back online and over the phone, 3 if over the phone only, 2 if online	Both	13.3% Both	5.0
+3	live web chat	Yes	20.0% Yes	3.0
+2	chatbot	No	6.7% Yes	0.0
Total score				78.0

Contact center: call quality

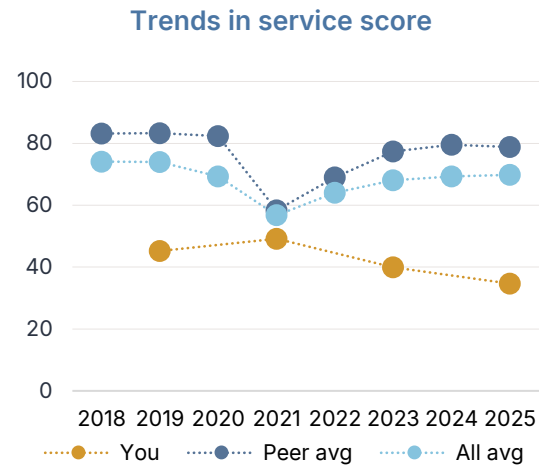
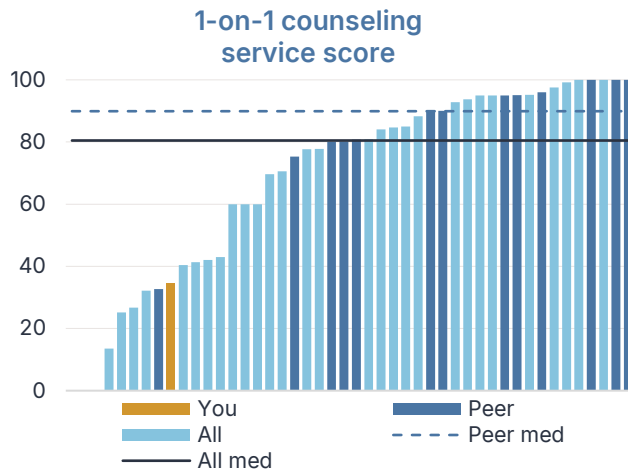
Your service score for contact center: call quality was 80 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 88.



Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
First Contact Resolution				
+30	If 100% of calls are satisfied by their first contact, 0 if 75% or fewer calls are satisfied by the first contact, otherwise $30 - 120 \times (1 - \% \text{ satisfied by the first contact})$ [Subject to a minimum score of 0, and 10 if not measured]	Unknown	88.0%	10.0
Call quality monitoring				
+55	If you review your staff's responses to member calls for coaching purposes 4 or more times per month; otherwise $13.75 \times \# \text{ of times per month you review calls}$	4 times	6.9 times	55.0
+15	If the review is based on listening in on a recording (versus a live call)	Recording	54% Recording	15.0
Total score				80.0

1-on-1 counseling

Your service score for 1-on-1 counseling was 35 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 90.

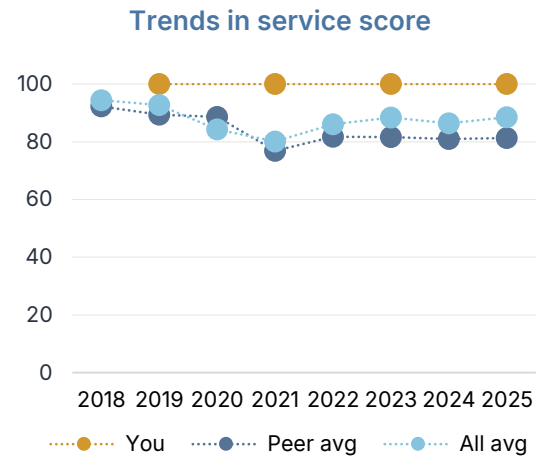
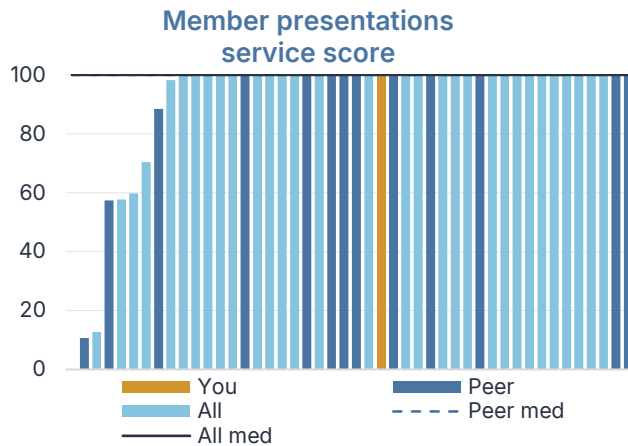


Scoring method	Your data	Peer average	Your score
Availability			
Number of members you counseled:			
In-house	4	3,960	
In the field (C)	0	2,965	
At the employer	0	295	
Via teleconference	0	3,948	
Online, via videoconference (D)	375	2,850	
Total number of 1-on-1 counseling sessions (A)	379	14,018	
Total active members (B)	484,390	373,765	
+60 If the number of members counseled 1-on-1 was 1.01% ¹ or more of active members, otherwise $5,966^1 \times \# \text{ of members you met individually as a \% of active members} = (A) / (B)$	0.078%	3.2%	4.7
+20 If the percentage of sessions in the field, separate from the member's place of employment and/or video conference, was 50% or more, otherwise $40 \times \text{percentage of sessions in the field separate from the employer} = (C + D) / (A)$	98.9%	38.7%	20.0
Capability			
+10 If you provide counseling to all members who walk-in to your office	No	73.3% Yes	0.0
+5 If you have real-time access to the member's data	Yes	86.7% Yes	5.0
+5 If all in-person counseling takes place in a private office with a door	Yes	86.7% Yes	5.0
Total score			34.7

¹Better website content and functionality reduces the number of members that attend 1-on-1 sessions. Using your percentage of pensions inceptioned online as a proxy for the strength of your website, we reduce the 1.0% attendee cutoff rate for a perfect availability score to a minimum of 0.15% (i.e. if 59.78% of your pension inceptioned online, you need attendees equal to 1.01% of your active member population to achieve a perfect score of 60; we use a multiplication factor of 5,966 because $60 / 1.01\% = 5,966$).

Member presentations

Your service score for member presentations was 100 out of 100. This was equal to the peer median.



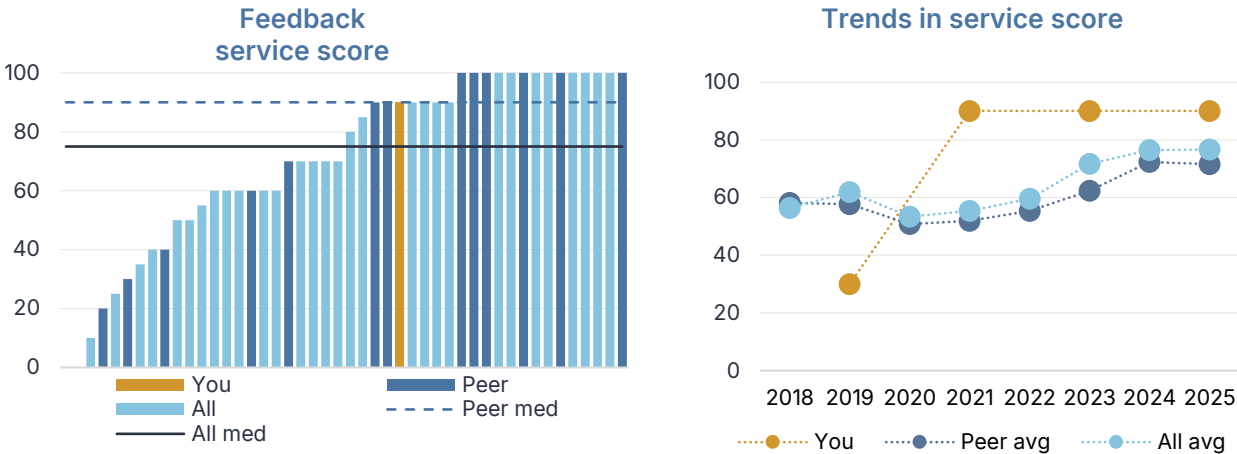
Scoring method	Your data	Peer average	Your score
Availability			
Number of presentations:			
- In-house	0	47	
- In the field	6	161	
- Live webinars	<u>77</u>	<u>236</u>	
Total presentations	83	444	
Total number of presentation attendees (A)	7,940	16,541	
Total active members (B)	484,390	373,765	
+100 If the total number of attendees was 1.0% ¹ or more of active members, otherwise 9,944 ¹ X attendees as percent of active members (including those attending webinars) = (A) / (B)	1.6%	4.9%	100.0
Total score			100.0

¹Better website content and functionality reduces the number of members that attend presentations. Using your percentage of pensions inceptioned online as a proxy for the strength of your website, we reduce the 2.5% attendee cutoff rate for a perfect availability score to a minimum of 0.4% (i.e. if 59.78% of your pension inceptioned occur online, you need attendees equal to 1.01% of your active member population to achieve a perfect score of 100; we use a multiplication factor of 9,944 because 100 / 1.01% = 9,944).

RETIRING MEMBER EXPERIENCE

Feedback

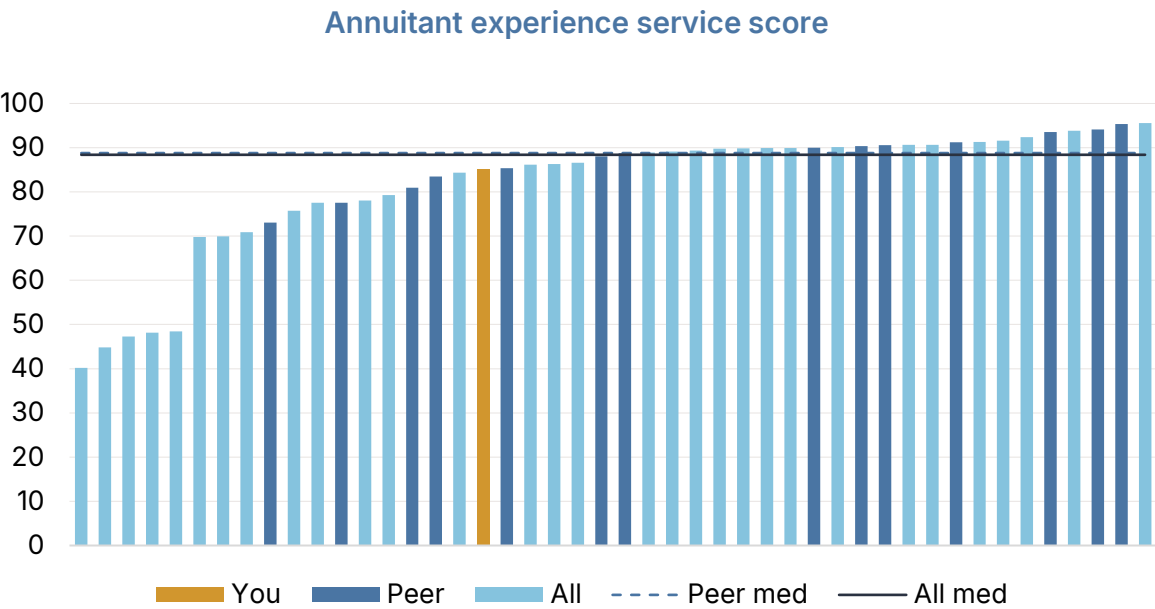
Your service score for feedback was 90 out of 100. This was equal to the peer median.



Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Member experience surveying				
If you survey member satisfaction, NPS or effort exclusively for each of the following:				
+30	retirement experience	Yes	80.0% Yes	30.0
+10	disability retirement experience	No	46.7% Yes	0.0
+30	secure website	Yes	60.0% Yes	30.0
+20	telephone calls	Yes	86.7% Yes	20.0
+5	1-on-1 counseling	Yes	86.7% Yes	5.0
+5	member presentations	Yes	86.7% Yes	5.0
Total score				90.0

Total service score for annuitants

Your service score for annuitant experience was 85 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 89.

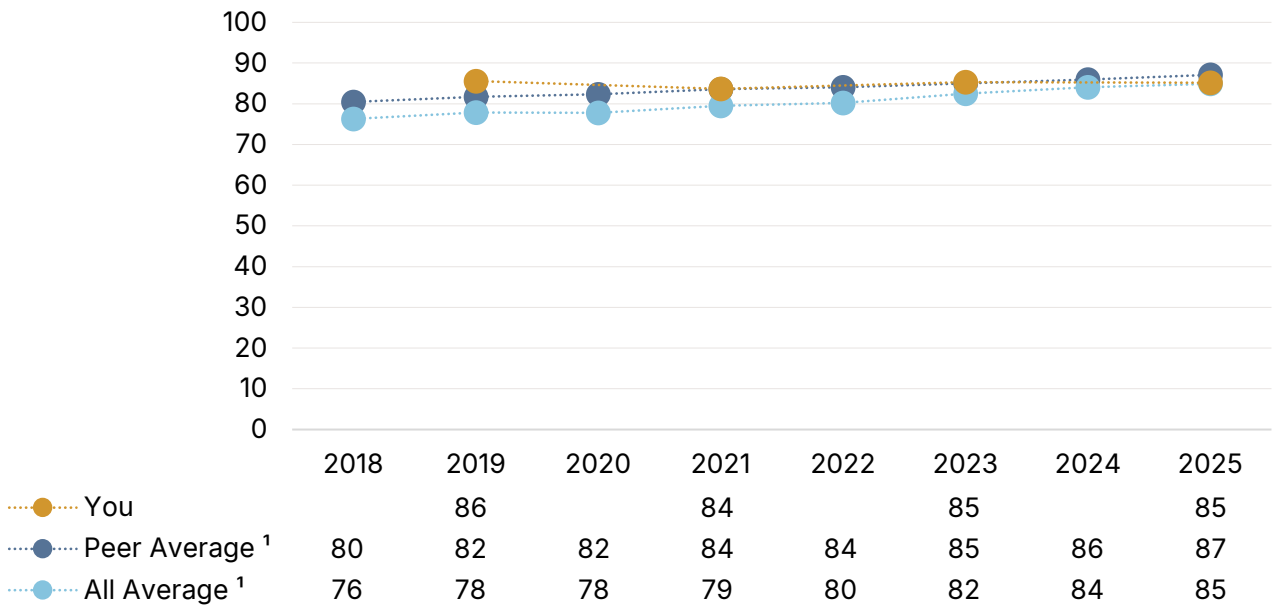


Your total service score for annuitants is the weighted average of the activity service scores below:

Activity	Weight	You	Peer median	Higher/Lower
Outbound Communication	10.0%	62	64	-2
Pension payments	30.0%	98	98	0
Personal information	5.0%	80	100	-20
Secure website: users	32.5%	100	100	0
Contact center: accessibility	7.5%	33	41	-8
Contact center: capability	5.0%	73	88	-15
Contact center: call quality	5.0%	80	88	-8
Feedback	5.0%	60	70	-10
Weighted total service score	100.0%	85	89	-4

Trend in service score for annuitants

Annuitant experience service trend

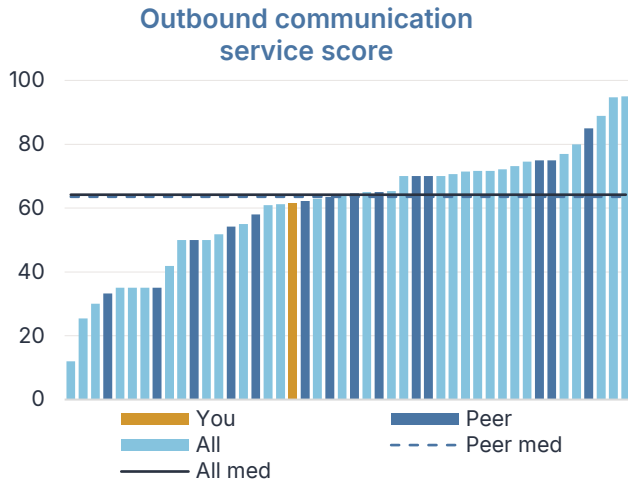


Trend in service score for annuitants by activity											
Activity	Weight	Your service score								Change	
		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	1-Yr	8-Yr
Outbound Communication	10.0%		57		56		63		62		
Pension payments	30.0%		98		98		98		98		
Personal information	5.0%		60		60		80		80		
Secure website: users	32.5%		100		100		100		100		
Contact center: accessibility	7.5%		54		36		33		33		
Contact center: capability	5.0%		70		70		73		73		
Contact center: call quality	5.0%		80		80		80		80		
Feedback	5.0%		70		60		60		60		
Weight total	100%		86		84		85		85		

1. Trend analysis is based on systems that have participated for 8 consecutive years (13 peers and 31 World systems). This ensures that trends are not caused by changes in the composition of the participants.

Outbound Communication

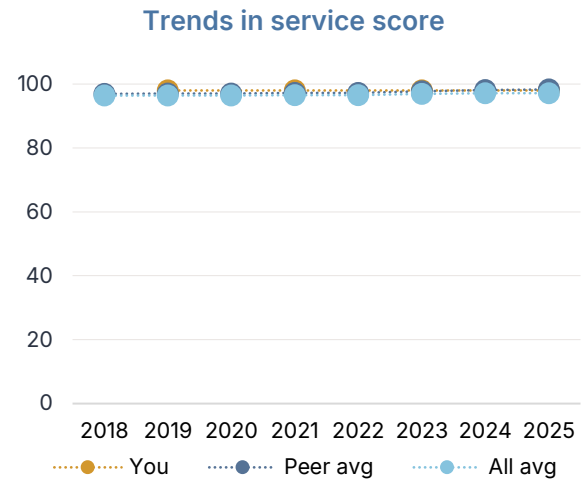
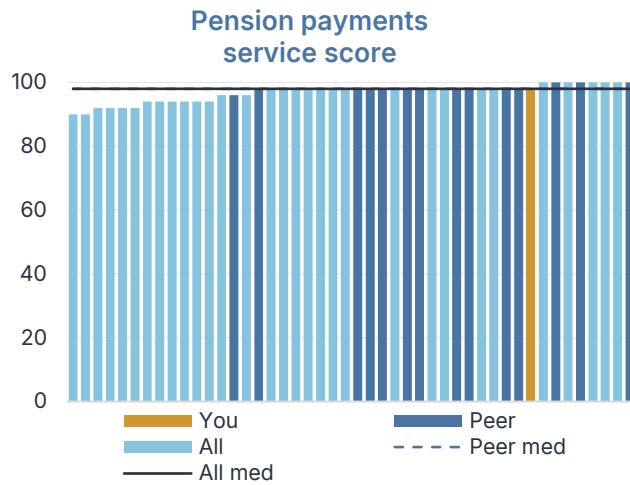
Your service score for outbound communication was 62 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 64.



Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Email addresses				
+30	If you have email addresses for 80% or more of your annuitants, otherwise 37.5 X % of annuitants you have email addresses for. Your score will be 10 if unknown	71.0%	76.9% Yes	26.6
Targeted campaigns				
If you send targeted communication to annuitants for the following:				
+15	pension amount change	Yes	80.0% Yes	15.0
+15	new to retirement	Yes	73.3% Yes	15.0
+10	missing beneficiary	No	13.3% Yes	0.0
+10	missing address	No	13.3% Yes	0.0
+10	missing email address	No	13.3% Yes	0.0
Newsletters				
+2	If you send annuitants a newsletter	Yes	100.0% Yes	2.0
+3	If annuitants receive a different newsletter from active or inactive members	Yes	100.0% Yes	3.0
Presentations				
+5	If you have presentations targeted specifically to changes to benefits	No	42.9% Yes	0.0
Total score				61.6

Pension payments

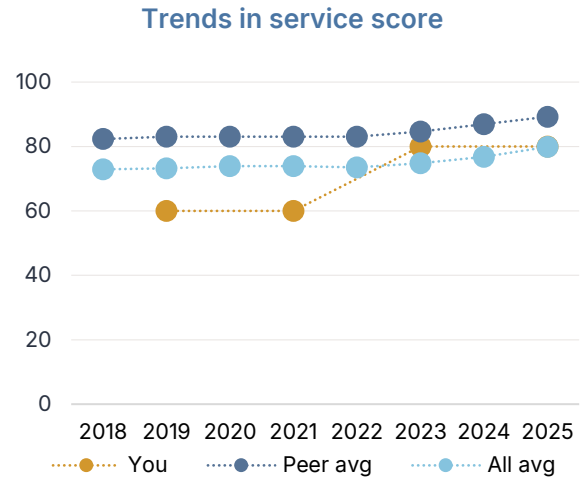
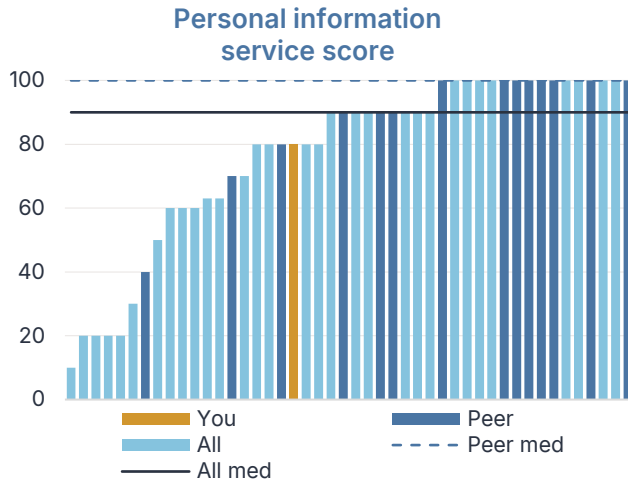
Your service score for pension payments was 98 out of 100. This was equal to the peer median.



Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Timeliness				
+90	If none of your pension payrolls were late vis-à-vis your normal payment cycle, otherwise 100 - (10 X number of late payrolls X average days late)	None	None	90.0
Self-service				
If members can do the following online:				
+2	change banking information	Yes	100.0% Yes	2.0
+2	view pension payment gross amounts and deductions	Yes	100.0% Yes	2.0
+2	change tax withholding amount	Yes	93.3% Yes	2.0
+2	download tax receipts	Yes	100.0% Yes	2.0
Assisted service				
If members can do the following over the phone:				
+2	change banking information	No	20.0% Yes	0.0
Total score				98.0

Personal information

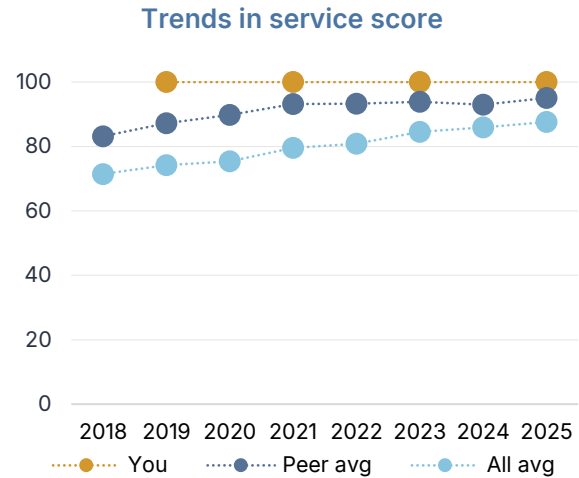
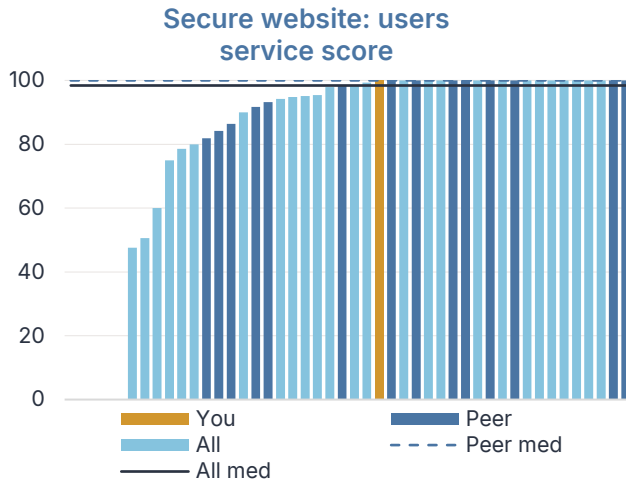
Your service score for personal information was 80 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 100.



Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Self-service				
If members can do the following online:				
+15	change address	Yes	100.0% Yes	15.0
+15	change email address	Yes	100.0% Yes	15.0
+10	change communication preferences	Yes	80.0% Yes	10.0
+10	change beneficiary	Yes	93.3% Yes	10.0
Secure messaging				
If you have a secure portal for members:				
+10	that includes a history of recent correspondence	No	80.0% Yes	0.0
+20	where members can upload documents	Yes	80.0% Yes	20.0
Assisted service				
If members can do the following over the phone:				
+10	change address	No	86.7% Yes	0.0
+10	change email address	Yes	93.3% Yes	10.0
Total score				80.0

Secure website: users

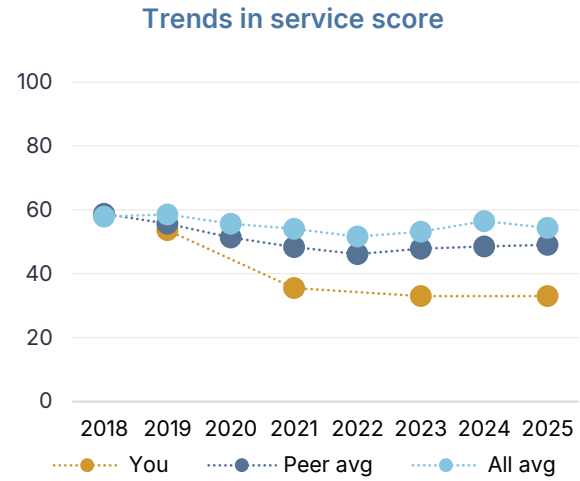
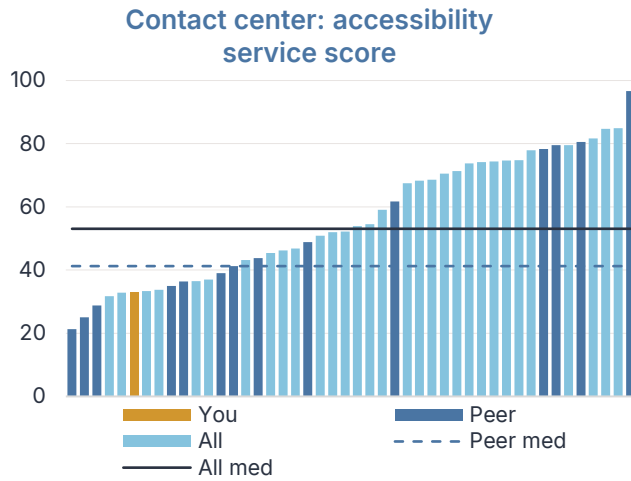
Your service score for secure website: users was 100 out of 100. This was equal to the peer median.



Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Access				
+10	If you have a secure website accessible for annuitants	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0
+20	If the secure member area is customized to only show options relevant to annuitants (e.g., annuitants see different options than active members)	Yes	100.0% Yes	20.0
+10	If the member's name is prominent on the home page	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0
Secure website use				
	Number of annuitants that accessed the secure area in the year (A)	135,644		
	Number of annuitants (B)	372,067		
+60	If 30% or more of your annuitants accessed the secure area in the past year, otherwise 200 X % of annuitants that accessed the secure area (A) / (B)			
	Score of 20 if total unique visit is unknown	36.5%	34.1%	60.0
Total score				100.0

Contact center: accessibility

Your service score for contact center: accessibility was 33 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 41.



Scoring method	Your data	Peer average	Your score
Access			
+5 If you have a toll-free phone number	Yes	100.0% Yes	5.0
+10 If your call center is open 50 or more hours a week, otherwise 10 - 0.5 for each hour less than 50 hours per week	35 h	44.9 h	2.5
Phone menu layers and wait times			
-10 If a receptionist is the first point of contact	No	0.0% Yes	0.0
+15 If there are none or 1 menu layer, otherwise 10 if 2 layers, 5 if 3 layers or 0 if 4 plus layers	4 layers	2.1 layers	0.0
+5 If your system notify the caller of the expected wait time or their place in the queue for reaching a knowledgeable service representative	Yes	86.7% Yes	5.0
Average time to navigate the menu (A)	30 s		
Average time waiting in queue for a service agent (B)	175 s		
Total wait time	205 s		
+30 If members reach a service agent in 120 seconds or less, otherwise 54 - 0.2 per second to reach a knowledgeable person = (A) + (B)	205 s	646 s	13.0

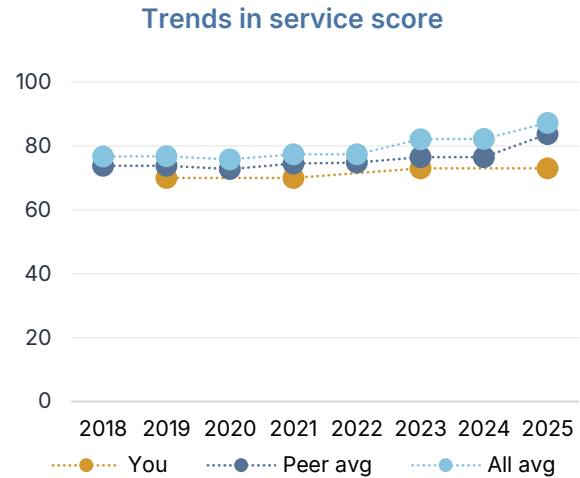
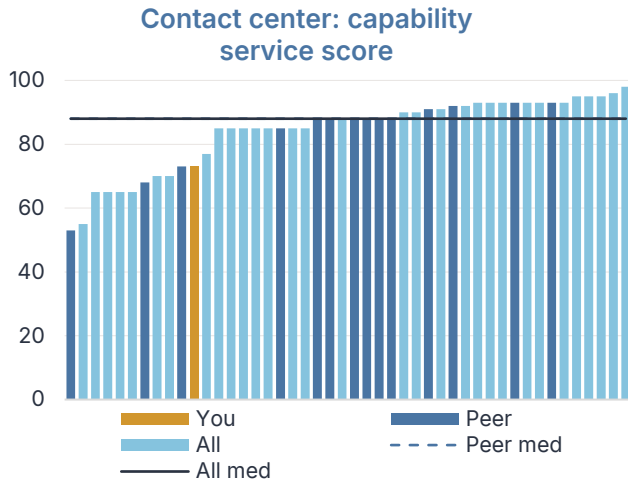
Contact center: accessibility (continued)

Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Undesired call outcomes				
<u>Desired call outcomes</u>				
a) Incoming calls that reach and are responded to by a knowledgeable service representative (i.e., exclude messages, etc.)?		248,098		
c) Incoming calls satisfied by self-serve options, if any?		189,896		
Total desired call outcomes (A)		437,994		
<u>Undesired call outcomes during business hours</u>				
a) Busy signal, never enters the system?		n/a		
b) Caller gets pre-recorded 'call another time' message during business hours?		n/a		
c) Abandoned calls (i.e., caller hangs-up while in a menu)?		16,066		
d) Abandoned calls (i.e., caller hangs-up while in a queue or on hold)?		37,005		
e) Busy signal after navigating an automated attendant menu, or after being transferred by a receptionist?		n/a		
f) Call rings unanswered during business hours?		n/a		
If you have a callback feature, # of callback requests that were not completed		2,691*		
Total undesired call outcomes during business hours (B)		55,762		
Total incoming calls (C = A + B)		491,065		
Undesired outcomes as a percentage of total incoming calls (B / C)		11.4%	20.5%	
+20	If the undesired outcomes rate was 0%, otherwise 20 - undesired outcomes rate X 200 (Minimum of 0)	11.4%	20.5%	0.0
Email turnaround times				
+15	If the wait time is 0.5 days or less, otherwise 15 - 5 for each day over 0.5 days	2.0 days	1.8 days	7.5
Total score				33.0

* Your response was 'unknown'. A default was applied. See 'Appendix D' for details.

Contact center: capability

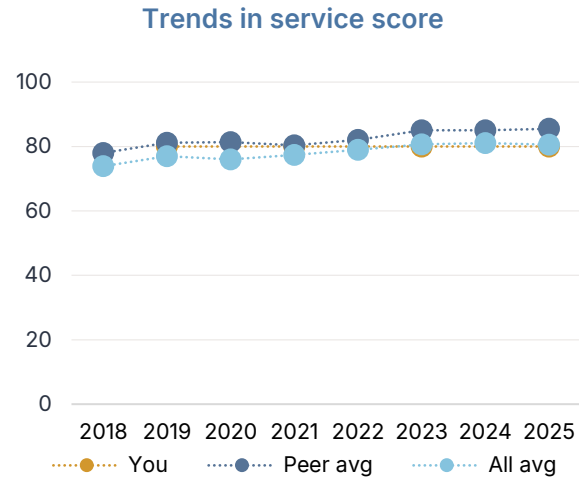
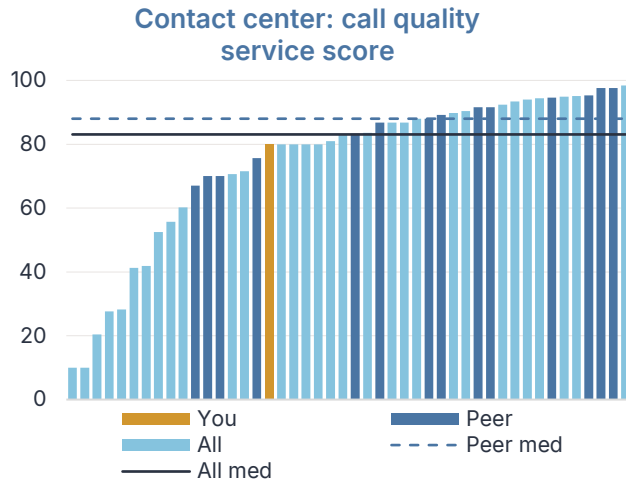
Your service score for contact center: capability was 73 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 88.



Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Workflow system				
If you have a workflow system that provides service agents with real time information about each member's:				
+20	previous calls or emails to the system	Yes	93.3% Yes	20.0
+15	recent online correspondence	Yes	100.0% Yes	15.0
+15	real-time status of open items	Yes	100.0% Yes	15.0
+20	member's use of digital tools	No	73.3% Yes	0.0
+15	beneficiary information	Yes	100.0% Yes	15.0
Other capabilities				
If you offer the following tools to help serve members better:				
+5	co-browsing	No	26.7% Yes	0.0
+5	request a call back online and over the phone, 3 if over the phone only, 2 if online	Both	13.3% Both	5.0
+3	live web chat	Yes	20.0% Yes	3.0
+2	chatbot	No	6.7% Yes	0.0
Total score				73.0

Contact center: call quality

Your service score for contact center: call quality was 80 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 88.

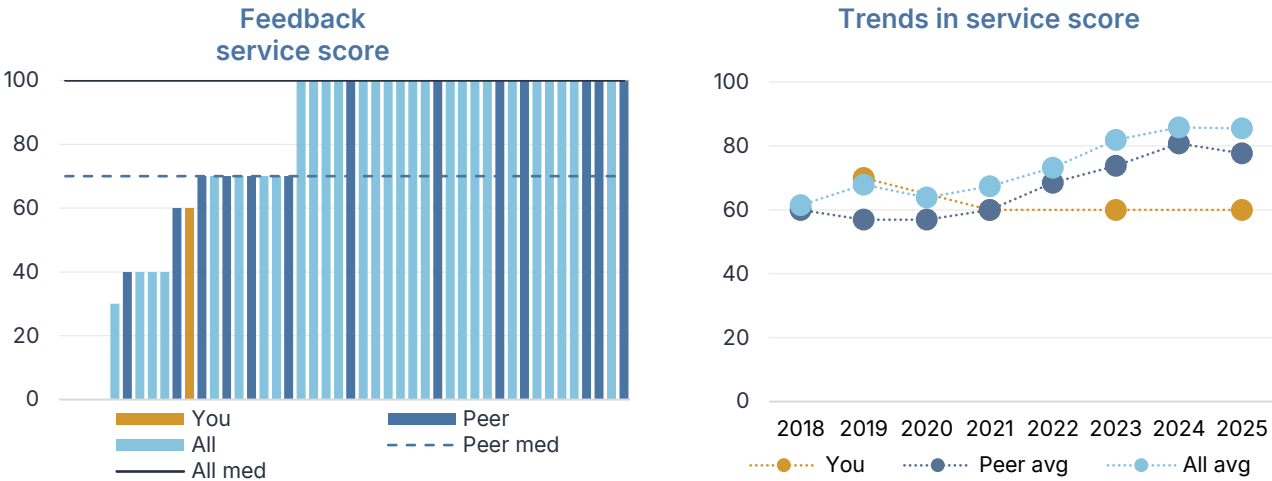


Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
First Contact Resolution				
+30	If 100% of calls are satisfied by their first contact, 0 if 75% or fewer calls are satisfied by the first contact, otherwise $30 - 120 \times (1 - \% \text{ satisfied by the first contact})$ [Subject to a minimum score of 0, and 10 if not measured]	Unknown	88.0%	10.0
Call quality monitoring				
+55	If you review your staff's responses to member calls for coaching purposes 4 or more times per month; otherwise $13.75 \times \# \text{ of times per month you review calls}$	4 times	6.9 times	55.0
+15	If the review is based on listening in on a recording (versus a live call)	Recording	54% Recording	15.0
Total score				80.0

ANNUITANT EXPERIENCE

Feedback

Your service score for feedback was 60 out of 100. This was below the peer median of 70.

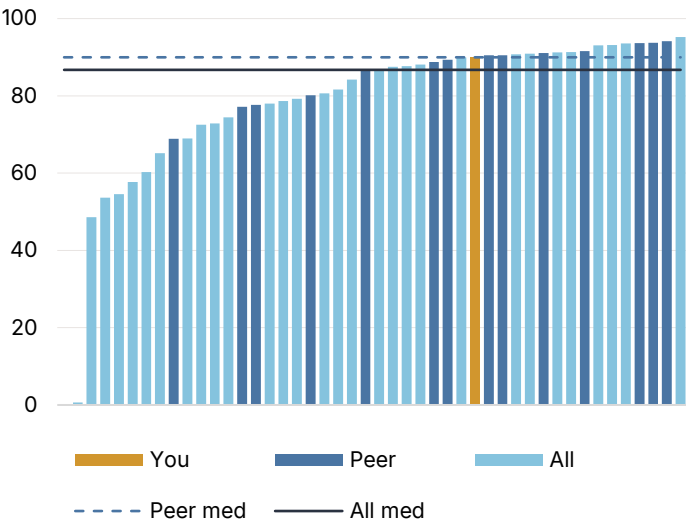


Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score
Member experience surveying				
If you survey member satisfaction, NPS or effort exclusively for each of the following:				
+40	annuitants	No	80.0% Yes	0.0
+30	secure website	Yes	60.0% Yes	30.0
+30	telephone calls	Yes	86.7% Yes	30.0
Total score				60.0

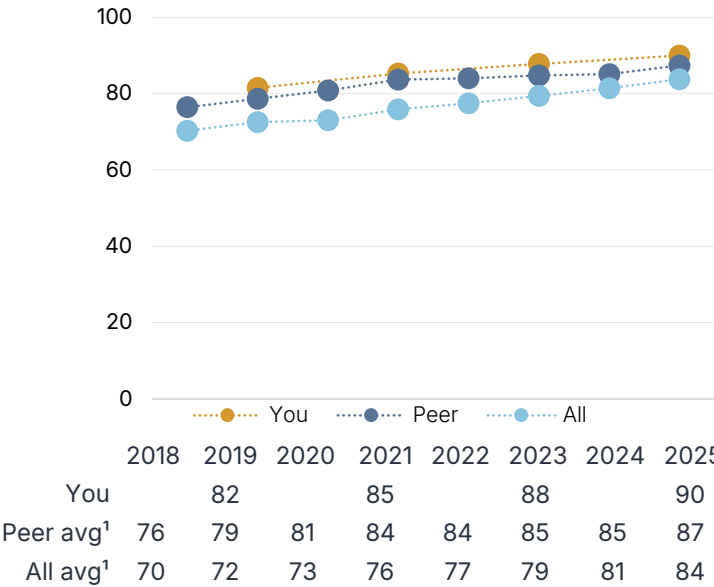
Service score by channel

Member journeys are omni-channel. The channel service scores below extract all relevant metrics from the four member journeys above to calculate a service score out of 100.

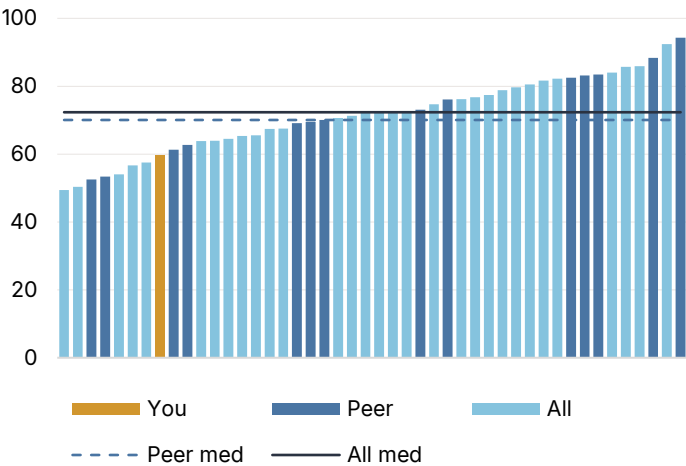
Website service score



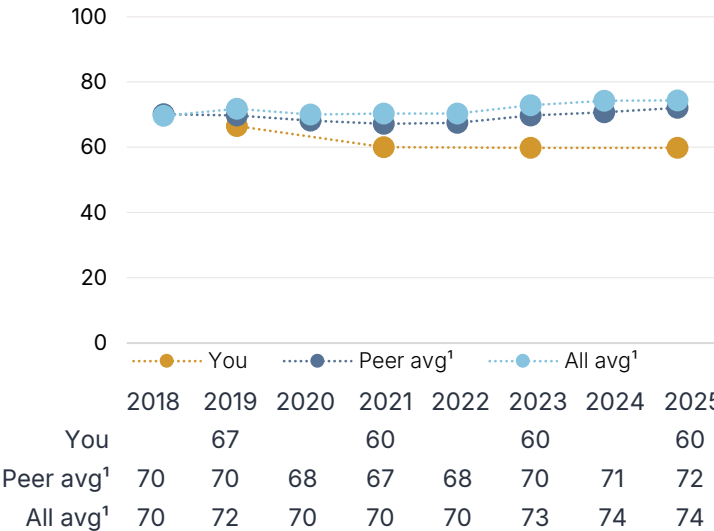
Trends in website service score



Contact center service score



Trends in contact center service score



1. Trend analysis is based on systems that have participated for 8 consecutive years (13 peers and 31 World systems). This ensures that trends are not caused by changes in the composition of the participants.

Website service score

Your website service score is based on the combined website metrics and weights of the four member journeys. Your adjusted service score was 90 out of 100. This was above the peer average of 87.

Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score	Your adjusted score ¹
Access					
If the member's name is prominent on the home page for					
+10	active members	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0	4.5
+10	inactive members	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0	0.5
+10	annuitants	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0	2.3
If you have a secure website accessible for:					
+10	active members	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0	4.5
+10	inactive members	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0	0.5
+10	annuitants	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0	2.3
If the secure member area is customized to only show options relevant to:					
+20	active members	Yes	100.0% Yes	20.0	9.1
+20	inactive members	Yes	100.0% Yes	20.0	0.9
+20	annuitants	Yes	100.0% Yes	20.0	4.5
+60	If 40% or more of your active members accessed the secure area at least once in the past year, otherwise 150 X % of active members that accessed the secure area	25.9%	36.0%	38.8	8.1
+60	If 15% or more of your inactive members accessed the secure area in the past year, otherwise 400 X % of inactive members that accessed the secure area	26.6%	11.9%	60.0	0.0
+60	If 30% or more of your annuitants accessed the secure area in the past year, otherwise 200 X % of annuitants that accessed the secure area	36.5%	34.1%	60.0	13.6

¹Each of these service metrics contributes to your total service score differently, because they may apply to one or more member journeys. For example, a metric that scores you 10 points in the inactive member experience, will give you an adjusted score of 0.5, because the inactive member experience contributes 5% to your total service score.

Website service score

continued

Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score	Your adjusted score ¹
Pension estimate calculator					
+10	If you have an interactive calculator on your website	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0	0.6
+40	If the calculator is linked to member salary and service credit data	Yes	93.3% Yes	40.0	2.4
If your pension estimate calculator allows members to model:					
+5	different retirement start dates	Yes	93.3% Yes	5.0	0.3
+5	salary changes	Yes	93.3% Yes	5.0	0.3
+5	different working percentages (e.g., part-time or early termination)	Yes	86.7% Yes	5.0	0.3
+5	alternative payment options	Yes	86.7% Yes	5.0	0.3
If the calculator provides an estimate showing:					
+10	both gross and net, 4 if gross or net, 0 otherwise	Gross	14.3% Both	4.0	0.2
+10	both monthly and annual, 4 if monthly or annual, 0 otherwise	Monthly	42.9% Both	4.0	0.2
+10	multiple estimates on one page for comparative purposes	Yes	53.3% Yes	10.0	0.6
Self-service					
+40	If a member can submit a retirement application online	Yes	93.3% Yes	40.0	2.4
+15	If more than 50% of your online applications can be completed without without staff intervention	100.0%	58.5% Yes	15.0	0.9
+65	If a member can apply for a transfer-in application online	No	26.7% Yes	0.0	0.0
+20	If a member can apply for a transfer-out application online	Yes	73.3% Yes	20.0	0.1
If members can do the following online:					
+15	change address (Actives, Inactive, Annuitant)	Yes	100.0% Yes	15.0	1.7
+15	change email address (Actives, Inactive, Annuitant)	Yes	100.0% Yes	15.0	1.7
+10	change communication preferences (Actives, Inactive, Annuitant)	Yes	80.0% Yes	10.0	1.2
+10	change beneficiary (Actives, Inactive, Annuitant)	Yes	93.3% Yes	10.0	1.2
+20	If you have a secure portal for members where members can upload documents (Actives, Inactive, Annuitant)	Yes	80.0% Yes	20.0	2.3

¹Each of these service metrics contributes to your total service score differently, because they may apply to one or more member journeys. For example, a metric that scores you 10 points in the inactive member experience, will give you an adjusted score of 0.5, because the inactive member experience contributes 5% to your total service score.

Website service score

continued

Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score	Your adjusted score ¹
Self-service continued					
If members can do the following online:					
+2	change banking information	Yes	100.0% Yes	2.0	0.4
+2	view pension payment gross amounts and deductions	Yes	100.0% Yes	2.0	0.4
+2	change tax withholding amount	Yes	93.3% Yes	2.0	0.4
+2	download tax receipts	Yes	100.0% Yes	2.0	0.4
Availability					
+30	If you offer secure access to both salary and service credit data	Yes	93.3% Yes	30.0	2.4
+25	If salary and service credit data is up-to-date to the most recent pay period	Yes	86.7% Yes	25.0	2.0
+25	If a complete annual history of salary and service credit data since employment began is available	Yes	80.0% Yes	25.0	2.0
+15	If the most recent member statement is available	Yes	93.3% Yes	15.0	1.3
+10	If you have a secure portal for members that includes a history of recent correspondence	No	80.0% Yes	0.0	0.0
Feedback					
+30	If you survey satisfaction or NPS regarding your website	Yes	60.0% Yes	30.0	3.5
Website service score					90.0

¹Each of these service metrics contributes to your total service score differently, because they may apply to one or more member journeys. For example, a metric that scores you 10 points in the inactive member experience, will give you an adjusted score of 0.5, because the inactive member experience contributes 5% to your total service score.

Contact Center service score

Your contact center service score is based on the combined contact center metrics and weights of the four member journeys. Your adjusted service score was 60. This was below the peer average of 72.

Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score	Your adjusted score ¹
Access					
+5	If you have a toll-free phone number	Yes	100.0% Yes	5.0	1.8
+10	If your call center is open 50 or more hours a week, otherwise 10 - 0.5 for each hour less than 50 hours per week	35 h	44.9 h	2.5	0.9
Phone menu layers and wait times					
	If a receptionist is the first point of contact	No	0.0% Yes	0.0	0.0
+15	If there are none or 1 menu layer, otherwise 10 if 2 layers, 5 if 3 layers or 0 if 4 plus layers	4 layers	2.1 layers	0.0	0.0
+20	If the abandonment rate in queue was 0%, otherwise 20 - abandonment rate X 200 (Minimum of 0)	11.4%	20.5%	0.0	0.0
+30	If members reach a service agent in 120 seconds or less, otherwise 54 - 0.2 per second to reach a knowledgeable person	205 s	646 s	13.0	4.6
Workflow system					
	If you have a workflow system that provides service agents with real time information about each member's:				
+15	previous calls or emails to the system	Yes	93.3% Yes	15.0	3.6
+15	recent online correspondence	Yes	100.0% Yes	15.0	3.6
+15	real-time status of open items	Yes	100.0% Yes	15.0	3.6
+15	member's use of digital tools	No	73.3% Yes	0.0	0.0
+15	most recent member statement	Yes	100.0% Yes	15.0	2.5
+10	beneficiary information	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0	2.4
Call center capabilities					
	If you can provide the following on a real-time basis over the phone:				
+10	member's pension estimate	No	66.7% Yes	0.0	0.0
+15	an estimate linked to the member's actual account data	n/a	66.7% Yes	0.0	0.0
+10	alternate annuity payment scenarios	n/a	66.7% Yes	0.0	0.0
+15	an estimate of the cost to purchase service credit	No	60.0% Yes	0.0	0.0

¹Each of these service metrics contributes to your total service score differently, because they may apply to one or more member journeys. For example, a metric that scores you 10 points in the inactive member experience, will give you an adjusted score of 0.5, because the inactive member experience contributes 5% to your total service score.

Contact Center

continued

Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score	Your adjusted score ¹	
Assisted service for all members						
If members can do the following over the phone:						
+10	change address	No	86.7% Yes	0.0	0.0	
+10	change email address	Yes	93.3% Yes	10.0	2.4	
Assisted service for all members except annuitants						
If you can provide the following on a real-time basis over the phone:						
+10	pensionable salary	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0	1.7	
+10	service credit history including gaps	Yes	100.0% Yes	10.0	1.7	
Assisted service for inactive member						
+20	If you can provide a member leaving the plan with their transfer value on a real-time basis over the phone		Yes	86.7% Yes	20.0	0.2
Assisted service for annuitants						
If members can do the following over the phone:						
+2	change banking information	No	20.0% Yes	0.0	0.0	
Other capabilities						
If you offer the following tools to help serve members better:						
+5	co-browsing	No	26.7% Yes	0.0	0.0	
+5	request a call back online and over the phone, 3 if over the phone only, 2 if online	Both	13.3% both	5.0	1.2	
+3	live web chat	Yes	20.0% Yes	3.0	0.7	
+2	chatbot	No	6.7% Yes	0.0	0.0	
First Contact Resolution						
+30	If 100% of calls are satisfied by their first contact, 0 if 75% or fewer calls are satisfied by the first contact, otherwise 30 - 120 X (1 - % satisfied by the first contact) [Subject to a minimum score of 0, and 10 if not measured]		Unknown	88.0% Yes	10.0	2.4

¹Each of these service metrics contributes to your total service score differently, because they may apply to one or more member journeys. For example, a metric that scores you 10 points in the inactive member experience, will give you an adjusted score of 0.5, because the inactive member experience contributes 5% to your total service score.

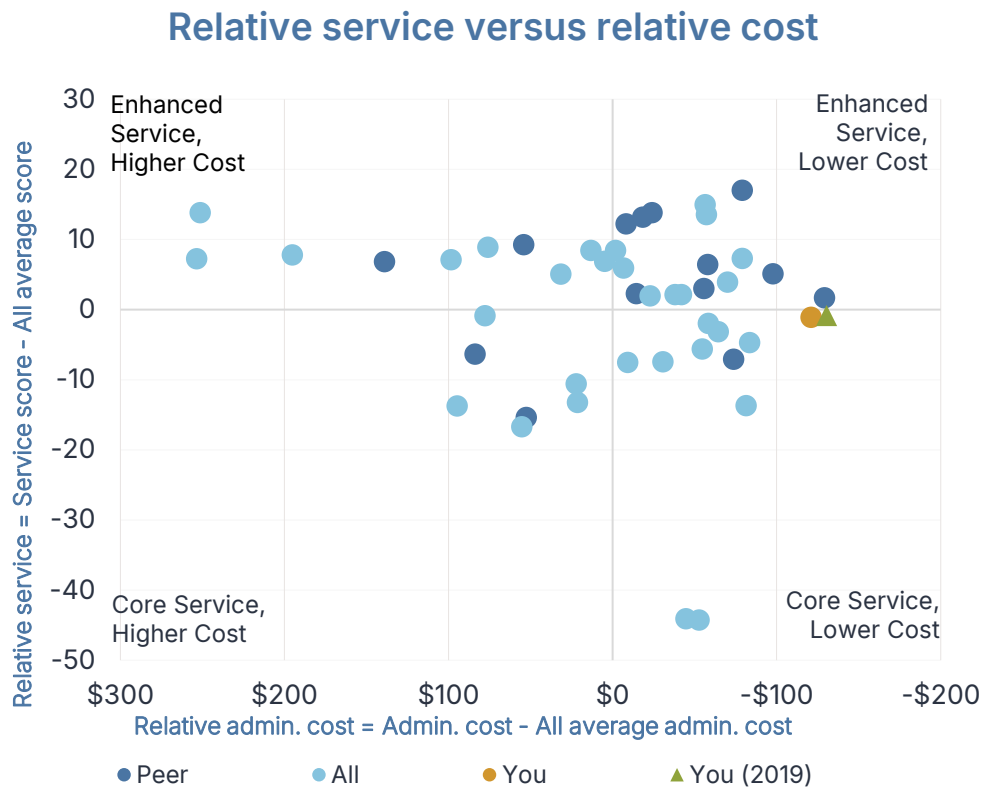
Contact Center

continued

Scoring method		Your data	Peer average	Your score	Your adjusted score ¹
Call quality monitoring					
+55	If you review your staff's responses to member calls for coaching purposes 4 or more times per month; otherwise 13.75 X # of times per month you review calls	4 times	6.9 times	55.0	13.0
+15	If the review is based on listening in on a recording (versus a live call)	Recording	Recording	15.0	3.6
Feedback					
+30	If you survey satisfaction or NPS regarding telephone calls	Yes	92.9% Yes	30.0	7.1
Email turnaround times					
+15	If the wait time is 0.5 days or less, otherwise 15 - 5 for each day over 0.5 days	2 days	1.8 days	7.5	2.7
Contact center service score					59.8

¹Each of these service metrics contributes to your total service score differently, because they may apply to one or more member journeys. For example, a metric that scores you 10 points in the inactive member experience, will give you an adjusted score of 0.5, because the inactive member experience contributes 5% to your total service score.

Relationship between service and pension administration cost



Service scores are not good predictors of costs because:

- Costs are driven much more by the volume of service transactions (e.g., the number of calls, 1-on-1 sessions, presentations, etc.) than they are by their timeliness, availability, or quality.
- Service is partly a function of historic investment in information technology. These historic costs are not always reflected in current administration costs.

Rationale for the weighting scheme

The scoring methodology used to calculate the service scores for each of the four member journeys (shown in detail in this section of the report) is based on many years of discussion between CEM and participating pension systems. We actively seek the input of participants at meetings, workshops and peer conferences. We also complete regular research on topics of interest – and that research helps us refresh the model and reflect new working practices.

The following list reflects the thinking that drives the scoring methodology and the weights:

1 Different member groups have different needs

The services you provide for retiring members are clearly different to the services you provide for inactive members. The scoring reflects the best practices for servicing each of these member groups.

2 Relative volume of each activity

The average system does 25 pension inceptions and receives 617 member calls for every 1,000 active members and annuitants. So, based solely on relative volume, calls are 24.8 times more important than pension inceptions.

3 Expectations based on external experience

Members have various external points of reference to compare some activities, e.g., experience on the telephone where they can compare with their bank, utility providers etc. They rarely have any experience of having a pension set-up though.

4 About the members' money

Nothing gets a member's attention faster than their own money so things like benefit calculators linked to member data and paying pensions are much more important than your booklet.

5 Mission critical

Paying pensions is mission critical. Producing newsletters is not.

6 Volume is a good indicator of quality

If you do a lot of something then you are more likely to be good at it. For example, the more members you meet, the more likely you are to invest in making the experience as complete as possible.

7 Focus on what is material

We could ask a thousand questions about service – but we really want to produce a good indicator of overall service levels without getting too detailed (and without involving your team in a substantial amount of work). We try to get the balance right and focus on what is material.

8 What gets measured gets managed

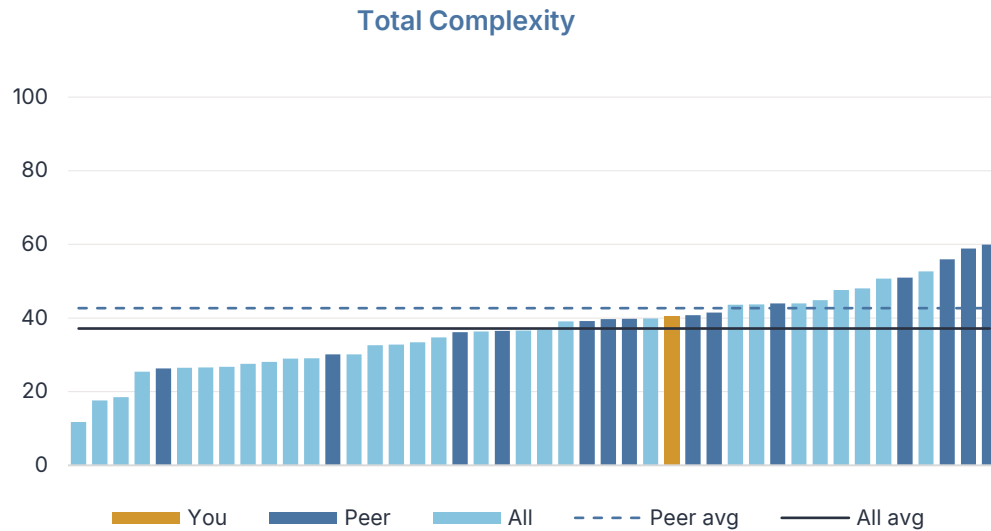
... and what doesn't get measured doesn't get managed. So measure what matters. We penalize plans in the scoring system for failing to measure some things we think are important to members.

Plan Complexity

Total complexity	02
Trends in complexity	03
Complexity by cause	04

Your complexity score was below the peer average.

Your total complexity score was 41. This was below the peer average of 43.



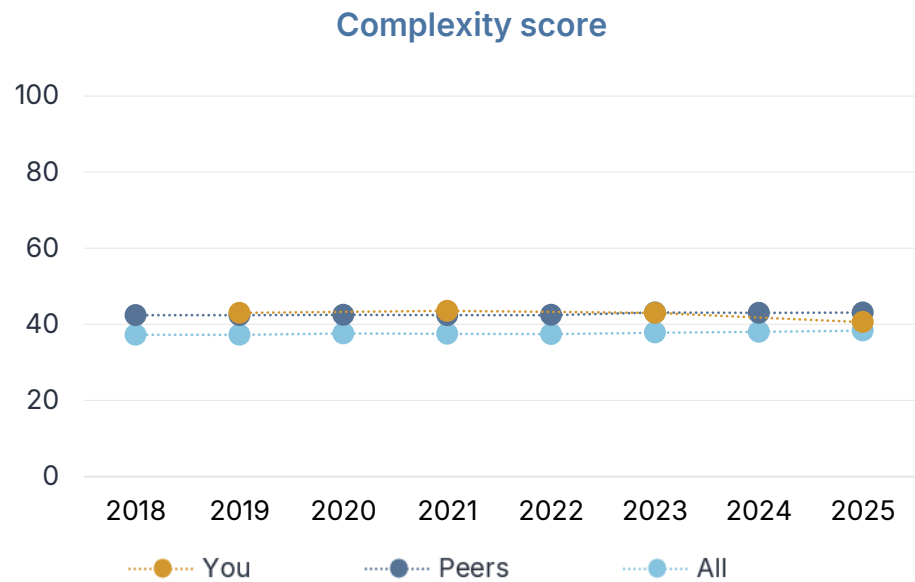
Your total complexity score is the weighted average of your complexity scores by the cause. The causes of complexity are summarized in the table below:

Complexity Scores by Cause				
Cause	Weight	Complexity Score		
		You	Peer avg	All avg*
A Pension Payment Options	15.0%	31	38	39
B Customization Choices	20.0%	34	21	14
C Multiple Plan Types and Overlays	13.0%	10	31	24
D Multiple Benefit Formula	16.0%	64	56	49
E External Reciprocity	3.0%	0	23	25
F COLA Rules	4.0%	4	28	27
G Contribution Rates	3.0%	45	44	35
H Variable Compensation	4.0%	85	85	76
I Divorce Rules	3.0%	55	73	69
J Purchase Rules	6.0%	44	60	58
K Refund Rules	4.0%	73	46	40
L Disability Rules	6.0%	71	69	54
Weighted Average	97.0%	41	43	37

* This section excludes the UK and Dutch funds as they complete a different benchmarking survey.

Trends in complexity

The total complexity score of your peers that participated for 8 consecutive years have grown at a compound annual rate of 0.2% between 2018 and 2025. Your growth rate for the same period is unavailable.



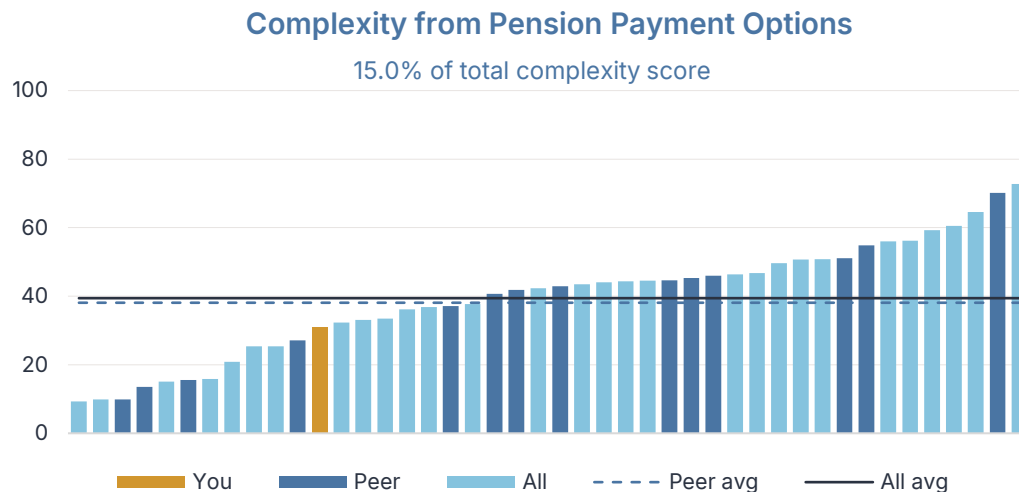
1. Trend analysis is based on systems that have participated for 8-consecutive years (13 peers and 29 World systems). This ensures that trends are not caused by changes in the composition of the participants.

Complexity scoring methodology

CEM's complexity scoring methodology changed in 2018, from a relative measure to absolute. The benefit of using an absolute measure is that your score is only impacted by changes in your plan rules.

Several of the formulas used to calculate complexity use the function $\ln(\# \text{ of rule sets})$. Using $\ln(\# \text{ of rule sets})$ means that every doubling in the number of rule sets results in the same increment in complexity. For example, increasing the number of rules sets for qualifying for retirement from 1 to 2 is assumed to cause the same increment in complexity as increasing from 2 to 4, or from 4 to 8, and so on.

A. Pension Payment Options Complexity



Weight	Relevant Complexity Questions and Scoring	You	Peer avg	All avg
10%	Q117 Do you have a designer option where members can design virtually any actuarially sound cash flow they choose? [Designer options need to be custom priced by an actuary.] <i>Complexity: 100 if yes, otherwise 0.</i>	No 0	7% Yes 7	7% Yes 7
	Q112 Do you offer "joint and survivor" options that are: a) Reduced to Beneficiary Only? [For example, If the beneficiary dies first, then the retiree's pension continues at the same level. However if the retiree dies first then the beneficiary receives a reduced pension (such as 70% for spouse).] b) Reduced to Last Survivor? [For example, if either the retiree or beneficiary dies the survivor receives a reduced pension (such as 70%).] c) "Reversion" or "Pop-up"? [For example, if the beneficiary dies first, the retiree's pension increases to an unmodified level. However, if the retiree dies first the pension does not increase for the surviving beneficiary (and it may decrease).] <i>Complexity: 100 if all 3 types (yes to a, b and c), 85 if both reduced to spouse and reduced to last (yes to a and b), 75 if reversion and either reduced to spouse or reduced to last (yes to c and either a or b), otherwise 0.</i>	Yes No Yes	73% Yes 27% Yes 87% Yes	84% Yes 32% Yes 64% Yes
30%				
10%	Q113 Do you limit the number of Joint and Beneficiary or Survivor percentages (i.e., 100% Survivor, 50% Survivor, etc.)? If you permit an unlimited number of percentages, then your response should be no. a) How many percentages do you permit? <i>Complexity: 100 if unlimited, 0 if none, otherwise $12.7 + 18.3 \times \ln(\text{number of percentages you permit})$ subject to a maximum of 100. i.e., 1 = 12.7, 2 = 25.3, 4 = 38.0, 8 = 50.6, etc. ¹</i>	Yes 2	1 13	1 7
		25	64	55

¹ The logarithmic (ln) function is used extensively in this section to calculate complexity because complexity is not linear. Increasing from 100 to 101 rule sets is a much smaller jump in complexity than increasing from 1 to 2. In effect, the (ln) function says that every doubling in the number of rule sets results in the same increase in complexity. The constant and the coefficient were selected for each rule type such that the maximum number of rule sets reported in 2018 resulted in a complexity score of approximately 95.

A. Pension Payment Options Complexity

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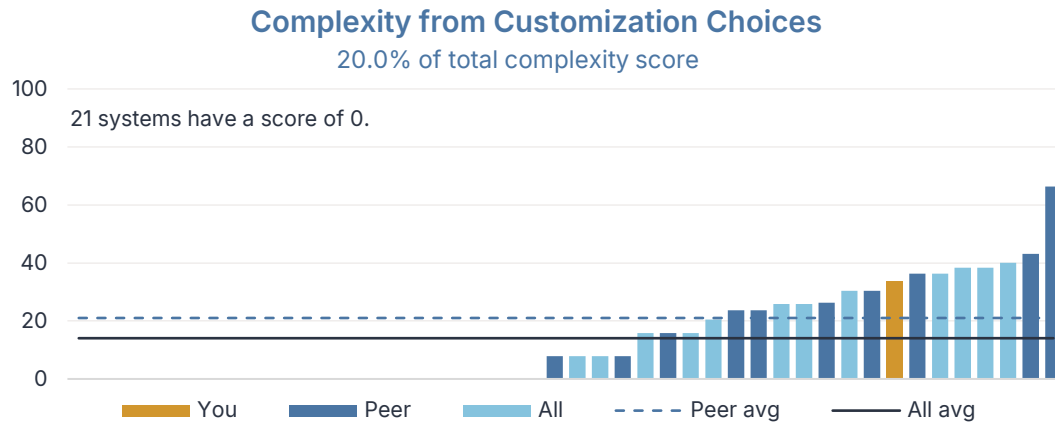
Weight	Relevant Complexity Questions and Scoring	You	Peer avg	All avg
10%	Q122 How many mortality tables do you keep track of for determining joint and survivor or beneficiary options? <i>Complexity: 0 if none, otherwise $10.5 + 15.1 \times \ln(\text{number of mortality tables})$. i.e., 1 = 10.5, 2 = 20.9, 4 = 31.4, 8 = 41.8, etc.</i>	1	26	11
		10	27	23
10%	Q114 Do any of your retirement formula for members explicitly subtract estimated Social Security (or CPP in Canada) when determining the benefit? a) If yes, is this true for all of your members or are some pensions reduced to reflect Social Security and others not? b) If yes, do you have a "Level Income" option for early retirees that pays a higher benefit to members prior to age 65 and then reduces the benefit at age 65 when social security (or CPP in Canada) starts to be paid? <i>Complexity: 50 if you adjust for social security + 25 if you adjust for some members but not all + 25 if you have a level income for early</i>	No	20% Yes	50% Yes
		n/a	0% All	18% All
		n/a	67% Yes	86% Yes
		0	18	46
5%	Q115 Do you have "High/ Low" or "Low/High" options that are not tied to social security? [For example, a retiree might want higher payments for 10 years until a mortgage obligation is repaid, followed by lower <i>Complexity: 100 if yes, otherwise 0.</i>	No 0	13% Yes 13	9% Yes 9
5%	Q116 Do you offer "Annuity Certain" options? [For example, Annuity Certain options provide the annuitant with a monthly benefit for life. If the annuitant dies before a set guarantee period, monthly benefits continue to be paid to a beneficiary for the balance of the guarantee period.] <i>Complexity: 100 if yes, otherwise 0.</i>	No 0	47% Yes 47	61% Yes 61
5%	Q118 Can a member choose between a COLA protected and a non-COLA pension? [The only example we have seen provides a much higher FAS salary base for the non-COLA pension.] <i>Complexity: 100 if yes, otherwise 0.</i>	Yes 100	7% Yes 7	7% Yes 7

A. Pension Payment Options Complexity

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Weight	Relevant Complexity Questions and Scoring	You	Peer avg	All avg
5%	Q119 Do you have a Deferred Retirement Option Plan ("DROP")? [This option allows eligible employees to receive payment of retirement benefits while continuing to work. These payments are usually deposited into a separate account, and the total accumulated value of this account is paid via lump sum to the employee on actual retirement.] <i>Complexity: 100 if yes, otherwise 0.</i>	No 0	20% Yes 20	16% Yes 16
5%	Q120 At retirement, can a member convert: a) Part of his benefit into a partial lump sum payment? b) All of his benefit into a lump sum or commuted value payment? [That can be rolled over to another fund, or investment account, etc.] <i>Complexity: 100 if yes to a or b, 0 if no.</i>	No 0	53% Yes 67	45% Yes 59
5%	Q121 Are members permitted to retire mid-month (in which case they receive a partial pension payment for the remainder of the month) or are they always assumed to retire on a set day (usually the first or the last day) of the month? <i>Complexity: 100 if any day, otherwise 0.</i>	Set Day 0	27% Any 27	41% Any 41
100%	Weighted Average	31	38	39

B. Customization Choices Complexity



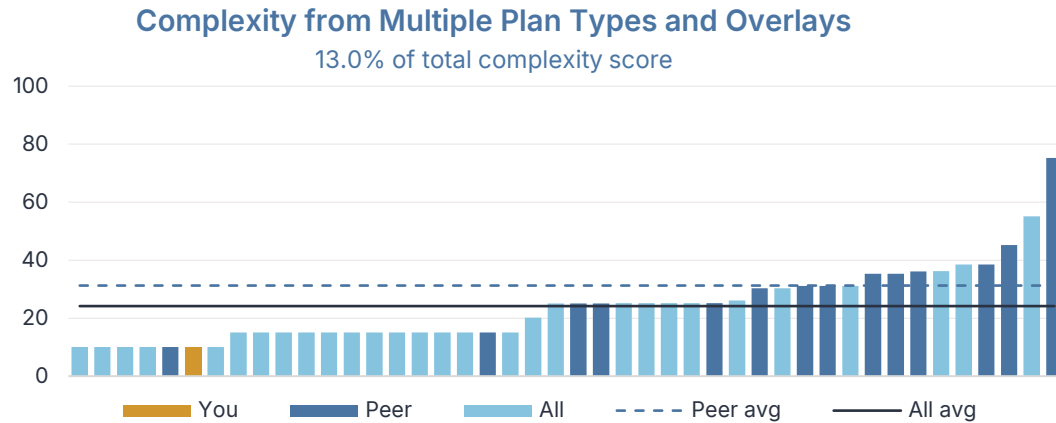
Weight	Relevant Complexity Questions and Scoring	You	Peer avg	All avg
Q153	Can either existing employers, or a new employer joining your system,			
	a) Whether they offer early retirement, or a window of early retirement?	No	27% Yes	18% Yes
	b) Whether or not part-time employees are eligible?	No	13% Yes	11% Yes
	c) Whether employee contributions are paid pre or post tax?	Yes	53% Yes	20% Yes
	d) Whether they pay for employee contributions themselves, or not?	No	53% Yes	25% Yes
	e) Position coverage based on predetermined rule sets? [For example, employers can choose from a list of pre-determined rules sets such as 1.5% X FAS for General and 2.5% X FAS for Law Enforcement. Employers may have flexibility to determine eligibility for each group.]	No	27% Yes	11% Yes
	f) Contribution levels and/ or match rates? [For example, at Texas MRS, employers can choose employee deposit rates of 5%, 6% or 7% and employer match rates of 1 to 1, 1.5 to 1 or 2 to 1. We think this only applies to money match and DC plans because for DB plans the promised benefit determines the contribution.]	No	20% Yes	9% Yes
	g) To pay for one-time improvements in retiree or member benefits? [For example, one fund's employers can elect to pay to improve the money purchase entitlement of their members.]	Yes	27% Yes	16% Yes

B. Customization Choices Complexity

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Weight	Relevant Complexity Questions and Scoring	You	Peer avg	All avg
	Q154 When new employers join your system, do they have the flexibility to customize any of the following items: If yes, indicate the number of standard choices for that item. a) Benefit program multipliers? [i.e., 2% per year of service, 2.5% per year of service, etc.] b) Final salary definition? [i.e., Sick Leave in or out, Final 1 year, Highest 5 consecutive years, etc] c) Retirement eligibility rules? [i.e., age and/or years of service required to retire] d) Cost of living adjustment rules? [i.e., CPI capped at 2%, CPI uncapped, etc] e) Vesting period? f) Service credit purchase categories? g) Death benefit coverage? [i.e., one system has 3 choices: none, \$5,000 and \$10,000] h) Disability coverage rules? i) Choice as to whether and how contributions and benefits are coordinated with social security? j) Other (describe)? Total Customization Choices [Sum of 1 for each yes in Q153 + sum of # of choices in Q154]	n/a	5	4
		n/a	3	3
		n/a	3	3
		n/a	4	3
		n/a	n/a	n/a
		n/a	6	6
		2	4	4
		n/a	4	3
		n/a	2	2
		n/a	17	6
	Total Customization Choices [Sum of 1 for each yes in Q153 + sum of # of choices in Q154]	4	8	4
90%	Complexity: 0 if none, otherwise $8.8 + 12.7 \times \ln(\text{number of customization choices})$. i.e., 1 = 8.8, 2 = 17.6, 4 = 26.4, 8 = 35.1, etc.	26	20	13
	Q155 Can an existing employer change any of the choices (per the question above), effectively creating a new or altered rule set, at any time?	Yes	27% Yes	26% Yes
10%	Complexity: 100 if yes, otherwise 0.	100	27	25
100%	Weighted Average	34	21	14

C. Multiple Plan Types and Overlays Complexity



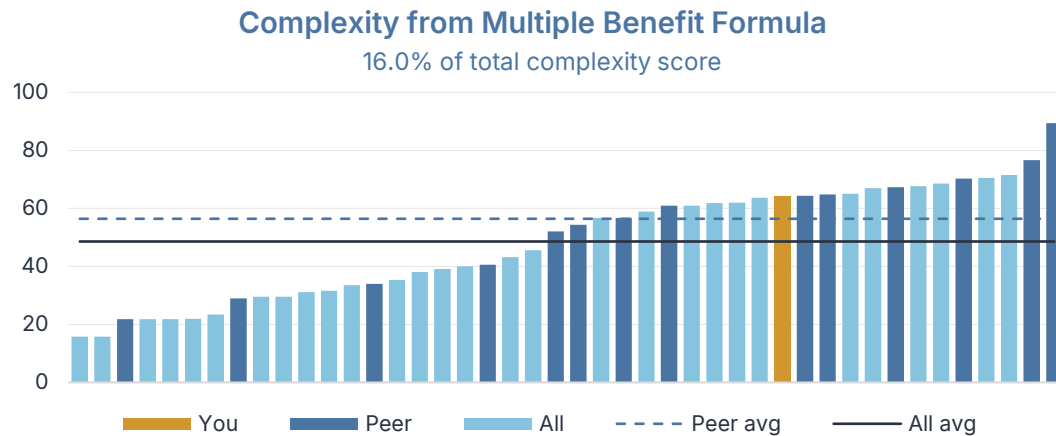
Weight	Relevant Complexity Questions and Scoring	You	Peer avg	All avg
45%	Q102 Which of the following descriptions best describes the non-optional benefit plans that you administer for each of your member groups:			
	a) Traditional Defined Benefit ("DB")?	Yes	93% Yes	98% Yes
	b) DB Cash Balance (aka Money Purchase)?	No	20% Yes	11% Yes
	c) Hybrid DB/ DC Cash Balance?	No	7% Yes	4% Yes
	d) Hybrid DB/ Money Match?	No	7% Yes	2% Yes
	e) DROP savings?	No	7% Yes	9% Yes
	f) Defined Contribution ("DC")?	No	33% Yes	22% Yes
	g) Hybrid DB/ DC?	No	47% Yes	22% Yes
	h) Other (describe)?	No	0% Yes	7% Yes
	Total number of different plan types. Hybrid plans count as 2 types.	1.0	2.7	2.1
	Complexity: 0 if none, otherwise $22.4 + 32.4 \times \ln(\text{number of non-optional benefit plans})$. i.e., 1 = 22.4, 2 = 44.8, 4 = 67.3, 8 = 89.7, etc.	22	49	39

C. Multiple Plan Types and Overlays Complexity

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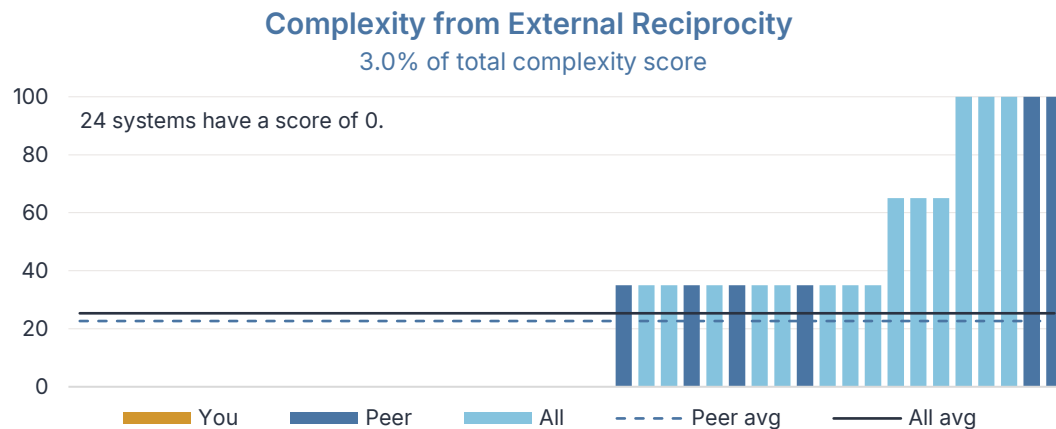
Weight	Relevant Complexity Questions and Scoring	You	Peer avg	All avg
30%	Q103 Do members in any of your defined benefit plan(s) have the option of electing: [These questions are not applicable for DC plans or the DC portion of hybrid DB/DC plans] a) A 'variable investment option' that can increase or decrease the value of a member's future DB pension depending on the investment performance of a 'variable fund'? <i>Complexity: 100 if yes, otherwise 0.</i>	No 0	7% Yes 7	5% Yes 5
10%	b) A 'pension savings overlay'? [Some Dutch systems have this option. The additional contributions are converted into an annuity at retirement. Interest is based on a fixed percentage or on the performance of the pension fund.] <i>Complexity: 100 if yes, otherwise 0.</i>	No 0	27% Yes 27	11% Yes 11
10%	c) To change their contribution rate in order to get either more money at retirement or earlier eligibility to retire? <i>Complexity: 100 if yes, otherwise 0.</i>	No 0	7% Yes 7	5% Yes 5
5%	Q104 Do you have a Highly Compensated Employee replacement benefit program for employees that exceed legal or contractual limits of maximum pensionable earnings? <i>Complexity: 100 if yes, otherwise 0.</i>	No 0	73% Yes 73	70% Yes 70
100%	Weighted Average	10	31	24

D. Multiple Benefit Formula Complexity



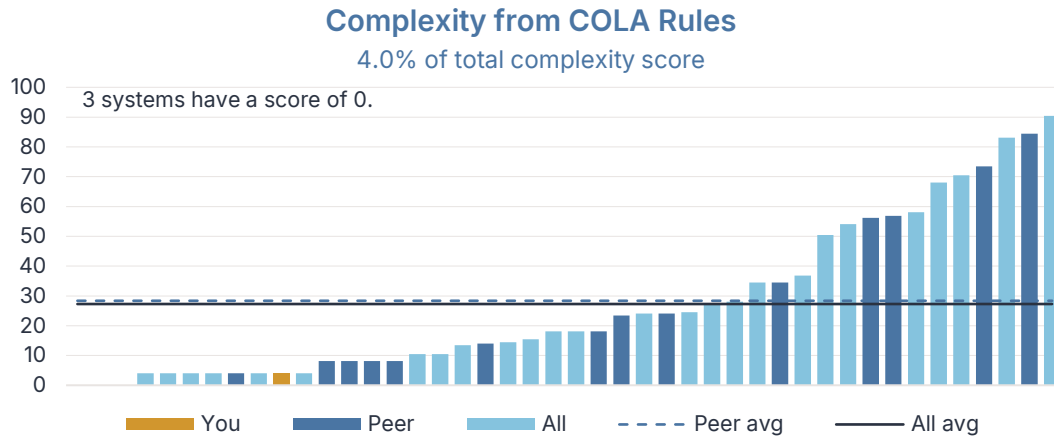
Weight	Relevant Complexity Questions and Scoring	You	Peer avg	All avg
30%	Q126 How many different rule sets do you have that apply to member groups or subsets of a member group for qualifying for an unreduced retirement formula? <i>Complexity: 0 if none, otherwise $12.7 + 18.3 \times \ln(\text{number of rule sets})$. i.e., 1 = 12.7, 2 = 25.3, 4 = 38.0, 8 = 50.6, etc.</i>	9	14	10
		53	51	46
5%	Q127 Can members retire earlier than the age required for an unreduced retirement formula? <i>Complexity: 100 if yes, 0 if no</i>	Yes 100	100% Yes 100	100% Yes 100
20%	Q128 How many different salary definitions could apply in retirement formula calculations? <i>Complexity: 0 if none, otherwise $19.4 + 27.9 \times \ln(\text{number of salary definitions})$. i.e., 1 = 19.4, 2 = 38.7, 4 = 58.1, 8 = 77.4, etc.</i>	5	6	4
		64	60	53
25%	Q129 How many different 'formula percentage' rule sets could apply in unreduced retirement formulas? <i>Complexity: 0 if none, otherwise $12.7 + 18.3 \times \ln(\text{number of 'formula percentage' rule sets})$. i.e., 1 = 12.7, 2 = 25.3, 4 = 38.0, 8 = 50.6, etc.</i>	5	12	8
		42	44	39
20%	Q130 Do you have different employers with different benefit formula? If yes, which of the following happens when a member moves from one employer that you administer to another with a different benefit formula? [For example, moves from PERS to Law Enforcement.]	Yes	73% Yes	55% Yes
	a) Each system uses its own formula and salary data to determine the benefit.	Yes	45% Yes	54% Yes
	b) Each system applies its own formula but uses either the salary earned in the last system, or the highest salary (or salaries) in either system.	Yes	45% Yes	42% Yes
	c) The highest formula will apply.	No	9% Yes	13% Yes
	d) The formula of the plan where the member works last will apply.	Yes	36% Yes	33% Yes
	e) Other (describe).	No	9% Yes	26% Yes
	<i>Complexity: 100 if b or c apply, 80 if d or e, 60 if a, otherwise 0.</i>	100	65	48
100%	Weighted Average	64	56	49

E. External Reciprocity Complexity



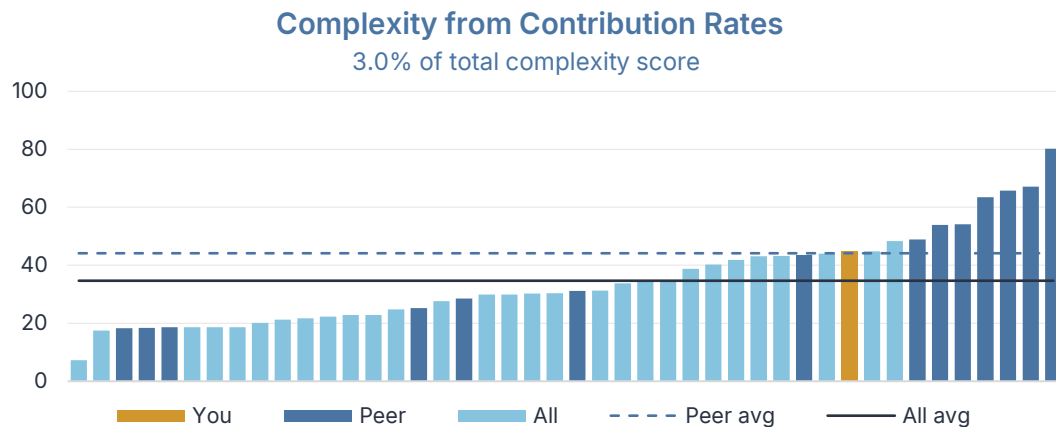
Weight	Relevant Complexity Questions and Scoring	You	Peer avg	All avg
35%	Q131 Do you have agreements with external systems where you both agree to use the member's final salary from the system where the member worked immediately prior to retirement in the benefit calculation? [Otherwise, each system pays the "dual" member a pension benefit based on its own rules for determining the benefit. Neither credit nor money are transferred between systems.] Complexity: 100 if yes, otherwise 0.	No 0	40% Yes 40	39% Yes 39
65%	Q132 Do you have agreements with external Systems where the member may combine internal and external credit to form one joint account? Complexity: 100 if yes, otherwise 0.	No 0	13% Yes 13	18% Yes 18
100%	Weighted Average	0	23	25

F. COLA Rules Complexity



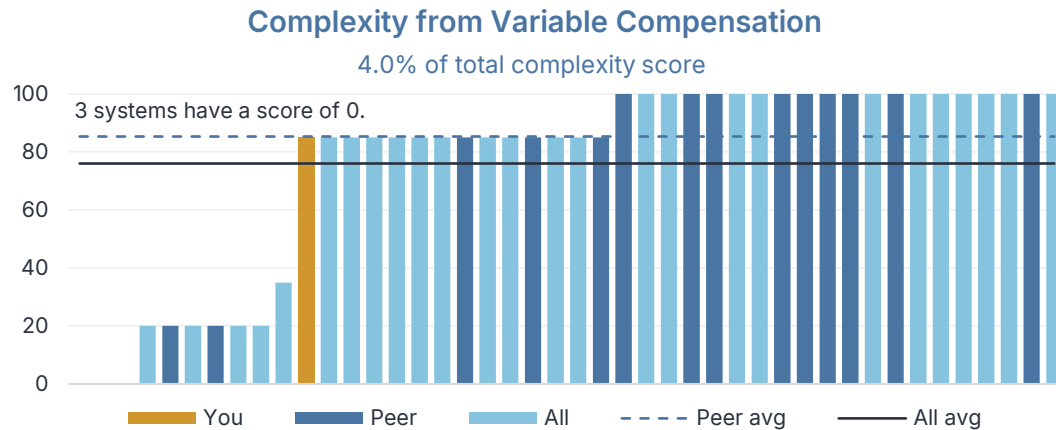
Weight	Relevant Complexity Questions and Scoring	You	Peer avg	All avg
20%	Q123 How many different cost of living adjustment ("COLA") rule sets do you have for retired, and if applicable, inactive members? (These rule sets may be either contractual or legislated.) Complexity: 0 if none, otherwise $20.2 + 29.2 \times \ln(\text{number of COLA rule sets})$. i.e., 1 = 20.2, 2 = 40.4, 4 = 60.6, 8 = 80.8, etc.	1 20	4 50	3 43
40%	Q124 Do you have: a) Cost of living adjustment ("COLA") clauses that carry forward inflation that exceeds a cap (versus no cap or no carry forward or no COLA etc.)? Complexity: 100 if yes, otherwise 0.	No 0	27% Yes 27	25% Yes 25
10%	b) Conditional COLA based on the level of funding? Complexity: 100 if yes, otherwise 0.	No 0	27% Yes 27	34% Yes 34
20%	c) Umbrella legislation that guarantees the purchasing power of an annuitants' pension will not fall below a certain level? [An example of such legislated protection is the PPPA in California.] Complexity: 100 if yes, otherwise 0.	No 0	20% Yes 20	16% Yes 16
5%	Q125 Do you have COLA clauses that increase the base pensionable earnings of inactive members? Complexity: 100 if yes, otherwise 0.	No 0	13% Yes 13	25% Yes 25
5%	a) If yes, are these COLA increases the same as they are for annuitants? Complexity: 100 if yes, otherwise 0.	n/a 0	50% Yes 7	64% Yes 16
100%	Weighted Average	4	28	27

G. Contribution Rates Complexity



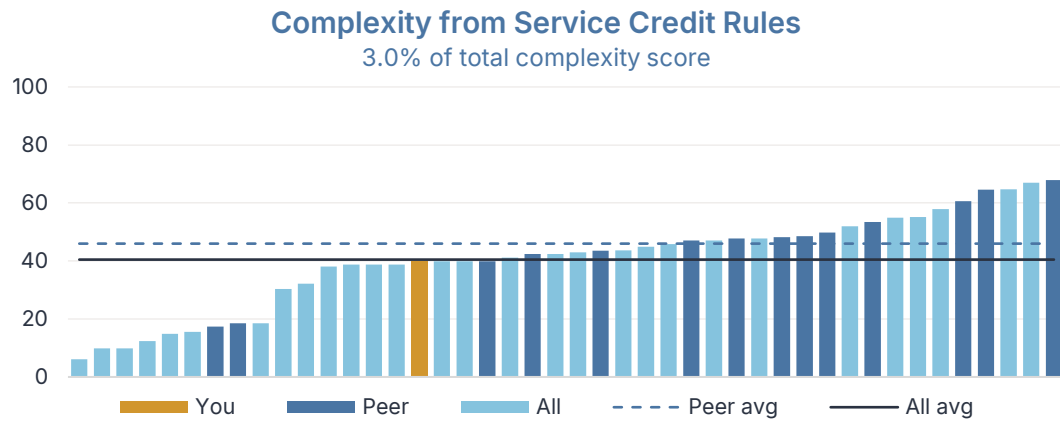
Weight	Relevant Complexity Questions and Scoring	You	Peer avg	All avg
40%	Q156 How many different contribution percentages do you collect from: a) Employers? [For example, single member group systems may have only one contribution percentage whereas some multi-plan systems may collect numerous different contribution rates from various participating employers.] <i>Complexity: 0 if none, otherwise $7.3 + 10.5 \times \ln(\text{number of contribution percentages collected from employers})$. i.e., 1 = 7.3, 2 = 14.6, 4 = 21.9, 8 = 29.2, etc.</i>	89	938	717
	b) Members? <i>Complexity: 0 if none, otherwise $10.8 + 15.5 \times \ln(\text{number of contribution percentages collected from members})$. i.e., 1 = 10.8, 2 = 21.5, 4 = 32.3, 8 = 43.0, etc.</i>	55	49	34
40%		2	8	6
		22	34	33
17%	Q157 Which of the following payment methods for employee contributions occur in the plans that you administer: a) No employee contributions? b) Employer pays their part and also the employee contributions? c) Employer withholds employee contributions pre-tax from their salary? d) Employer withholds employee contributions post-tax from their salary? <i>Complexity: 100 if all 4 methods are possible, 66 if 3 methods, 33 if 2 methods, 0 if 1 method.</i>	Yes No Yes Yes	40% Yes 60% Yes 100% Yes 73% Yes	34% Yes 48% Yes 95% Yes 36% Yes
		66	57	38
3%	Q158 Do you have any other contributions in addition to the regular employee and employer contributions? [For example, Ohio SERS collects a surcharge for members who earn less than a minimum compensation amount.] <i>Complexity: 100 if yes, otherwise 0.</i>	Yes	47% Yes	55% Yes
		100	47	55
100%	Weighted Average	45	44	35

H. Variable Compensation Complexity



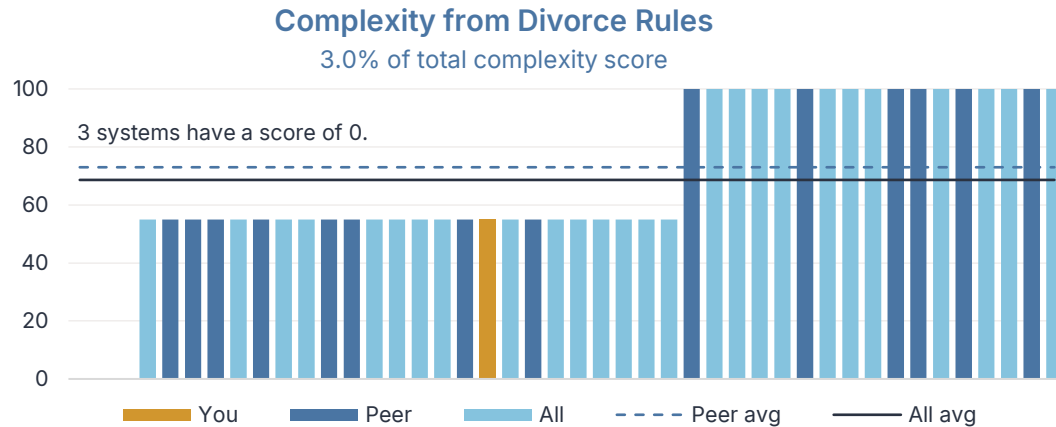
Weight	Relevant Complexity Questions and Scoring	You	Peer avg	All avg
20%	Q151 Indicate which of the following forms of variable compensation are paid in your system. And, if paid, indicate whether all, some or none of that type of variable compensation is included in pensionable earnings.			
	a) Bonuses?	Yes	80% Yes	75% Yes
	b) Allowances, such as remote location pay or 'high risk' duty allowance or a car allowance?	Yes	87% Yes	75% Yes
	c) Overtime pay?	Yes	93% Yes	86% Yes
65%	d) Commissions or similar payments such as fees paid to sheriffs for process serving?	No	33% Yes	32% Yes
	<i>Complexity: 100 if variable compensation is paid in your system,</i>	100	100	93
	If yes, is all, some or none of it included in pensionable earnings?			
	a) Bonuses?	Some	9% All	13% All
15%	b) Allowances, such as remote location pay or 'high risk' duty allowance or a car allowance?	Some	8% All	10% All
	c) Overtime pay?	All	65% All	48% All
	d) Commissions or similar payments such as fees paid to sheriffs for process serving?	n/a	41% All	29% All
	<i>Complexity: 100 if some types of variable compensation paid are included and some are not (i.e., either any of the above is 'some' or there is a mix of 'all' and 'none'), otherwise 0.</i>	100	87	77
15%	Q152 When determining a member's pensionable earnings does a cap on salary increases apply?	No	60% Yes	48% Yes
	<i>Complexity: 100 if yes, 0 if no</i>	0	60	48
100%	Weighted Average	85	85	76

I. Service Credit Rules Complexity



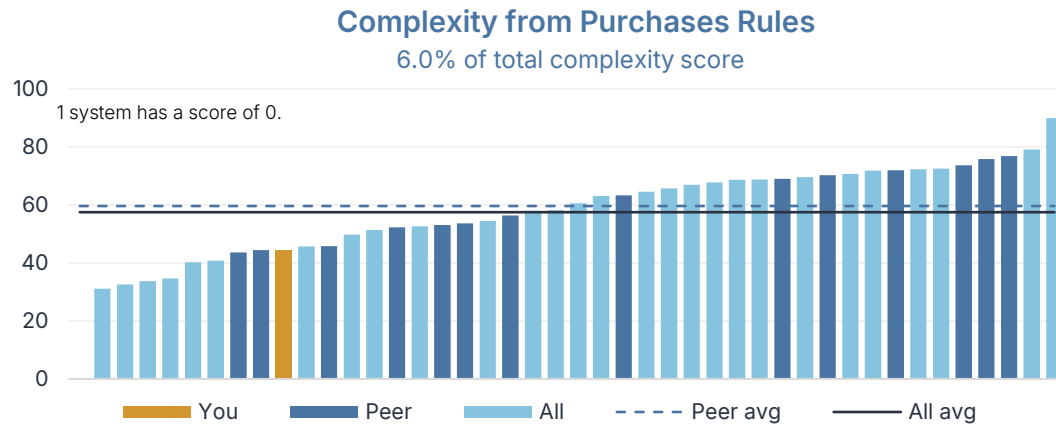
Weight	Relevant Complexity Questions and Scoring	You	Peer avg	All avg
30%	Q133 How many different definitions do you have for a "full year" of service credit? <i>Complexity: 0 if none, otherwise $12.4 + 17.9 \times \ln(\text{number of 'full year' service credit definitions})$. i.e., 1 = 12.4, 2 = 24.9, 4 = 37.3, 8 = 49.7, etc.</i>	5	4	5
		41	35	30
30%	Q134 Does your system have more than one payroll year for determining service credit? a) If yes, how many different payroll years exist in your system? <i>Complexity: 0 if none, otherwise $16.1 + 23.2 \times \ln(\text{number of payroll years})$. i.e., 1 = 16.1, 2 = 32.2, 4 = 48.2, 8 = 64.3, etc.</i>	Yes	27% Yes	30% Yes
		9	7	6
		67	14	14
5%	Q135 How many different vesting periods do you have that apply to active members? [Your answer should be 0 if you have immediate vesting. Most North American systems have only one.] <i>Complexity: 0 if none, otherwise $23.8 + 34.3 \times \ln(\text{number of vesting periods})$. i.e., 1 = 23.8, 2 = 47.5, 4 = 71.3, 8 = 95.0, etc.</i>	2	3	2
		48	48	43
30%	Q136 b) Casual/ temporary/ intermittent/ seasonal employees to be members? [An example of a "temporary" employee is an infrequent substitute teacher.] <i>Complexity: 100 if yes, otherwise 0.</i>	No	80% Yes	68% Yes
		0	80	68
5%	Q137 Are you sometimes asked by employers to determine the eligibility of members? <i>Complexity: 100 if yes, otherwise 0.</i>	Yes	93% Yes	91% Yes
		100	93	91
100%	Weighted Average	40	46	40

J. Divorce Rules Complexity



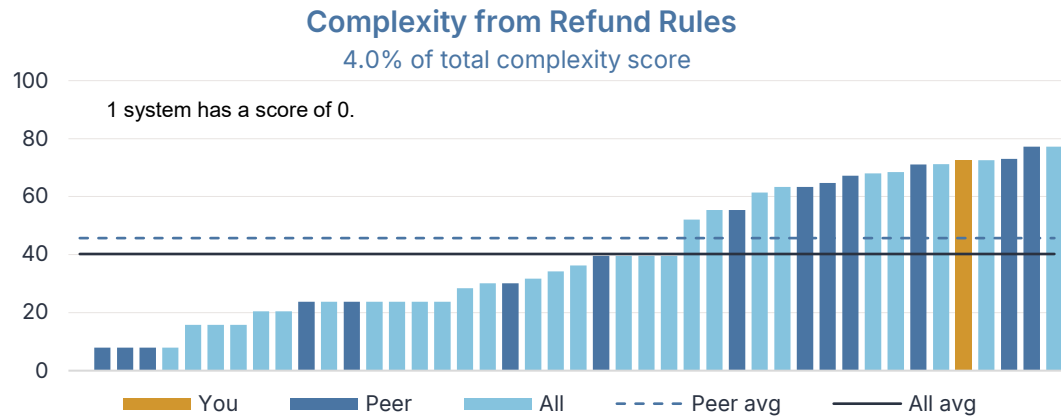
Weight	Relevant Complexity Questions and Scoring	You	Peer avg	All avg
100%	Q164 Choose the statement that best describes how divorce settlements for active members (or divorce decrees or QDROS, or QILDROS, or Division of Benefit Orders, etc.) impact your system. If you have different rules for different plans, choose the statement that applies to the largest number of cases. a) Minimal impact. Law prevents you from paying the pension to anybody except the member and the member's specified beneficiaries. b) Minimal impact unless children are involved. With children you may be required to redirect payment. c) A portion of the pension is paid to the ex-spouse, but ONLY when the member begins receiving benefits. d) A portion of the pension is paid to the ex-spouse. The ex-spouse can initiate the pension at a time different than the member provided that eligibility conditions are met. e) Other (describe) Complexity: 100 if yes to d, 55 if yes to c or e, 5 if yes to b, otherwise 0.	No No Yes No No 55	0% Yes 7% Yes 0% Yes 0% Yes 67% Yes 57% Yes 40% Yes 39% Yes 13% Yes 20% Yes 73	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes 69
100%	Weighted Average	55	73	69

K. Purchase Rules Complexity



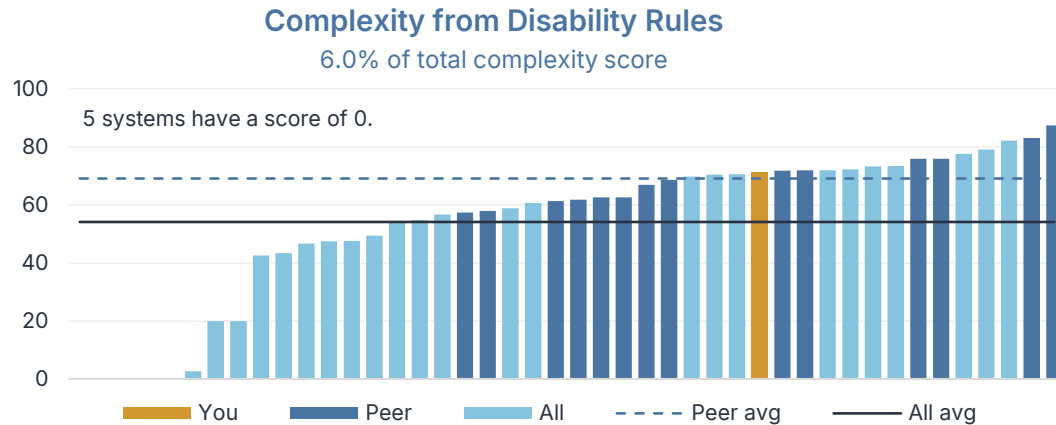
Weight	Relevant Complexity Questions and Scoring	You	Peer avg	All avg	
25%	Q138 Indicate each of the payment methods you permit for service credit purchases and upgrades: a) Rollover from tax qualified plans such as 401(a) or 401(k) or Conduit IRA or KEOGH in the US; or RRSP plans in Canada? b) Lump sum payments from members? c) Installment payments direct from members? d) Installment payments via payroll deduction through employers? <i>Complexity: 10 if rollover + 10 if lump sum direct from member + 40 if installment direct from member + 40 if installment through payroll deduction.</i>	Yes 100% Yes 98% Yes Yes 100% Yes 98% Yes No 53% Yes 66% Yes No 60% Yes 55% Yes	20	65	68
25%	Q139 How many different service credit purchase categories do you have with different definitions and/or eligibility requirements? <i>Complexity: 0 if none, otherwise $14.1 + 20.3 \times \ln(\text{number of service credit purchase categories})$. i.e., 1 = 14.1, 2 = 28.1, 4 = 42.2, 8 = 56.3,</i>	7	16	14	
		54	66	62	
25%	Q140 How many different service credit purchase calculation formula or methodologies do you have? <i>Complexity: 0 if none, otherwise $18.1 + 26.1 \times \ln(\text{number of service credit purchase formulas})$. i.e., 1 = 18.1, 2 = 36.2, 4 = 54.3, 8 = 72.4, etc.</i>	4	7	6	
		54	64	60	
25%	Q141 Are your service credit purchase rules (category definitions, eligibility requirements and calculation methodologies): a) Essentially identical for all your members? b) Similar for all member groups, albeit with some differences? c) Very different for different member groups? <i>Complexity: 100 if very different for all member groups, 50 if some differences between member groups, otherwise 0.</i>	No 21% Yes 33% Yes Yes 73% Yes 57% Yes No 7% Yes 12% Yes	50	43	40
100%	Weighted Average	44	60	58	

L. Refund Rules Complexity



Weight	Relevant Complexity Questions and Scoring	You	Peer avg	All avg
67%	Q142 Do you pay a one-time death payment when a member, retiree or the retiree's beneficiary dies (separate from the survivor pension)?	Yes	60% Yes	57% Yes
	a) If yes, how many different one-time death payment rule sets do you have? [i.e., \$5,000, \$2,000 etc.]	6	4	4
	Complexity: 0 if none, otherwise $23.8 + 34.3 \times \ln(\text{number of one-time death payment rule sets})$. i.e., 1 = 23.8, 2 = 47.5, 4 = 71.3, 8 = 95.0, etc.	85	42	35
33%	Q143 How many different refund formulas do you have?	2	3	3
	Complexity: 0 if none, otherwise $23.8 + 34.3 \times \ln(\text{number of refund formulas})$. i.e., 1 = 23.8, 2 = 47.5, 4 = 71.3, 8 = 95.0, etc.	48	54	51
100%	Weighted Average	73	46	40

M. Disability Rules Complexity



Weight	Relevant Complexity Questions and Scoring	You	Peer avg	All avg
20%	Q37 Do you administer: a) Long-term disability/ disability pensions? <i>Complexity: 100 if you administer, otherwise 0.</i>	Yes 100	100% Yes 100	86% Yes 86
10%	Q149 How many different rule sets with different definitions or benefits do you have that apply to member groups or subsets of a member group for: a) Long-term disability/ disability pensions? <i>Complexity: 0 if none, otherwise $13.3 + 19.2 \times \ln(\text{number of long-term disability/disability pension rule sets})$. i.e., 1 = 13.3, 2 = 26.6, 4 = 39.9, 8 = 53.1, etc.</i>	7 51	11 43	7 32
5%	Q37 Do you administer: b) Short-term disability? Q149 How many different rule sets with different definitions or benefits do you have that apply to member groups or subsets of a member group for: b) Short-term disability (if you administer it yourself)? <i>Complexity: 0 if none, otherwise $19.8 + 28.5 \times \ln(\text{number of short-term disability rule sets})$. i.e., 1 = 19.8, 2 = 39.5, 4 = 59.3, 8 = 79.0, etc.</i>	No n/a 0	13% Yes 2 4	7% Yes 1 3
10%	Q39 Do you cover non-occupational disability? [Some systems only cover disabilities that happen at work.] a) If yes, does either the amount paid or the taxation of the disability benefit vary depending on whether the disability is occupational versus non-occupational? <i>Complexity: 100 if you have to determine whether or not the disability occurred at work and you have an independent decision process, otherwise 0.</i>	Yes No 0	100% Yes 60% Yes 60	97% Yes 54% Yes 45

M. Disability Rules Complexity

page 2 of 3

Weight	Relevant Complexity Questions and Scoring	You	Peer avg	All avg
10%	Q111 b) Check income of disabled members after they have started receiving disability payments? <i>Complexity: 100 if yes, otherwise 0.</i>	Yes 100	93% Yes 93	67% Yes 64
10%	Q145 Will you pay a disabled member that returns to work at a salary lower than they previously earned: a) The difference between his old salary (or their old disability benefit) and their new lower salary? b) An amount that is potentially greater than the difference between their old salary and their new lower salary? <i>Complexity: 100 if yes to b, 80 if yes to a, otherwise 0.</i>	Yes No 80	33% Yes 7% Yes 28	20% Yes 8% Yes 18
15%	Q146 How do you determine whether a member qualifies for long-term disability/ disability pension: c) Process independent of social security, worker's compensation and employer decisions? [For example, many systems use independent internal processes or medical review boards or medical consultants.] <i>Complexity: 100 if yes, otherwise 0.</i>	Yes 100	100% Yes 100	88% Yes 82
10%	Q147 Which of the following descriptions best describes the MINIMUM level of disability necessary to be eligible for a long-term disability/ disability pension: [If you have different plans with different definitions, choose the definition that applies to the largest number of cases.] a) Disabling injury or illness that prevents you from performing your current job duties (even though you might be able to perform other jobs) and expected to be permanent (or for some systems - persist longer than 6 or 12 months)? b) Disabling injury or illness that prevents the member from performing current and 'other' jobs that he/she is qualified for and/or can become qualified to do in a reasonable period of time and expected to be permanent (or for some systems - persist longer than 6 or 12 months)? [Sometimes but not always the 'other job' is defined as not able to earn a certain level (i.e., 75%) of pre-disability earnings.] c) Totally and permanently incapacitated and member is not reasonably expected to recover from disabling medical condition or not expected to ever work again? d) Other (describe)? <i>Complexity: If your decision process is independent (i.e., yes to c), then 100 if yes to b, 90 if yes to a, 50 if yes to c, 25 if yes to d, otherwise 0.</i>	Yes No No 90	53% Yes 20% Yes 7% Yes 81	56% Yes 18% Yes 32% Yes 14% Yes 66

M. Disability Rules Complexity

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Weight	Relevant Complexity Questions and Scoring	You	Peer avg	All avg
5%	Q148 If you administer short-term disability: a) Are the short-term and long-term disability/ disability pension processes closely entwined? [i.e., difficult to distinguish between costs of long-term/disability pensions and short term disability, same staff do both, similar approval processes.]	n/a	29% Yes	19% Yes
	b) Are the disability definitions, other than the expected duration of disability, the same for both long-term and short-term disability? [For example, the only difference between the definition of long-term/ disability pensions and short-term disability at some systems is the disabling injury or illness is expected to last longer than 12 months for long-term.]	n/a	0% Yes	10% Yes
	c) Are there materially different approval processes for short-term and long-term disability/ disability pensions?	n/a	29% Yes	9% Yes
	<i>Complexity: 100 if different definitions and approval processes (i.e., no to b and yes to c), 75 if approval processes or definitions are very different (either no to b or yes to c), otherwise 0.</i>	0	13	5
5%	Q150 Do you reduce payments if the member qualifies or receives:			
	a) Disability social security?	Yes	53% Yes	36% Yes
	b) Worker's compensation?	Yes	67% Yes	43% Yes
	c) Other public funds (i.e., federal military disability)?	Yes	27% Yes	10% Yes
	d) Income protection plans/other disability insurance?	No	20% Yes	10% Yes
	e) Employer sick leave and annual leave pay?	Yes	33% Yes	23% Yes
	f) Unemployment compensation?	No	27% Yes	15% Yes
	g) Income from other employment?	Yes	67% Yes	50% Yes
5%	h) Other (describe)?	No	21% Yes	16% Yes
	Total yes responses for disability coordination	5	3	2
	<i>Complexity: 0 if none, otherwise $25.0 + 36.1 \times \ln(\text{number of disability coordination categories})$. i.e., 1 = 25.0, 2 = 50.0, 4 = 75.0, 8 = 100.0, etc.</i>	83	55	35
100%	Weighted Average	71	69	54

Voice of the Customer (VoC)

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The VoC Framework

CEM has worked with participating pension systems to develop a VoC Framework ("the Framework") to standardise how feedback is obtained from members.

The Framework enables the consistent measurement of member and employer feedback across pension systems.

By measuring experience from the customers' perspective, and cross referencing with other metrics (for example CEM's service score) and other pension systems, participants can identify operational improvements that deliver better outcomes for members.

Key elements of the VoC Framework

Focused

Surveying should be activity specific and targeted only to members that experienced the activity (where appropriate). General member perception surveys should be directed only to members that experienced some contact with the pension scheme in the reporting period.

Participants are at liberty to ask whatever follow-up or additional questions they wish. Only the response on the questions listed is reported and compared.

Mechanics of Surveying

Systems are at liberty to use the approach that works best for them, e.g., end-of-call surveys, emails, web pop-ups or paper surveys.

Timescales for Surveying

Surveys should be sent within two weeks of the conclusion of the activity (or across the year for general member / employer perception). In practice, some surveys may be immediate, e.g., at the end of a telephone call.

Sampling

The selection of survey recipients should not deliberately or wilfully be biased to any membership cohort, demographic or timeline.

It is understood and accepted that there may be natural biases in the sample, e.g., 90% of retirees in a period might be of one gender. Participants should not deliberately select against the universe however when choosing which members / employers to survey or when to survey. For example, when submitting data annually, the data must reflect experience over that year, not for a period in the year when things were going well.

It is expected and understood that some members might be excluded from the selection where there is some sensitivity in the interaction. For example, it would be reasonable to exclude members that have experienced a divorce.

Questions and Scales

The Framework specifies the following activities, questions and scales.

Activity	Question	Scale
Secure website	How easy was it for you to use our secure website?	1. <i>Very difficult</i> 2. <i>Difficult</i> 3. <i>Neutral</i> 4. <i>Easy</i> 5. <i>Very easy.</i>
Telephone calls	How satisfied were you with the service you received on the telephone [today / when you called]?	1 <i>Very Dissatisfied</i> 2. <i>Dissatisfied</i> 3. <i>Neutral</i> 4. <i>Satisfied</i> 5. <i>Very Satisfied</i>
Retirement (from active)	Thinking about your retirement, how satisfied were you with the overall service you received from the administrator?	
Retirement (from deferred)	Thinking about your retirement, how satisfied were you with the overall service you received from the administrator?	
New members	How satisfied are you with the information provided to you on joining the administrator?	
General member perception	How satisfied are you with the overall service you have received from the administrator?	
General employer perception	How satisfied are you with the overall service you have received from the administrator?	

'Optimized' versus 'Directional' data and results

Systems are encouraged to adopt the Framework in full, applying the methodology, questions and scales precisely to Optimize comparisons.

However, not every pension scheme that benchmarks with CEM has adopted the Framework, though some run similar feedback surveys. The questions they ask, and the approach they take, are sometimes similar to those proposed by the Framework.

Pension systems that partially implement the Framework, or use similar questions or metrics, can still potentially compare results. We treat the data from those systems as 'directional'. Applying the Framework precisely enables comparisons with other 'optimized' users.

To be treated as optimized the participating scheme must ensure that:

- The first question in its survey is verbatim per the Framework.
- A 5 point scale is used.
- They obtain 40 responses (for statistical validity).

Directional data should be:

- Activity specific per the Framework (e.g., asking members that called about their experience on the telephone)
- Based on a single question that is closely related to the Framework question.

CEM reserves the right to exclude data where we don't feel that the questions, approach or scales are aligned with the Framework (i.e., don't meet a reasonable threshold to be treated as directional).

Optimized and directional data sets are identified separately in the analysis.

Net Score

A 'net score' is sometimes considered better than an 'average score' because it focuses on advocacy for the pension administration team. It is a widely recognised and benchmarked metric.

The CEM net score is calculated by subtracting the percentage of 'promoters' from the percentage of 'detractors'. So, using a 5 points scale:

- Promoters are members who scored a 5.
- Passives are members who scored a 4.
- Detractors are members who scored a 1, 2, or 3.

VoC results: Telephone Calls

Framework question:

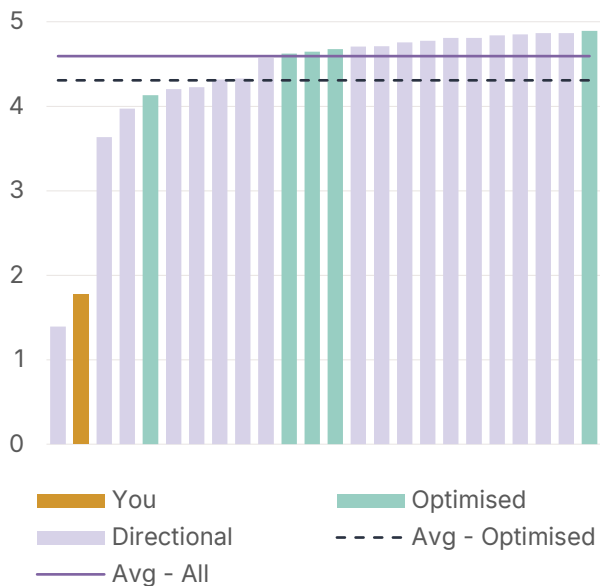
How satisfied were you with the service you received on the telephone [today / when you called]?

You did not use the Framework question verbatim. Your equivalent question was : Would you hire the person who assisted you today? Press 1 for yes. Press 2 for no.

Your data is directional.

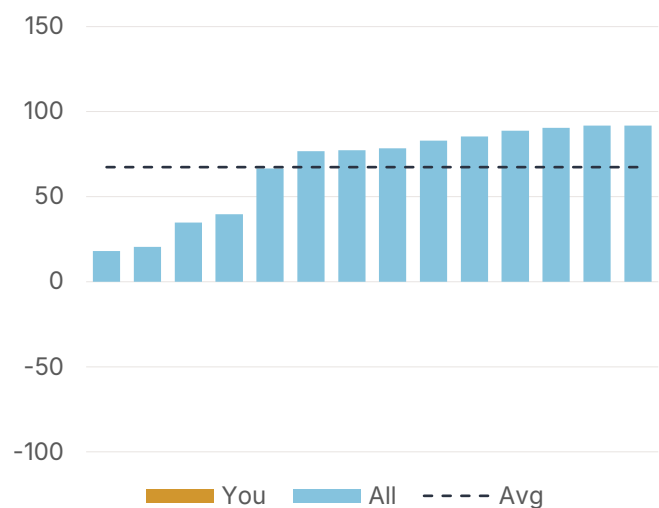
Average score

Your average score of 1.8 was below the average of 4.3



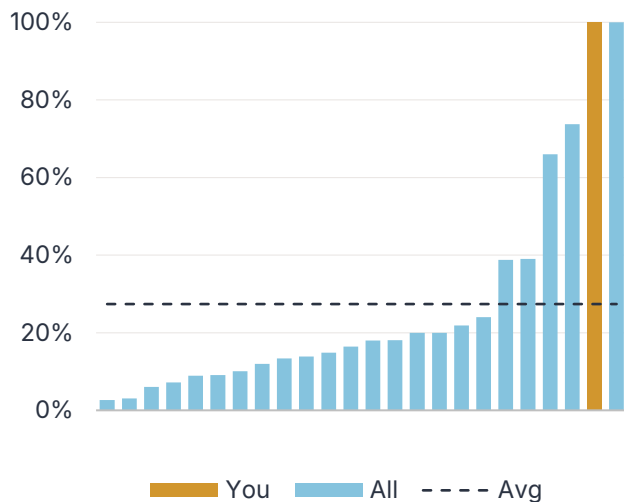
Net score

You did not provide us with data or sufficient data for this question, the average net score is 67.4

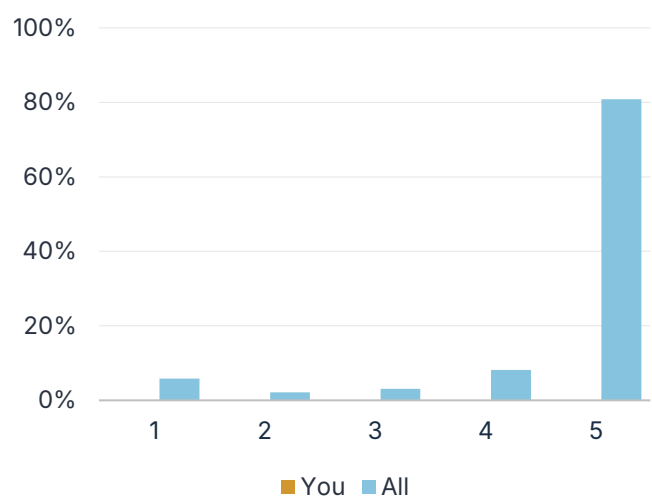


Response rate

Your response rate of 100.0% was higher than the average of 27.4%



Distribution of responses



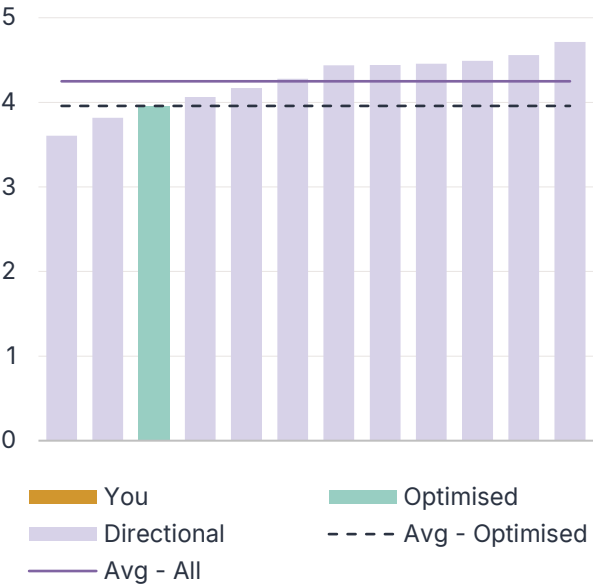
VoC results: Secure Website

Framework question:
How easy was it for you to use our secure website?

You did not provide us with data for this question.

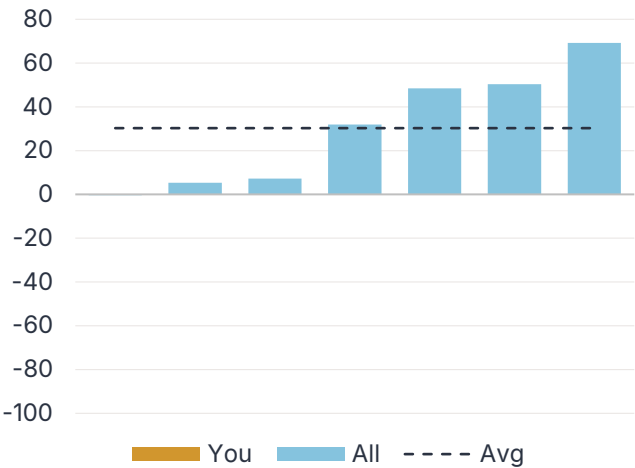
Average score

You did not provide us with data for this question, the average score is 4.2



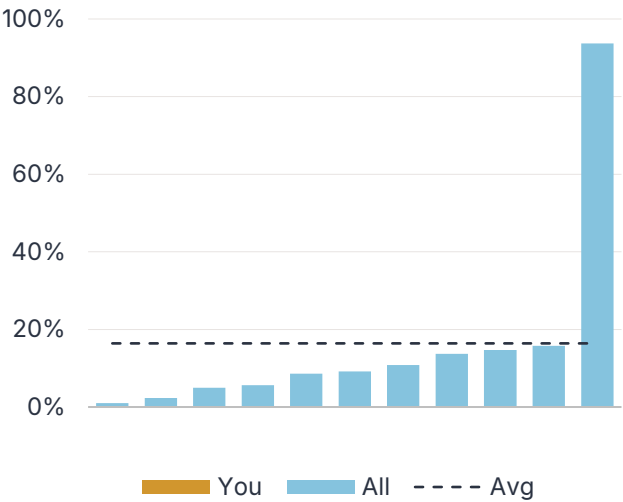
Net score

You did not provide us with data or sufficient data for this question, the average net score is 30.3

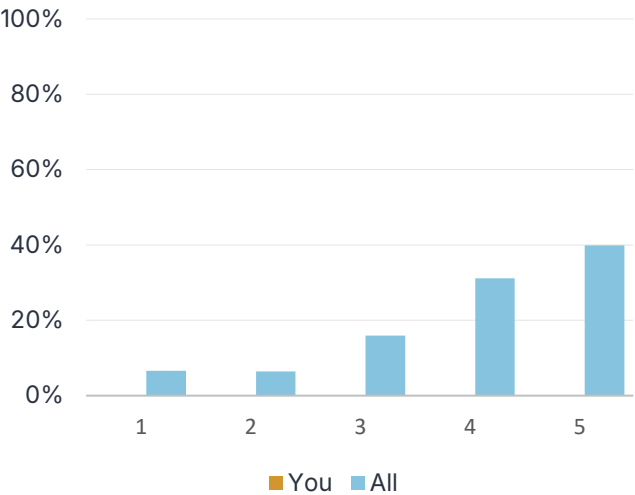


Response rate

You did not provide us with data for this question, the average is 16.4%



Distribution of responses



VoC results: Retirement (from active)

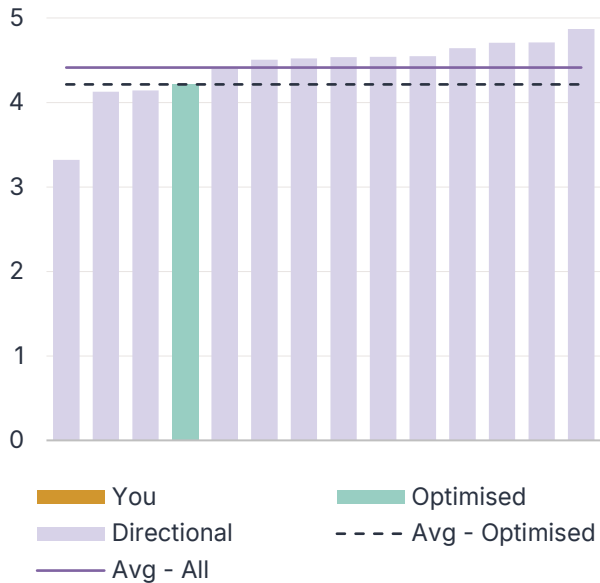
Framework question:

Thinking about your retirement, how satisfied were you with the overall service you received from the

You did not provide us with data for this question.

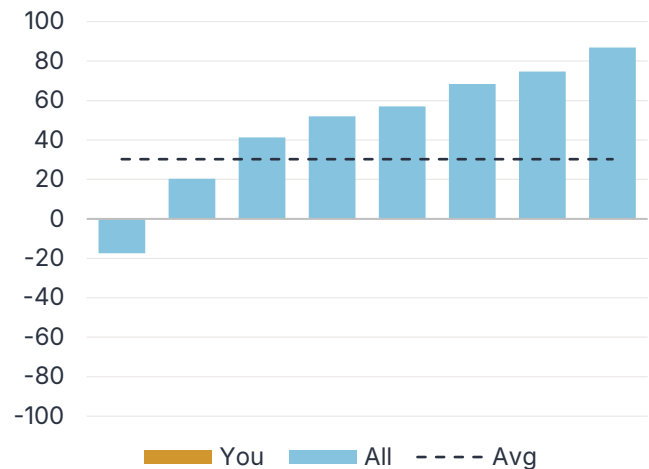
Average score

You did not provide us with data for this question, the average score is 4.4



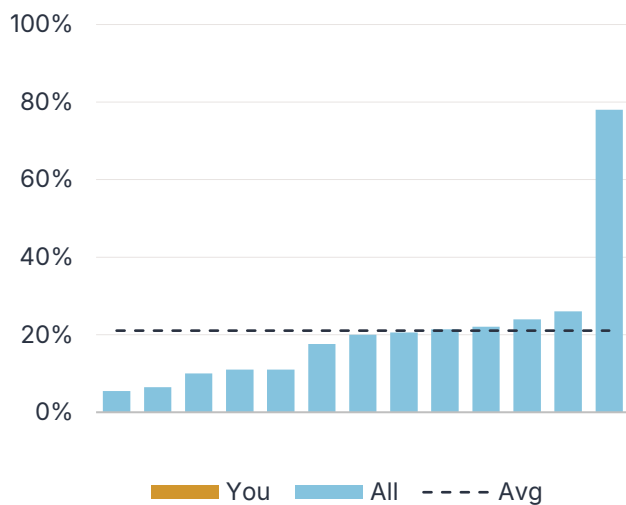
Net score

You did not provide us with data or sufficient data for this question, the average net score is 30.3

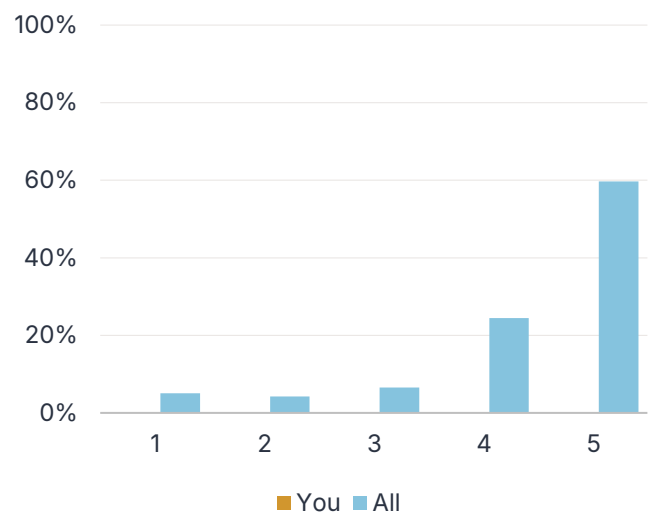


Response rate

You did not provide us with data for this question, the average is 21.1%



Distribution of responses



VoC results: Retirement (from inactive)

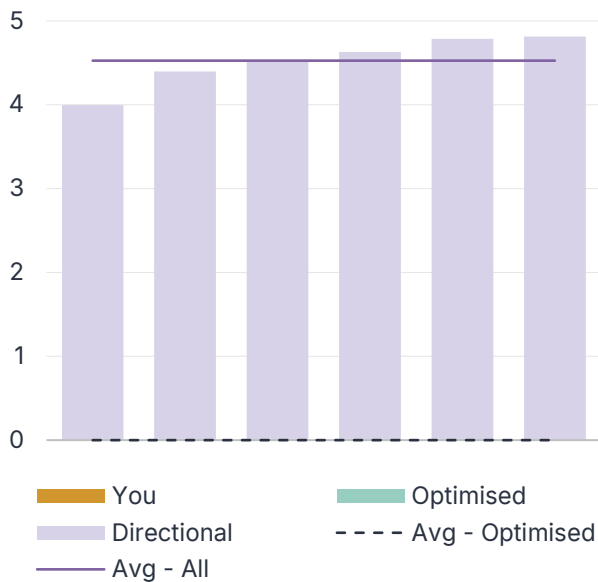
Framework question:

Thinking about your retirement, how satisfied were you with the overall service you received from the administrator?

You did not provide us with data for this question.

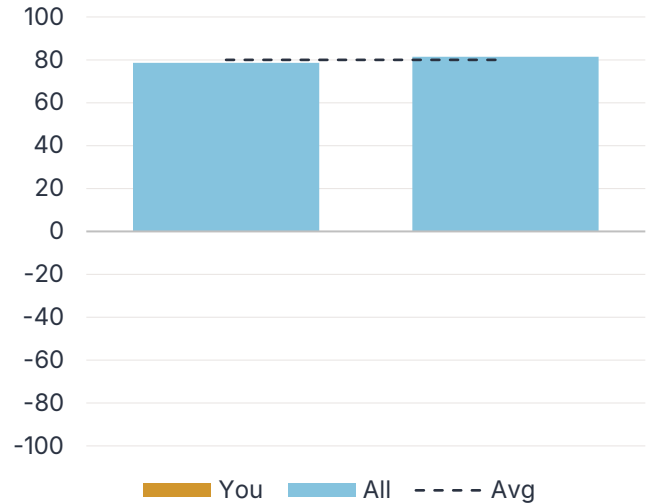
Average score

You did not provide us with data for this question, the average score is 4.5



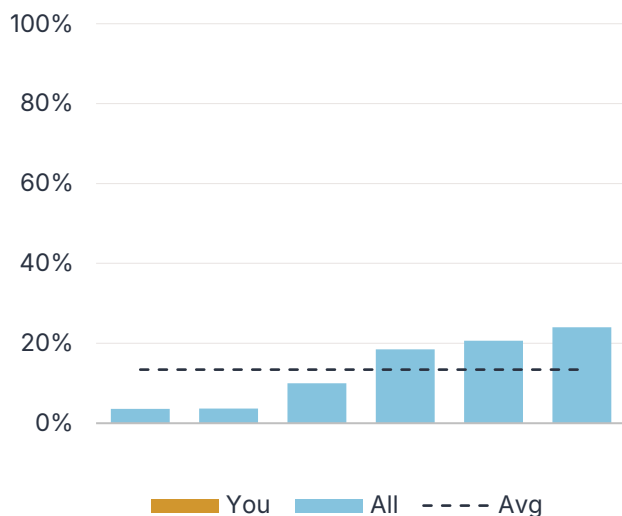
Net score

You did not provide us with data or sufficient data for this question, the average net score is 80.0

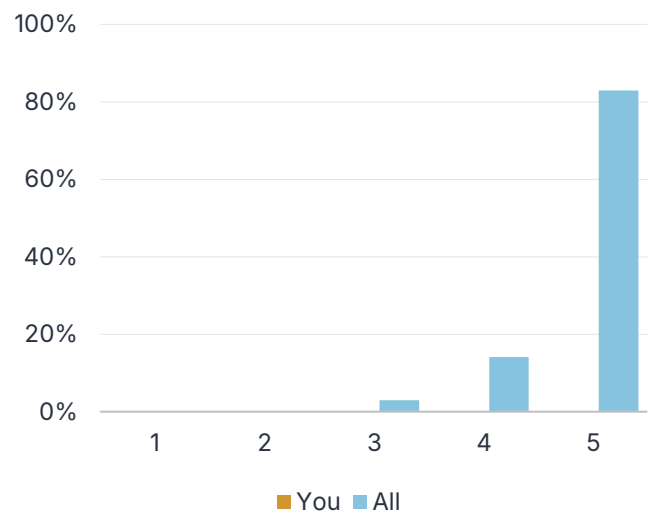


Response rate

You did not provide us with data for this question, the average is 13.4%



Distribution of responses



VoC results: New members

Framework question:

How satisfied are you with the information provided to you on joining the administrator?

You did not provide us with data for this question. This page is blank because CEM does not have enough data points for this survey question.

VoC results: General member perception

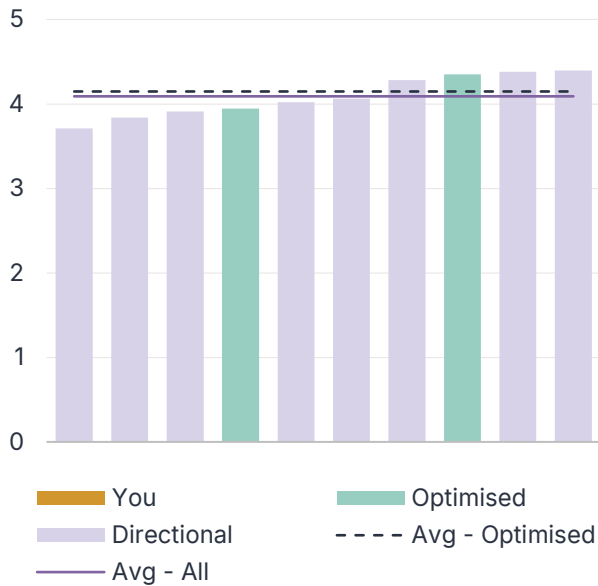
Framework question:

How satisfied are you with the overall service you have received from the administrator?

You did not provide us with data for this question.

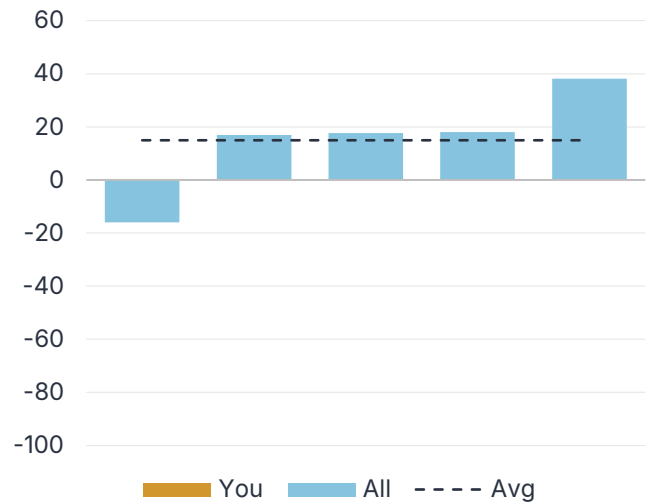
Average score

You did not provide us with data for this question, the average score is 4.1



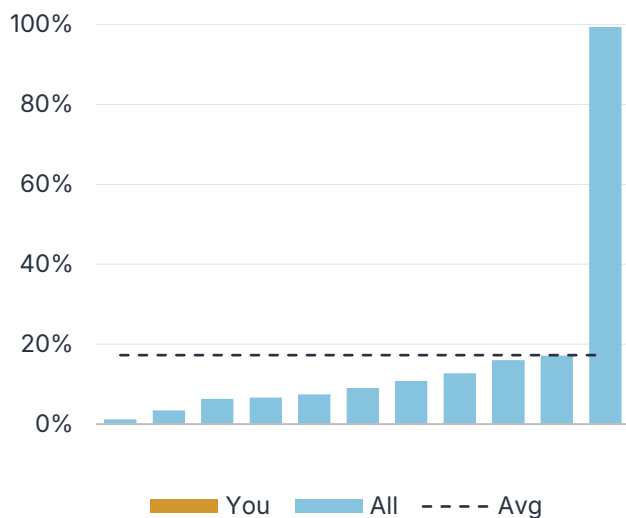
Net score

You did not provide us with data or sufficient data for this question, the average net score is 14.9

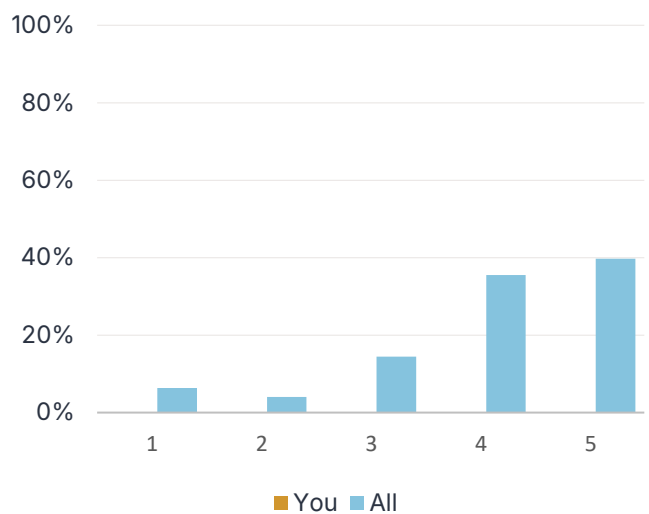


Response rate

You did not provide us with data for this question, the average is 17.3%



Distribution of responses



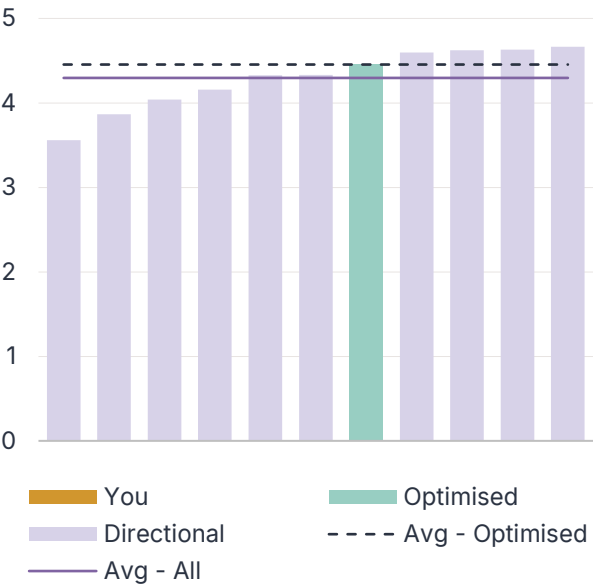
VoC results: General employer perception

Framework question:
How satisfied are you with the overall service you have received from the administrator?

You did not provide us with data for this question.

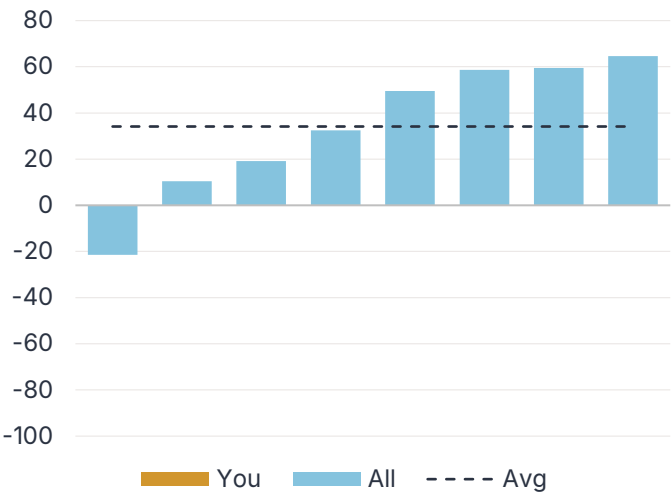
Average score

You did not provide us with data for this question, the average score is 4.3



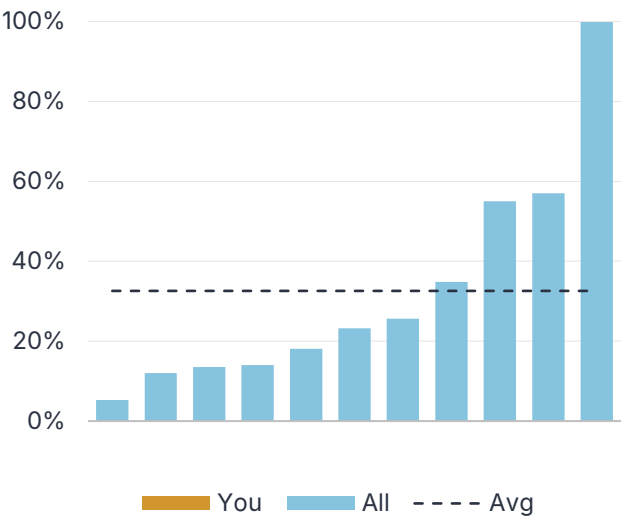
Net score

You did not provide us with data or sufficient data for this question, the average net score is 34.1

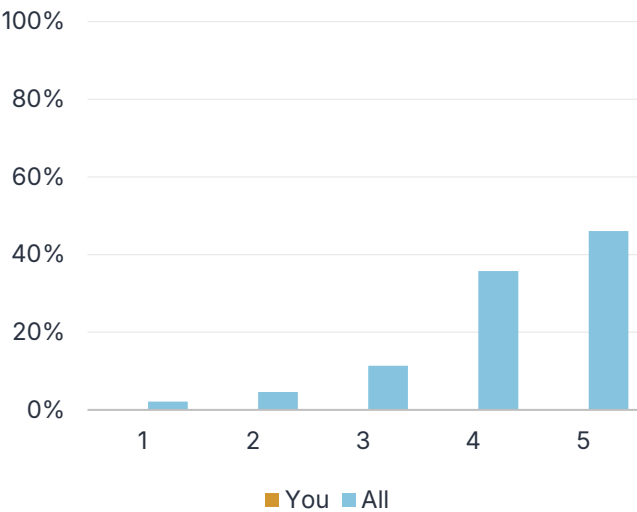


Response rate

You did not provide us with data for this question, the average is 32.6%



Distribution of responses



Methodology

Conversion to a 5-Point Scale

Some systems are using different scales in their surveying (i.e., other than the 'optimized' 5-point scale). CEM needs to have a consistent way to convert to a 5-point scale to enable comparisons.

This may appear simple for, say a scheme using a 10-point scale where you might expect scores of 1 or 2 to be converted to 1 on the 5-point scale. However, on a 5-point scale there is a 'neutral' score – 3. On a 10-point scale there is no neutral score. This has the potential to influence how customers react to the survey.

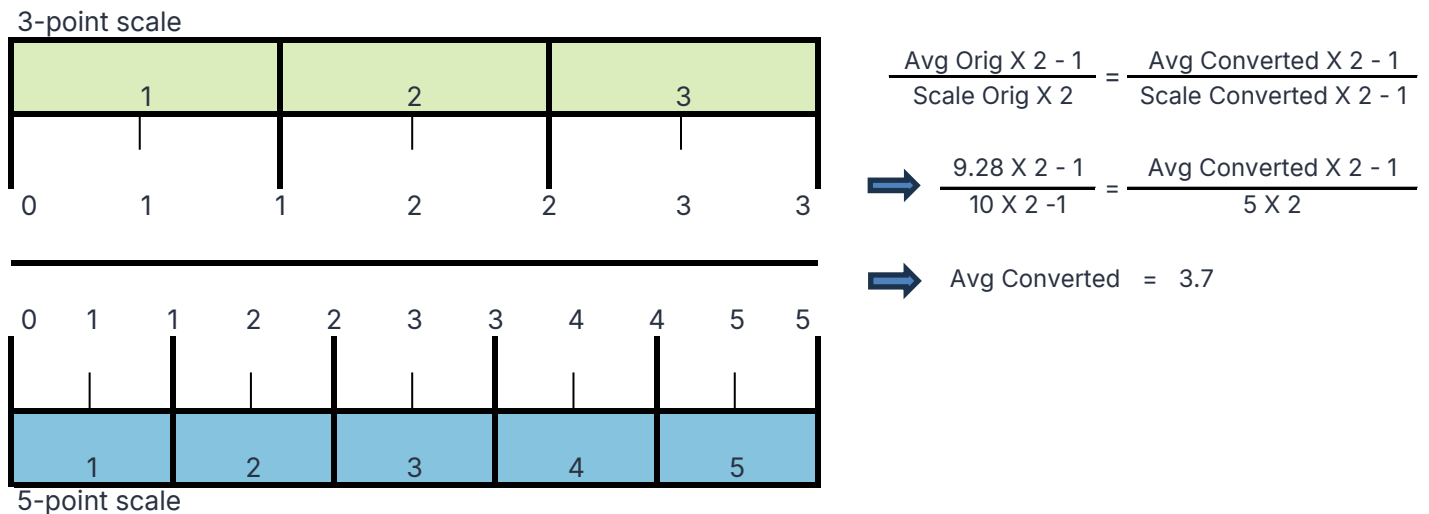
CEM therefore uses a series of formulas to convert to a 5 point scale. This is described below. CEM would be pleased to discuss the formula with you in detail – the technical aspects are difficult to convey in print.

Example 1, if your average score is 9.28 on a 10-point scale.

$$\frac{\text{Avg Orig} \times 2 - 1}{\text{Scale Orig} \times 2} = \frac{\text{Avg Converted} \times 2 - 1}{\text{Scale Converted} \times 2 - 1} \Rightarrow \frac{9.28 \times 2 - 1}{10 \times 2 - 1} = \frac{\text{Avg Converted} \times 2 - 1}{5 \times 2} \Rightarrow \text{Avg Converted} = 4.9$$

Your converted score would be 4.9.

Example 2, if your average score is 2.4 on a 3-point scale.



Your converted score would be 3.7

Appendices

Appendix A - Survey responses	
• Member status changes	02
• Costs and FTE by activity	04
• Service and plan design	08
Appendix B - Foreign currency conversion	38
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Appendix A - Survey responses: Member status changes

North Carolina RS

	2025 recent fiscal year	2023 End of prior fiscal year
6. Provide the breakdown of total members between:		
a) Active members	484,390	473,933
b) Inactive members	157,340	169,808
c) Annuitants (Service, Disabled, Survivor)	372,067	356,781
7. What is your volume for:		
a) Service retirement inceptions	16,782	17,183
b) Inceptions to survivors, partners, ex-partners or dependents	331	665
c) Disability retirement inceptions	222	348
d) Deaths of active, inactive members and annuitants	11,625	13,576
e) New active members	53,480	66,323
f) Active members exiting employment? [exclude service and disability	36,599	37,450
g) Withdrawals, refunds	17,113	20,700
h) Transfers-out	2,020	2,001

Appendix A - Survey responses: Cost by activity

North Carolina RS

	Your Response		
	2025	2023	
9. Complete the table below:			
a. Total administrative expenses per your financial statements (ACFR in the U.S.)	28,449.7	25,440.5	(\$000s)
Less (if included in administrative expenses):			
b. Investment administration costs	0.0	0.0	(\$000s)
c. Accrued, non-cash, pension and OPEB expense (per GASB 68 & 75)	0.0	0.0	(\$000s)
Plus, if not included in administrative expenses:			
d. Cash contributions for pension and OPEB, for active staff	0.0	0.0	(\$000s)
e. Pay-as-you-go benefits for retired staff	0.0	0.0	(\$000s)
f. Amortization and depreciation of administrative assets	0.0	0.0	(\$000s)
g. Actuarial fees and costs	0.0	0.0	(\$000s)
h. Other costs and professional fees relating to pension administration	0.0	0.0	(\$000s)
i. Total benefit administration costs	28,449.7	25,440.5	(\$000s)

Appendix A - Survey responses: Cost and FTE by activity - 2025

North Carolina RS

10. Complete the table below. Instructions and definitions are provided on the pages below the table.

	(# FTE)	Salaries and Benefits (\$000s)	Third Party and Other (\$000s)	Total (\$000s)
1. Member Transactions				
a. Pension Payments	6.4	551.6	200.0	751.6
b. Pension Inceptions and Written Estimates	27.9	2,343.5	17.7	2,361.2
c. Refunds, Withdrawals, and Transfers-out	24.8	2,059.2	70.1	2,129.3
d. Purchases and Transfers-in	3.3	283.2	17.7	300.9
e. Disability	10.2	904.2	17.8	922.0
f. Healthcare Administration	1.5	136.7	17.7	154.4
g. Optional and Third Party Administered Benefits	0.5	75.2	17.8	93.0
2. Member Communication				
a. Contact Center	49.8	4,182.5	17.7	4,200.2
b. Mail Room, Imaging	7.4	633.2	17.8	651.0
c. 1-on-1 Counseling	4.6	383.2	17.7	400.9
d. Member Presentations	4.3	376.8	23.9	400.7
e. Mass Communication	3.0	284.3	18.9	303.2
3. Collections and Data Maintenance				
a. Data and Money from Employers	14.1	1,201.3	17.8	1,219.1
b. Service to Employers	5.5	488.7	17.7	506.4
c. Data Not from Employers	2.9	252.4	17.7	270.1
4. Governance and Financial Control				
a. Financial Administration and Control	4.6	460.4	1,873.8	2,334.2
b. Board, Strategy, Policy	1.8	263.1	31.8	294.9
c. Government and Public Relations	1.5	209.5	33.3	242.8
5. Major Projects				
a. Amortization of non-IT Major Projects	n/a	n/a	0.0	0.0
b. Non-IT Major Projects (if you don't capitalize)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
c. Amortization of IT Major Projects	n/a	n/a	0.0	0.0
d. IT Major Projects (if you don't capitalize)	1.9	175.8	342.6	518.4
6. Information Technology				
a. IT Strategy, Database Management and Applications (excl. major projects)	2.3	205.6	5,656.5	5,862.1
b. IT Desktop, Networks, Telecom	0.8	62.6	978.9	1,041.5
c. IT Security	0.0	0.0	391.5	391.5
7. Support Services and Other				
a. Building and Utilities	0.0	0.0	326.1	326.1
b. Human Resources	0.0	0.0	304.9	304.9
c. Actuarial	0.3	53.1	422.7	475.8
d. Legal and Rule Interpretation	1.2	181.7	886.8	1,068.5
e. Internal and External Audit	0.5	58.2	459.4	517.6
f. Pay-as-you-go Benefits for Retired Staff	n/a	0.0	n/a	0.0
g. Other Support Services	0.9	99.3	308.1	407.4
Total Administration (includes 1f, 1g)	182.0	15,925.3	12,524.4	28,449.7
FTE relating to major projects capitalized, if any, during this fiscal year	0.0			
Total Administration FTE	182.0			

Appendix A - Survey responses: Cost and FTE by activity - 2025

continued

16. Describe and provide the cost of:

Each of your major projects in 5b. 'Non-IT Major Projects' (if you don't capitalize)	(\$000s)
n/a	n/a
n/a	n/a
n/a	n/a
n/a	n/a
n/a	n/a
n/a	n/a
n/a	n/a
n/a	n/a
n/a	n/a

Each of your major projects in 5d. 'IT Major Projects (if you don't capitalize)	(\$000s)
New workflow project planning	175.8
n/a	n/a
n/a	n/a
n/a	n/a
n/a	n/a
n/a	n/a
n/a	n/a
n/a	n/a
n/a	n/a

Appendix A - Survey responses: Service and plan design

North Carolina RS

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
Start													
1 North Carolina Retirement Systems													
2 Main survey contact: Cristin Conner Statistician cristin.conner@nctreasurer.com 9198144022													
3 What is the month of your fiscal year-end? [All questions in this survey are for your most recently completed fiscal year.]	June		June										
4 What was the end of fiscal year value of your pension fund assets (in billions)?	\$133.8		\$115.1										
5 Is your organization's leadership (i.e., CEO, CFO) also responsible for investments?	No		n/a	47% Yes / 53% No / 0% n/a				15	46% Yes / 54% No / 0% n/a				46
8 Can you provide the following information about your active members:													
a) Average age?	44.4		n/a	53.0	45.0	43.0	45.5	15	53.0	44.7	35.0	44.5	45
b) Average tenure?	10.6		n/a	24.0	10.0	8.5	11.3	15	24.0	10.4	8.0	11.0	44
c) Average salary?	\$63,805.0K		n/a										
11 What percentage of your total salary and benefits costs relates to benefits?	31.8%		30.7%	68.5%	31.8%	21.9%	35.2%	15	68.5%	26.5%	11.3%	28.3%	44
12 Please provide the following information about your core pension administration system:													
a. For how many years has this system been in live, day-to-day use?	20.0		18.0	43.0	16.0	2.0	18.0	15	43.0	15.5	2.0	18.8	46
b. Was the system originally developed in-house or by a third-party provider?	Both		Thirdparty	47% In-House / 33% Third Party / 20% Both / 0% n/a				15	39% In-House / 46% Third Party / 15% Both / 0% n/a				46
b1. If developed by a third-party vendor: Approximately what percentage of the system was customized for your organization?	50.0%		100.0%	100.0%	45.0%	11.0%	55.2%	6	100.0%	50.0%	0.0%	57.1%	22
13 Do you expect to replace your core pension administration system within the next ten years?	No		n/a	53% Yes / 47% No / 0% n/a				15	52% Yes / 46% No / 2% n/a				45

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
Replace means implementing an entirely new pension administration system to replace the legacy platform, whether built in-house or purchased from a third party. Upgrade means enhancing or patching the existing system (updates, modules, improvements) without replacing the underlying platform.													
14 Is your organization currently in the process of replacing the core pension administration system?	No		n/a	33% Yes / 40% No / 27% n/a				11	37% Yes / 35% No / 28% n/a				33
a. How many years has the replacement project been underway?	n/a		n/a	10.5	3.0	1.0	4.1	5	11.0	4.0	1.0	5.1	17
b. In how many years do you expect the new system to go live?	n/a		n/a	10.0	2.5	0.0	3.9	5	10.0	2.5	0.0	3.2	17
15 Did you have any material legislative changes or other unusual events that materially affected your costs and/ or service in the most recent fiscal year?	No		Yes	20% Yes / 80% No				15	26% Yes / 74% No				46
a. If yes, describe: n/a													
Pension Payments													
17 Do you administer annuity pensions?	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% n/a				15	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% n/a				46
18 Were any of your pension payrolls late vis-à-vis your normal payment cycle? [For example, a payroll might be late because of IT system problems.]	No		No	0% Yes / 100% No / 0% n/a				15	0% Yes / 100% No / 0% n/a				46
If yes:													
a) How many payrolls were late?	n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0
b) On average, how many days late were they?	n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0
19 What percentage of pensions are paid by check? [as opposed to Electronic Funds Transfer ("EFT")]	2.0%		2.0%	4.2%	1.2%	0.0%	1.8%	15	8.4%	0.9%	0.0%	1.4%	44
Pension Inceptions													
20 How many changes in gross amount of annuity pensions paid occurred as a result of changes in an individual annuitant's personal circumstances?	614		690	2,303	1,087	0	960	15	97,816	813	0	4,167	46
For example:													
• When the spouse of an annuitant dies "last survivor" options result in decreases, and "pop-up" or "reversion" options result in increases. [Exclude annuitant deaths that result in new pensions paid to spouses.]													
• When an annuitant or their beneficiary becomes eligible for social security, it often results in a reduction of the gross pension paid.													
• Redesign of the payment option, appeal decisions, high low options shifting to low.													
21 What percentage of annuity inceptions for:													

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
a) Retiring active members are paid without an interruption of cash flow greater than 1 month between the final pay check and the first pension check?	78.0%		76.7%	100.0%	96.2%	3.0%	84.5%	15	100.0%	96.7%	3.0%	86.9%	46
b) Survivors are paid without an interruption of cash flow between the pensioner's final pension check and the survivor's first pension check?	28.3%		20.6%	100.0%	87.2%	2.0%	70.5%	15	100.0%	86.0%	0.0%	64.9%	46
22 Will you initiate a service retirement pension based on existing data or estimates, recognizing that you will have to finalize the payments later after you get final data?	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% n/a				15	80% Yes / 20% No / 0% n/a				46
a) If yes, what proportion of your service retirement inceptions to retiring active members was based on existing data or estimates?	27.5%		27.5%	100.0%	80.1%	0.4%	75.5%	15	100.0%	69.8%	0.0%	57.0%	37
b) On average, how long did it take to finalize service retirement inceptions based on estimates? (in months)	6.0		6.0	36.3	1.6	0.0	6.2	15	36.3	1.6	0.0	4.0	37
23 Do you require birth certificates and/or marriage certificates before incepting a pension?	No		No	53% Yes / 47% No / 0% n/a				15	67% Yes / 28% No / 4% n/a				44
24 Do you require notarization of normal or early retirement	No		No	7% Yes / 47% No / 47% Some / 0% n/a				15	9% Yes / 67% No / 24% Some / 0% n/a				46
a) If some, describe those that require versus those that do not: n/a													
25 What percentage of vested inactive members that reached their normal retirement age in the year have not received any benefits yet because the member is unreachable (e.g., mail has been returned)?	0.1%		0.1%	34.0%	2.5%	0.0%	5.8%	9	34.0%	3.1%	0.0%	8.0%	26
Pension Estimates													
26 Do you offer written pension estimates to members? If no, go directly to question 31.	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% n/a				15	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% n/a				46
27 How many written pension estimates did you mail out pursuant to individual member requests? [Exclude estimates prepared during counseling sessions and not mailed in advance.]	2,212		1,995	212,265	6,786	18	23,192	15	212,265	4,596	18	15,850	46
28 When a member requests multiple different estimate scenarios, do you count each scenario as an 'estimate' or do you count the 'multiple request' as a single estimate?	Single Estimate		Single Estimate	67% Each Scenario / 33% Single Estimate				15	59% Each Scenario / 41% Single Estimate				46
a) If you count each scenario, what is the approximate average number of scenarios per request by a member?	n/a		n/a	16	2	1	4	10	16	2	1	3	27
29 On average, how many business days does it take to provide a written pension estimate from the time of initial request from a member? [Exclude time in the mail.]	5.9		2.5	30.0	5.9	0.0	9.1	15	49.2	5.5	0.0	9.2	46
30 Do your written pension estimates (including cover letters, etc. sent with the estimate):													
a) Clearly address if and how the pension is inflation protected (or not protected)?	Yes		Yes	67% Yes / 33% No / 0% n/a				15	70% Yes / 30% No / 0% n/a				46

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
b) If your pension is coordinated with or reduced by social security (or CPP in Canada) is the impact explained?	Yes		Yes	33%	Yes / 67%	No / 0%	n/a	15	48%	Yes / 48%	No / 4%	n/a	44
c) Discuss alternative scenarios that could improve the pension such as purchasing service credit or working longer?	Yes		Yes	93%	Yes / 7%	No / 0%	n/a	15	80%	Yes / 20%	No / 0%	n/a	46
d) Model alternative retirement payment options?	Yes		Yes	93%	Yes / 7%	No / 0%	n/a	15	91%	Yes / 9%	No / 0%	n/a	46
Refunds, Transfers-out, Withdrawals													
31 How many written estimates for refunds/ terminations/ transfer-outs did you prepare in response to member requests? [Include all estimates whether they result in a refund or not.]	230		379	51,482	4,368	0	9,850	12	51,482	2,664	0	7,338	36
32 How long does it take on average, in business days, for you to complete an individual transfer-out to a member's new pension plan, including delays caused by external parties, beginning from the time of initial request by the member?	27		14	356	22	2	53	12	356	29	2	58	38
Purchases and Transfers-in													
33 Number of actual:													
a) Prior service credit purchases? [e.g., for prior refunded service, military service, etc.]	504		460	30,335	615	67	3,035	15	116,491	386	5	4,462	43
b) In-service credit purchases? [e.g., maternity, parental, sabbatical, educational, illness leaves.]	704		1,207	1,193	64	0	327	10	41,103	186	0	3,326	31
c) Upgrades or 'Top-ups' where members can improve their pensionable salary (but not service credit)?	n/a		n/a	149	0	0	13	15	1,081	0	0	29	44
d) Upgrades where members can pay to upgrade from an older retirement formula to a new retirement formula?	n/a		n/a	622	0	0	42	15	2,161	0	0	64	44
e) Individual transfers-in from member's previous pension plan? [For example, many systems have reciprocal agreements with 'sister' plans that permit members to transfer-in credit from their previous employer's pension plan to their new plan and vice versa? Do not include collective transfers-in.]	n/a		n/a	1,563	28	0	434	8	76,100	323	0	4,260	27
34 How many written purchase, upgrade, or transfer-in estimates did you prepare in response to member requests? [Include all estimates whether these result in a purchase or not.]	4,915		2,676	32,251	2,371	0	5,616	15	46,863	2,371	0	7,729	45
35 On average, how many business days does it take from the date of first request to provide a written service credit purchase cost?	4		4	285	5	1	27	15	285	7	1	23	44
36 How long does it take on average, in months, for you to complete an individual transfer-in, including delays caused by external parties?	n/a		n/a	6	2	0	2	12	12	2	0	3	34
Disability													
37 Do you administer:													
a) Long-term disability/ disability pensions?	Yes		Yes	100%	Yes / 0%	No / 0%	n/a	15	83%	Yes / 13%	No / 4%	n/a	44
b) Short-term disability?	No		No	13%	Yes / 87%	No / 0%	n/a	15	7%	Yes / 89%	No / 4%	n/a	44

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
If you do not administer either short-term or long-term disability, or disability pensions skip to question 41.													
38 Number of:													
a) Applications for disability pensions/ long-term disability?	1,064		1,381	3,411	360	27	654	15	3,411	108	0	333	43
b) Members receiving long-term disability or a disability pension?	5,860		7,267	67,125				15	67,125				37
c) Applications for short-term disability (if you administer)?	n/a		n/a	1,567	0	0	104	15	1,567	0	0	40	44
d) Members receiving short-term disability (if you administer)?	n/a		n/a	1,095	0	0	365	3	1,095	163	0	355	4
e) Independent medical examinations for disability application assessment or reassessment paid for by you, if any?	0		0	1,092	5	0	171	15	1,335	3	0	99	44
f) New members that you reviewed the health status of? [For example, ESSS conducts Medical Classification Reviews on their new members. A Medical classification may reduce a member's entitlement to disability and/or death benefits.]	n/a		n/a	497	0	0	33	15	1,482	0	0	47	44
g) Formal appeals of disability decisions?	0		0	229	18	0	45	15	229	1	0	21	45
h) Recertifications of disabled members? [For example, Arizona SRS requires an annual opinion from a physician to continue on disability.]	255		434	2,209	327	0	623	13	3,283	98	0	468	30
39 Do you cover non-occupational disability? [Some systems only cover disabilities that happen at work.]	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% n/a				15	80% Yes / 2% No / 17% n/a				38
a) If yes, does either the amount paid or the taxation of the disability benefit vary depending on whether the disability is occupational versus non-occupational?	No		No	60% Yes / 40% No / 0% n/a				15	43% Yes / 37% No / 20% n/a				37
b) If yes to 'a' immediately above: Number of occupational disability applications?	n/a		n/a	2,402	64	3	429	9	2,402	50	0	253	20
40 How many months, on average, does it take to return a decision on a disability application from:													
a) Date of initial request from a member?	2.0		2.0	20.0	3.0	0.5	3.7	15	20.0	2.8	0.5	3.3	38
b) Date of receipt of all necessary documentation to complete an application?	1.0		1.0	5.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	15	5.0	1.0	0.0	1.5	36
Contact Center Volumes													
41 What were your volumes of:													
a) Incoming calls that reach and are responded to by a knowledgeable service representative (i.e., exclude messages, etc.)?	248,098		211,090	828,291	200,106	70,098	247,602	15	828,291	145,916	12,497	175,762	46
b) Outgoing calls from service representatives responding to messages (voice mail, receptionist, etc.) or following-up on previous calls?	14,584		8,072	24,561	6,651	727	8,894	15	24,561	7,994	26	8,782	46
c) Incoming calls satisfied by self-serve options, if any?	189,896		151,099	1,121,472	4,083	0	121,025	15	1,121,472	0	0	45,451	46
d) Email queries from members?	89,535		76,838	89,535	21,899	0	31,879	15	89,535	15,197	0	24,039	46
e) Member queries via your secure messaging portal?	Unknown		Unknown	124,985	22,870	0	30,065	11	124,985	15,953	0	24,543	31
f) Member queries via live chat?	3,846		n/a	3,846	0	0	883	5	17,078	3,524	0	5,563	10
g) Incoming mail?	250,304		253,205	648,609	166,126	19,018	196,444	15	648,609	66,813	5,014	113,359	46

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
h) Outgoing mail? Before Reaching a Service Rep	422,166		381,658	3,458,468	1,095,229	128,316	1,297,501	15	3,801,649	404,657	17,273	812,179	46
42 What number of member phone calls did not connect to a person during business hours because:													
a) Busy signal, never enters the system?	n/a		n/a	949	0	0	237	4	6,080	0	0	879	8
b) Caller gets pre-recorded 'call another time' message during business hours?	n/a		n/a	370,341	5,662	0	58,446	8	370,341	2,756	0	30,781	16
c) Abandoned calls (i.e., caller hangs-up while in a menu)?	16,066		15,217	128,733	4,064	137	23,916	12	128,733	2,951	0	13,324	33
d) Abandoned calls (i.e., caller hangs-up while in a queue or on	37,005		33,887	220,868	33,741	2,593	46,416	15	220,868	8,078	187	19,970	45
e) Busy signal after navigating an automated attendant menu, or after being transferred by a receptionist?	n/a		n/a	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	4
f) Call rings unanswered during business hours?	n/a		n/a	1,398	699	0	699	2	1,398	16	0	347	7
43 Do you have a menu system that callers negotiate before speaking to someone?	Yes		Yes	93% Yes / 7% No / 0% n/a				15	85% Yes / 15% No / 0% n/a				46
If yes:													
a) What is the average number of menu layers that must be navigated before a caller can speak to a live person? [Count each and every time a caller must select a menu option by pressing a button on the phone as a menu layer. Use the volume-weighted average number of menu layers if callers must negotiate different numbers of menu layers to reach a service representative on some menu-tree branches than on others.]	4		4	4	2	1	2	14	4	2	1	2	39
b) What is the average time in seconds that it would take a caller to negotiate the menu and listen to menu options before the caller is forwarded to a live person (or queue for a live person)?	30		30	152	68	10	68	14	233	60	5	77	39
c) Is the menu system by-passed if a service representative is available?	No		No	0% Yes / 93% No / 7% n/a				14	0% Yes / 85% No / 15% n/a				39
c1) If yes, for what percentage of calls is the menu system by-	n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0
44 Is a receptionist the first point of human contact when a member calls? [A receptionist handles only basic requests like transferring calls, and is not a service representative.]	No		No	0% Yes / 100% No / 0% n/a				15	4% Yes / 96% No / 0% n/a				46
45 Do you have a queue for service representatives? [The entry to the queue could be a recorded message, a menu system or a receptionist.]	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% n/a				15	98% Yes / 2% No / 0% n/a				46
If yes:													
a) What is the average wait time in seconds in queue for a service representative?	175		175	2,880	225	23	582	15	2,880	100	9	268	45
46 Does your system notify the caller of the expected wait time, or their place in the queue, for reaching a knowledgeable service representative if the expected wait exceeds a certain threshold?	Yes		Yes	87% Yes / 13% No / 0% n/a				15	57% Yes / 43% No / 0% n/a				46

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
47 Do you have a callback feature on your phone system? [i.e., the caller's telephone number is placed in a queue for callback when their turn comes up] If yes: a) Can a member request a callback via the website? b) What was the total volume of callbacks? c) What is the callback completion rate (i.e., what percentage of callers that chose to be called back, were actually reached)? After Reaching a Service Rep	Yes		Yes	87% Yes / 13% No / 0% n/a				15	65% Yes / 35% No / 0% n/a				46
a) Can a member request a callback via the website?	Yes		Yes	13% Yes / 73% No / 13% n/a				13	17% Yes / 48% No / 35% n/a				30
b) What was the total volume of callbacks?	38,864		32,692	193,347	38,864	5,212	49,161	13	193,347	19,724	194	27,506	30
c) What is the callback completion rate (i.e., what percentage of callers that chose to be called back, were actually reached)?	Unknown		Unknown	100.0%	94.9%	31.0%	90.0%	13	100.0%	97.2%	31.0%	92.5%	30
48 What was the: a) Average talk time? [Do not include: hold or queuing time prior to a member reaching a knowledgeable person, or hold time after a member has reached a knowledgeable person.] b) Average after call work time when service representative is unavailable to take another call? c) Average occupancy %? [time spent handling calls, including after call work, as a percentage of total available time to answer calls.] d) % of calls satisfied by the first contact?	466		480	690	432	345	451	15	690	416	183	380	45
b) Average after call work time when service representative is unavailable to take another call?	123		120	321	67	20	96	14	321	70	3	97	38
c) Average occupancy %? [time spent handling calls, including after call work, as a percentage of total available time to answer calls.]	88.9%		85.9%	99.1%	81.0%	58.0%	80.4%	13	99.1%	79.3%	23.5%	76.5%	38
d) % of calls satisfied by the first contact?	Unknown		Unknown	98.0%	92.0%	53.5%	88.0%	14	98.8%	93.0%	53.5%	89.8%	38
49 When a member calls in, do your service representatives have real-time access to the following member data: a) Interactions via calls and email? b) Copies of recent online correspondence? c) Use of digital tools (e.g., the pension calculator in the secure area of the website, etc.)? d) Most recent member statement? e) Beneficiary information?	Yes		Yes	93% Yes / 7% No / 0% n/a				15	87% Yes / 13% No / 0% n/a				46
b) Copies of recent online correspondence?	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% Some				15	96% Yes / 2% No / 2% Some				46
c) Use of digital tools (e.g., the pension calculator in the secure area of the website, etc.)?	No		No	73% Yes / 27% No / 0% n/a				15	87% Yes / 13% No / 0% n/a				46
d) Most recent member statement?	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No				15	98% Yes / 2% No				46
e) Beneficiary information?	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No				15	100% Yes / 0% No				46
50 Do your service representatives have real-time access to a workflow system that lets them know the status of open items?	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% n/a				15	96% Yes / 4% No / 0% n/a				46
51 Do you provide the following information on real-time basis to members over the phone? [If you do not have real-time access to the information or if your policy is not to give the information over the phone because of security or other concerns then your answer should be 'no'.] a) Estimates of the member's pension at retirement? If yes: a1) Can you provide alternate annuity payment options? [i.e., joint and 50% survivor, joint and 70% survivor, etc.] a2) Is the estimate based on an interactive benefit calculator linked to the member's actual account data?	No		No	67% Yes / 33% No				15	70% Yes / 30% No				46
a1) Can you provide alternate annuity payment options? [i.e., joint and 50% survivor, joint and 70% survivor, etc.]	n/a		n/a	67% Yes / 33% No				15	70% Yes / 30% No				46
a2) Is the estimate based on an interactive benefit calculator linked to the member's actual account data?	n/a		n/a	67% Yes / 33% No				15	65% Yes / 35% No				46

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
b) Transfer value assuming the member exited employment at the time of the call?	Yes		Yes	87% Yes / 13% No				15	70% Yes / 30% No				46
c) Pensionable salary?	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% n/a				15	96% Yes / 4% No / 0% n/a				46
d) Service credit history including gaps?	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% n/a				15	98% Yes / 2% No / 0% n/a				46
e) Cost to purchase service credit?	No		No	60% Yes / 40% No / 0% n/a				15	67% Yes / 33% No / 0% n/a				46
52 Can members calling in perform the following transactions over the phone:													
a) Change address?	No		No	87% Yes / 13% No / 0% n/a				15	70% Yes / 26% No / 4% n/a				44
b) Change email address?	Yes		Yes	93% Yes / 7% No / 0% n/a				15	85% Yes / 15% No / 0% n/a				46
c) Change payment instructions? [i.e., bank account]	No		No	20% Yes / 80% No / 0% n/a				15	26% Yes / 70% No / 4% n/a				44
53 Do you have the following call center support technology:													
a) Live chat (or a virtual assistant)?	Yes		Yes	20% Yes / 80% No / 0% n/a				15	17% Yes / 83% No / 0% n/a				46
b) Chatbot (or virtual service agent)?	No		No	7% Yes / 93% No / 0% n/a				15	11% Yes / 89% No / 0% n/a				46
c) Co-browsing? [Co-browsing enables joint navigation through the secure member area by the customer service representative and member.]	No		No	27% Yes / 73% No / 0% n/a				15	35% Yes / 65% No / 0% n/a				46
Quality and Other													
54 Do you review your staff's responses to member calls for coaching purposes on a regular basis? [As opposed to intermittent or only while training new service representatives, etc.]	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% n/a				15	89% Yes / 11% No / 0% n/a				46
If yes:													
a) How many calls per agent per month (on average) do you monitor?	4		4	15	6	3	7	15	129	4	1	9	41
b) Are you listening in on a live call or a recording?	Recording		Recording	53% Recording / 7% Live / 40% Both / 0% n/a				15	28% Recording / 11% Live / 50% Both / 11% n/a				41
55 Do you have a toll free number that members can call to speak with a service representative? [Or a number where members are only charged the cost of a local call no matter where they are located.]	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% n/a				15	96% Yes / 4% No / 0% n/a				46
56 How many hours per week is your 'call center' operational?	35.0		35.0	53.0	45.0	35.0	44.9	15	60.0	45.0	35.0	44.5	46
57 What is the average time (in business days) to respond to a member query via email or the secure messaging portal? Do not include auto-responses or confirmation of email receipt.	2.0		2.0	12.0	1.0	0.1	1.8	15	12.0	1.0	0.0	1.9	46
1-on-1 Counseling													
58 Do you provide 1-on-1 counseling?	Yes		Yes	93% Yes / 7% No / 0% n/a				15	93% Yes / 7% No / 0% n/a				46
If you do not offer 1-on-1 counseling skip to question 63.													
59 Provide the number of members counseled 1-on-1 that were:													
a) Pre-scheduled and/or walk-in counseled in-house? [Include only if the member actually sees a counselor. Exclude 'walk-through' traffic (i.e., picking up brochures or forms) where needs can be met by the receptionist.]	4		6	11,324	3,247	0	3,960	14	14,712	1,296	0	2,880	40

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
b) In the field at locations separate from the member's place of employment?	0		0	36,972	0	0	2,965	15	36,972	0	0	1,404	46
c) At the member's place of employment?	0		0	2,740	0	0	295	15	4,511	0	0	234	46
d) Via teleconference? [These are actual sessions with counselors, and will also include pre-scheduled counseling session covering materials sent to the member in advance.]	0		390	33,350	793	0	3,948	15	109,362	315	0	5,013	46
e) Online, via videoconference?	375		587	12,566	851	0	2,850	15	12,566	682	0	1,758	46
60 Do you provide counseling for walk-in traffic?	No		No	73% Yes / 20% No / 7% n/a				14	74% Yes / 20% No / 7% n/a				43
61 For in-person 1-on-1 counseling sessions:													
a) Do almost all sessions take place in a private office with a door (versus a cubicle, etc.)?	Yes		Yes	87% Yes / 7% No / 7% n/a				14	76% Yes / 17% No / 7% n/a				43
b) Do you have real-time access to the member's data (i.e., salary, service credit, refund value and beneficiaries, etc...)?	Yes		Yes	87% Yes / 7% No / 7% n/a				14	83% Yes / 11% No / 7% n/a				43
c) Do you provide new written estimates on a real-time basis for anybody that wants one?	Yes		Yes	73% Yes / 20% No / 7% n/a				14	72% Yes / 22% No / 7% n/a				43
62 Do you provide financial advice?	No		n/a	0% Yes / 93% No / 7% n/a				14	7% Yes / 87% No / 7% n/a				43
a) Provide the number of members that were counseled 1-on-1 by a certified financial planner.	n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0	3,561	2,603	2,159	2,774	3
Member Presentations													
63 Do you offer member presentations (including group counseling)? If you do not offer member presentations skip to question 67.	Yes		Yes	93% Yes / 7% No				15	98% Yes / 2% No				46
64 How many presentations (including group counseling sessions) for members or annuitants [exclude presentations to employers] did you do that took place:													
a) In-house?	0		0	602	0	0	47	15	602	0	0	26	46
b) In the field?	6		0	438	117	0	161	15	661	48	0	139	46
c) Online, via a live webinar? [i.e., a real-time, online presentation that allows two-way communication between the presenter and audience]	77		174	1,009	90	23	236	14	1,009	77	2	164	45
65 What was the total number of attendees at all of the presentations per the question above?	7,940		10,523	40,624	13,294	1,693	16,541	14	41,055	8,402	376	12,566	45
66 Did you do specific presentations for members, in the past fiscal year, targeted solely for:													
a) New members?	No		No	73% Yes / 20% No / 7% n/a				14	83% Yes / 15% No / 2% n/a				45
b) Members in mid career?	No		No	80% Yes / 13% No / 7% n/a				14	80% Yes / 17% No / 2% n/a				45
c) Members approaching retirement or ready to retire?	No		No	87% Yes / 7% No / 7% n/a				14	96% Yes / 2% No / 2% n/a				45
d) Healthcare?	No		No	53% Yes / 40% No / 7% n/a				14	41% Yes / 52% No / 7% n/a				43
e) Changes to benefits?	No		No	40% Yes / 53% No / 7% n/a				14	39% Yes / 59% No / 2% n/a				45
f) Other? (Please describe)	No		No	73% Yes / 20% No / 7% n/a				14	52% Yes / 46% No / 2% n/a				45
n/a													
Website													

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
67 Does your website have a secure member area where:													
a) Active members can access their own data?	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% n/a				15	96% Yes / 4% No / 0% n/a				46
b) Inactive members can access their own data?	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% n/a				15	87% Yes / 13% No / 0% n/a				46
c) Annuitants can access their own data?	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% n/a				15	89% Yes / 11% No / 0% n/a				46
d) Is the member's name prominently displayed on the home page in their secure member area?	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% n/a				15	93% Yes / 7% No / 0% n/a				46
68 Is the secure member area customized to only show options relevant to each member group? [e.g., active members see different options than annuitants]													
a) Active members?	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% n/a				15	91% Yes / 9% No / 0% n/a				46
b) Inactive members?	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% n/a				15	83% Yes / 17% No / 0% n/a				46
c) Annuitants?	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% n/a				15	85% Yes / 15% No / 0% n/a				46
69 How many unique members accessed the secure area in the year (count a member only once even if they visited multiple times)?	302,753		288,296	845,358	242,404	92,348	269,550	15	1,353,998	158,801	8,290	228,797	42
a) Active members?	125,332		109,265	391,760	110,921	41,200	132,535	15	702,888	84,944	8,290	119,363	43
b) Inactive members?	41,777		36,421	70,137	24,398	6,254	30,128	15	232,167	15,002	374	28,058	38
c) Annuitants?	135,644		142,610	322,096	70,577	35,703	101,180	15	558,527	58,495	1,230	87,118	40
70 Provide the total number of visits to the secure area of the website [i.e., if one member logs in 3 times then the answer is 3]	2,609,783		2,581,160	3,987,503	1,407,825	286,098	1,838,748	15	5,289,185	1,181,477	36,275	1,456,156	42
71 Do you have pension estimate calculator:													
a) In the non-secure area?	Yes		Yes	47% Yes / 53% No / 0% n/a				15	48% Yes / 52% No / 0% n/a				46
ai) Volume in the non-secure area?	531,651		23,356	1,075,560	442,890	52,628	439,119	7	1,075,560	77,664	3,031	184,796	22
b) In the secure area, linked to a member's salary and service data?	Yes		Yes	93% Yes / 7% No / 0% n/a				15	91% Yes / 9% No / 0% n/a				46
bi) Volume in the secure area, linked to a member's salary and service data?	698,524		981,880	747,361	246,190	40,268	323,109	14	803,574	164,788	8,375	242,120	40
If yes, can the member:													
b1) Model different retirement start dates?	Yes		Yes	93% Yes / 0% No / 7% n/a				14	91% Yes / 0% No / 9% n/a				42
b2) Model salary changes?	Yes		Yes	93% Yes / 0% No / 7% n/a				14	85% Yes / 7% No / 9% n/a				42
b3) Model different working percentages (e.g., part-time or early termination)?	Yes		No	87% Yes / 7% No / 7% n/a				14	72% Yes / 20% No / 9% n/a				42
b4) Model alternative payment options?	Yes		Yes	87% Yes / 7% No / 7% n/a				14	80% Yes / 9% No / 11% n/a				41
b5) Do you have a pension estimate calculator that provides estimates of:													
b5i) Gross and net retirement income?	Gross		Gross	80% Gross / 0% Net / 13% Both / 0% Neither / 7% n/a				14	67% Gross / 0% Net / 24% Both / 0% Neither / 9% n/a				42
b5ii) Monthly and annual retirement income?	Monthly		Monthly	53% Monthly / 0% Annual / 40% Both / 0% Neither / 7% n/a				14	50% Monthly / 0% Annual / 41% Both / 0% Neither / 9% n/a				42
b5iii) Are various estimates run consolidated in a one-page summary for comparative purposes?	Yes		Yes	53% Yes / 40% No / 7% n/a				14	50% Yes / 41% No / 9% n/a				42

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
72 Do you have a:													
a) Prior service credit purchase calculator?	Yes		Yes	87% Yes / 13% No / 0% n/a				15	70% Yes / 26% No / 4% n/a				44
a1) Is the purchase estimate final? i.e., it won't change if the member chooses to purchase within a set time period?	No		No	20% Yes / 67% No / 13% n/a				13	15% Yes / 57% No / 28% n/a				33
b) In-service credit purchase calculator? [e.g., maternity, parental, sabbatical, educational, illness leave.]	Yes		Yes	53% Yes / 47% No / 0% n/a				15	46% Yes / 50% No / 4% n/a				44
b1) Is the purchase estimate final? i.e., it won't change if the member chooses to purchase within a set time period?	No		No	20% Yes / 33% No / 47% n/a				8	15% Yes / 30% No / 54% n/a				21
73 Indicate whether the following capabilities are available on your website:													
View													
a) The most recent member statement?	Yes		Yes	93% Yes / 7% No / 0% n/a				15	93% Yes / 7% No / 0% n/a				46
b) Pensionable earnings and/or service without downloading?	Yes		Yes	93% Yes / 7% No / 0% n/a				15	83% Yes / 17% No / 0% n/a				46
If yes:													
b1) Is salary and service data available?	Yes		Yes	93% Yes / 0% No / 7% n/a				14	83% Yes / 0% No / 17% n/a				38
b2) Is online data up-to-date to the most recent pay period?	Yes		Yes	87% Yes / 7% No / 7% n/a				14	70% Yes / 13% No / 17% n/a				38
b3) Is a complete annual history from the beginning of employment provided?	Yes		Yes	80% Yes / 13% No / 7% n/a				14	54% Yes / 28% No / 17% n/a				38
c) Pension payment details? [i.e., gross amounts, deductions]	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% n/a				15	89% Yes / 11% No / 0% n/a				46
d) Duplicate tax receipts? [i.e., 1099s in the U.S.]	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% n/a				15	93% Yes / 7% No / 0% n/a				46
e) History of recent correspondence?	No		No	80% Yes / 20% No / 0% n/a				15	74% Yes / 26% No / 0% n/a				46
Transactions													
f) Apply for retirement?	Yes		Yes	93% Yes / 7% No / 0% n/a				15	74% Yes / 26% No / 0% n/a				46
f1) If yes, can it be completed online without any staff assistance (excl. internal review/ approval)?	Yes		n/a	80% Yes / 13% No / 7% n/a				14	57% Yes / 15% No / 28% n/a				33
g) Change beneficiary?	Yes		Yes	93% Yes / 7% No / 0% n/a				15	78% Yes / 17% No / 4% n/a				44
g1) If yes, can it be completed online without any staff assistance (excl. internal review/ approval)?	Yes		n/a	80% Yes / 13% No / 7% n/a				14	65% Yes / 11% No / 24% n/a				35
h) Change banking information for direct deposit?	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% n/a				15	70% Yes / 26% No / 4% n/a				44
h1) If yes, can it be completed online without any staff assistance (excl. internal review/ approval)?	Yes		n/a	93% Yes / 7% No / 0% n/a				15	57% Yes / 11% No / 33% n/a				31
i) Change address?	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% n/a				15	91% Yes / 4% No / 4% n/a				44
i1) If yes, can it be completed online without any staff assistance (excl. internal review/ approval)?	Yes		n/a	93% Yes / 7% No / 0% n/a				15	85% Yes / 4% No / 11% n/a				41
j) Change email address?	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% n/a				15	96% Yes / 4% No / 0% n/a				46
j1) If yes, can it be completed online without any staff assistance (excl. internal review/ approval)?	Yes		n/a	87% Yes / 13% No / 0% n/a				15	87% Yes / 7% No / 7% n/a				43
k) Change tax withholding amount?	Yes		Yes	93% Yes / 7% No / 0% n/a				15	70% Yes / 26% No / 4% n/a				44

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
k1) If yes, can it be completed online without any staff assistance (excl. internal review/ approval)?	Yes		n/a	87% Yes / 7% No / 7% n/a				14	57% Yes / 11% No / 33% n/a				31
l) Apply for a transfer-in?	No		n/a	27% Yes / 73% No / 0% n/a				15	26% Yes / 74% No / 0% n/a				46
l1) If yes, can it be completed online without any staff assistance (excl. internal review/ approval)?	n/a		n/a	20% Yes / 7% No / 73% n/a				4	15% Yes / 11% No / 74% n/a				12
m) Apply for transfer-out?	Yes		Yes	73% Yes / 27% No / 0% n/a				15	48% Yes / 52% No / 0% n/a				46
m1) If yes, can it be completed online without any staff assistance (excl. internal review/ approval)?	No		n/a	40% Yes / 33% No / 27% n/a				11	24% Yes / 24% No / 52% n/a				22
n) Apply for a prior service credit purchase?	No		No	53% Yes / 47% No / 0% n/a				15	39% Yes / 57% No / 4% n/a				44
n1) If yes, can it be completed online without any staff assistance (excl. internal review/ approval)?	n/a		n/a	33% Yes / 20% No / 47% n/a				8	22% Yes / 17% No / 61% n/a				18
o) Apply for an in-service credit purchase?	No		No	47% Yes / 53% No / 0% n/a				15	35% Yes / 61% No / 4% n/a				44
o1) If yes, can it be completed online without any staff assistance (excl. internal review/ approval)?	n/a		n/a	20% Yes / 27% No / 53% n/a				7	15% Yes / 20% No / 65% n/a				16
p) Upload documents such as birth or death certificates?	Yes		Yes	80% Yes / 20% No / 0% n/a				15	78% Yes / 22% No / 0% n/a				46
q) Change communication preferences?	Yes		Yes	80% Yes / 20% No / 0% n/a				15	76% Yes / 24% No / 0% n/a				46
74 How many members submitted their retirement application online?	10,362		9,059	20,576	7,032	556	7,102	14	52,902	4,824	203	8,996	33
a) Is the member provided with an estimate, final (gross or net) amount, or neither?	Estimate		Estimate	7% Final / 53% Neither / 33% Estimate / 7% n/a				14	11% Final / 35% Neither / 28% Estimate / 26% n/a				34
b) What proportion of online retirement applications were completed without any manual staff assistance during the online submission and processing stage? "Staff assistance" refers only to actions required during the online application process that prevent the member from completing the retirement application fully online. It does not include internal reviews or approvals that occur after the application is submitted and are not visible to the member.	100.0%		0.0%	100.0%	75.0%	0.0%	67.5%	13	100.0%	80.4%	0.0%	65.3%	26
c) Can members track the status of their online retirement Outbound communication	Yes		Yes	73% Yes / 20% No / 7% n/a				14	57% Yes / 20% No / 24% n/a				35
75 What % of email addresses do you have for the following member groups:													
a) Active members?	75.0%		73.7%	98.3%	75.1%	49.1%	76.3%	15	100.0%	79.8%	1.0%	76.6%	43
b) Vested inactive members?	Unknown		Unknown	76.0%	47.2%	12.0%	49.1%	14	94.0%	54.9%	0.0%	50.9%	41
c) Annuitants?	71.0%		74.6%	95.2%	76.1%	59.2%	76.9%	15	95.2%	71.0%	0.0%	68.5%	42
76 Do you automatically send targeted emails, letters or, other correspondence (e.g., social media or text messages) to members in the following circumstances:													
a1) Approaching eligibility for retirement? (Active members)	No		No	53% Yes / 47% No / 0% n/a				15	46% Yes / 54% No / 0% n/a				46

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
a2) Approaching eligibility for retirement? (Inactive members)	No		Yes	53% Yes / 47% No / 0% n/a				15	52% Yes / 48% No / 0% n/a				46
b1) Missing beneficiary information? (Active members)	No		No	27% Yes / 73% No / 0% n/a				15	30% Yes / 65% No / 4% n/a				44
b2) Missing beneficiary information? (Inactive members)	No		No	20% Yes / 80% No / 0% n/a				15	22% Yes / 74% No / 4% n/a				44
b3) Missing beneficiary information? (Annuitants)	No		No	13% Yes / 87% No / 0% n/a				15	20% Yes / 76% No / 4% n/a				44
c1) Missing email address? (Active members)	No		No	7% Yes / 93% No / 0% n/a				15	24% Yes / 76% No / 0% n/a				46
c2) Missing email address? (Inactive members)	No		No	0% Yes / 100% No / 0% n/a				15	20% Yes / 80% No / 0% n/a				46
c3) Missing email address? (Annuitants)	No		No	13% Yes / 87% No / 0% n/a				15	24% Yes / 76% No / 0% n/a				46
d1) Missing address? (Inactive members)	No		No	0% Yes / 100% No / 0% n/a				15	17% Yes / 78% No / 4% n/a				44
d2) Missing address? (Annuitants)	No		No	13% Yes / 87% No / 0% n/a				15	24% Yes / 72% No / 4% n/a				44
e) New members?	No		No	87% Yes / 13% No / 0% n/a				15	85% Yes / 15% No / 0% n/a				46
f) Eligibility or likely eligibility, to purchase prior service credit?	No		No	13% Yes / 87% No / 0% n/a				15	24% Yes / 72% No / 4% n/a				44
g) Members are vested for pension benefits (if not vested immediately)?	No		No	40% Yes / 60% No / 0% n/a				15	24% Yes / 72% No / 4% n/a				44
h) Eligibility to purchase in-leave service credit?	No		No	0% Yes / 100% No / 0% n/a				15	13% Yes / 83% No / 4% n/a				44
i) Leaving the plan?	Yes		Yes	33% Yes / 67% No / 0% n/a				15	54% Yes / 46% No / 0% n/a				46
j) New retirees?	Yes		Yes	73% Yes / 27% No / 0% n/a				15	76% Yes / 24% No / 0% n/a				46
k) Pension amount changes?	Yes		Yes	80% Yes / 20% No / 0% n/a				15	87% Yes / 13% No / 0% n/a				46
l) Members are vested for disability benefits (if not vested immediately)?	No		No	13% Yes / 87% No / 0% n/a				15	13% Yes / 83% No / 4% n/a				44
m) Expiration of disability benefits for inactive members?	Yes		Yes	20% Yes / 80% No / 0% n/a				15	24% Yes / 72% No / 4% n/a				44
n) Other milestone communication? (describe below) n/a	No		No	73% Yes / 27% No / 0% n/a				15	72% Yes / 28% No / 0% n/a				46
77 How many times did you send newsletter to the following member segments in the past year:													
a) Active members?	1		1	47	4	1	8	15	51	3	0	6	42
b) Inactive members?	1		1	12	0	0	2	11	12	2	0	3	34
c) Annuitants?	1		2	27	3	1	5	15	27	3	0	5	42
78 Do the following member segments receive a different newsletter from the other member groups?													
a) Active members?	Yes		Yes	93% Yes / 7% No / 0% n/a				15	78% Yes / 22% No / 0% n/a				46
b) Inactive members?	No		No	13% Yes / 87% No / 0% n/a				15	26% Yes / 74% No / 0% n/a				46
c) Annuitants?	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% n/a				15	87% Yes / 13% No / 0% n/a				46
Member Statement													
79 How do you distribute the majority of your member statements?	Online		n/a	60% Online / 7% Mail / 33% Both				15	30% Online / 7% Mail / 63% Both				46

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
80 Do you mail member statements to:													
a) All active members, either all or all that have opted in to receiving mail?	n/a		No	40% Yes / 0% No / 60% n/a				6	67% Yes / 2% No / 30% n/a				32
b) Active members who have not accessed the secure member portal in the last year?	n/a		No	27% Yes / 13% No / 60% n/a				6	41% Yes / 28% No / 30% n/a				32
c) All inactive members, either all inactive members or all members that have opted in to receiving mail?	n/a		No	33% Yes / 7% No / 60% n/a				6	52% Yes / 17% No / 30% n/a				32
81 On average, how current is an active member's data in the mailed statements that the member receives? [For example, if statements with data current to December 31st are mailed in a staggered mailing beginning May 1st and finishing June 30th, then the members are receiving data that is between 4 and 6 months old, or 5 months old on average.]	n/a		5.0	5.0	2.8	2.0	2.9	6	6.0	2.8	0.0	3.0	31
82 If member statements are available online:													
a) Do you send an email notice or text message to members (that have opted out of receiving mail) annually that the member statement is available online?	Yes		Yes	60% Yes / 40% No / 0% n/a				15	65% Yes / 30% No / 4% n/a				44
b) Is the member statement updated based on real-time data?	No		No	33% Yes / 67% No / 0% n/a				15	30% Yes / 65% No / 4% n/a				44
If not:													
b1) How current is an active member's data, on average?	5.0		5.0	6.0	2.5	1.0	2.9	9	10.0	3.0	1.0	3.5	29
83 Do your paper or online statements for active members include:													
a) Total accumulated service credit?	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% n/a				15	96% Yes / 4% No / 0% n/a				46
b) Pensionable earnings?	Yes		Yes	80% Yes / 20% No / 0% n/a				15	87% Yes / 13% No / 0% n/a				46
c) A historical summary of salary and service credit earned each year?	No		No	47% Yes / 53% No / 0% n/a				15	35% Yes / 65% No / 0% n/a				46
d) An estimate of the future pension entitlement based on age scenario modeling or assuming the member continues to work until earliest possible retirement?	Yes		Yes	80% Yes / 20% No / 0% n/a				15	87% Yes / 13% No / 0% n/a				46
Collections and Data Maintenance													
84 Number of:													
a) Employers at the end of your fiscal year?	2,833		2,808	3,903	1,395	659	1,745	15	26,193	763	1	1,654	46
b) Employers that joined your system during the fiscal year?	2		5	17	6	2	7	15	1,891	5	0	57	46
c) Employers that exited your system during the fiscal year?	1		14	15	2	0	5	15	1,620	1	0	54	46
85 How many 'collection points' (i.e., employers, state agencies, departments and/or service providers etc) do you deal with for collecting:													
a) Member payroll data?	2,833		2,808	3,617	1,139	93	1,559	15	6,083	670	1	1,064	46
b) Money (i.e., contributions)?	2,833		2,808	3,098	1,139	94	1,509	15	26,193	670	1	1,566	46

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
[Your number of 'collection points' could be less than your number of employers if, for example, some of your payroll data comes from a central agency that processes payroll data from numerous employers and then provides it to you in a consolidated, integrated format.]													
86 How many 'reconciliation points' (i.e., employers, state agencies, departments and/or service providers, etc.) do you deal with when:													
a) Validating member data?	2,833		2,808	3,617	1,395	578	1,720	15	6,920	731	0	1,035	46
b) Reconciling money issues (i.e., contributions)?	2,833		2,808	3,617	1,306	94	1,593	15	26,193	670	1	1,595	46
[For most systems, the number of 'reconciliation points' will be the same as the number of 'collection points' per question immediately above. But they could be different. For example, MOSERS has 1 primary collection point - the Office of Administration. The Office of Administration does not check to see if employers have sent the correct amount. MOSERS has to go back to the individual payroll offices at each employer to reconcile money problems and validate data.]													
87 What is the breakdown of 'collection points' providing you with payroll data between the following formats and what is the total number of active members covered by each format?													
a) 100% electronic? [No manual steps required unless there are errors.]	1,849		1,692	3,617	1,139	93	1,449	15	4,204	481	0	792	46
b) Mostly electronic? [For example, some systems receive files by internet and then must manually start a program that uploads the file.]	n/a		0	368	0	0	47	15	1,583	0	0	94	46
c) Computer readable? [i.e., via computer tape or disk]	n/a		0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	46
d) Paper?	984		1,116	984	0	0	72	15	1,971	0	0	67	46
Total # of active members													
a) 100% electronic? [No manual steps required unless there are errors.]	473.6K		462.9K	985.0k	241.0k	7.1k	349.8k	15	84,313.0k	186.0k	0.0k	2,237.6k	43
b) Mostly electronic? [For example, some systems receive files by internet and then must manually start a program that uploads the file.]	n/a		0.0K	592.0k	0.0k	0.0k	86.0k	12	58,786.0k	0.0k	0.0k	1,747.7k	39
c) Computer readable? [i.e., via computer tape or disk]	n/a		0.0K	0.0k	0.0k	0.0k	0.0k	12	0.0k	0.0k	0.0k	0.0k	38
d) Paper?	10.8K		11.0K	476.0k	0.0k	0.0k	37.5k	13	60,015.0k	0.0k	0.0k	1,551.4k	39
88 Do you actively keep track of the addresses of inactive members?	Yes		Yes	87% Yes / 13% No				15	87% Yes / 13% No				46
Service to Employers													
89 Number of:													
a) Incoming calls from employers?	4,757		3,711	104,747	10,744	1,038	18,926	15	104,747	4,798	10	10,002	46

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
b) Email queries from employers?	Unknown		Unknown	112,378	17,747	4,599	21,608	15	188,563	17,711	348	21,227	46
c) Conferences for employers (conferences must span more than half a day and typically involve multiple presentations)? [For example, some administrators with multiple employers host an annual conference to update the employers on trends, regulation, legislation, and new services that might affect their pension plan].	0		0	11	0	0	2	15	42	0	0	2	46
d) Presentations given to employers such as orientation workshops or seminars on benefit changes, etc. (do not include presentations given at conferences)?	3		0	512	32	3	112	15	593	29	0	78	46
e) On-site reviews (or audits or inspections) of your employers? [For example, several systems perform reviews of their employers that have problems providing data and or contributions on a timely basis to ensure that they are correctly fulfilling their obligations to their members.]	0		0	330	58	0	66	15	600	5	0	62	46
f) Other site visits to employers (exclude 'd' and 'e' above)?	0		0	74	0	0	9	15	3,215	0	0	123	46
90 As of the end of the most recent fiscal year, how many of your current employers were registered to use your secure employer	1,846		n/a	3,834	1,957	687	2,280	5	3,834	665	43	1,125	13
91 In the last year, how many unique employers logged in to your secure employer portal? Count each employer only once, even if they logged in multiple times.	1,737		n/a	3,076	1,737	687	1,712	5	3,076	656	43	968	12
92 In the last year, how many total logins were made to your secure employer portal? Count each login even if made by the same employer. Member Experience	418,397		n/a	418,397	183,949	8,102	198,599	4	418,397	23,183	8,102	95,344	11
93 Did you send any satisfaction or member experience surveys in your most recent fiscal year?	Yes		Yes	93% Yes / 7% No / 0% n/a				15	96% Yes / 4% No / 0% n/a				46
a. Did you survey a sample of the following customer groups:	No		No	80% Yes / 13% No / 7% n/a				14	85% Yes / 11% No / 4% n/a				44
a1. Active members	No		No	80% Yes / 13% No / 7% n/a				14	85% Yes / 11% No / 4% n/a				44
a2. Annuitants	No		No	53% Yes / 40% No / 7% n/a				14	63% Yes / 33% No / 4% n/a				44
a3. Inactive members	No		No	53% Yes / 40% No / 7% n/a				14	63% Yes / 33% No / 4% n/a				44
b. Did you send a survey focused on a sample of members that recently engaged with your plan?	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No / 0% n/a				15	98% Yes / 0% No / 2% n/a				45
b1. Calls													
b1a. Satisfaction / Net Promoter Score (NPS)	Yes		Yes	87% Yes / 7% No / 7% n/a				14	83% Yes / 13% No / 4% n/a				44
b1b. Effort	No		n/a	47% Yes / 47% No / 7% n/a				14	41% Yes / 50% No / 9% n/a				42
b2. Self-service website													
b2a. Satisfaction / Net Promoter Score (NPS)	Yes		Yes	60% Yes / 33% No / 7% n/a				14	63% Yes / 33% No / 4% n/a				44

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
b2b. Effort	No		n/a	53% Yes / 40% No / 7% n/a				14	43% Yes / 46% No / 11% n/a				41
b3. 1-on-1 counseling													
b3a. Satisfaction / Net Promoter Score (NPS)	Yes		Yes	87% Yes / 7% No / 7% n/a				14	83% Yes / 13% No / 4% n/a				44
b3b. Effort	No		n/a	40% Yes / 53% No / 7% n/a				14	41% Yes / 48% No / 11% n/a				41
b4. Member presentations													
b4a. Satisfaction / Net Promoter Score (NPS)	Yes		Yes	87% Yes / 7% No / 7% n/a				14	89% Yes / 7% No / 4% n/a				44
b4b. Effort	No		n/a	40% Yes / 53% No / 7% n/a				14	41% Yes / 48% No / 11% n/a				41
b5. New member enrollment													
b5a. Satisfaction / Net Promoter Score (NPS)	No		n/a	13% Yes / 87% No / 0% n/a				15	15% Yes / 85% No / 0% n/a				46
b5b. Effort	No		n/a	7% Yes / 87% No / 7% n/a				14	11% Yes / 76% No / 13% n/a				40
b6. Leaving the pension plan													
b6a. Satisfaction / Net Promoter Score (NPS)	No		n/a	27% Yes / 67% No / 7% n/a				14	28% Yes / 63% No / 9% n/a				42
b6b. Effort	No		n/a	27% Yes / 67% No / 7% n/a				14	20% Yes / 67% No / 13% n/a				40
b7. Disability													
b7a. Satisfaction / Net Promoter Score (NPS)	No		n/a	47% Yes / 47% No / 7% n/a				14	37% Yes / 59% No / 4% n/a				44
b7b. Effort	No		n/a	33% Yes / 60% No / 7% n/a				14	24% Yes / 67% No / 9% n/a				42
b8. Retirement experience													
b8a. Satisfaction / Net Promoter Score (NPS)	Yes		Yes	80% Yes / 13% No / 7% n/a				14	74% Yes / 22% No / 4% n/a				44
b8. Effort	No		n/a	53% Yes / 40% No / 7% n/a				14	46% Yes / 46% No / 9% n/a				42
Plan Design													
Plan Characteristics													
101 Indicate 'yes' if your employers/ member groups can be described as the following (indicate all that apply):													
a) Is your membership limited to a city or county?	No		No	0% Yes / 100% No				15	4% Yes / 91% No				44
b) Participating Local Employers (i.e., municipalities have a choice in participating in your plan)?	Yes		Yes	73% Yes / 27% No				15	48% Yes / 48% No				44
c) State, Province, Country?	Yes		Yes	93% Yes / 7% No				15	74% Yes / 22% No				44
d) Teachers?	Yes		Yes	73% Yes / 27% No				15	61% Yes / 35% No				44
e) School Employees (Custodians, Admin. Staff)?	Yes		Yes	87% Yes / 13% No				15	72% Yes / 24% No				44
f) Safety (Police, Fire, Sheriff's Dept, etc) ?	Yes		Yes	87% Yes / 13% No				15	63% Yes / 33% No				44
g) Other (Judges, Legislators, etc)?	Yes		Yes	80% Yes / 20% No				15	57% Yes / 39% No				44

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
h) Corporate?	No		No	0% Yes / 100% No				15	9% Yes / 87% No				44
i) Industry?	No		No	0% Yes / 100% No				15	24% Yes / 76% No				46
i1) If Industry, describe the industry: n/a													
102 Which of the following descriptions best describes the non-optional benefit plans that you administer for each of your member groups: A plan is non-optional if members must participate in it, or choose between it and alternatives. Do not include membership in benefit plans that are supplemental and optional such as deferred compensation 457, 403B or 401(k) plans. Do not include plans administered by a 3rd party.													
a) Traditional Defined Benefit ("DB")?	Yes		Yes	93% Yes / 7% No				15	98% Yes / 2% No				46
b) DB Cash Balance (aka Money Purchase)?	No		No	20% Yes / 80% No				15	11% Yes / 89% No				46
c) Hybrid DB/ DC Cash Balance?	No		No	7% Yes / 93% No				15	4% Yes / 96% No				46
d) Hybrid DB/ Money Match?	No		No	7% Yes / 93% No				15	2% Yes / 93% No				44
e) DROP savings?	No		No	7% Yes / 93% No				15	9% Yes / 87% No				44
f) Defined Contribution ("DC")?	No		No	33% Yes / 67% No				15	22% Yes / 78% No				46
g) Hybrid DB/ DC?	No		No	47% Yes / 53% No				15	22% Yes / 78% No				46
h) Other (describe)? n/a	No		No	0% Yes / 100% No				15	7% Yes / 93% No				46
103 Do members in any of your defined benefit plan(s) have the option of electing: [These questions are not applicable for DC plans or the DC portion of hybrid DB/DC plans]													
a) A 'variable investment option' that can increase or decrease the value of a member's future DB pension depending on the investment performance of a 'variable fund'?	No		No	7% Yes / 93% No				15	4% Yes / 91% No				44
b) A 'pension savings overlay'? [Some Dutch systems have this option. The additional contributions are converted into an annuity at retirement. Interest is based on a fixed percentage or on the performance of the pension fund.]	No		No	27% Yes / 73% No				15	11% Yes / 85% No				44
c) To change their contribution rate in order to get either more money at retirement or earlier eligibility to retire?	No		No	7% Yes / 93% No				15	4% Yes / 91% No				44
104 Do you have a Highly Compensated Employee replacement benefit program for employees that exceed legal or contractual limits of maximum pensionable earnings?	No		Yes	73% Yes / 27% No				15	67% Yes / 28% No				44
105 Are any of the following activities administered by a third party:													
a) DB administration?	No		No	0% Yes / 100% No				15	11% Yes / 89% No				46

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
b) DC administration?	Yes		Yes	73% Yes / 20% No / 7% n/a				14	39% Yes / 43% No / 17% n/a				38
c) Pensioner data maintenance?	No		No	0% Yes / 100% No				15	13% Yes / 87% No				46
d) Active member data maintenance?	No		No	0% Yes / 100% No				15	11% Yes / 89% No				46
e) Contribution collection?	No		No	0% Yes / 100% No				15	13% Yes / 87% No				46
f) Disability decisions?	No		No	40% Yes / 60% No				15	43% Yes / 57% No				46
106 Which of the following programs do you offer to members AND administer yourself? [i.e., design, enrolment, premium collection]													
a) Pre-retirement health?	No		No	13% Yes / 87% No				15	7% Yes / 89% No				44
b) Post-retirement health?	No		No	47% Yes / 53% No				15	24% Yes / 72% No				44
c) Pre-retirement dental and vision?	No		No	7% Yes / 93% No				15	2% Yes / 93% No				44
d) Post-retirement dental and vision?	No		No	40% Yes / 60% No				15	20% Yes / 76% No				44
e) Long-term care insurance?	No		No	13% Yes / 87% No				15	4% Yes / 91% No				44
f) Loans to members?	No		No	7% Yes / 93% No				15	9% Yes / 87% No				44
g) Optional tax deferred savings plans? [i.e., 457, 403, 401k, 401a, etc.]	No		Yes	33% Yes / 67% No				15	20% Yes / 76% No				44
h) Optional insurance? [i.e., life and/or auto and/or home]	No		Yes	7% Yes / 93% No				15	7% Yes / 89% No				44
i) Other (describe)?	No		No	20% Yes / 80% No				15	17% Yes / 78% No				44
n/a													
n/a													
n/a													
107 Is your organization directly responsible for both investments and pension administration?	No		No	67% Yes / 33% No				15	61% Yes / 39% No				46
108 Does your board have an organization separate from the plan administrator that supports the Board and helps oversee the administrator? [This separate organization may also be responsible for public relations and select administrative duties and projects such as designing communication materials.]	No		No	0% Yes / 100% No				15	17% Yes / 80% No				45
109 Does your board have the power on its own to approve your operating budget? [i.e., your budget does not also have to be approved by a separate government representative, such as the Treasury, Legislature, Governor, Minister and General Assembly, etc.] Paying Pension Rules	No		No	33% Yes / 60% No				14	50% Yes / 41% No				42
110 Do you make payments to annuitants that are accounted for separately from the normal pension?	Yes		Yes	60% Yes / 40% No				15	39% Yes / 57% No				44

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
[For example : • Some systems permit employers to supplement the normal pension of their retirees. The pension fund collects the supplement from the employer and pays it on behalf of the employer. • At some Dutch systems contributions to the normal retirement pension are required by the pensioner during early retirement. These contributions are often reimbursed to the pensioner. The accounting and the member's payment advice shows 2 different payments (the pension + the reimbursement) and 1 collection (the required contribution).]													
111 Do you:													
a) Check income of non-disabled pensioners? [For most systems this does not apply. At a few systems, if a pensioner's income from other sources exceeds a certain amount, his/her pension could be stopped or reduced.]	Yes		Yes	47% Yes / 53% No				15	37% Yes / 59% No				44
b) Check income of disabled members after they have started receiving disability payments?	Yes		Yes	93% Yes / 7% No / 0% n/a				15	61% Yes / 30% No / 9% n/a				42
c) Check school status? [For example, some systems will check that a dependent beneficiary is still eligible to receive a survivor pension benefit.]	No		No	33% Yes / 67% No				15	54% Yes / 41% No				44
d) Do proof-of-life checks that require individual annuitants to provide affidavits or notarization or similar proof of life?	Yes		Yes	93% Yes / 7% No				15	85% Yes / 11% No				44
e) Provide written confirmations of pensioner income or member account balances to third-parties? [For example, provide confirmation of income or account value for loans or for social security or subsidized housing, etc.]	No		Yes	93% Yes / 7% No				15	87% Yes / 9% No				44
Payment Options													
112 Do you offer "joint and survivor" options that are:													
a) Reduced to Beneficiary Only? [For example, If the beneficiary dies first, then the retiree's pension continues at the same level. However if the retiree dies first then the beneficiary receives a reduced pension (such as 70% for spouse).]	Yes		Yes	73% Yes / 27% No				15	80% Yes / 15% No				44
b) Reduced to Last Survivor? [For example, if either the retiree or beneficiary dies the survivor receives a reduced pension (such as 70%).]	No		No	27% Yes / 73% No				15	30% Yes / 65% No				44
c) "Reversion" or "Pop-up"? [For example, if the beneficiary dies first, the retiree's pension increases to an unmodified level. However, if the retiree dies first the pension does not increase for the surviving beneficiary (and it may decrease).]	Yes		Yes	87% Yes / 13% No				15	61% Yes / 35% No				44

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
113 Do you limit the number of Joint and Beneficiary or Survivor percentages (i.e., 100% Survivor, 50% Survivor, etc.)? If you permit an unlimited number of percentages, then your response should be a) How many percentages do you permit?	Yes		Yes	60% Yes / 40% No				15	72% Yes / 24% No				44
	2		2	91	3	2	13	9	91	4	2	7	33
114 Do any of your retirement formula for members explicitly subtract estimated Social Security (or CPP in Canada) when determining the benefit? a) If yes, is this true for all of your members or are some pensions reduced to reflect Social Security and others not? b) If yes, do you have a "Level Income" option for early retirees that pays a higher benefit to members prior to age 65 and then reduces the benefit at age 65 when social security (or CPP in Canada) starts to be paid?	No		Yes	20% Yes / 80% No				15	48% Yes / 48% No				44
	n/a		Some	0% All / 20% Some / 80% n/a				3	9% All / 39% Some / 52% n/a				22
	n/a		Yes	13% Yes / 7% No				3	41% Yes / 7% No				22
115 Do you have "High/ Low" or "Low/High" options that are not tied to social security? [For example, a retiree might want higher payments for 10 years until a mortgage obligation is repaid, followed by lower payments.]	No		No	13% Yes / 87% No				15	9% Yes / 87% No				44
116 Do you offer "Annuity Certain" options? [For example, Annuity Certain options provide the annuitant with a monthly benefit for life. If the annuitant dies before a set guarantee period, monthly benefits continue to be paid to a beneficiary for the balance of the guarantee period.]	No		No	47% Yes / 53% No				15	59% Yes / 37% No				44
117 Do you have a designer option where members can design virtually any actuarially sound cash flow they choose? [Designer options need to be custom priced by an actuary.]	No		No	7% Yes / 93% No				15	7% Yes / 89% No				44
118 Can a member choose between a COLA protected and a non-COLA pension? [The only example we have seen provides a much higher FAS salary base for the non-COLA pension.]	Yes		Yes	7% Yes / 93% No				15	7% Yes / 89% No				44
119 Do you have a Deferred Retirement Option Plan ("DROP")? [This option allows eligible employees to receive payment of retirement benefits while continuing to work. These payments are usually deposited into a separate account, and the total accumulated value of this account is paid via lump sum to the employee on actual retirement.]	No		No	20% Yes / 80% No				15	15% Yes / 80% No				44
120 At retirement, can a member convert: a) Part of his benefit into a partial lump sum payment? b) All of his benefit into a lump sum or commuted value payment? [That can be rolled over to another fund, or investment account, etc.]	No		No	53% Yes / 47% No				15	43% Yes / 52% No				44
	No		No	27% Yes / 73% No				15	24% Yes / 72% No				44

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
121 Are members permitted to retire mid-month (in which case they receive a partial pension payment for the remainder of the month) or are they always assumed to retire on a set day (usually the first or the last day) of the month?	Set Day		Set Day	27% Any Day / 73% Set Day / 0% n/a					39% Any Day / 57% Set Day / 4% n/a				
122 How many mortality tables do you keep track of for determining joint and survivor or beneficiary options? [Most systems track only one table. But some systems calculate joint and survivor pensions using the mortality table that was in effect when the retiring member joined the system. Since mortality tables change from time to time, the result is that these systems are required to track numerous mortality tables.] Cost of Living Adjustments	1		1	348	2	1	26	15	348	2	0	11	44
123 How many different cost of living adjustment ("COLA") rule sets do you have for retired, and if applicable, inactive members? (These rule sets may be either contractual or legislated.) [Most systems have only one or none. Examples of different COLA rule sets that could apply to various member groups or grandfathered subsets of member groups include: 1. CPI uncapped 2. CPI capped at 2% without a carry forward; 3. CPI capped at 2% with a carry forward]	1		1	14	2	1	4	15	14	2	0	3	44
124 Do you have: a) Cost of living adjustment ("COLA") clauses that carry forward inflation that exceeds a cap (versus no cap or no carry forward or no COLA etc.)? b) Conditional COLA based on the level of funding? c) Umbrella legislation that guarantees the purchasing power of an annuitants' pension will not fall below a certain level? [An example of such legislated protection is the PPPA in California.]	No		No	27% Yes / 73% No					24% Yes / 72% No				
	No		No	27% Yes / 73% No					33% Yes / 63% No				
	No		No	20% Yes / 80% No					15% Yes / 80% No				
125 Do you have COLA clauses that increase the base pensionable earnings of inactive members? a) If yes, are these COLA increases the same as they are for annuitants? Benefit Formulas	No		No	13% Yes / 87% No					24% Yes / 72% No				
	n/a		n/a	7% Yes / 7% No					15% Yes / 9% No				
126 How many different rule sets do you have that apply to member groups or subsets of a member group for qualifying for an unreduced retirement formula? [For example, one system has the following 3 rule sets that apply to its member groups and special subsets of its member groups.]	9		9	91	9	2	14	15	91	6	1	10	44

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
1. All public employees can get an unreduced retirement at 65 with 5 years of service, or at 60 with 20 years of service. (Even though there are two qualifying rules, it only counts as 1 rule set because the rules apply equally to all members.) 2. Pre-1995 public employees can get an unreduced retirement at age 55 with 20 years of service. 3. Teachers can get an unreduced retirement when age plus years of service equals 75.]													
127 Can members retire earlier than the age required for an unreduced retirement formula? [For example, at one system an unreduced formula of 1.5% per year of service is available beginning at age 60. Members can retire earlier but the pension is reduced by 5% for each year earlier than age 60.]	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No				15	96% Yes / 0% No				44
128 How many different salary definitions could apply in retirement formula calculations? [Examples of different salary definitions include: • Average of 3 final years' salary subject to raises not in excess of 10%; • Average of 3 best consecutive years' salary with no cap on raises; • Final 12 months salary.]	5		5	15	3	1	6	15	15	3	0	4	44
129 How many different 'formula percentage' rule sets could apply in unreduced retirement formulas? [For example, one system has the following three different 'formula percentage' rule sets: 1. Fire and Police get 2.5% per year of service; 2. Public Employees get 1.75% per year of service; 3. Teachers get 1.8% for the first 5 years of service, 2.0% for the next 5 years of service and 2.3% per year of service thereafter.]	5		5	91	4	1	12	15	91	5	1	8	44
130 Do you have different employers with different benefit formula? If yes, which of the following happens when a member moves from one employer that you administer to another with a different benefit formula? [For example, moves from PERS to Law Enforcement.]	Yes		Yes	73% Yes / 27% No				15	52% Yes / 43% No				44
a) Each system uses its own formula and salary data to determine the benefit.	Yes		Yes	33% Yes / 40% No				11	28% Yes / 24% No				24
b) Each system applies its own formula but uses either the salary earned in the last system, or the highest salary (or salaries) in either system.	Yes		Yes	33% Yes / 40% No				11	22% Yes / 30% No				24
c) The highest formula will apply.	No		No	7% Yes / 67% No				11	7% Yes / 46% No				24
d) The formula of the plan where the member works last will apply.	Yes		Yes	27% Yes / 47% No				11	17% Yes / 35% No				24
e) Other (describe).	No		No	7% Yes / 67% No				11	13% Yes / 37% No				23

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
n/a													
External Reciprocity													
131 Do you have agreements with external systems where you both agree to use the member's final salary from the system where the member worked immediately prior to retirement in the benefit calculation? [Otherwise, each system pays the "dual" member a pension benefit based on its own rules for determining the benefit. Neither credit nor money are transferred between systems.]	No		No	40% Yes / 60% No				15	37% Yes / 59% No				44
132 Do you have agreements with external Systems where the member may combine internal and external credit to form one joint account? [The accounts remain separate until the member applies for a benefit, at which time either: • The System with the most service credit for that person is responsible for the combined account, or • The System where the member worked last is responsible.]	No		No	13% Yes / 87% No				15	17% Yes / 78% No				44
Service Credit Rules													
133 How many different definitions do you have for a "full year" of service credit? [For example, a system could have: • One definition such as "more than 120 days = a year". • Or the following three definitions: 9 months = a year for state colleges, 10 months = a year for teachers and 12 months = a year for public employees. • Or the following three definitions: 182 days in school district A or B, 179 days in school district C and 180 days in all other school districts. • Or the following two definitions for hourly employees: 48 weeks of 40 hours per week versus 48 weeks of 36 hours per week.]	5		5	10	4	1	4	15	100	3	1	5	44
134 Does your system have more than one payroll year for determining service credit? [For example, the teachers' year could be July - June with their service credit determined based on the time worked July - June and the public employees' year could be January to December with their service credit determined based on time worked January to December.]	Yes		Yes	27% Yes / 73% No				15	28% Yes / 67% No				44
a) If yes, how many different payroll years exist in your system?	9		9	12	6	2	7	4	30	3	2	6	13

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
135 How many different vesting periods do you have that apply to active members? [Your answer should be 0 if you have immediate vesting. Most North American systems have only one.]	2		2	8	2	0	3	15	10	2	0	2	44
136 Do you permit:													
a) Permanent part-time employees to be members? [An example of a permanent part-time employee is someone contracted to work 3 days a week.]	Yes		Yes	93% Yes / 7% No				15	89% Yes / 7% No				44
b) Casual/ temporary/ intermittent/ seasonal employees to be members? [An example of a 'temporary' employee is an infrequent substitute teacher.]	No		No	80% Yes / 20% No				15	65% Yes / 30% No				44
137 Are you sometimes asked by employers to determine the eligibility of members? [This can occur when a member works for multiple employers in your system or when there is unclear eligibility legislation. For example, a school bus driver may drive buses for multiple districts or counties at the same time. Based on time spent within each district the driver would be ineligible. However, based on the combined employment the driver may be eligible.] Service Credit Purchases	Yes		Yes	93% Yes / 7% No				15	87% Yes / 9% No				44
138 Indicate each of the payment methods you permit for service credit purchases and upgrades:													
a) Rollover from tax qualified plans such as 401(a) or 401(k) or Conduit IRA or KEOGH in the US; or RRSP plans in Canada?	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No				15	93% Yes / 2% No				44
b) Lump sum payments from members?	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No				15	93% Yes / 2% No				44
c) Installment payments direct from members?	No		No	53% Yes / 47% No				15	63% Yes / 33% No				44
d) Installment payments via payroll deduction through employers?	No		No	60% Yes / 40% No				15	52% Yes / 43% No				44
139 How many different service credit purchase categories do you have with different definitions and/or eligibility requirements? [For example, some systems have multiple different categories with different definitions such as 'refunded prior service', 'sick leave', 'military service', etc. Other systems have a single category such as 'any previous work, any time, anywhere'.]	7		18	54	14	4	16	15	54	12	2	14	43
140 How many different service credit purchase calculation formula or methodologies do you have? [For example, one system has the following 4 different cost calculation formula: • Previously refunded contributions X the actuarial earnings rate.]	4		4	16	5	3	7	15	19	5	0	6	44

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
• Salary X Contribution Rate (no interest) for active duty military service. • Salary X Contribution Rate X 5% per annum for out-of-state government, or private school teaching service • Actuarial Cost for up to 5 years of any non-government, non-teaching work done outside of the pension system.]													
141 Are your service credit purchase rules (category definitions, eligibility requirements and calculation methodologies):													
a) Essentially identical for all your members?	No		No	20% Yes / 73% No				14	30% Yes / 63% No				43
b) Similar for all member groups, albeit with some differences?	Yes		Yes	73% Yes / 27% No				15	54% Yes / 41% No				44
c) Very different for different member groups?	No		No	7% Yes / 87% No				14	11% Yes / 83% No				43
Refunds, Transfers-out and Terminating Payments													
142 Do you pay a one-time death payment when a member, retiree or the retiree's beneficiary dies (separate from the survivor pension)?	Yes		Yes	60% Yes / 40% No				15	54% Yes / 41% No				44
a) If yes, how many different one-time death payment rule sets do you have? [i.e., \$5,000, \$2,000 etc.]	6		6	6	4	2	4	9	8	3	1	4	25
143 How many different refund formulas do you have?	2		2	7	3	1	3	15	10	2	0	3	44
[For example, a few systems have different formulas for vested and non-vested members, or for different member groups.]													
Disability													
144 What happens to disabled members' benefits when they reach regular retirement age:													
a) No change (disabled member continues to receive the same disability payments. There are no new potential pension obligations.)?	No		No	80% Yes / 20% No				15	67% Yes / 24% No				42
b) Disabled members receive the greater of their current disability benefit or service retirement based on their service credit earned to the date of disability? [i.e., time on disability does not count as service credit]	No		No	27% Yes / 73% No				15	11% Yes / 80% No				42
c) Disabled members receive service retirement (time on disability counts as eligible service credit)?	Yes		Yes	33% Yes / 67% No				15	33% Yes / 59% No				42
d) Other (describe)?	No		No	40% Yes / 60% No				15	26% Yes / 61% No				40
n/a													
145 Will you pay a disabled member that returns to work at a salary lower than they previously earned:													
a) The difference between his old salary (or their old disability benefit) and their new lower salary?	Yes		Yes	33% Yes / 67% No				15	17% Yes / 70% No				40
b) An amount that is potentially greater than the difference between their old salary and their new lower salary?	No		No	7% Yes / 93% No				15	7% Yes / 80% No				40

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
146 How do you determine whether a member qualifies for long-term disability/ disability pension:													
a) Follow the ruling of a government agency such as social security or worker's compensation?	No		No	13% Yes / 87% No				15	15% Yes / 74% No				41
b) Employer decides?	No		No	0% Yes / 93% No / 7% Some / 0% n/a				15	2% Yes / 83% No / 7% Some / 9% n/a				42
c) Process independent of social security, worker's compensation and employer decisions? [For example, many systems use independent internal processes or medical review boards or medical	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No				15	78% Yes / 11% No				41
d) Other (describe)?	No		No	13% Yes / 80% No				14	17% Yes / 72% No				41
n/a													
147 Which of the following descriptions best describes the MINIMUM level of disability necessary to be eligible for a long-term disability/ disability pension: [If you have different plans with different definitions, choose the definition that applies to the largest number of cases.]													
a) Disabling injury or illness that prevents you from performing your current job duties (even though you might be able to perform other jobs) and expected to be permanent (or for some systems - persist longer than 6 or 12 months)?	Yes		Yes	53% Yes / 47% No				15	50% Yes / 39% No				41
b) Disabling injury or illness that prevents the member from performing current and 'other' jobs that he/she is qualified for and/or can become qualified to do in a reasonable period of time and expected to be permanent (or for some systems - persist longer than 6 or 12 months)? [Sometimes but not always the 'other job' is defined as not able to earn a certain level (i.e., 75%) of pre-disability earnings.]	No		No	20% Yes / 80% No				15	15% Yes / 70% No				39
c) Totally and permanently incapacitated and member is not reasonably expected to recover from disabling medical condition or not expected to ever work again?	No		No	27% Yes / 73% No				15	26% Yes / 57% No				38
d) Other (describe)?	No		No	7% Yes / 87% No				14	11% Yes / 70% No				37
n/a													
148 If you administer short-term disability:													
a) Are the short-term and long-term disability/ disability pension processes closely entwined? [i.e., difficult to distinguish between costs of long-term/disability pensions and short term disability, same staff do both, similar approval processes.]	n/a		n/a	13% Yes / 33% No				7	9% Yes / 37% No				21

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
b) Are the disability definitions, other than the expected duration of disability, the same for both long-term and short-term disability? [For example, the only difference between the definition of long-term/ disability pensions and short-term disability at some systems is the disabling injury or illness is expected to last longer than 12 months for long-term.]	n/a		n/a	0% Yes / 47% No				7	4% Yes / 41% No				21
c) Are there materially different approval processes for short-term and long-term disability/ disability pensions?	n/a		n/a	13% Yes / 33% No				7	4% Yes / 43% No				22
149 How many different rule sets with different definitions or benefits do you have that apply to member groups or subsets of a member group for:													
a) Long-term disability/ disability pensions?	7		7	100	3	2	11	15	100	3	1	7	37
b) Short-term disability (if you administer it yourself)?	n/a		n/a	2	2	1	2	2	2	1	0	1	7
[For example, some systems have different disability definitions or benefits for police and fire than they do for other public employees. Other systems have grandfathered disability rule sets that only apply to members hired prior to a certain date.]													
150 Do you reduce payments if the member qualifies or receives:													
a) Disability social security?	Yes		Yes	53% Yes / 47% No				15	33% Yes / 59% No				42
b) Worker's compensation?	Yes		Yes	67% Yes / 33% No				15	37% Yes / 50% No				40
c) Other public funds (i.e., federal military disability)?	Yes		Yes	27% Yes / 73% No				15	9% Yes / 78% No				40
d) Income protection plans/other disability insurance?	No		No	20% Yes / 80% No				15	9% Yes / 78% No				40
e) Employer sick leave and annual leave pay?	Yes		Yes	33% Yes / 67% No				15	20% Yes / 67% No				40
f) Unemployment compensation?	No		No	27% Yes / 73% No				15	13% Yes / 74% No				40
g) Income from other employment?	Yes		Yes	67% Yes / 33% No				15	43% Yes / 43% No				40
h) Other (describe)?	No		No	20% Yes / 73% No				14	13% Yes / 67% No				37
n/a													
Pensionable Earnings													
151 Indicate which of the following forms of variable compensation are paid in your system. And, if paid, indicate whether all, some or none of that type of variable compensation is included in pensionable earnings.													
a) Bonuses?	Yes		Yes	80% Yes / 20% No				15	72% Yes / 24% No				44
b) Allowances, such as remote location pay or 'high risk' duty allowance or a car allowance?	Yes		Yes	87% Yes / 13% No				15	72% Yes / 24% No				44
c) Overtime pay?	Yes		Yes	93% Yes / 7% No				15	83% Yes / 13% No				44
d) Commissions or similar payments such as fees paid to sheriffs for process serving?	No		No	33% Yes / 67% No				15	30% Yes / 65% No				44

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
If yes, is all, some or none of it included in pensionable earnings?													
a) Bonuses?	Some		Some	7% All / 7% None / 67% Some / 20% n/a				12	9% All / 15% None / 48% Some / 28% n/a				33
b) Allowances, such as remote location pay or 'high risk' duty allowance or a car allowance?	Some		Some	7% All / 13% None / 67% Some / 13% n/a				13	7% All / 11% None / 54% Some / 28% n/a				33
c) Overtime pay?	All		All	60% All / 0% None / 33% Some / 7% n/a				14	39% All / 15% None / 28% Some / 17% n/a				38
d) Commissions or similar payments such as fees paid to sheriffs for process serving?	n/a		n/a	13% All / 0% None / 20% Some / 67% n/a				5	9% All / 9% None / 13% Some / 70% n/a				14
152 When determining a member's pensionable earnings does a cap on salary increases apply?	No		No	60% Yes / 40% No				15	46% Yes / 50% No				44
Customization Options													
153 Can either existing employers, or a new employer joining your system, choose:													
a) Whether they offer early retirement, or a window of early retirement?	No		Yes	27% Yes / 73% No				15	17% Yes / 78% No				44
b) Whether or not part-time employees are eligible?	No		No	13% Yes / 87% No				15	11% Yes / 85% No				44
c) Whether employee contributions are paid pre or post tax?	Yes		Yes	53% Yes / 47% No				15	20% Yes / 76% No				44
d) Whether they pay for employee contributions themselves, or not?	No		No	53% Yes / 47% No				15	24% Yes / 72% No				44
e) Position coverage based on predetermined rule sets? [For example, employers can choose from a list of pre-determined rules sets such as 1.5% X FAS for General and 2.5% X FAS for Law Enforcement. Employers may have flexibility to determine eligibility]	No		No	27% Yes / 73% No				15	11% Yes / 85% No				44
f) Contribution levels and/ or match rates? [For example, at Texas MRS, employers can choose employee deposit rates of 5%, 6% or 7% and employer match rates of 1 to 1, 1.5 to 1 or 2 to 1. We think this only applies to money match and DC plans because for DB plans the promised benefit determines the contribution.]	No		No	20% Yes / 80% No				15	9% Yes / 87% No				44
g) To pay for one-time improvements in retiree or member benefits? [For example, one fund's employers can elect to pay to improve the money purchase entitlement of their members.]	Yes		No	27% Yes / 73% No				15	15% Yes / 80% No				44
154 When new employers join your system, do they have the flexibility to customize any of the following items: If yes, indicate the number of standard choices for that item.													
a) Benefit program multipliers? [i.e., 2% per year of service, 2.5% per year of service, etc.]	No		No	13% Yes / 87% No				15	7% Yes / 89% No				44
b) Final salary definition? [i.e., Sick Leave in or out, Final 1 year, Highest 5 consecutive years, etc.]	No		No	20% Yes / 80% No				15	7% Yes / 89% No				44
c) Retirement eligibility rules? [i.e., age and/or years of service required to retire]	No		No	7% Yes / 93% No				15	4% Yes / 91% No				44

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
d) Cost of living adjustment rules? [i.e., CPI capped at 2%, CPI uncapped, etc]	No		No	7% Yes / 93% No				15	4% Yes / 91% No				44
e) Vesting period?	No		No	0% Yes / 100% No				15	0% Yes / 96% No				44
f) Service credit purchase categories?	No		No	13% Yes / 87% No				15	4% Yes / 91% No				44
g) Death benefit coverage? [i.e., one system has 3 choices: none, \$5,000 and \$10,000]	Yes		Yes	13% Yes / 87% No				15	4% Yes / 91% No				44
h) Disability coverage rules?	No		No	13% Yes / 87% No				15	11% Yes / 85% No				44
i) Choice as to whether and how contributions and benefits are coordinated with social security?	No		No	7% Yes / 93% No				15	4% Yes / 91% No				44
j) Other (describe)?	No		No	13% Yes / 87% No				15	15% Yes / 80% No				44
n/a													
If yes: # of standard options													
a) Benefit program multipliers? [i.e., 2% per year of service, 2.5% per year of service, etc.]	n/a		n/a	5	5	5	5	2	5	5	2	4	3
b) Final salary definition? [i.e., Sick Leave in or out, Final 1 year, Highest 5 consecutive years, etc]	n/a		n/a	4	2	2	3	3	4	2	2	3	3
c) Retirement eligibility rules? [i.e., age and/or years of service required to retire]	n/a		n/a	3	3	3	3	1	3	3	2	3	2
d) Cost of living adjustment rules? [i.e., CPI capped at 2%, CPI uncapped, etc]	n/a		n/a	4	4	4	4	1	4	3	2	3	2
e) Vesting period?	n/a		n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	0
f) Service credit purchase categories?	n/a		n/a	10	6	2	6	2	10	6	2	6	2
g) Death benefit coverage? [i.e., one system has 3 choices: none, \$5,000 and \$10,000]	2		2	6	4	2	4	2	6	4	2	4	2
h) Disability coverage rules?	n/a		n/a	4	4	3	4	2	4	2	2	3	5
i) Choice as to whether and how contributions and benefits are coordinated with social security?	n/a		n/a	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	2	2
j) Other (describe)?	n/a		n/a	30	17	4	17	2	30	3	1	6	7
155 Can an existing employer change any of the choices (per the question above), effectively creating a new or altered rule set, at any Collections and Data Maintenance	Yes		Yes	27% Yes / 73% No				15	24% Yes / 70% No				43
156 How many different contribution percentages do you collect from:													
a) Employers? [For example, single member group systems may have only one contribution percentage whereas some multi-plan systems may collect numerous different contribution rates from various participating employers.]	89		89	4,331	14	1	938	15	17,176	6	0	717	44
b) Members?	2		2	44	3	1	8	15	44	4	0	6	44

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
157 Which of the following payment methods for employee contributions occur in the plans that you administer: a) No employee contributions? b) Employer pays their part and also the employee contributions? c) Employer withholds employee contributions pre-tax from their salary? d) Employer withholds employee contributions post-tax from their salary?	Yes		Yes	40% Yes / 60% No				15	33% Yes / 63% No				44
	No		No	60% Yes / 40% No				15	46% Yes / 50% No				44
	Yes		Yes	100% Yes / 0% No				15	91% Yes / 4% No				44
	Yes		Yes	73% Yes / 27% No				15	35% Yes / 61% No				44
158 Do you have any other contributions in addition to the regular employee and employer contributions? [For example, Ohio SERS collects a surcharge for members who earn less than a minimum compensation amount.] a) If yes, describe: Contribution-based benefit cap; service purchases sometimes paid by employer; court costs collected toward LEO retirement.	Yes		Yes	47% Yes / 53% No				15	52% Yes / 43% No				44
159 Do you collect pension contributions from any members directly? [For example, Nurses in the Netherlands can continue to contribute to their pension even if they are inactive. Do not include optional contributions such as to 401k savings plans]	Yes		Yes	27% Yes / 73% No				15	28% Yes / 67% No				44
160 Do members deal with you directly when selecting or changing DB plan options such as options to switch from core DB to DC or DROP plans, option to participate in variable investment option overlays, option to change their contribution rate, option to repair pension gaps, pre-retirement election options, etc.?	Yes		Yes	40% Yes / 60% No				15	46% Yes / 48% No				43
161 Are you required, by policy or by law, to actively seek out and initiate either a benefit or a refund for inactive vested members or inactive unvested members? Billing and Inspection	Yes		Yes	93% Yes / 7% No				15	85% Yes / 11% No				44
162 Do you: a) Send a written advice to employers that inform them of their required contribution rates and then rely on each employer to pay the correct contributions? b) Invoice employers in arrears based on actual member service and salary data? c) Invoice employers in advance based on estimated member service and salary data, and then adjust based on actual experience?	Yes		Yes	73% Yes / 27% No / 0% n/a				15	65% Yes / 26% No / 9% n/a				42
	Yes		Yes	80% Yes / 20% No / 0% n/a				15	61% Yes / 30% No / 9% n/a				42
	No		No	20% Yes / 80% No / 0% n/a				15	11% Yes / 80% No / 9% n/a				42
163 How many times per year do you send invoices or 'advices' to each employer?	12		1	26	12	0	11	14	56	2	0	9	39

Survey Question	Your Response			Peers 2025					All Participants 2025				
	2025	2024	2023	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#	Max	Med	Min	Avg	#
Divorce													
164 Choose the statement that best describes how divorce settlements for active members (or divorce decrees or QDROS, or QILDROS, or Division of Benefit Orders, etc.) impact your system. If you have different rules for different plans, choose the statement that applies to the largest number of cases.													
a) Minimal impact. Law prevents you from paying the pension to anybody except the member and the member's specified beneficiaries.	No		No	0% Yes / 100% No				15	7% Yes / 89% No				44
b) Minimal impact unless children are involved. With children you may be required to redirect payment.	No		No	0% Yes / 100% No				15	0% Yes / 96% No				44
c) A portion of the pension is paid to the ex-spouse, but ONLY when the member begins receiving benefits.	Yes		Yes	67% Yes / 33% No				15	54% Yes / 41% No				44
d) A portion of the pension is paid to the ex-spouse. The ex-spouse can initiate the pension at a time different than the member provided that eligibility conditions are met.	No		No	40% Yes / 60% No				15	37% Yes / 59% No				44
e) Other (describe)	No		No	13% Yes / 87% No				15	20% Yes / 76% No				44
n/a													

Appendix B - Foreign currency conversion

All currency amounts have been converted to USD using Purchasing Power Parity figures per the OECD. The table below shows the foreign exchange rates for the past 4 years.

Purchasing Power Parity ¹				
Currency	2025	2024	2023	2022
United States Dollars - USD	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000
Canada Dollars - CAD	0.872	0.875	0.881	0.868
Euro - EUR	1.459	1.459	1.470	1.518
Denmark Kroner - DKK	0.164	0.156	0.156	0.161
Sweden Kronor - SEK	0.118	0.113	0.114	0.119
United Kingdom Pounds - GBP	1.493	1.441	1.514	1.567
Australia Dollars - AUD	0.733	0.730	0.732	0.735

¹ 2025 Purchasing power parity values have been updated on May, 2026.

Appendix C - Activity definitions

1. Member Transactions	
1a. Pension Payments	1. Paying (but not incepting) annuity pensions for disability, early and normal retirees and their survivors, including: • EFT processing. • Check processing and postage. • Resolving failed, misdirected and lost payments. • Paying, but not calculating, adjustments to pensions. For example, many systems pay retroactive adjustments to pensions initiated based on incomplete data. • Collecting overpayments. • The processing of return payments from annuitants. • Stopping pension payments upon the death of an annuitant. 2. Processing deductions from the gross pension payment. For example: • Processing and paying taxes and other governmental deductions, such as social security. • Processing legally required deductions such as liens on wages ordered by a judge. • Processing and effecting payment of optional deductions that the member can request, such as for health care or optional life insurance or union dues. • Processing and mailing of check stubs or EFT payment advices. • Processing and mailing of annual tax receipts to annuitants. • Keeping track of the rules and regulations for deductions. 3. Confirming payment eligibility. This includes: • Cross referencing pension payrolls with death records. • Obtaining proof that someone is alive. • Checking eligibility. If a sister organization performs any of the above tasks, then the costs incurred by the sister organization should be included here and in your Total Costs. Do NOT include: • Maintaining banking, address and beneficiary data for retirees. These belong in 3c Data Not from Employers. • The work of inflation adjustments. It belongs in 1b Pension Inceptions.
1b. Pensions: Inceptions and Written Estimates	1. New annuitants: calculating, finalizing and arranging annuity pensions to new payees including: • Early, normal service retirements and survivor pensions and marriage-breakdown. • Exclude disability inceptions (except Dutch schemes). Disability belongs in 1e Disability. 2. Changes to gross amount of pensions (excluding disability pensions) including: • Adjusting pensions that were initiated based on incomplete or estimated data. • Reductions to the annuity payment when pensioner begins receiving social security (NL: AOW, Canada: CPP). • Cost of living adjustments for pensioners. 3. Time spent by the pension inception team on appeals about annuity pension inceptions. Exclude time and cost of legal staff or external legal counsel. Legal costs belong in 7d Legal and Rule Interpretation. 4. Preparing and sending, by mail or email, customized written estimates in response to requests from individual members regarding: • Annuity pensions including early and service retirement. • Giving customized written insight into pension consequences of divorce, death, layoffs, taxes, gaps in pension coverage, etc. • Lump sum or commuted value payouts.

Appendix C - Activity definitions

1c. Withdrawals, Refunds, Transfers-out	Payments that terminate your relationship with a member including: • Withdrawals and Refunds of contributions. • Lump sum and commuted value payments. • Pre-retirement death that results in a final payment (refund, commuted value, death payment). • One time death payments that are supplemental to the annuity payments. Do not include the cost of paying or stopping the final pension payment which belong in 1a Pension Payments. • Hardship withdrawals (including partials). • Excess contribution refunds (For example, 50% Rule Refunds in Canada). • Individual rollovers of DB monies to internal DC accounts which effectively terminate the DB pension entitlement. • Individual transfers-out of monies to authorized external systems. • Collective transfers-out when an employer exits your system. The activity also includes: • Providing written estimates of refunds and transfers-out (do not include estimates for Lump Sums and Commuted Value Payments which belong in 1b Pension Inceptions and Written Pension Estimates). • Calculating, arranging and making estimated and final payments. • Related tax deductions, filings and reporting sent to members and tax authorities. • Reminders to speed up processing by external parties. • Collecting overpayments of lump sums or other terminating payments.
1d. Purchases and Transfers-in	• Service credit purchases for refunded past service, military service, etc. • Purchases that provide members with additional pensionable salary. • Individual transfers-in/ rollover of monies from external retirement systems. • Collective transfers-in such as when a new employer is merged into your system. The activity also includes: • Providing formal written estimates of purchases and transfers-in/ rollovers. • Posting purchases and applying payments. • Receiving purchase payments. • Related tax reporting sent to members and tax authorities. • Purchases applicant dealing directly with the Purchase division, subsequent to an initial request for a purchase.
1e. Disability	Include only if you are responsible for the administration of non-optional long term disability, and/ or short term disability. Includes: • Written disability estimates. • Disability approval process. • Applications and inceptions. • Disability appeals and complaints, provided that they are not handled by your legal staff or external legal counsel. Legal costs belong in 7d Legal Rule Interpretation. • Monitoring and reviewing disabled pensioners and/ or temporarily disabled members for continuing entitlement, including checks on income and medical reviews. • Checks on eligibility of disability payments. • Rehabilitation of disability recipients (very few systems perform this activity). • Medical assessment reviews of new hires for eligibility for death and disability benefits. Do not include if disability is an optional benefit for members. Instead include in 1g Optional and Third Party Administered Benefits. Do not include insurance costs. If an insurance company administers the disability program on your behalf, and you cannot clearly separate the administration cost from the insurance cost, then treat disability as a third party administered benefit. Do not include paying disability pensions. This belongs in 1a Pension Payments.

Appendix C - Activity definitions

1f. Healthcare Administration	This activity only applies to the subset of U.S. systems that administer healthcare. Include only the costs of the healthcare department and any healthcare activities that are not closely integrated with pension administration activities (i.e., If the healthcare call center is separate from the pension administration call center, include its costs and volumes here. But if healthcare calls are integrated with the pension call center, include the costs and volumes in the Call Center activity.). The healthcare department will usually, at a minimum, be responsible for design, vendor management and enrolment. Do NOT include any activities that are integrated with pension administration and not done by the healthcare department. For example: • Communication activities such as call center calls and presentations are often integrated with pension administration. In these cases the cost and volumes belong in the pension administration activity. • Similarly, the legal and actuarial departments often handle both healthcare and pension issues. If this is the case, these costs belong in activities 7c Actuarial and 7d Legal and Rules Interpretation.
1g. Optional and Third Party Administered Benefits	Examples of optional and third party administered benefits are: • Benefits that are supplemental to the members' primary pension benefit at retirement. Examples include tax deferred savings plans (i.e., 403B, 457, 401k and 401a), insurance (dental, vision, long-term care) and loans to members. • Third party administered benefits. For example, the defined contribution portion of hybrid DB/DC plans are often outsourced. Include the costs of: • Specialists responsible for optional and third party benefits, including design, vendor management and enrolment. • Fees paid to third parties to administer outsourced benefits. Do NOT include: • Communication activities such as call center calls, presentations and brochures. These belong in the communication activities. For example, the cost and volumes of call center calls about supplemental benefits belong in 2a Call Center. • Actuarial and legal costs. These belong in activities 7c Actuarial and 7d Legal and Rules
2. Member Communication	
2a. Call Center	The 'first-line' communication work for active, inactive and annuitant member inquiries. First-line communication includes responding to general questions, initial requests for activity specific work to be performed (such as a request for a written estimate or a refund of contributions, death reporting, change of address or direct deposit or beneficiary), questions about account status or annual statements, advice given over the phone, etc. This activity includes member inquiries by: • Telephone: waiting for calls, talking to members on the phone, redirecting calls, training Contact Center staff, auditing calls, call satisfaction surveying and long distance charges. • Automated information or self-serve lines (i.e., telephone lines where the member never needs to speak to a service representative and can navigate menu options where they request forms and publications, etc.). But do NOT include the cost of responding to requests for forms and publications. This belongs in Activity 2e Mass Communication. • Email: reading, responding to simple requests, redirecting activity specific requests. • Written correspondence: reading, responding to simple requests, redirecting activity specific Includes contact center hardware and software. Do NOT include: • Work performed after the call for activities where costs are collected separately. For example, if a member requests a written pension or benefit estimate, then the cost of preparing it belongs in 1b Pension Inceptions and Written Pension Estimates and not here, even if the work is done in the Contact Center. • Subsequent follow-up activity specific communication. For example, a disability applicant dealing directly with the disability division belongs in 1e Disability.

Appendix C - Activity definitions

2b. Mail Room, Imaging	- Managing incoming and outgoing mail. - Incoming written correspondence: sorting, redirecting activity specific requests. - Scanning and imaging of incoming documents and forms to start a workflow process. Do NOT include: - Postage. This belongs in the activities where they were incurred. For example, the mailing of pension checks, check stubs, EFT advices or annual tax receipts belong in 1a Pension Payments.
2c. 1-on-1 Counseling	- Walk-in traffic that meets with counselors. - Pre-scheduled 1-on-1 retirement and other counseling. Include pre-scheduled counseling sessions that are conducted via teleconference or over the phone that cover materials sent to the member in advance of the session. - If written pension estimates are prepared during a counseling session the cost belongs in 2c. counseling and not in 1b. Pension Inceptions and written pension estimates.
2d. Presentations and Group	- All presentations to members and retirees. - Group retirement counseling. - Webinars.
2e. Mass Communication	Any benefit related communication that is sent to all members or groups of members. The cost should include design, printing and mailing costs. Examples include: - Member statements. - Brochures and publications. - Newsletters and information letters. - Videos, CD-ROMS. - Website pension content targeted at members and annuitants. Includes design, development and maintenance of the member content, as well as its pro rata share of the website infrastructure. - Annual reports and popular annual report summaries, but do not include the accounting and auditing costs incurred to prepare the annual report. Accounting costs belong in 4a Financial Administration and Control and auditing costs belong in 7e Audit. - Welcome kits. - Letters informing members when they reach or approach certain milestones such as becoming vested, eligible for disability, eligibility for retirement, etc. Do NOT include: - Pre-scheduled retirement counseling done in group sessions or 1-on-1 or member presentations. These belong in 2c 1-on-1 Counseling and 2d Presentations and Group Counseling. 1-on-1 correspondence. These costs belong in the activity to which the correspondence pertains. For example, correspondence re: pension estimates belongs in 1b. Pension Inceptions and Written Pension Estimates. - Payment advices, check stubs, letters informing of changes in gross amount, and annual tax receipts prepared for retirees. These belong in 1a Pension Payments. - Employer targeted communication such as the employer portions of the website and employer newsletters. These belong in 3b Service to Employers.

Appendix C - Activity definitions

3. Collections and Data Maintenance	
3a. Data and Money from Employers	• Collection and cashing of member and employer contributions from employers. • Collection of member data (service credit, salary, personal information, employer, etc) from employers. • Reconciliation of required versus remitted money. • Analysis, correction and confirmation with employer of member data. • Setting up the data and money collection process for new employers. • Improving the data collection process for existing employers (i.e., converting paper systems to electronic, etc). • Registering member choices and instructions that are received through the employer. For example: ▫ Some hybrid DB/ DC systems require that a member's DC instructions come through the employer. ▫ Members at some Dutch systems can choose to contribute more to get early retirement. This choice is registered via the employer. (The activities below used to be in a separate activity 'Billing and Inspection' and are now merged into 3a Data and Money from Employers) • Advising employers of the required contribution rate (but excluding the actuarial cost of determining the rates which belongs in 7c Actuarial). • Billing employers for regular contributions, special contributions to cover funding shortfalls, additional payments to retirees funded by the employer, etc. • Collecting bad debts. But do not include legal costs. These belong in 7d Legal and Rules • Employer reviews or audits. For example, several systems perform on-site reviews of employers that have problems providing data and or contributions on a timely basis. They want to ensure that the employers are correctly fulfilling their obligations to their members. • Inspection and enforcement of obligation to participate in the System (i.e., participation in some Dutch industry funds is mandatory if the employer has certain characteristics).
3b. Service to Employers	• Training employers. • Helping new employers. • Maintaining employer relationships. • Presentations, counseling, workshops for employers. • Publications and newsletters for employers (as opposed to materials sent to members through • Employer helpdesk/ Employer Call Center. • Employer website including the design, development and maintenance. as well as the pro rata share of the website infrastructure. • Advice, account management, HRM support re: pensions. Do NOT include marketing to employers. Marketing costs belong in 4c Government and Public Relations.
3c. Data Not From Employers	Gathering and maintaining member data that is not provided by employers including: • Retiree and Inactive data maintenance such as change of address, change of beneficiary, change in marital status, death, registering changes in payments, etc. • Tracking 'lost' inactive members. • If applicable, registering cost of living adjustments to the salary base of inactive members (a few systems do this). • Registering the impact of divorce on the future rights of members. But do not include the work of estimating the impact of divorce which belongs in either 2c 1-on-1 Counseling and or 2a Call Center. Also do not include the cost of changing or initiating pensions as a result of divorce. This belongs in 1b Pension Inceptions and Written Pension Estimates. • Billing and collecting contributions directly from inactive members. For example, nurses in the Netherlands can continue to contribute to their pension even if they are inactive. • Registering member choices and instructions that are received directly from the member. For ▫ Defined Contribution instructions obtained directly from active, inactive or retired members, such as changes in asset allocation. Do NOT include the cost of incepting new pensions or determining changes to the gross amount of the pension paid to retirees. This belongs in 1b Pension Inceptions and Written Pension Estimates.

Appendix C - Activity definitions

4. Governance and Financial Control	
4a. Financial Administration and Control	• Budgeting and forecasting. • Financial reporting including preparing the annual report. • The chief financial officer's office including assistants. Exclude time spent on investments. • Compliance unless it is done by the legal department. If this is the case compliance costs belong in 7d Legal and Rules Interpretation. • Risk. Do NOT include: • Internal auditing of activity processes, or auditing of financial statements. These belong in 7e • Actuarial work. This belongs in 7c Actuarial. • Printing and mailing, including postage, of annual reports to members. This goes in 2e Mass Communication. • Administration work that pertains to the Investment division, such as investment accounting.
4b. Board, Strategy, Policy	• Board of Trustees: elections, fees, expenses, etc. • The CEO's office including assistants. Exclude time spent on investments (when in doubt we suggest 50% administration, 50% investments). • Benchmarking studies, strategic planning, fiduciary audits, asset liability studies. But exclude portions attributed to investments. • New and existing plan/ product development. • Strategic market research. Do NOT include: • Actuarial or legal advisors to the Board. These costs belong in 7c Actuarial and 7d Legal,
4c. Government and Public Relations	• Maintaining relationships with government, unions and employer organizations. • Anticipating, influencing and initiating plan rule changes by government, by unions, by employers, and by employer organizations. • Costs of coordination with organizations of employers and employees. • Formulating a Governmental Policy document. • Media relations. • Marketing costs to attract new employers, or new members, or to support the position of the pension fund within the industry or other interest groups. • General communication/ marketing to support the position of the pension system in the community or in the industry. • Memberships in Councils of Industry Funds, Company Funds or International Organizations.

Appendix C - Activity definitions

5. Major Projects	Major Projects are long lived assets that could be (or are) capitalized and expensed over their useful life if you follow GAAP (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles). Examples of Major Projects include: • Acquisitions of long lived assets such as computer hardware or a new building. • Major software development projects that will have an extended life. If you do not capitalize Major Projects, provide the actual costs expensed during the year. If you do capitalize Major Projects, include the depreciation or amortization costs of all past and current Major projects. But do not include the current year's cash investment in Major Projects that are being capitalized. Do NOT include: • Major Projects that pertain to non-pension or optional benefits such as a new IT system for health care. These costs should be excluded from Total Pension Administration Costs per question 1f and /or 1g. Non-Pension and Optional Benefits are defined in the comment field in 1f/1g.
5a. Amortization of non-IT major projects	Current year amortization of the non-IT portion of capitalized major projects. Major Projects are long lived assets that are capitalized (under GAAP or GASB 51) and expensed over their useful life, which is greater than one reporting period. Examples of non-IT major projects could include if the costs were capitalized: i) a large, one-time historic data cleaning project, or, ii) imaging all historic records. Do NOT include: • Amortization of the IT portion major projects. This belong in activity 5c Amortization of IT major projects. • Amortization of leaseholds or office furniture. This belongs in activity 7a Building and Utilities.
5b. Non-IT major projects (if you don't capitalize)	If you do not capitalize major projects, then include the current year cost of the non-IT portion of major projects that could be capitalized under GASB 51 or GAAP. Do NOT include the IT portion of major projects. This belong in activity 5d IT Major Projects (if you don't capitalize).
5c. Amortization of IT major projects	Current year amortization of the IT portion of capitalized major projects. Major Projects are long lived assets that are capitalized (under GAAP or GASB 51) and expensed over their useful life, which is greater than one reporting period. An example of an IT major project could be a major software development project in the application stage of development, i.e., design, software configuration, software interfacing, coding, installing hardware and testing. Do NOT include: • Amortization of the non-IT portion major projects. This belongs in activity 5a Amortization of non-IT major projects. • Amortization/depreciation of IT infrastructure such as mainframes and servers. This belongs in 6a IT Strategy, Database Management and Applications (excl. major projects). • Amortization/depreciation of desktop hardware and software, or telecommunications equipment. This belongs in activity 6b. IT Desktop, Network, and Telecommunication. • Amortization of projects that relate to investment management.
5d. IT major projects (if you don't capitalize)	If you do not capitalize major projects, then include the current year cost of the IT portion of major projects that could be capitalized under GASB 51 or GAAP. Do NOT include the non-IT portion of major projects. This belong in activity 5b Non-IT major projects (if you don't capitalize).

Appendix C - Activity definitions

6. Information Technology	
6a. IT Strategy, Database Management and Applications (excl. major projects)	• IT management and strategy. • IT architecture. • Data center i.e., current year cost (whether cash or amortization) of mainframe, servers, data center hosting. • Training. • Head of the IT department's office. • Database management including: building databases, testing databases for data integrity, maintaining databases, ensuring operation of databases. • Application maintenance, enhancement and development that is not capitalized. • Project management that is not included in Major Projects. Do NOT include the portion of the above that relates to investment management.
6b. IT Desktop, Network, and Tele-communications	• User services including application licenses, personal computer hardware and software, help desk. • Network (i.e., LAN and WAN). • Telecommunications including call center equipment and mobile devices. If any of the above costs are capitalized, include current year amortization. Do NOT include the portion of the above that relates to investment management.
6c. IT Security	• IT security management and strategy. • Compliance with relevant rules and regulations about data privacy and security. • Protecting data and information, and the systems used to process records and data, from unauthorized access or use. • Testing security strategies and defenses. • Maintaining, updating and developing new defensive systems and protocols. • Detecting security incidents. • Cyber insurance. • Includes network, application, endpoint, data, IT infrastructure, cloud, identity management and database security. Dedicated to protecting the information and systems used to process records and data.

Appendix C - Activity definitions

7. Support Services	
7a. Building and Utilities	• Building occupancy costs including rent, lease, amortization of leaseholds and building and office furniture depreciation. • Building depreciation if you own the building. • Building insurance. • Building maintenance services such as custodial, maintenance, security services etc. • Utilities. Do NOT include the portion of the above that relates to investment management.
7b. Human Resources	• Human resources staff and human resources consulting, including recruitment, training, career development, induction, disciplinary action etc. • Include time spent in the development of the HR framework, including policies and procedures. Do NOT include: • Time spent by non HR staff interviewing or training. For example the training of a call center agent belongs in activity 2a Call Center. • The portion of the above that relates to investment management. • Recruitment fees - these should be added to the staff costs of the people to which they relate in the different business units. Do NOT include separation or severance costs here. These belong in the 'Third Party and Other Costs' of the activities that the terminated FTE performed.
7c. Actuarial	All internal actuarial department costs, external actuarial fees and sister-entity cross charges for actuarial work including: • Actuarial work for financial and government reporting. • Actuarial work to determine funding policy, contribution rates or billing rates. • Quantifying the impact of changes in the plan. • Advice on plan design / redesign, funding and contributions, the employer's covenant, mergers and acquisitions etc. • Inception, disability and healthcare calculations that require actuarial input. • Formulating an Actuarial Policy document.
7d. Legal and Rule Interpretation	• All external legal fees. • Internal legal department (including legal fees charged by sister organizations or the corporate parent). • Appeals concerning pension inceptions (as well as any other appeals) if they are handled by the legal department or by external legal counsel. • Plan contract amendments. Adding new participating employers. • Interpretation of existing rule sets and laws. • Developing rules that simplify the interpretation of the plan contract and related legislation on behalf of staff, employers or members. • Support to the communications department in writing brochures and other communication material. Do NOT include the portion of the above that relates to investment management.
7e. Internal and External Audit	• Fees paid to the external auditor, particularly for the audit opinion on the accounts. • The external auditor may be the public audit office or an independent audit firm - in either case these fees or charges belong in the '3rd Party Fees' column. • The costs of internal audit and / or quality assurance departments.
7f. Benefits Paid for Retired Staff	Healthcare and other benefit costs for retired or inactive staff that are paid by the employer (and not via member contributions) on a 'pay-as-you-go' basis. Do NOT include accrued costs for existing staff such as contributions to their pension. These belong in each activity's cost as part of salary and benefits.
7g. Other Support	All other pension administration costs that have not been included elsewhere.

Appendix D - Defaults

Page	<u>Communication</u>
Question	39. If you have a callback feature, what is the callback completion rate?
Default	Your response was unknown. As a default (93.08%) we used the 25th percentile response of other participants to this question.
Page	<u>Communication</u>
Question	89. Number of: b) Email queries from employers?
Default	Your response was unknown. As a default (21,227.42) we used the average response of other participants to this question.



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EXHIBITS

JUNE 2026

